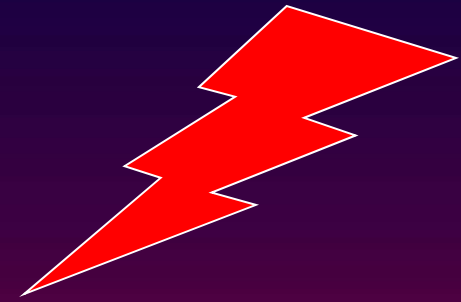
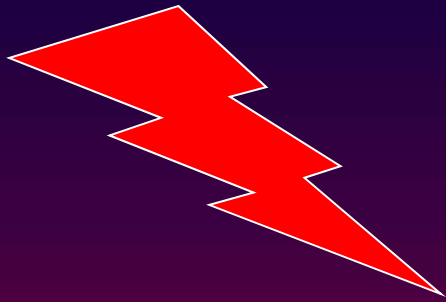


Weak Bosons

Quarks - Leptons



Composite Particles

Harald Fritzsch

LMU Munich

QED

1972

Fritzsche # Gell-Mann

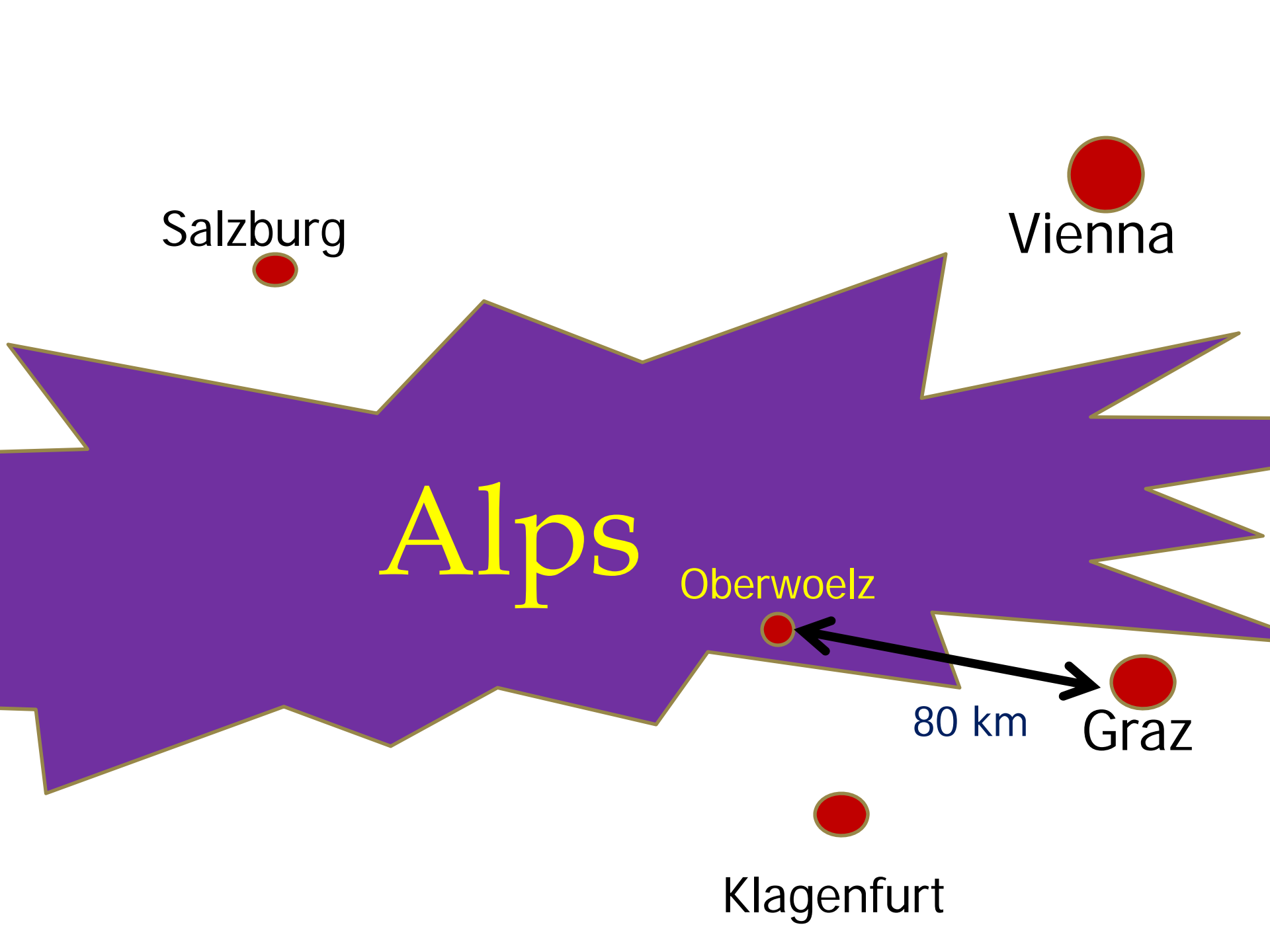
2012:

QCD 40 years

conference in

Oberwoelz, Austrian Alps

fritzsch@mppmu.mpg.de



Salzburg

Vienna

Alps

Oberwoelz

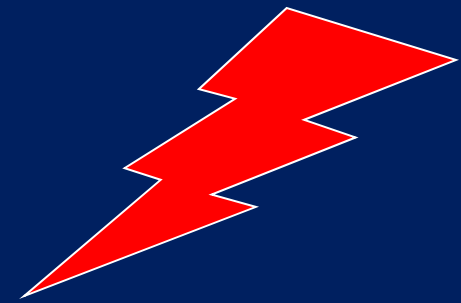
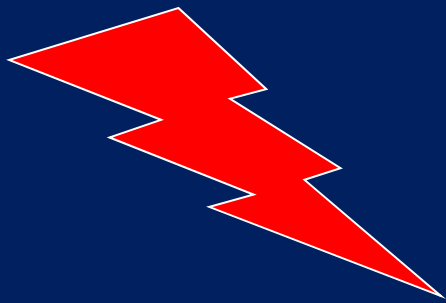
80 km

