

Electroweak corrections for within and beyond the SM

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Can we observe New Physics through EW corrections at EW scale?

Yes, **BSM particles enter loops** by virtue of perturbative QFT



Search at a high-precision e^+e^- collider: FCC-ee

➡ “Chasing the Two-Higgs-Doublet Model via Electroweak Corrections at e^+e^- Colliders”
[Bredt, Banno, Höfer, Iguro, Kilian, Ma, Reuter, **Zhang**, [Phys.Rev.Lett. 136 \(2026\) 081801](#)]

What kind of new physics?

Is Higgs boson the unique scalar field of nature? ➡ Search for additional scalars

Actively searched model
Scalar sector is less constrained

Provide strong first-order phase transition
for baryogenesis and gravitational wave

Low-energy scalar sector of SUSY models

2HDM
Two-Higgs Doublet Model

Potential dark matter candidates

Simple, yet phenomenologically rich

Hints from flavour anomalies in R_D and $R_{D^{(*)}}$

[Blanke, Iguro, **Zhang**, [JHEP 06 \(2022\) 043](#)]

Hints from electroweak-scale excesses at the LHC

First paper of our “Chasing the 2HDM” series:
[Iguro, Kitahara, Omura, **Zhang**, [Phys.Rev.D 107 \(2023\) 075017](#)]

How to search?

From a precision physicist perspective:

Bottom-Up: Assume $\Lambda_{\text{BSM}} \gg \sqrt{s}$ ➡ EFT @ NLO / high-dim operator ➡ **Matching to UV models**

Top-Down: **Select UV models** ➡ Precision phenomenology @ NLO / NNLO

are theoretically almost equivalent (up to $\Lambda_{\text{BSM}} \gg \sqrt{s}$ and renormalization scheme difference)

Experimentally, two approaches are different,
but the gap may become small in the AI era

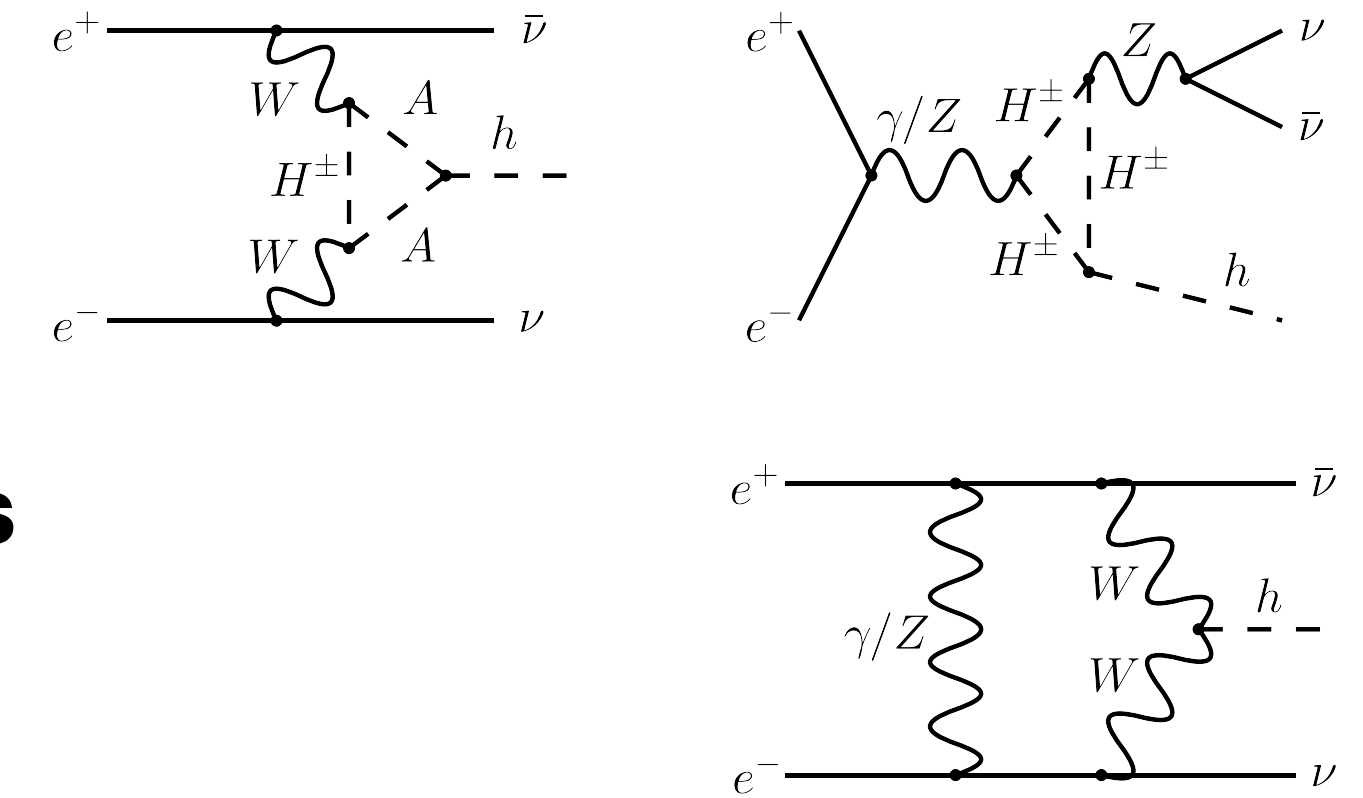
For Bottom-Up, κ -framework is not sufficient for
high-precision measurements

➡ **SMEFT / HEFT / Higgs Pseudo-Observables**

HiggsPO: [Grejlo, Isidori, Lindert, Marzocca, **Zhang**, [Eur.Phys.J.C 77 \(2017\) 12, 838](#)
& Section 3.1 of [LHC Higgs Working Group YR4](#)]

Where to search?

“Dynamical” single Higgs production $e^+e^- \rightarrow h \nu \bar{\nu}$



NLO EW corrections are significant and can **enhance new physics signals**



Key production channel at higher energies, e.g., $\sqrt{s} \geq 365$ GeV

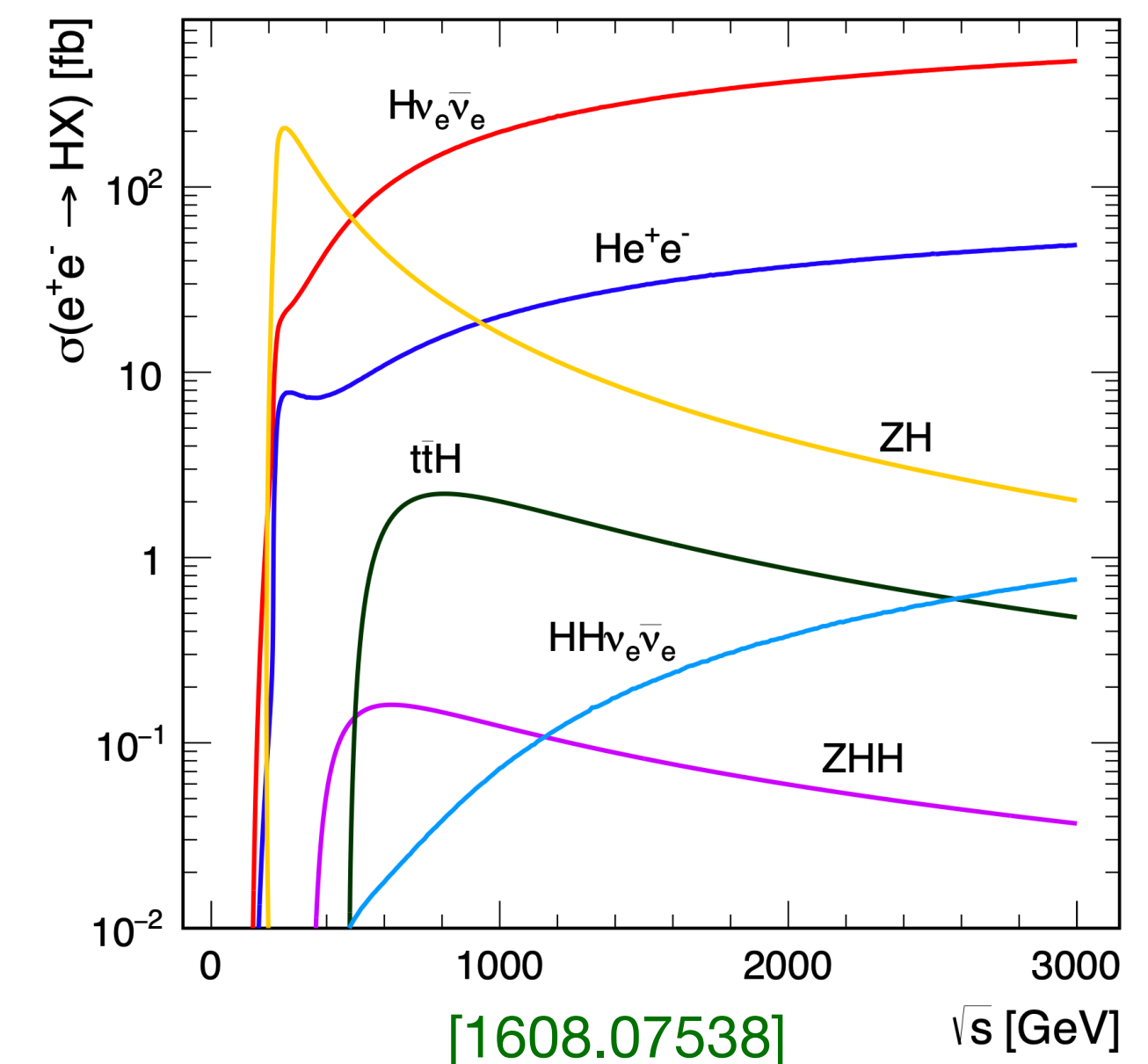


Good perturbative convergence, away from production threshold

- NNLO and beyond-NLO ISR corrections are small
- Ideal for probing New Physics which requires only NLO EW in BSM



Contain Zh and WW -fusion channels ➡ study Higgs dynamics

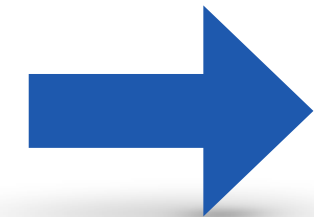


Computational framework for $e^+e^- \rightarrow h\nu\bar{\nu}$

Widely-used one-loop amplitude provider
in NNLO community

OpenLoops2

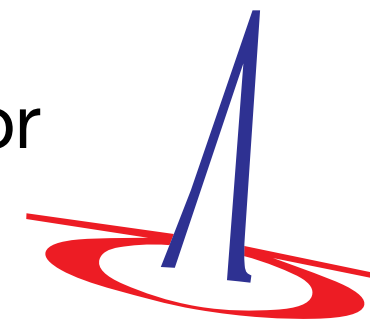
Buccioni, Lang, Lindert, Maierhöfer, Pozzorini, **Zhang**, Zoller
[Eur.Phys.J.C 79 \(2019\) 866](#)



General-purpose
Monte Carlo generator

Whizard

Kilian, Ohl, Reuter
[Eur.Phys.J.C 71 \(2011\) 1742](#)



One-loop amplitude provider
with BSM models

Recola2

Denner, Lang, Uccirati
[Comput.Phys.Commun. 224 \(2018\)](#)

**OpenLoops algorithm + On-the-fly reduction
+ analytic expansion**

For this study $e^+e^- \rightarrow h\nu\bar{\nu}$:

FKS subtraction

Massive electron beam set up

ISR effect is included in NLO real corrections

ISR beyond NLO is $\sim 0.2\%$ for $\sqrt{s} \geq 365$ GeV

Cross checks to [Denner, Dittmaier, Roth, Weber, 03'] for $e^+e^- \rightarrow h\nu\bar{\nu}$ in SM
to HAWK [Denner, Dittmaier, Kallweit, Mück, 14'] for $pp \rightarrow h\mu^+\nu_\mu$ in 2HDM

Total cross sections (benchmark point)

[Bredt, Banno, Höfer, Iguro, Kilian, Ma, Reuter, **Zhang**, [Phys.Rev.Lett. 136 \(2026\) 081801](#)]

Type I 2HDM

Benchmark point: $m_H = m_{H^\pm} = 400$ GeV, $m_A = 435$ GeV, $c_{\beta\alpha} = 0.037$, $t_\beta = 1.88$, $\lambda_5 = -2.54$

	$\sqrt{s} = 365$ GeV		$\sqrt{s} = 550$ GeV	
	LO [fb]	NLO EW [fb]	LO [fb]	NLO EW [fb]
SM	55.79	52.44(1)	97.82(1)	88.45(2)
2HDM	55.71	51.45(1)	97.67(1)	86.59(2)
Rel.Diff.	-0.1%	-1.9%	-0.2%	-2.1%
2HDM (aligned)	55.79	51.58(1)	97.81(1)	86.83(2)
Rel.Diff.	0.0%	-1.7%	0.0%	-1.8%

Renormalization scheme:
 G_μ for SM, on-shell for 2HDM
mixing angles, $\overline{\text{MS}}$ for λ_5

Estimated missing higher-order effect $\sim 0.3\%$ from
NNLO mixed QCD-EW corrections in G_μ scheme
[Wang, Yang, Zhou, 21; Sun, Feng Jia, Sang, 17']
and ISR effect beyond NLO
[Denner, Dittmaier, Roth, Weber, 03']

Total cross sections for $e^+e^- \rightarrow h\nu\bar{\nu}$ in SM and
2DHM benchmark without cuts.
Alignment limit is $\cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0$

Sizable NLO effects even in alignment limit

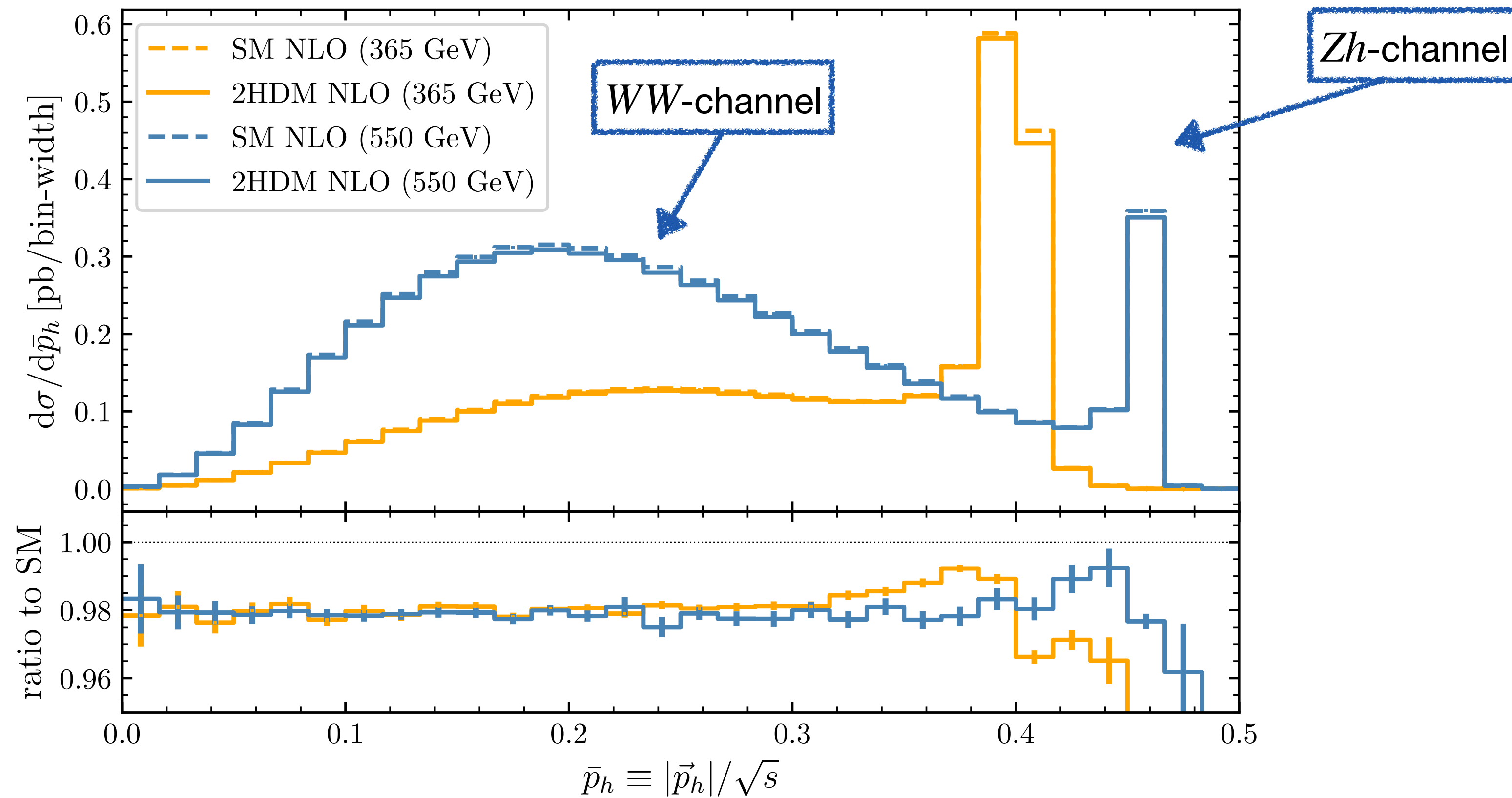
Experimental uncertainties are estimated to
 $\sim 0.6\%$ for $\sqrt{s} = 365$ GeV
 $\sim 0.3\%$ for $\sqrt{s} = 550$ GeV
[Linear Collider Vision, 2503.19983]

Differential cross sections (benchmark point)

[Bredt, Banno, Höfer, Iguro, Kilian, Ma, Reuter, **Zhang**, [Phys.Rev.Lett. 136 \(2026\) 081801](#)]

Type I 2HDM

Benchmark point: $m_H = m_{H^\pm} = 400$ GeV, $m_A = 435$ GeV, $c_{\beta\alpha} = 0.037$, $t_\beta = 1.88$, $\lambda_5 = -2.54$



Differential cross sections at NLO as a function of normalised Higgs three-momentum

Disentangle Zh and WW channels, allow simultaneous probes for hZZ and hWW vertices

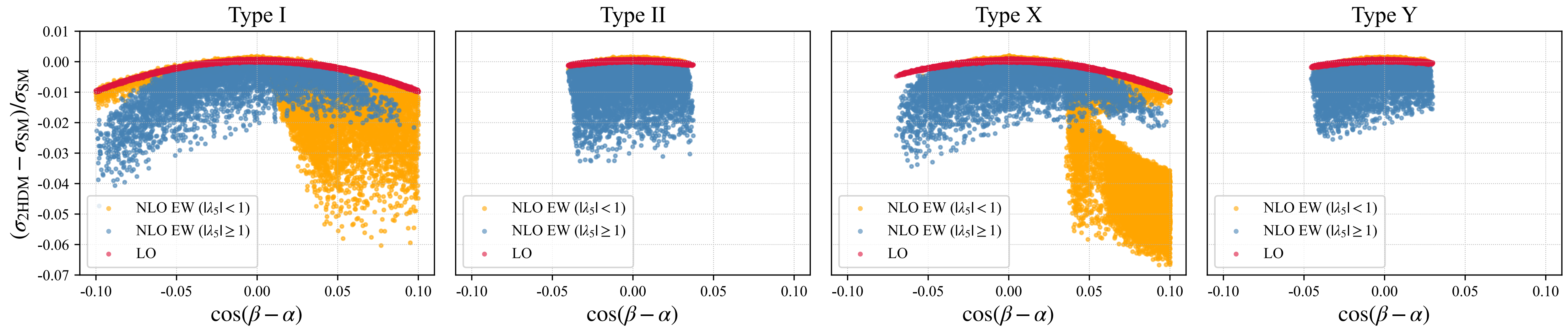
Comprehensive sensitivity analysis at $\sqrt{s} = 365$ GeV

[Bredt, Banno, Höfer, Iguro, Kilian, Ma, Reuter, **Zhang**, [Phys.Rev.Lett. 136 \(2026\) 081801](#)]

160 000 allowed parameter points from **ScannerS** and **HiggsTools** (assuming $m_\phi \equiv m_H = m_{H^\pm} = m_A$) for type I, II, X, Y 2HDMs

Maximal theory uncertainty in $(\sigma_{2\text{HDM}} - \sigma_{\text{SM}})$ is estimated to 0.7 %

Reference scheme: G_μ for SM, on-shell for 2HDM mixing angles, $\overline{\text{MS}}$ for λ_5



Relative differences between 2HDM and SM predictions in $c_{\beta\alpha}$ -plane at $\sqrt{s} = 365$ GeV at LO (red) and NLO (orange for $|\lambda_5| < 1$, blue for $|\lambda_5| \geq 1$)

A combined (th+exp) maximal uncertainty is estimated to be 0.92 %

Precise model-type discrimination requires NNLO EW in 2HDM
and permille level experimental measurement