Graz

Klagenfurt

Weak Bosons

Quarks - Leptons



Composite Particles

Harald Fritzsch

LMU Munich

Standard Model:

quarks - leptons - weak bosons

\Rightarrow pointlike

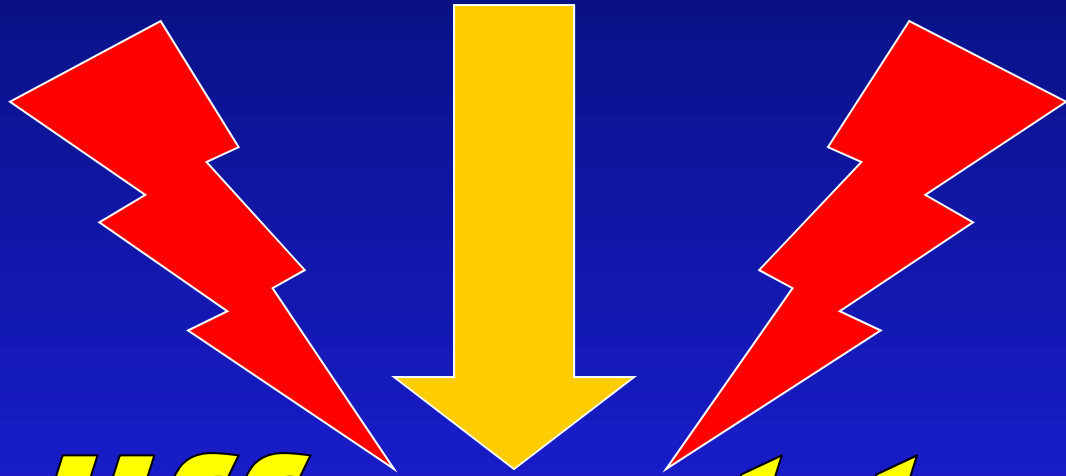
limits from experiments:

radius of electron:

radius of u/d-quark:

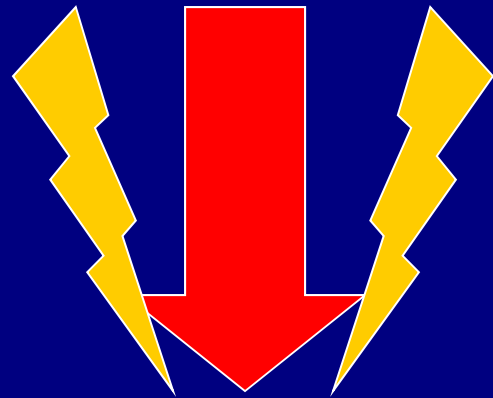
$$\leq 10^{-17} \text{ cm}$$

Standard Model



*two different types
of mass generation*

mass by confinement



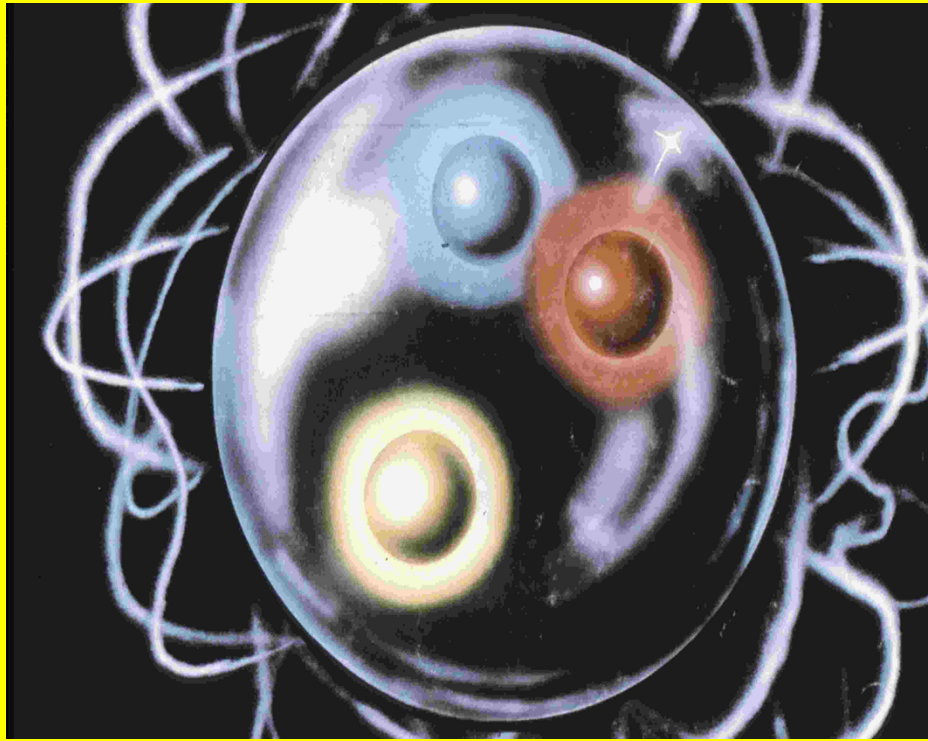
QCD

proton

mass



**field energy of gluons
and quarks**



$$M_p = E(\text{gluons, quarks}) / c^2$$

electroweak theory

??? *origin of masses of* **???**

leptons

quarks

W-bosons

????????????????????????????????

mass generation

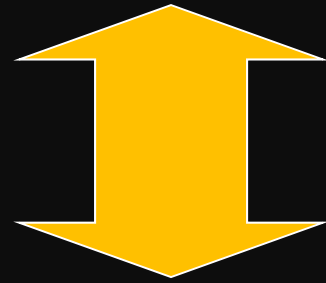
„Higgs“
mechanism

Brout, Englert;

Higgs;

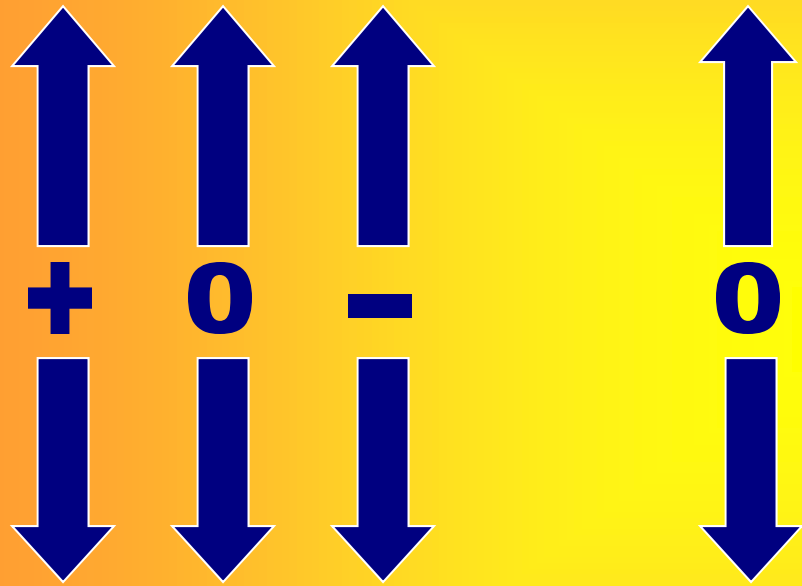
Guralnik, Hagen, Kibble

**spontaneous
symmetry
breaking**



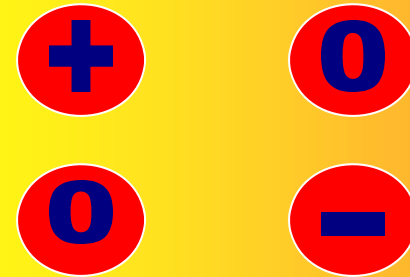
scalar fields

$SU(2) \times U(1)$



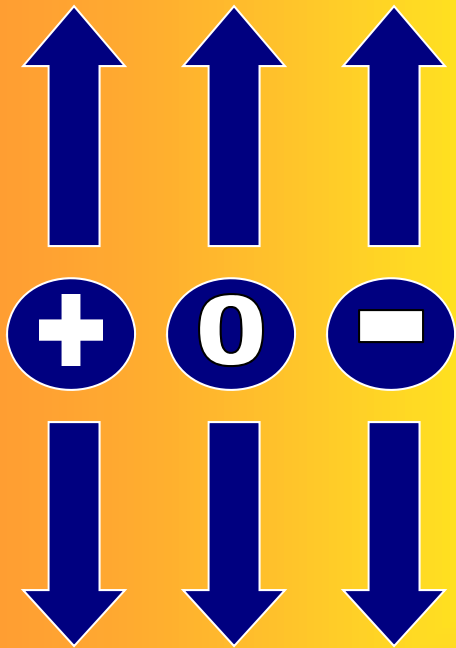
**massless
gauge bosons**

scalars

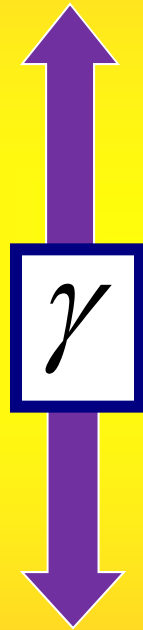


mass M

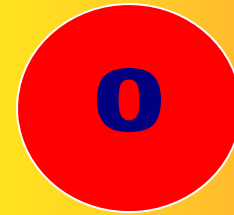
$SU(2) \times U(1)$



massive



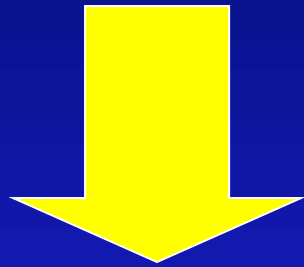
massless



"Higgs" particle

alternative:

mass generation



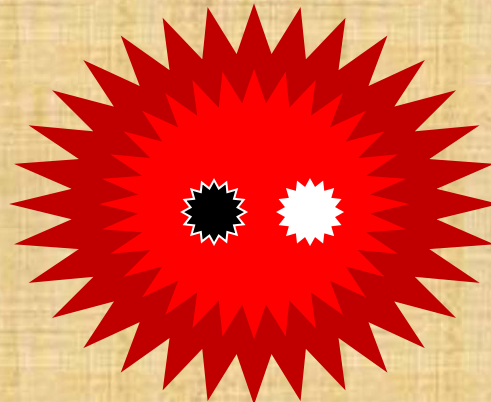
confinement

→ QCD

weak bosons



composite



old references:

Bjorken (1977)

Fritzsch and Mandelbaum (1981)

Abbott and Farhi (1981)

Barbieri and Mohapatra (1981)

Fritzsch, Kogerler and Schildknecht (1982)

Lüst (1985)

Calmet and Fritzsch (2000)

new:

H. Fritzsche

2010 - arXiv: 1010.1428

2011 - arXiv: 1105.3354

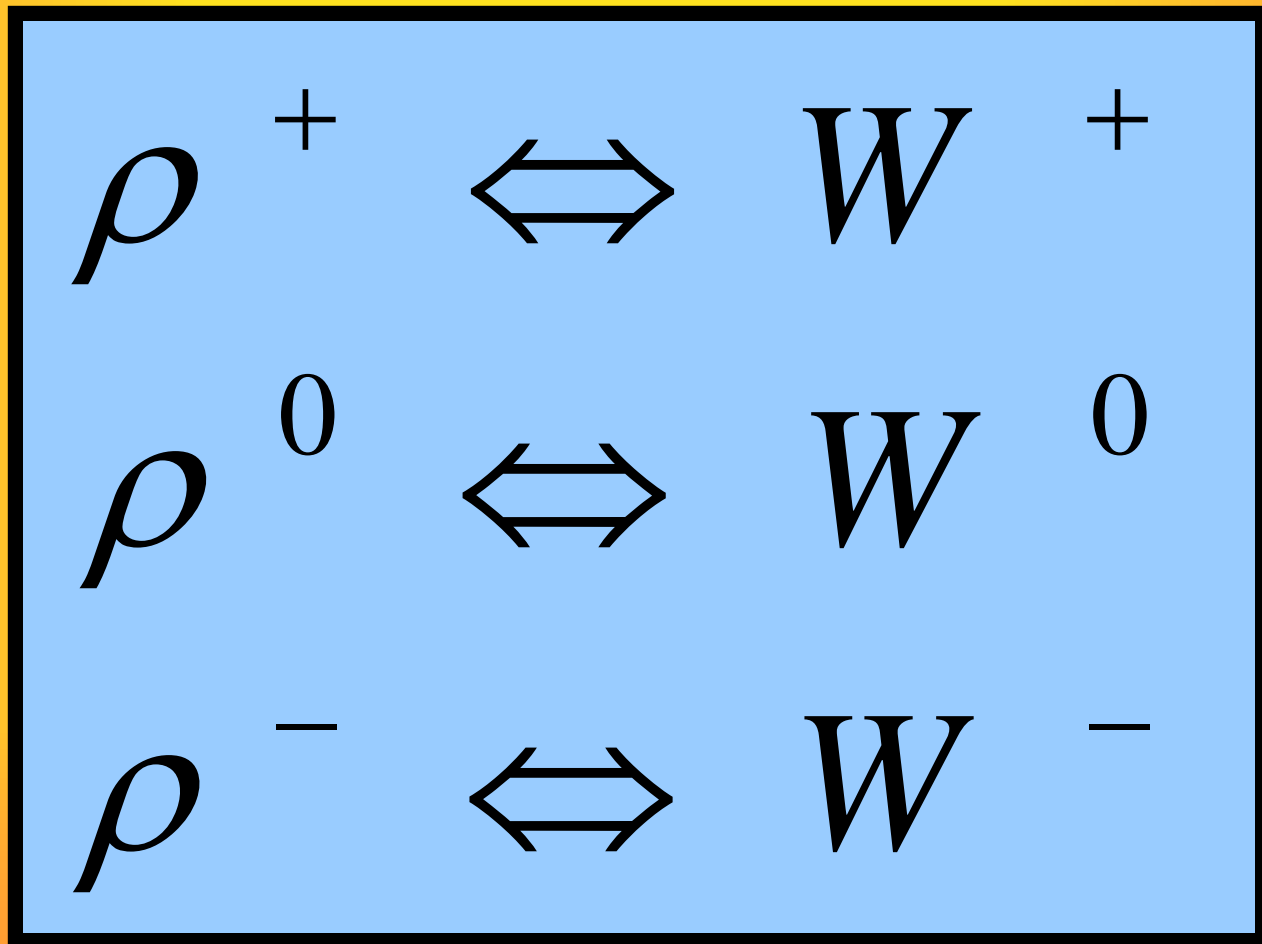
rho - mesons

quark - antiquark bound states

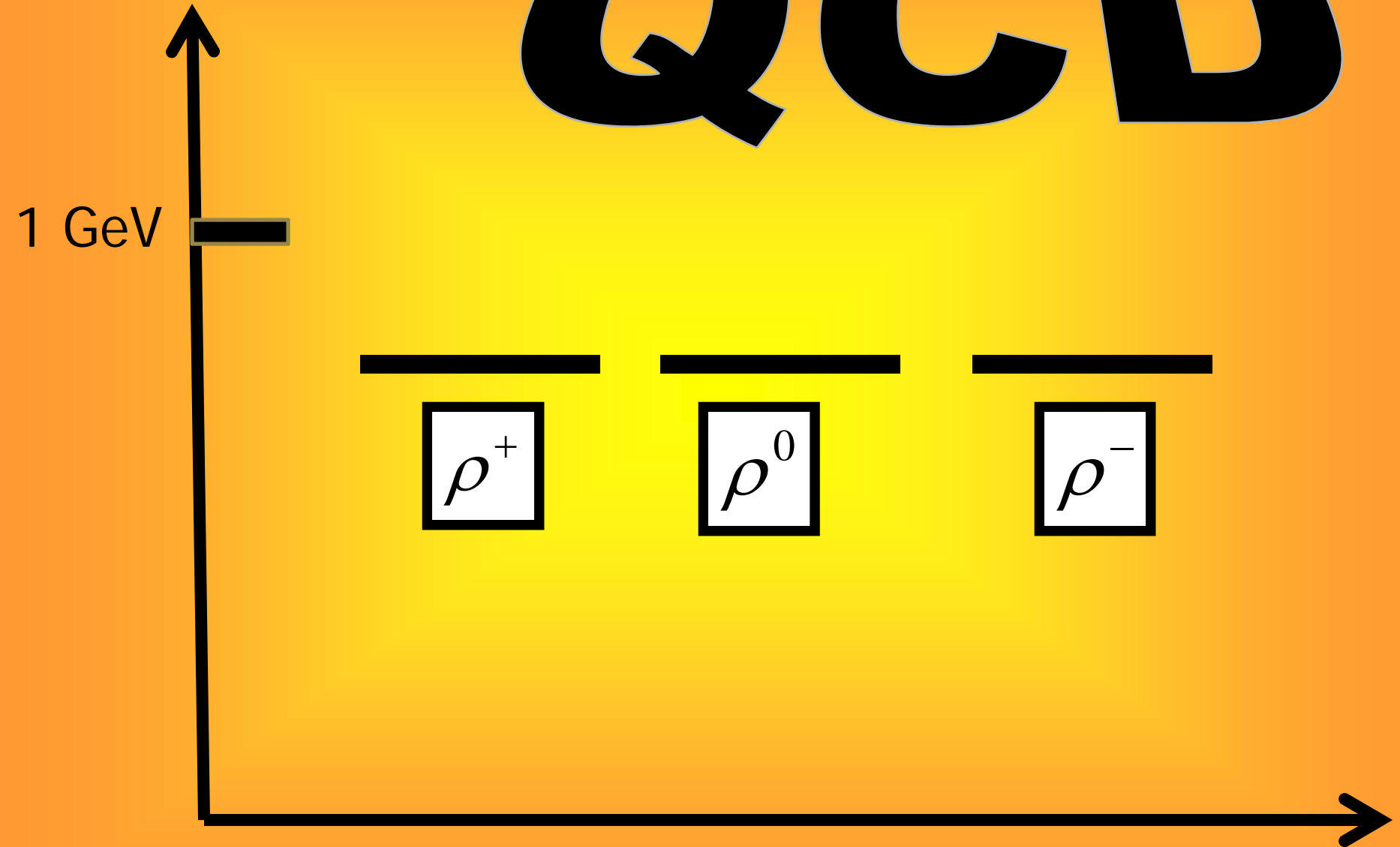
weak bosons

bound states of ???

an analogy



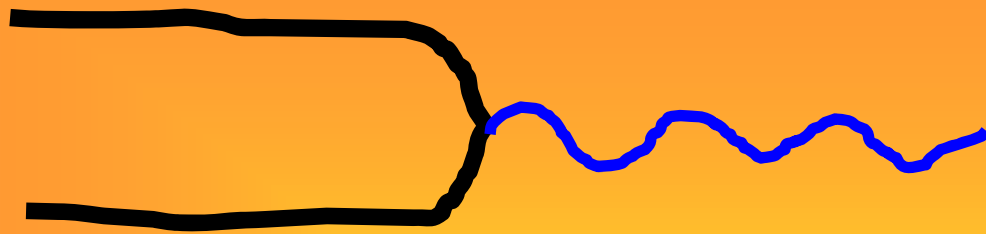
QCD



QCD + *QED*

Dynamical mixing of rho meson and photon:





$$\langle 0 | \frac{1}{2} (\bar{u} \gamma_\mu u - \bar{d} \gamma_\mu d) | \rho_0 \rangle = \varepsilon_\mu M_\rho F_\rho$$