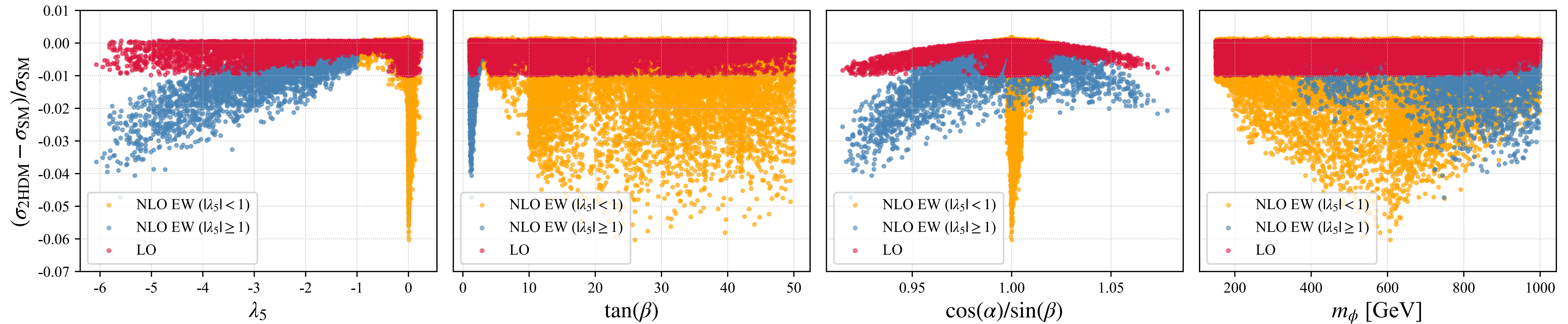
Type I 2HDM sensitivity analysis at $\sqrt{s} = 365$ GeV

[Bredt, Banno, Höfer, Iguro, Kilian, Ma, Reuter, **Zhang**, [Phys.Rev.Lett. 136 \(2026\) 081801](#)]

Type I 2HDM analysis with 30 000 allowed parameter points (assuming $m_\phi \equiv m_H = m_{H^\pm} = m_A$)

Maximal theory uncertainty in $(\sigma_{2\text{HDM}} - \sigma_{\text{SM}})$ is estimated to 0.7 %

Reference scheme: G_μ for SM, on-shell for 2HDM mixing angles, $\overline{\text{MS}}$ for λ_5



Type I 2HDM predictions at $\sqrt{s} = 365$ GeV at LO (red) and NLO (orange for $|\lambda_5| < 1$, blue for $|\lambda_5| > 1$) for $|c_{\beta\alpha}| < 0.1$

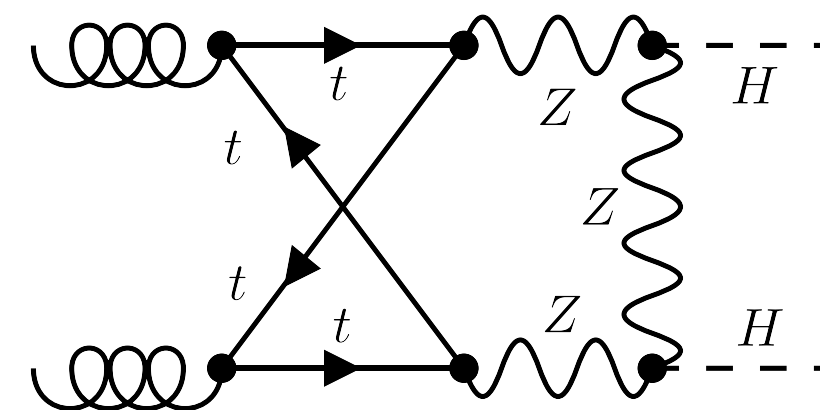
A combined (th+exp) maximal uncertainty is estimated to be 0.92 %

Can we compute two-loop EW corrections analytically?

Yes, e.g. Higgs pair production

Large-mass expansion

Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang
[JHEP 10 \(2023\) 033](#)



Applicable to low-energy experiments
and BSM physics @ FCC-ee

High-energy expansion

Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang

[JHEP 08 \(2022\) 259](#)

[JHEP 04 \(2025\) 193](#)

[2603.08789](#)

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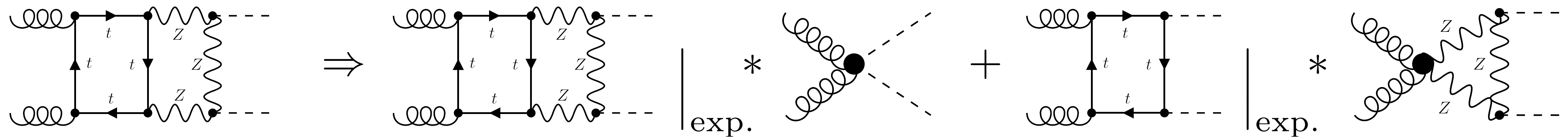
Zhang, [JHEP 09 \(2024\) 069](#)

For SM @ LHC

Large- m_t expansion and EW renormalisation

[Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, **Zhang**, [JHEP 10 \(2023\) 033](#)]

- Expansion hierarchy: $m_t^2 \gg s, t, m_H^2, m_W^2, m_Z^2$
- Expand and calculate in **general R_ξ gauge** with large gauge fixing parameters $\xi_Z, \xi_W \gg 1$

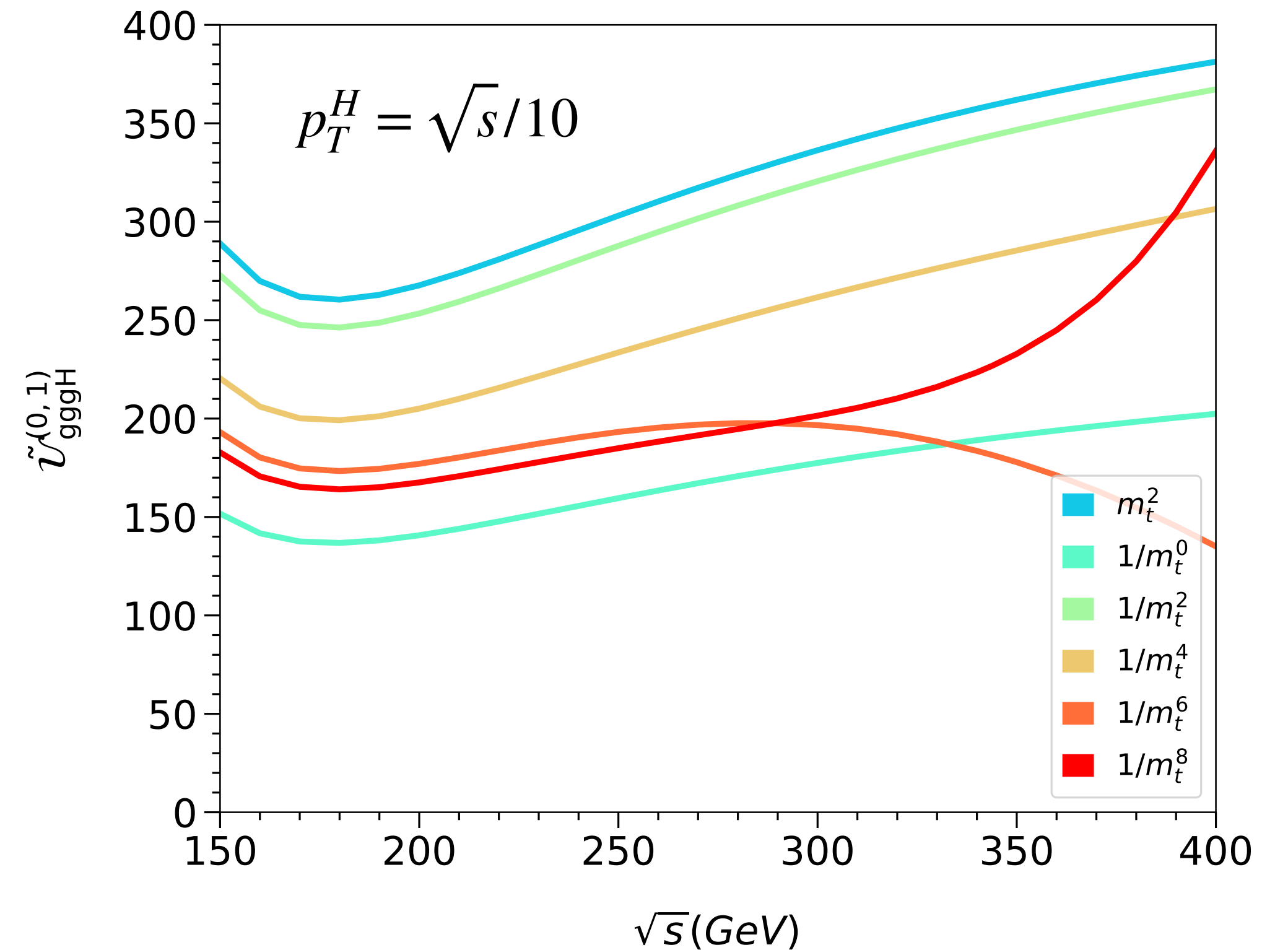
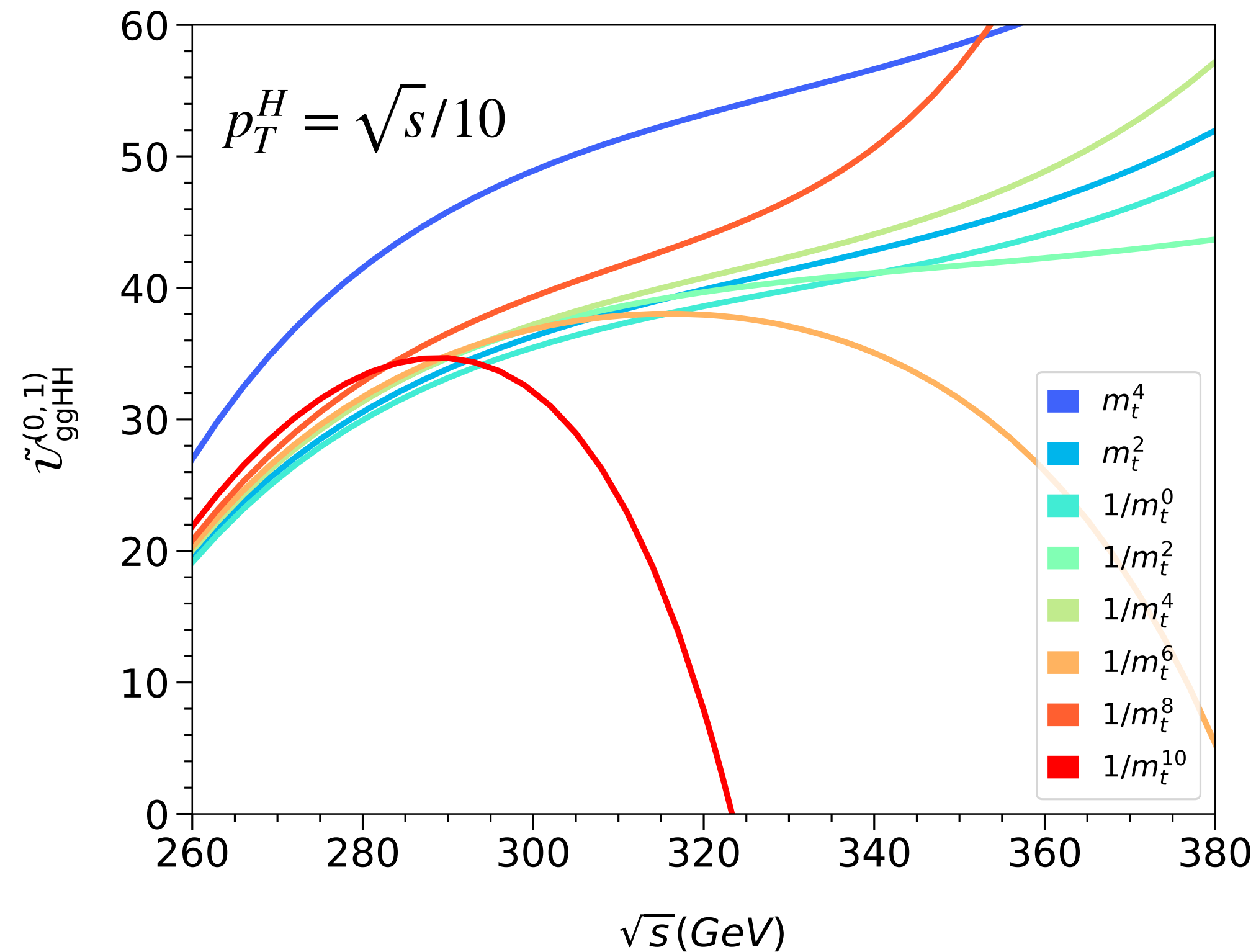


- **On-Shell renormalise** input parameters $\{e, m_W, m_Z, m_t, m_H\}$ in G_μ scheme
- ξ_W, ξ_Z **cancel** after external Higgs **fields OS renormalisation**

Large- m_t expansion to $gg \rightarrow HH$ and $gg \rightarrow Hg$

$$\mathcal{M} = X_0 \sum_{\text{col}} \sum_{\text{pol}} |\mathcal{A}|^2 \propto \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_{\text{HH}/\text{H+j}}^{(0)} + \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_{\text{HH}/\text{H+j}}^{(0,1)}$$

[Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, **Zhang**, JHEP 10 (2023) 033]

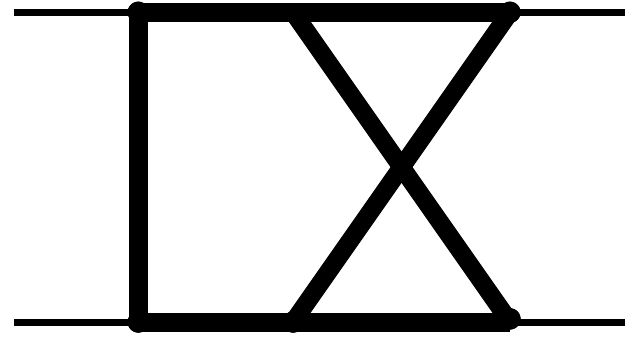


Large- m_t expansion works perfectly for NNLO mixed QCD-EW corrections for $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$ for $\sqrt{s} < 300\text{GeV}$

[Gong, Li, Xu, Yang, Zhao, Phys.Rev.D 95 (2017) 9, 093003]

[Wang, Xu, Yang, Phys.Rev.D 100 (2019) 7, 071502]

Roadmap for analytic EW at high energies



AsyInt toolbox for
master integrals (MIs) in high-energy limit

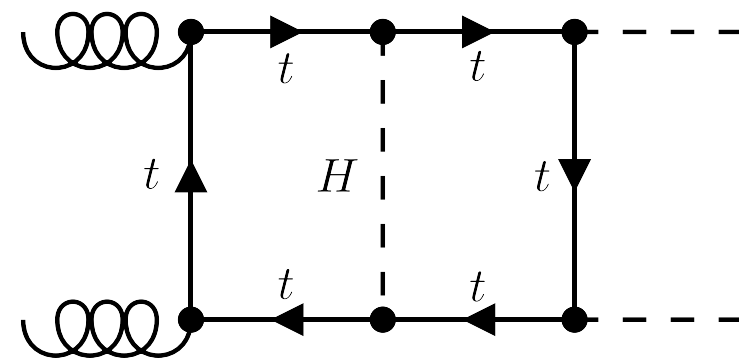
[Zhang, JHEP 09 (2024) 069]

Download at: <https://gitlab.com/asyint/asyint-public>



[Davies, Mishima Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang,
JHEP 08 (2022) 259]

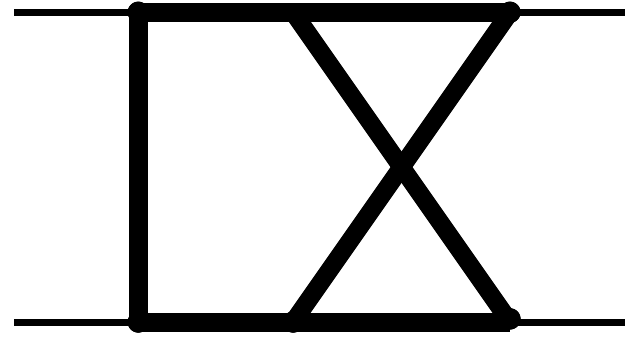
First attempt on leading
Yukawa corrections



Recent (semi)-analytic EW calculations

- Two-loop logarithmic (Sudakov) EW corrections in **OpenLoops** for V+jets [Lindert, Mai, 2604.14320]
- Mixed QCD-EW corrections to Drell-Yan, e.g. [Bonciani et al. 2106.11953, Buccioni et al., 2203.11237]

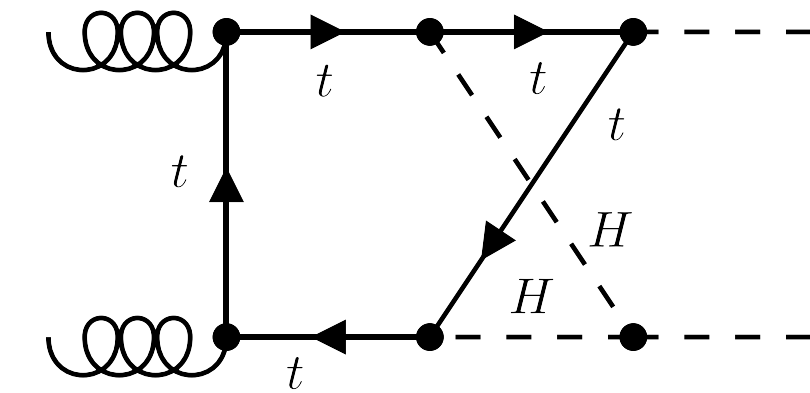
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AsyInt toolbox for
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[Zhang, JHEP 09 (2024) 069]

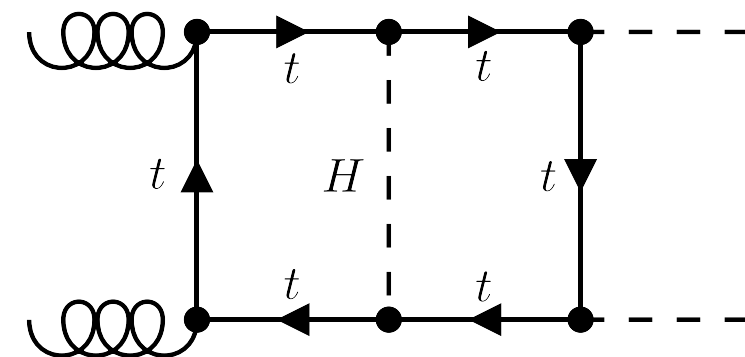
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Full set of MIs in deep high-energy expansion
&
Yukawa and Higgs self-coupling corrections

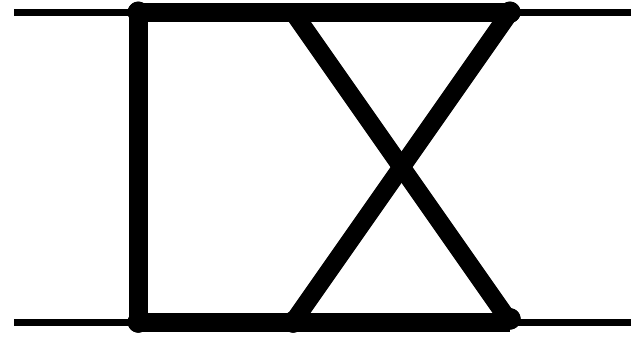
[Davies, Mishima Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang,
JHEP 08 (2022) 259]

First attempt on leading
Yukawa corrections



[Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang,
JHEP 04 (2025) 193]

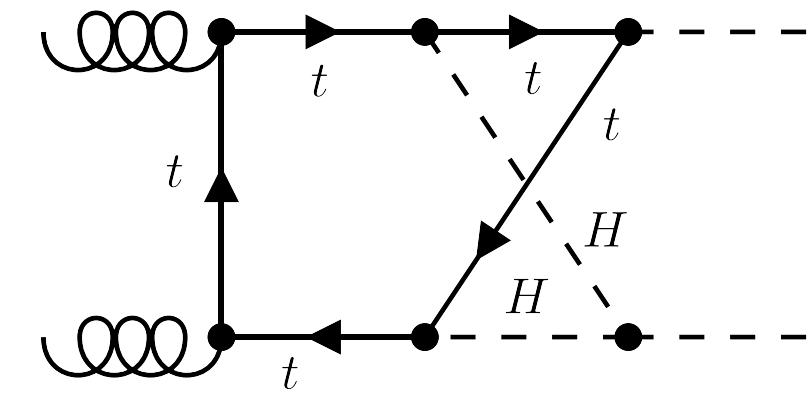
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[Zhang, JHEP 09 (2024) 069]