F_ρ : decay constant

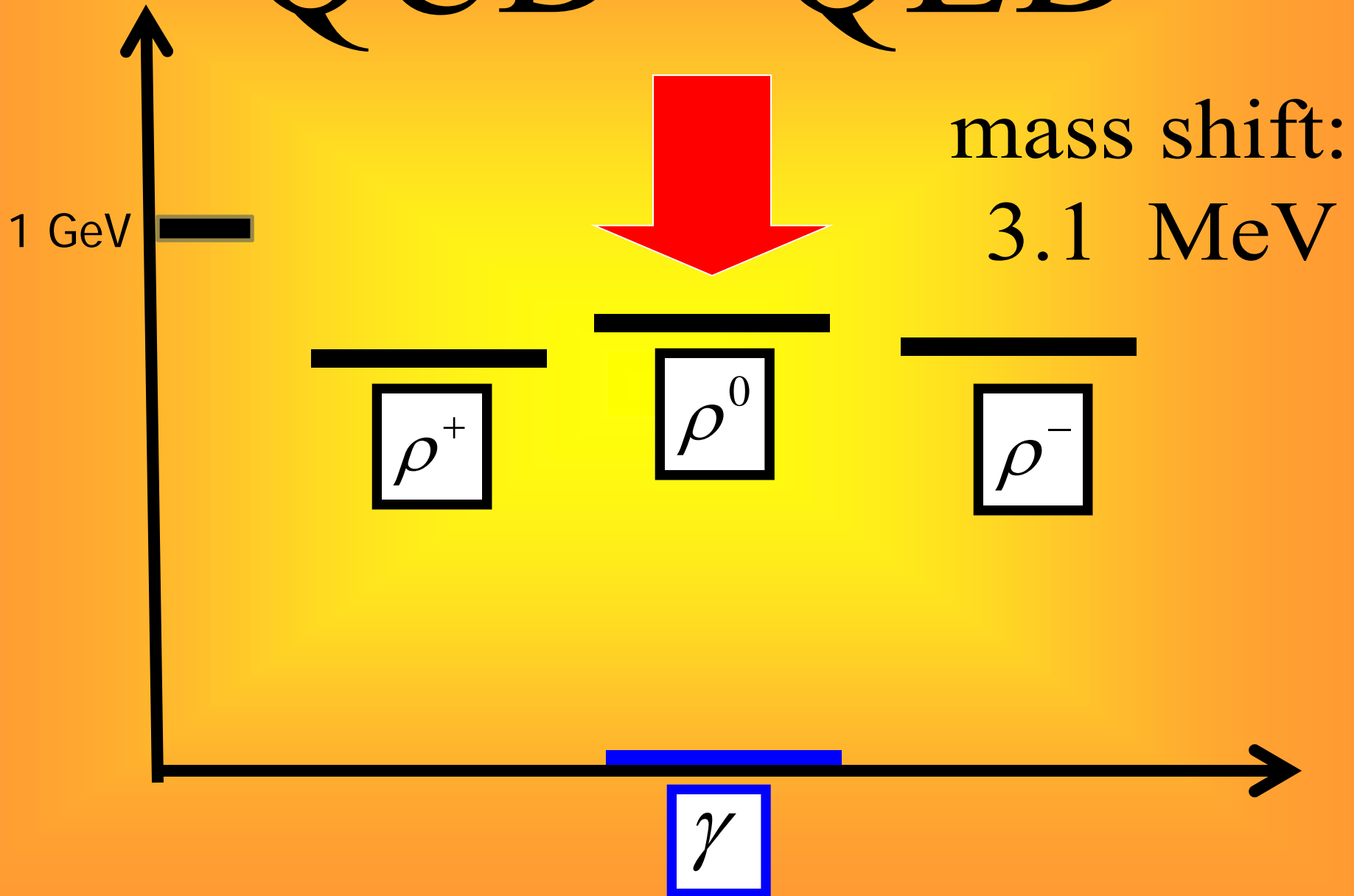
mixing parameter m

$$m = e \frac{F_\rho}{M_\rho}$$

$$F_{\rho} \approx 220 \text{ MeV}$$

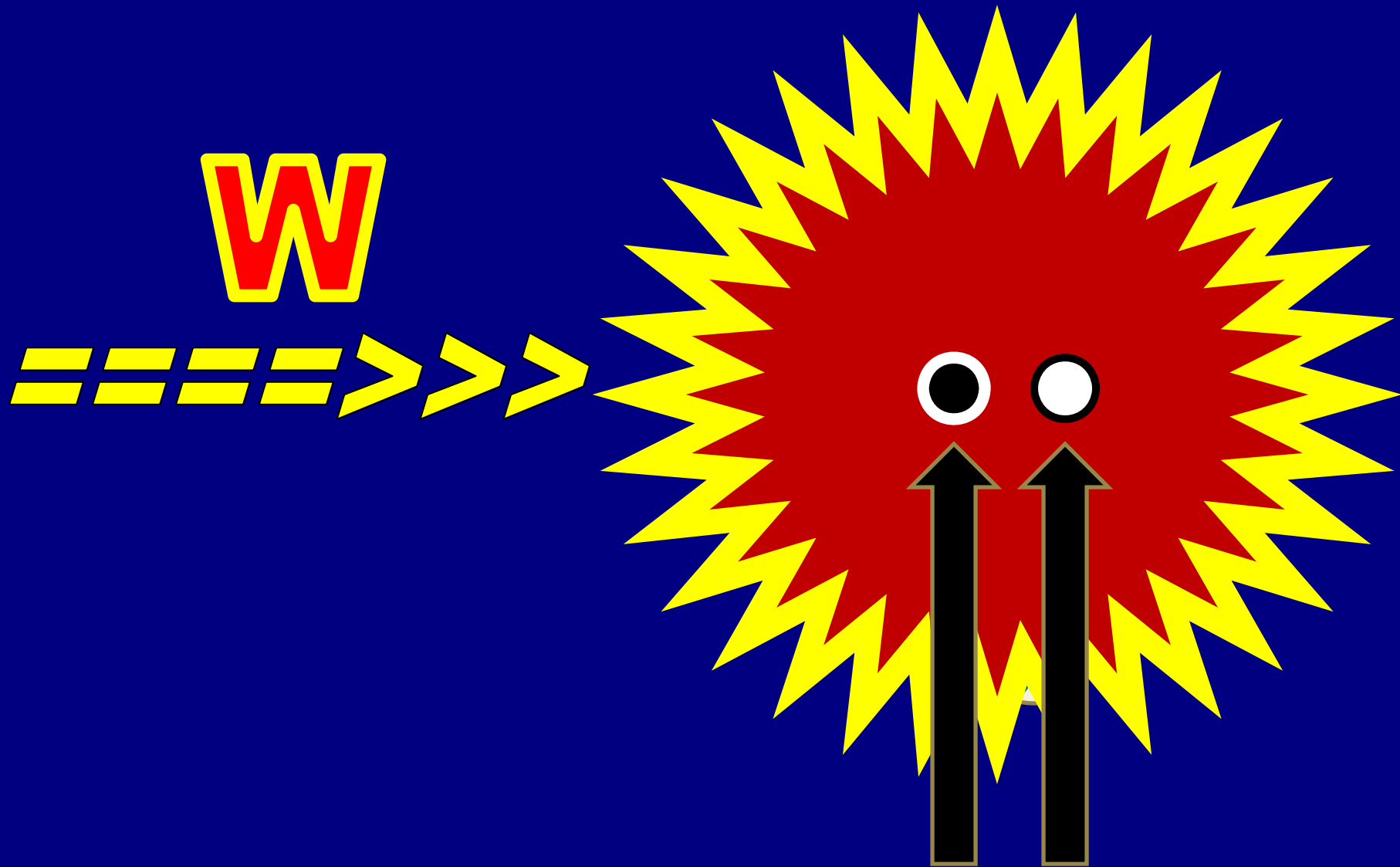
$$F_{\rho} \approx \Lambda_c$$

QCD + QED

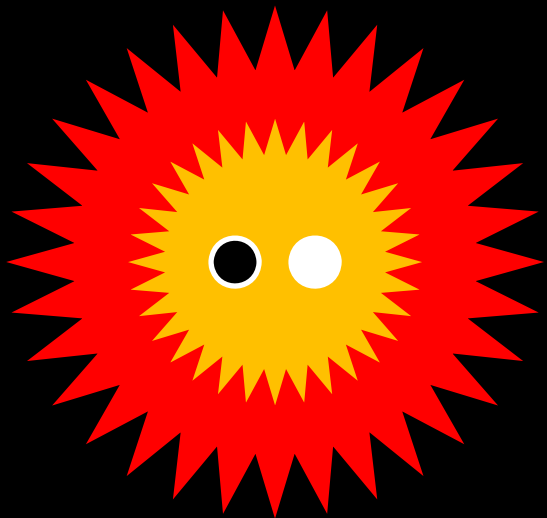


composite

weak bosons ?