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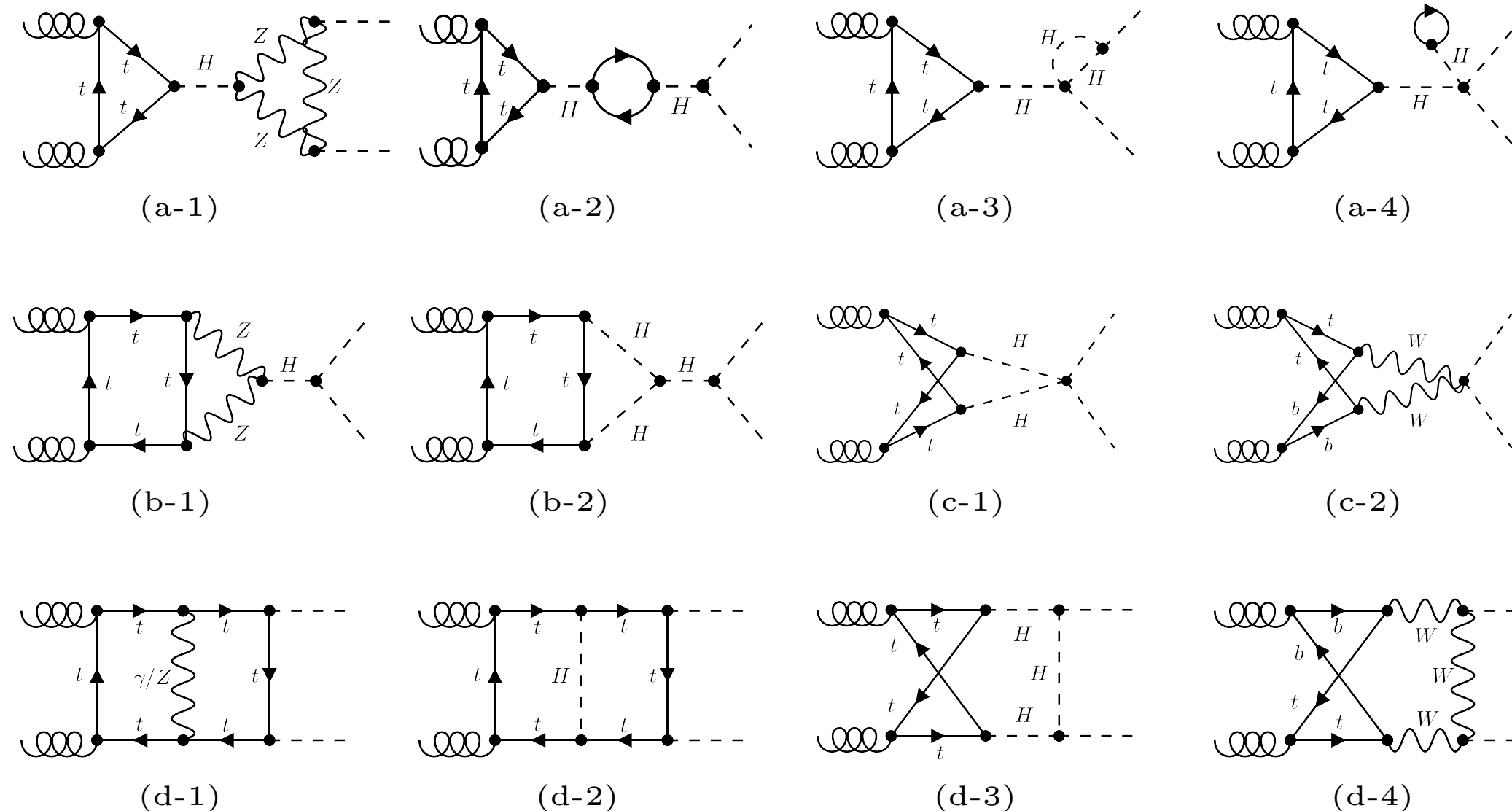
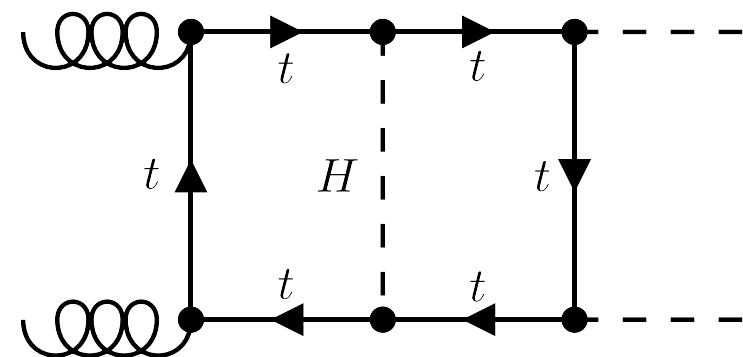


Full set of MIs in deep high-energy expansion
&
Yukawa and Higgs self-coupling corrections

[Davies, Mishima Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang,
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First attempt on leading
Yukawa corrections

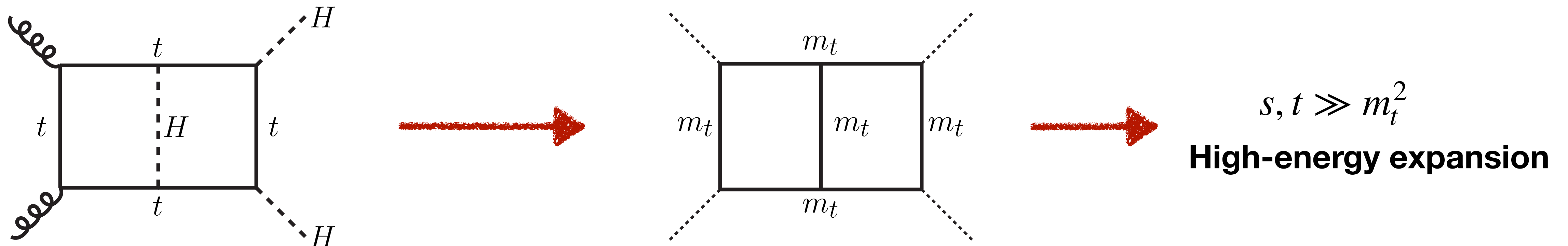


[Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang,
2603.08789]

Full top-quark contribution at NLO EW

Expansion strategies at high energies

- At high energies, SM masses are of a similar order: $m_t^2 \approx m_W^2, m_Z^2, m_H^2 \ll s, |t|$
- Two **Taylor expansions**: equal-internal-mass and small-external-mass expansions



$$\delta_X = 1 - \frac{m_X}{m_t}, \quad X = H, W, Z$$

High energy expansion of master integrals

1. **Asymptotic expansion:** $s, t \gg m_t^2$
2. **System of differential equations for Master Integrals** from IBP reduction [**Kira, FIRE**]

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial(m_t^2)} \mathbf{I} = M(s, t, m_t^2, \epsilon) \mathbf{I} \quad \text{with} \quad \mathbf{I} = (\mathcal{J}_1, \dots, \mathcal{J}_N)^T$$

3. Plug in **power-log ansatz** for each master integral

$$\mathcal{J}_n = \sum C_{(n)}^{ijk}(s, t) \epsilon^i [m_t^2]^j [\log(m_t^2)]^k$$

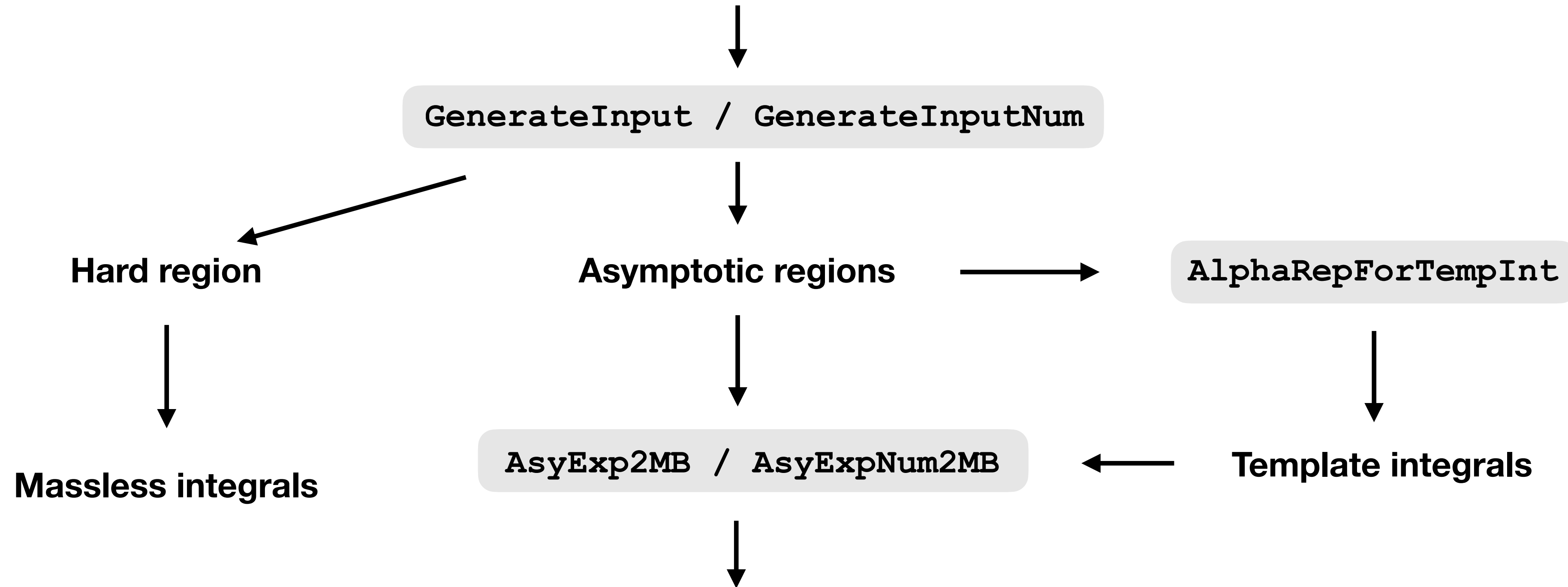
4. Solve **boundary master integrals** in $m_t^2/s \rightarrow 0$ to higher orders in m_t^2 and ϵ using **AsyInt**

AsyInt toolkit I: generate MB-integral representations

- Two-loop Feynman integral with n propagators and k numerators

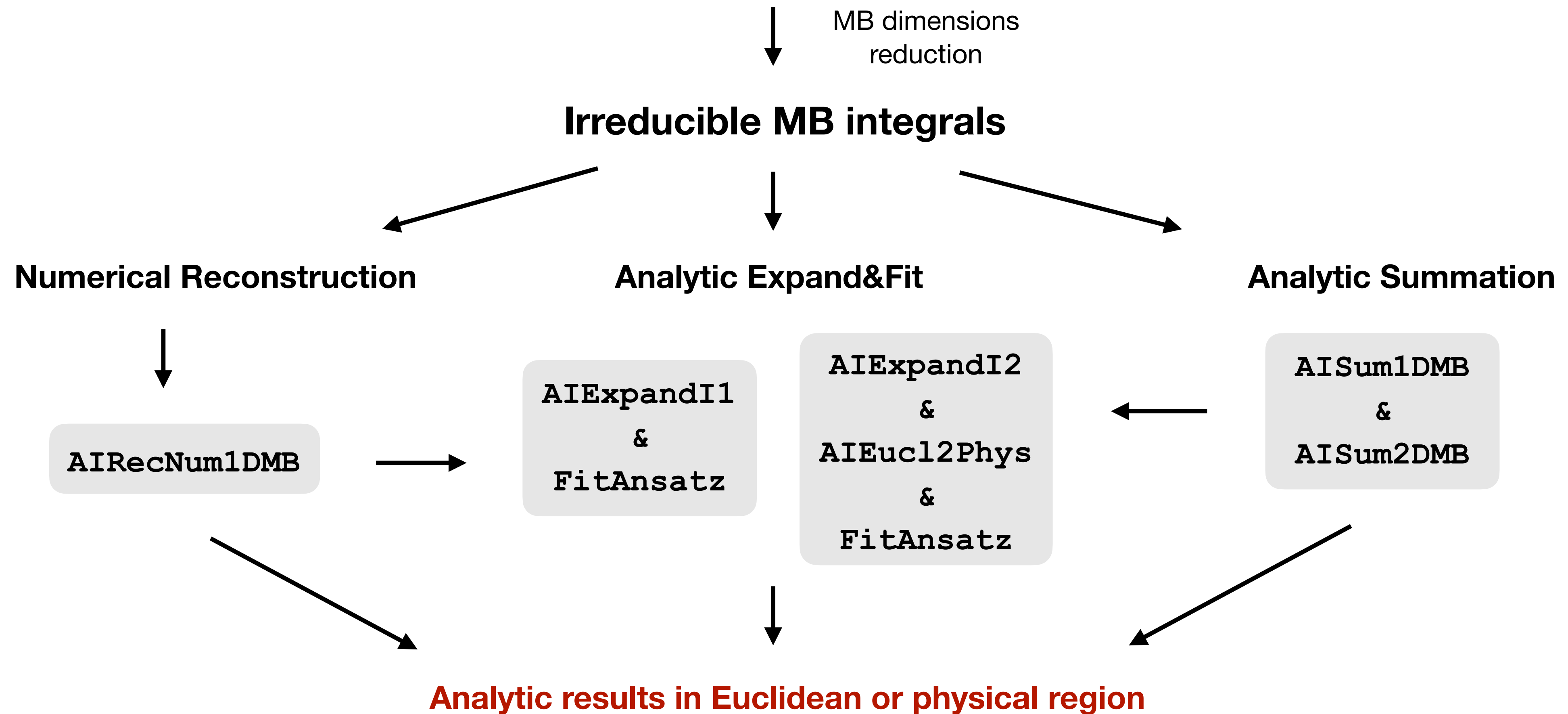
$$\mathcal{I}_{n,k} = \int \prod_{j=1}^2 dl_j \frac{N_1^{\lambda_1} \dots N_k^{\lambda_k}}{D_1^{1+\delta_1} \dots D_n^{1+\delta_n}}$$

δ_i : additional **regulators** and **shifts** for dotted propagators (e.g. $\delta_i \rightarrow \delta_i + 1$)



Mellin-Barnes integrals to higher orders in m_t and ϵ

AsyInt toolkit II: solve MB integrals



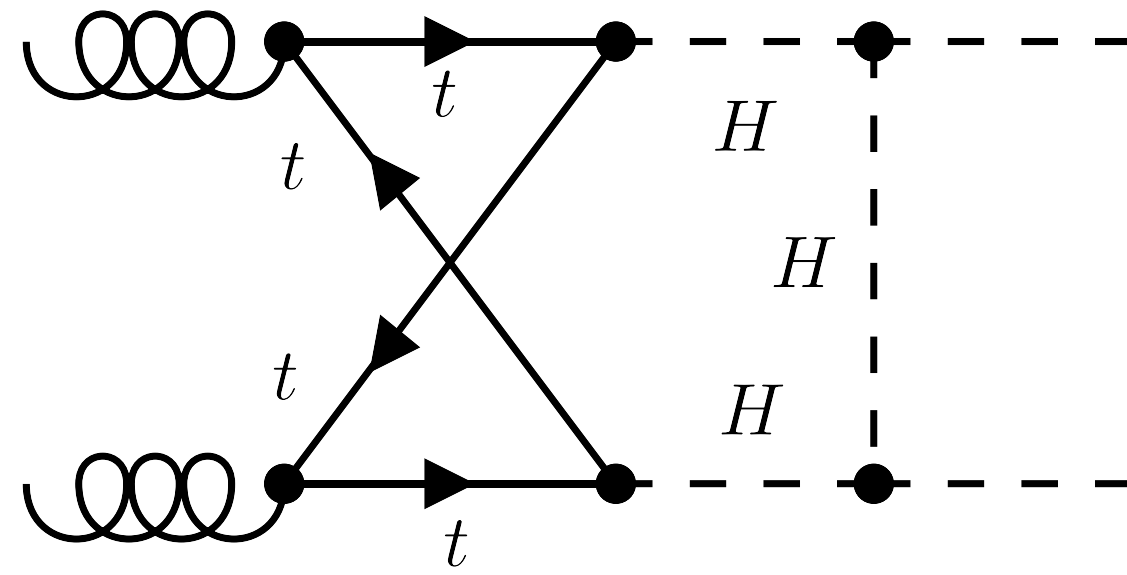
Expand&Fit for complicated irreducible MB integrals

(type-1): 2-dim 1-scale MB integrals with non-vanishing arc contributions

(type-2): 2-dim 2-scale MB integrals

Comparison of Yukawa and Higgs self-coupling corrections

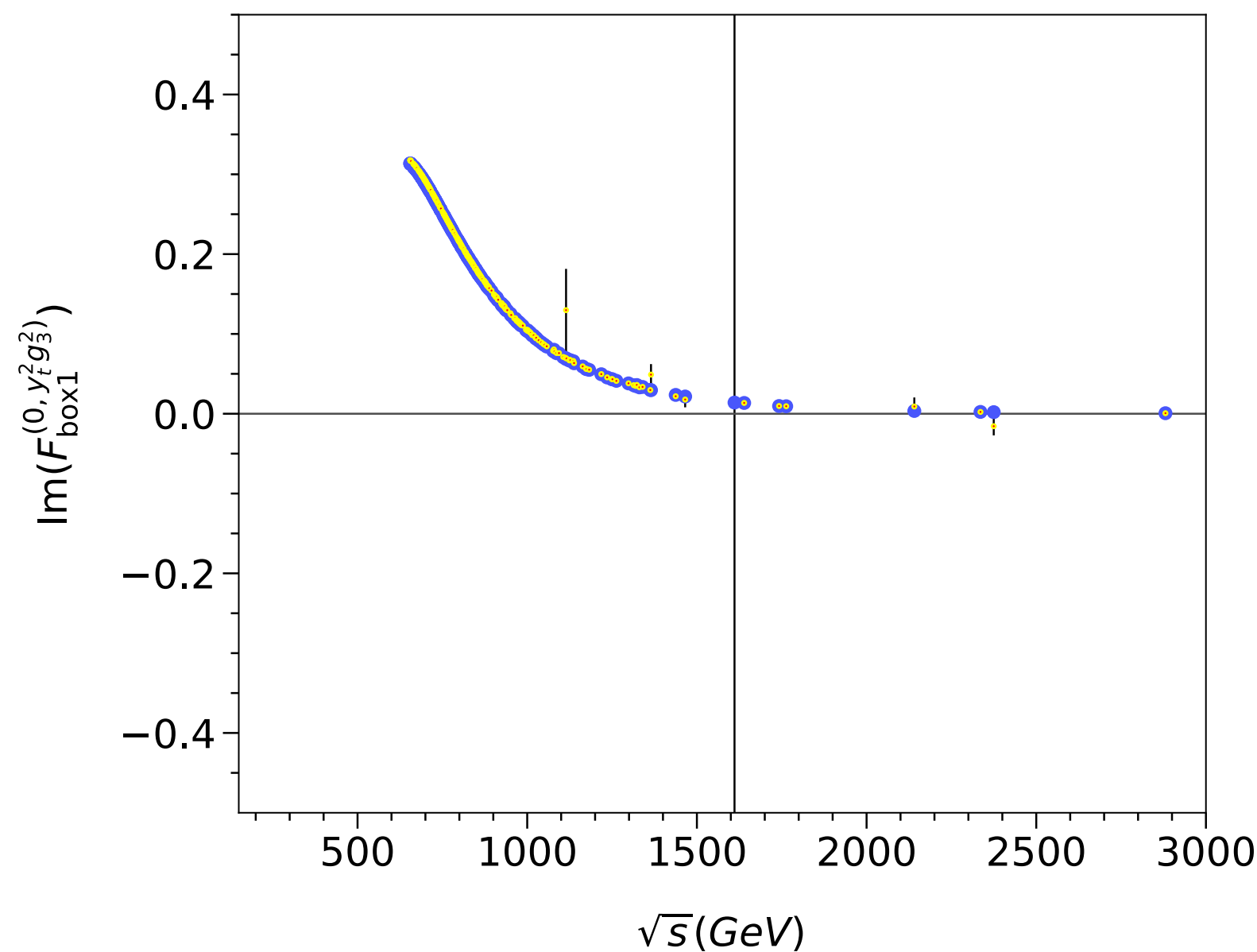
[Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, **Zhang**, JHEP 04 (2025) 193]