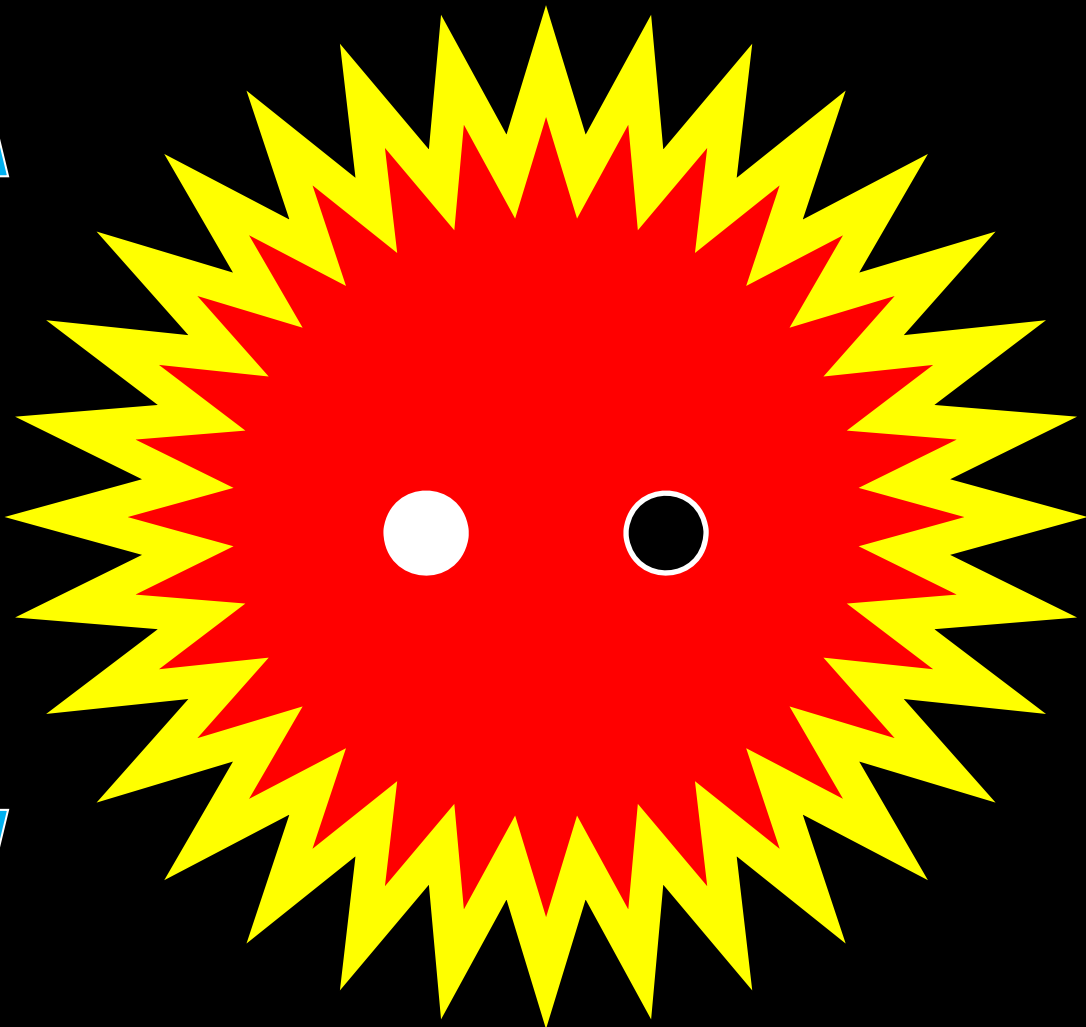
constituents



W



≥ 1000



ρ

Constituents of W-bosons

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix}$$

**lefthanded
fermions**

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix}$$



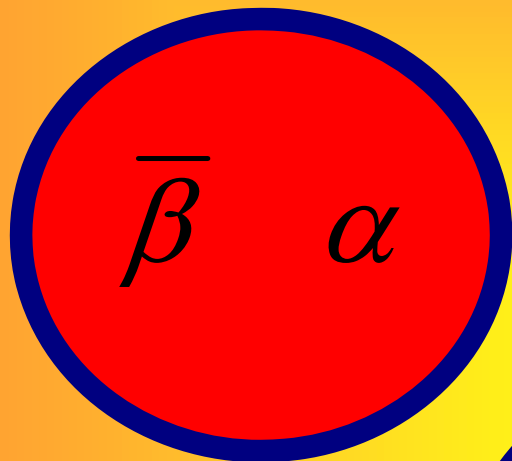
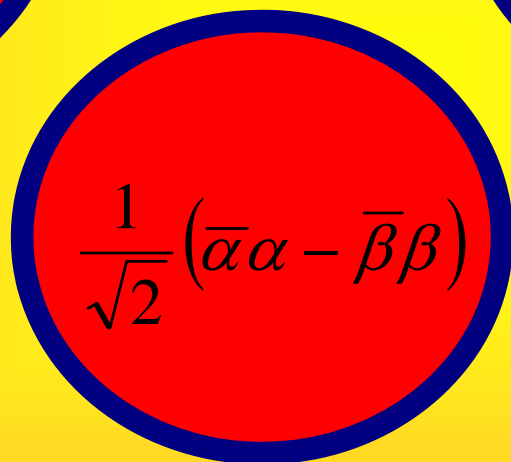
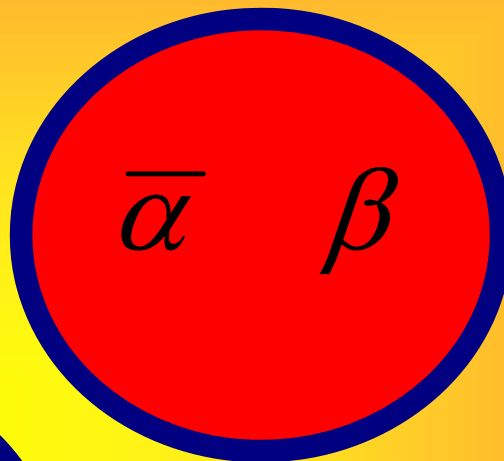
haplons

haplos \leftrightarrow **simple**

electric charges

$$\alpha \Rightarrow +1/2$$

$$\beta \Rightarrow -1/2$$

W^+  W^-  W^3

haplons confined
by gauge force

QHD

Gauge group
of QHD:

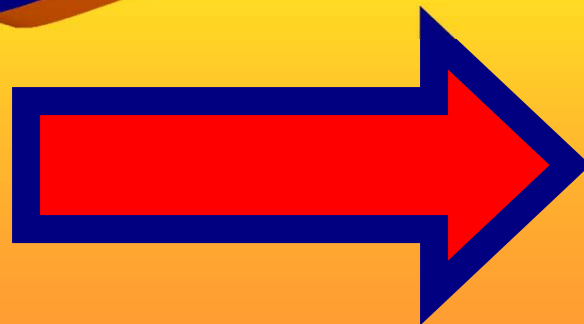
SU(n)