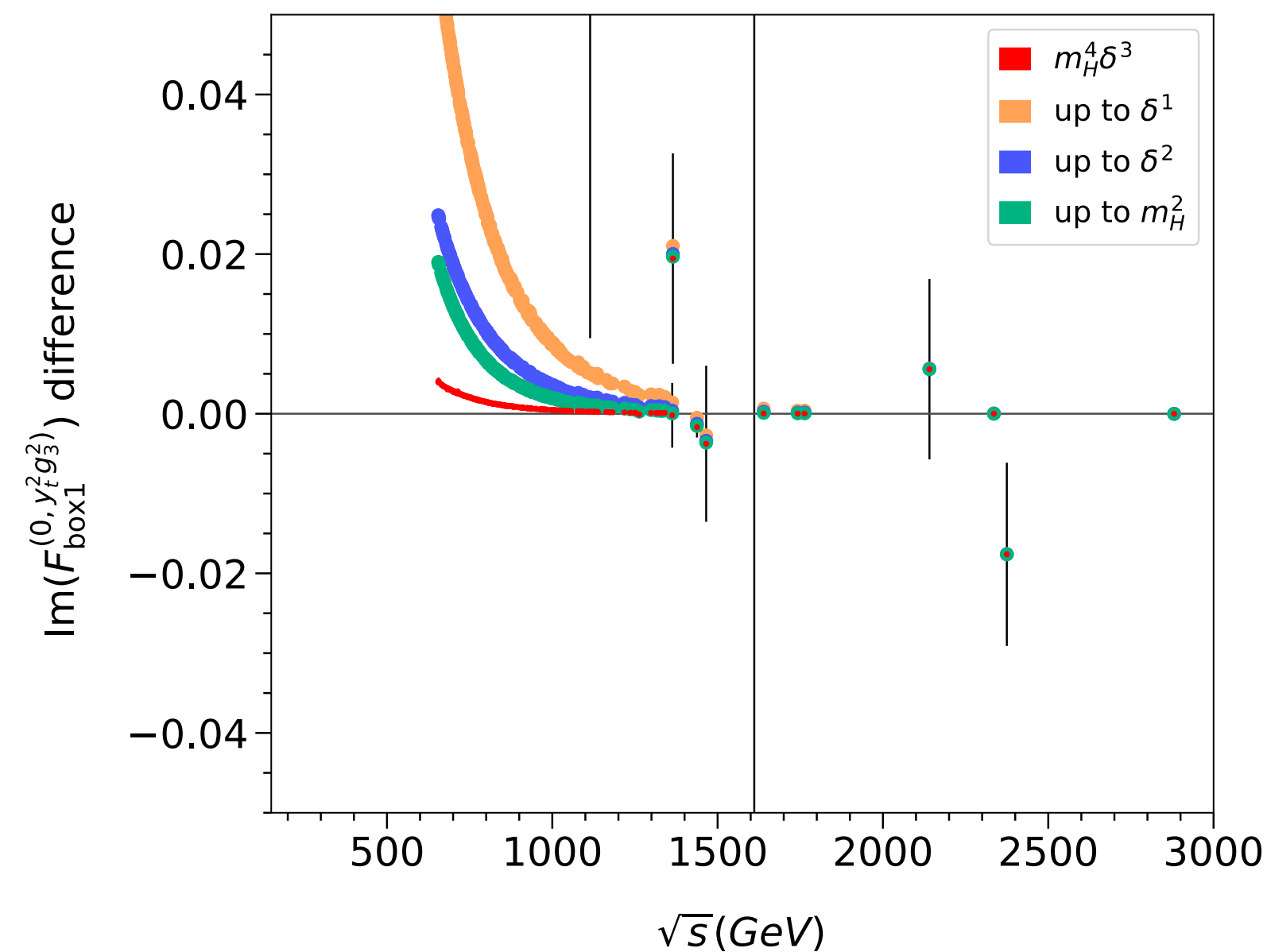
Comparison to numerical results from SecDec group - $y_t^2 \lambda^2$ (bare) form factor

[Heinrich, Jones, Kerne, Stone, Vestner, JHEP 11 (2024) 040]

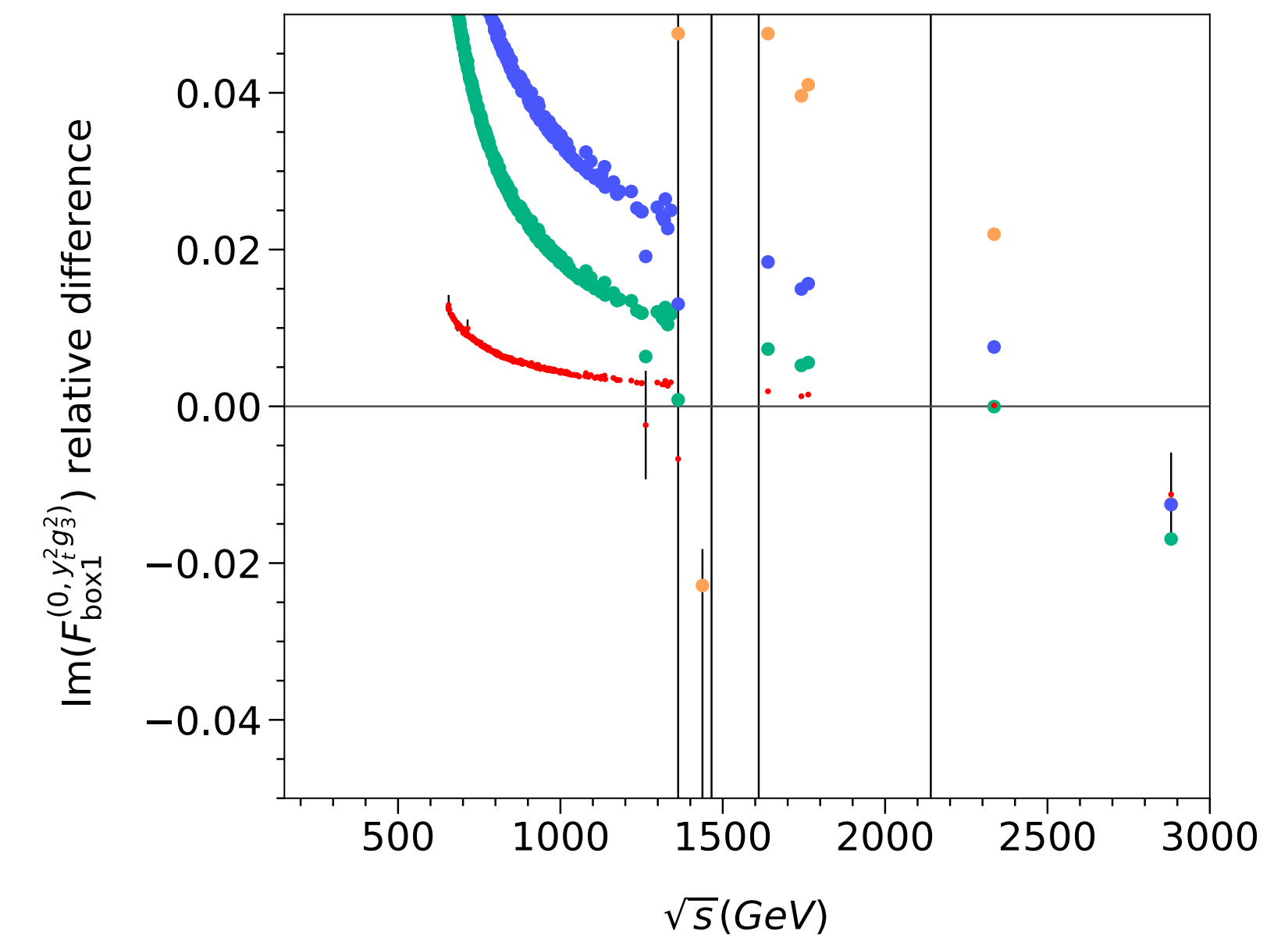
Note the expansion is only up to δ^3 order ($\delta = 1 - m_H/m_t$) for this comparison



$F_{\text{box}}^{(y_t^2 \lambda^2)}$ form factor



Absolute difference



Relative difference

Analytic EW results - form factors

[Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, **Zhang**, [2603.08789](#)]

Perturbative QCD and EW expansion: $F = F^{(0)} + \frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\pi} F^{(1,0)} + \frac{\alpha}{\pi} F^{(0,1)} + \dots$

Central EW mass scale $m_{EW} := m_t$

Deep high-energy expansion: $F = \sum_{n=-4}^{108} \sum_{i=0}^2 \sum_{k_W=0}^4 \sum_{k_Z=0}^4 \sum_{k_H=0}^4 c_{ni}^{k_W k_Z k_H} m_t^n (m_H^{\text{ext}})^{2i} \delta_W^{k_W} \delta_Z^{k_Z} \delta_H^{k_H}$, with $\delta_X = 1 - \frac{m_X}{m_t}$

- In the $m_t \rightarrow 0$ and $m_H = 0$ limits, one-loop box form factors are

$$F_{\text{box1}}^{(0)} = \frac{8 m_t^2}{s} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{m_t^4}{s^2}, \frac{m_H^2}{s}\right)$$

$$F_{\text{box2}}^{(0)} = \frac{2m_t^2}{st(s+t)} \left[-l_{1ts}^2 (s+t)^2 - l_{ts}^2 t^2 - \pi^2 (s^2 + 2st + 2t^2) \right] + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{m_t^4}{s^2}, \frac{m_H^2}{s}\right)$$

$$l_{ms} = \log\left(\frac{m_t^2}{s}\right) + i\pi, l_{ts} = \log\left(-\frac{t}{s}\right) + i\pi, l_{1ts} = \log\left(1 + \frac{t}{s}\right) + i\pi, c_w = \frac{m_W}{m_Z}$$

- Two-loop box form factors are

$$F_{\text{box1}}^{(0,1)} = \frac{m_W^4}{s^2 c_W^6 s_W^2} \left[l_{ms}^2 \frac{36c_W^6 + 32c_W^4 - 40c_W^2 + 17}{36} \left(l_{1ts}^2 + l_{ts}^2 - 2l_{1ts}l_{ts} + \pi^2 - 4 \right) \right] + \dots$$

$$F_{\text{box2}}^{(0,1)} = \frac{m_W^4}{s^2 c_W^6 s_W^2} \left[l_{ms}^3 \frac{36c_W^6 + 32c_W^4 - 40c_W^2 + 17}{27} + l_{ms}^2 \left(-\frac{2}{9} \delta_Z (32c_W^4 - 40c_W^2 + 17) - 8 \delta_W c_W^6 + \dots \right) \right] + \dots$$

$gg \rightarrow HH$ at NLO EW contains several coupling structures

Logarithmic / power corrections in different limits

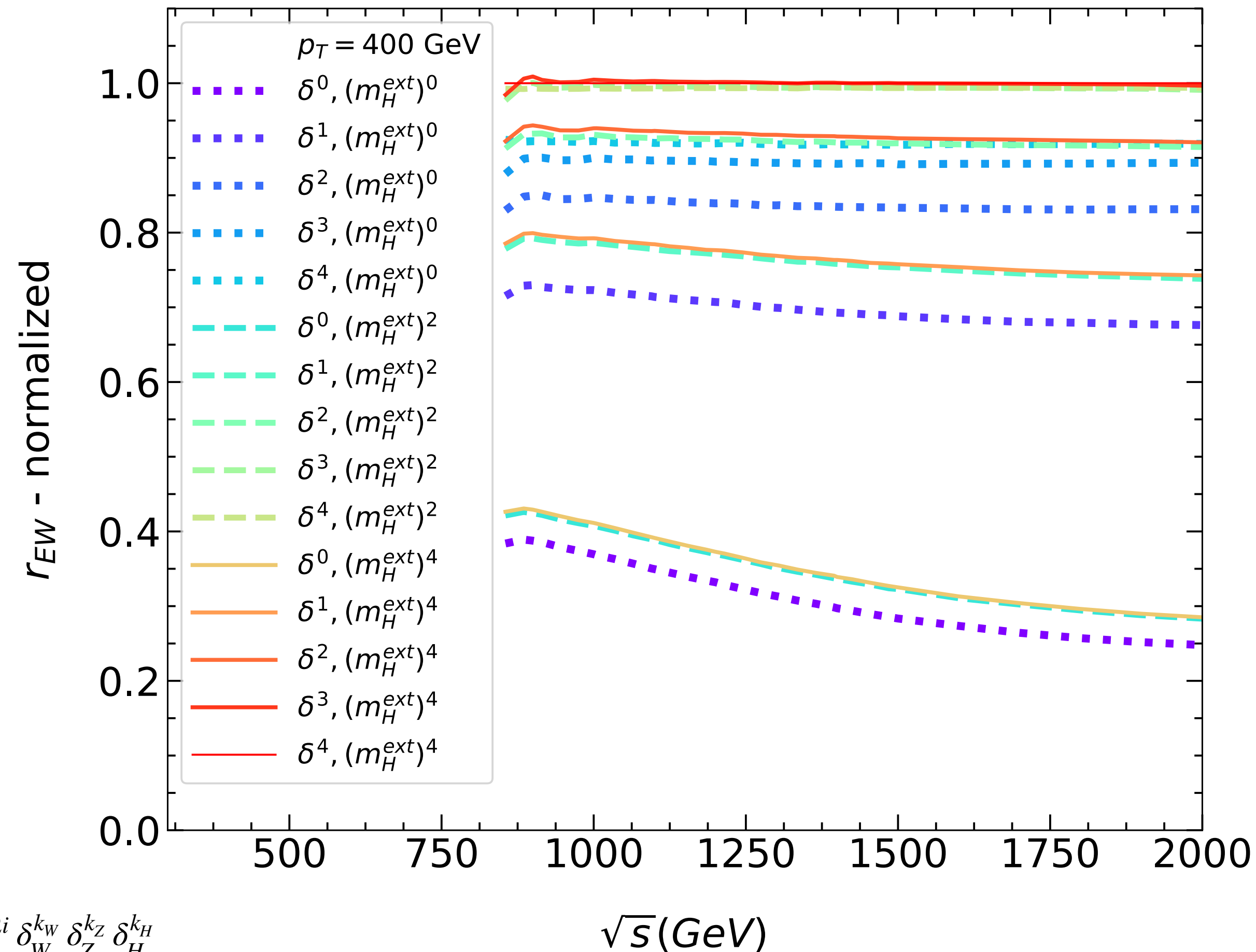
can be obtained from the ancillary file

<https://www.ttp.kit.edu/preprints/2026/ttp26-006>

Analytic EW results - convergence

[Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, **Zhang**, [2603.08789](#)]

$$r_{\text{EW}} = \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \frac{\mathcal{U}^{(0,1)}}{\mathcal{U}^{(0)}} \text{ in perturbative expansion of squared matrix element } |\mathcal{M}|^2 = \bar{X}_0 \left(\mathcal{U}^{(0)} + \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \mathcal{U}^{(1,0)} + \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \mathcal{U}^{(0,1)} + \dots \right)$$



We estimate a conservative 1 % uncertainty due to truncation of higher-order δ, m_H expansion

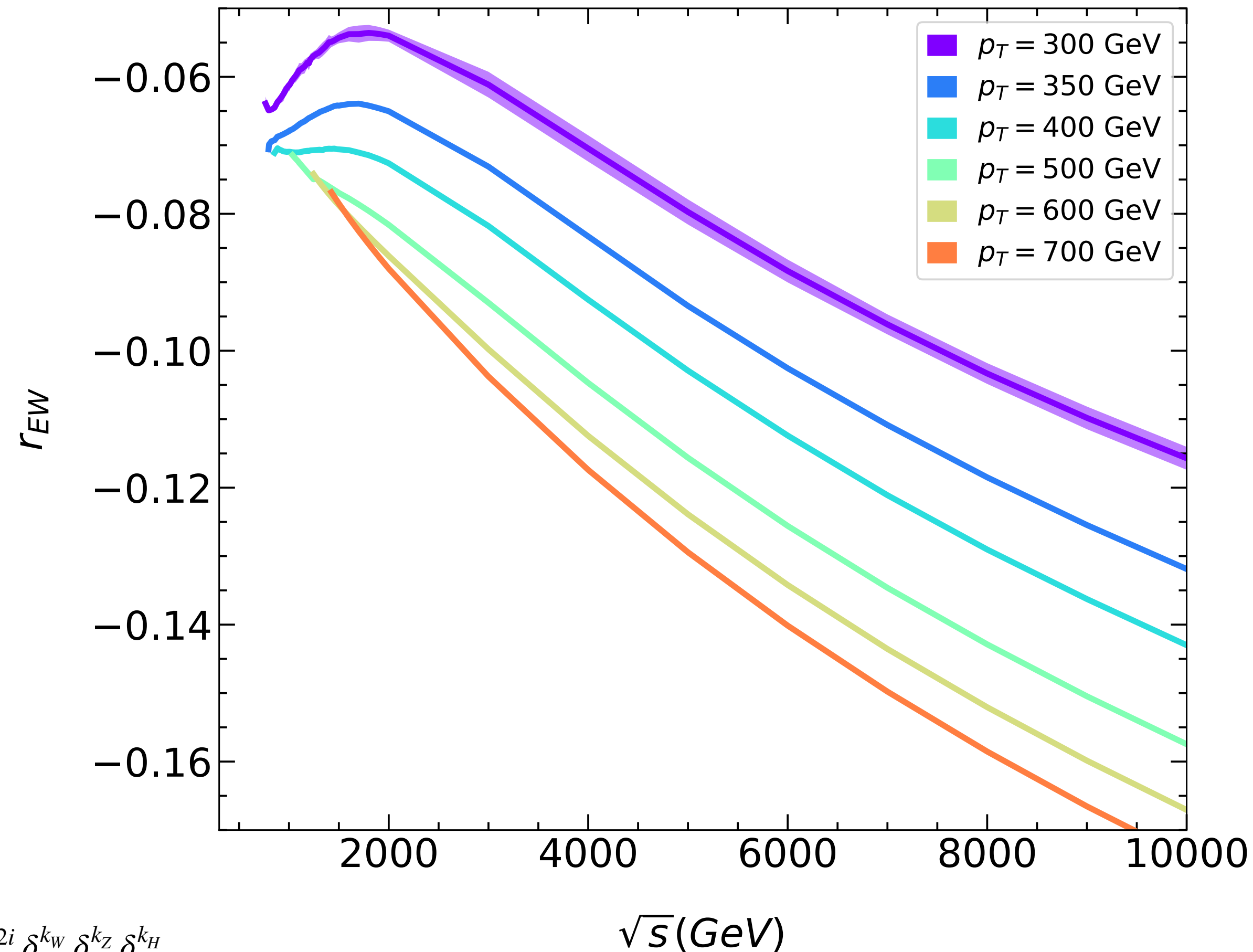
Deep high-energy expansion:

$$F = \sum_{n=-4}^{108} \sum_{i=0}^2 \sum_{k_W=0}^4 \sum_{k_Z=0}^4 \sum_{k_H=0}^4 c_{ni}^{k_W k_Z k_H} m_t^n (m_H^{\text{ext}})^{2i} \delta_W^{k_W} \delta_Z^{k_Z} \delta_H^{k_H}$$

Analytic EW results - partonic K factor

[Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, **Zhang**, [2603.08789](#)]

$$r_{\text{EW}} = \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \frac{\mathcal{U}^{(0,1)}}{\mathcal{U}^{(0)}} \text{ in perturbative expansion of squared matrix element } |\mathcal{M}|^2 = \bar{X}_0 \left(\mathcal{U}^{(0)} + \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \mathcal{U}^{(1,0)} + \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \mathcal{U}^{(0,1)} + \dots \right)$$



NLO EW corrections from top-quark contribution
is of **the order of -10% at high energies**

Padé approximation uncertainty band
only visible at $p_T = 300$ GeV
(Padé used for $m_t/\sqrt{s}$ expansion)

Deep high-energy expansion:

$$F = \sum_{n=-4}^{108} \sum_{i=0}^2 \sum_{k_W=0}^4 \sum_{k_Z=0}^4 \sum_{k_H=0}^4 c_{ni}^{k_W k_Z k_H} m_t^n (m_H^{\text{ext}})^{2i} \delta_W^{k_W} \delta_Z^{k_Z} \delta_H^{k_H}$$

Summary

- **Analytic two-loop EW machinery for $2 \rightarrow 2$ processes at high & low energies**
 - A technical roadmap developed for MIs and amplitudes calculations at high energies [[JHEP 08 \(2022\) 259](#), [JHEP 04 \(2025\) 193](#)]
 - NLO EW corrections to Higgs pair production at high energies [[2603.08789](#)]
 - **AsyInt** toolbox for MIs at high energies public available [[JHEP 09 \(2024\) 069](#)]
 - Large-mass expansion demonstrated for $gg \rightarrow HH$ and $gg \rightarrow Hg$ [[JHEP 10 \(2023\) 033](#)]
 - Applicable to precision NNLO BSM physics @ FCC-ee
 - Importance of BSM effects at NLO EW demonstrated @ FCC-ee [[Phys.Rev.Lett. 136 \(2026\) 8, 081801](#)]
- **Precision EW Studies can help New Physics Searches** [[Phys.Rev.Lett. 136 \(2026\) 081801](#)]
 - NLO EW is necessary for BSM phenomenology at FCC-ee
 - EW corrections are powerful probe to explore extended Higgs sector in $e^+e^- \rightarrow h\nu\bar{\nu}$