(e.g. SU(3))

mass scale

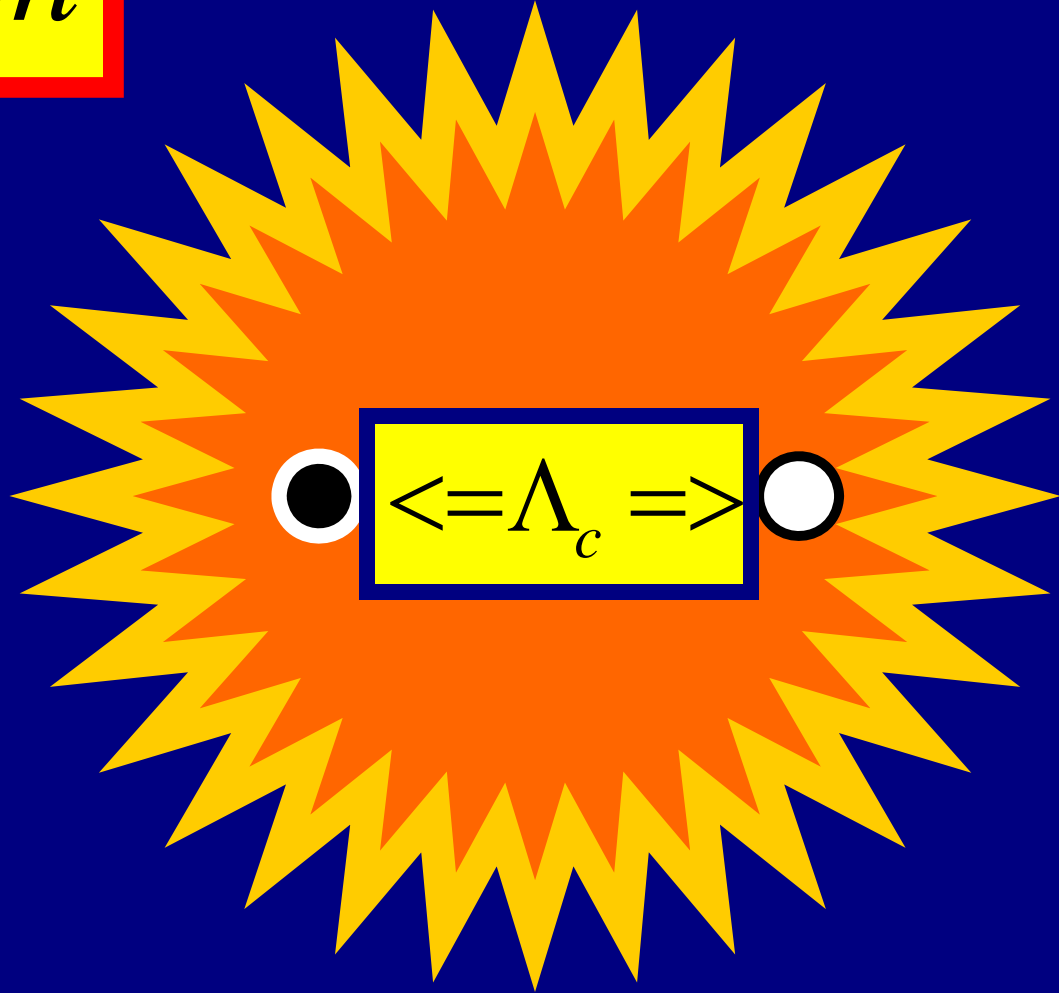
of

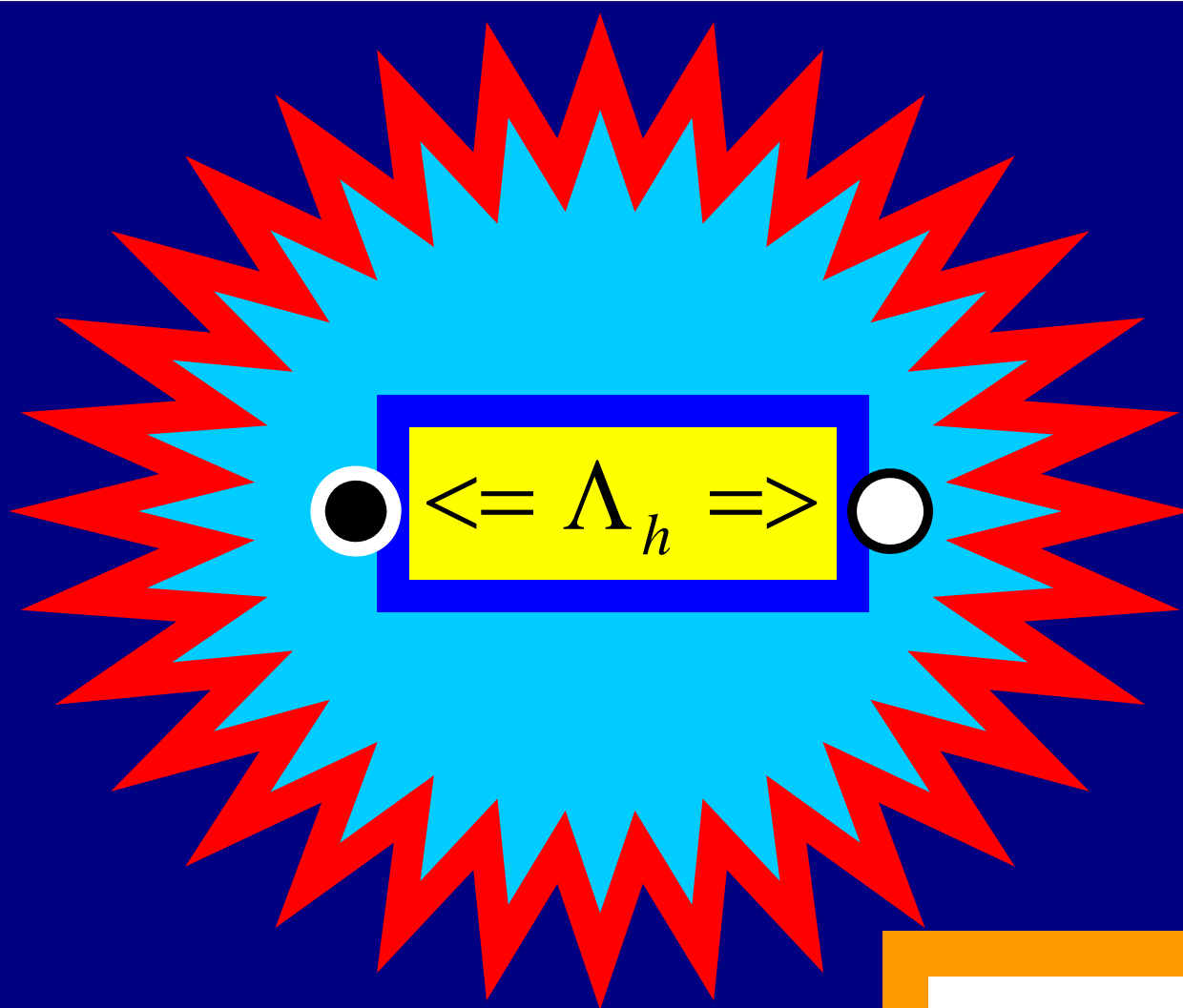
QHD



$$\Lambda_h$$

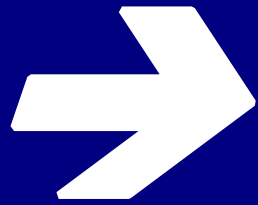
ρ - meson





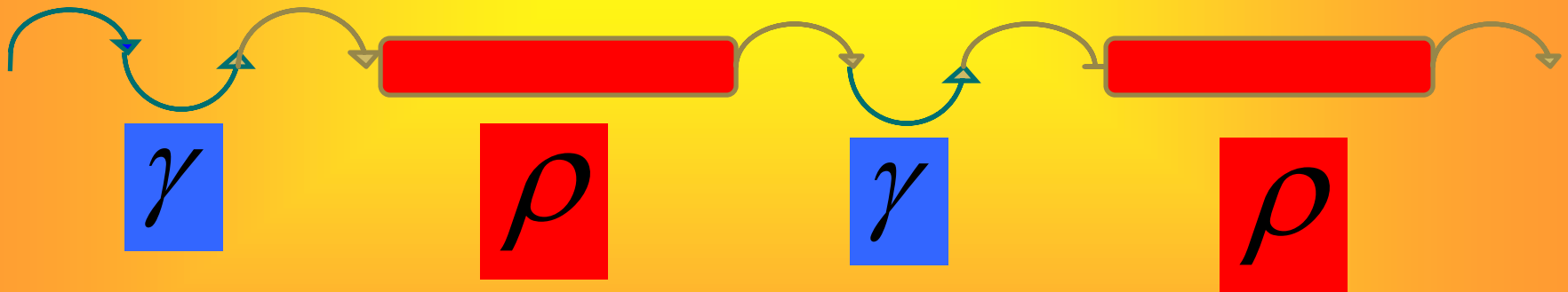
W – *boson*

Λ_h ?

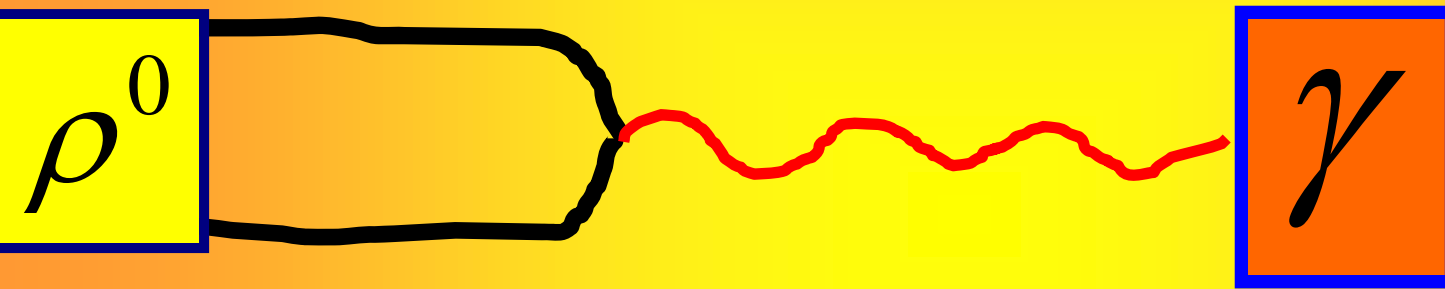


QCD

Dynamical mixing of
meson and photon



mixing with photon

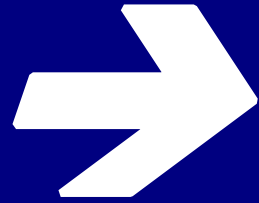


m: mixing parameter



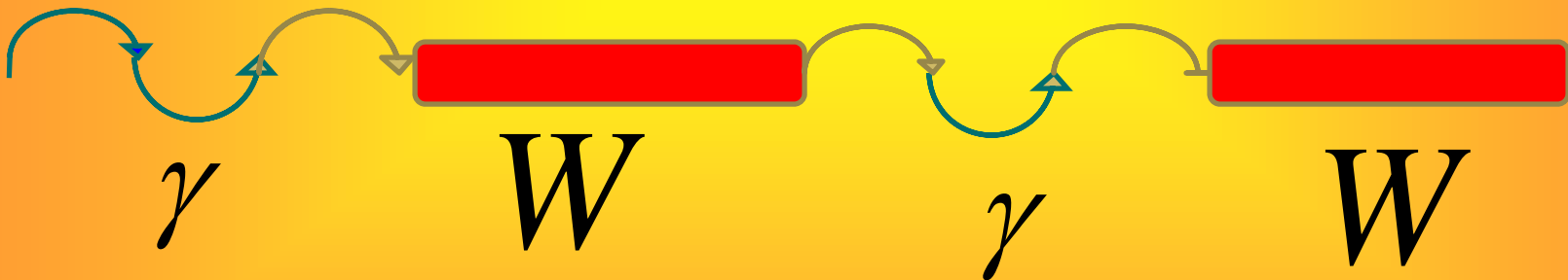
$$M_{\rho^0}^2 = \frac{M_{\rho^+}^2}{1 - m^2}$$

$$\sim 3.1 \text{ MeV}$$
$$m = 0.09$$

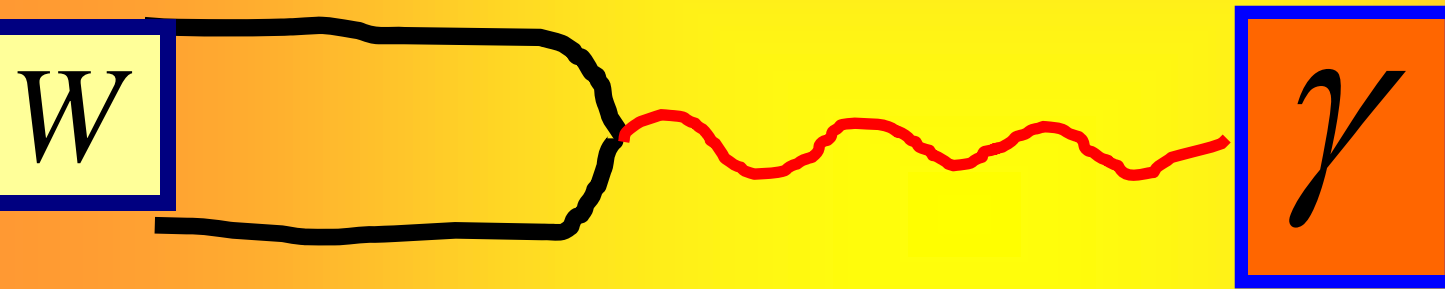


QHD

Dynamical mixing of
W-boson and photon



mixing of W with photon



m : mixing parameter



$$M_Z^2 = \frac{M_W^2}{1 - m^2}$$

$$M_Z^2 = \frac{M_W^2}{1 - m^2}$$

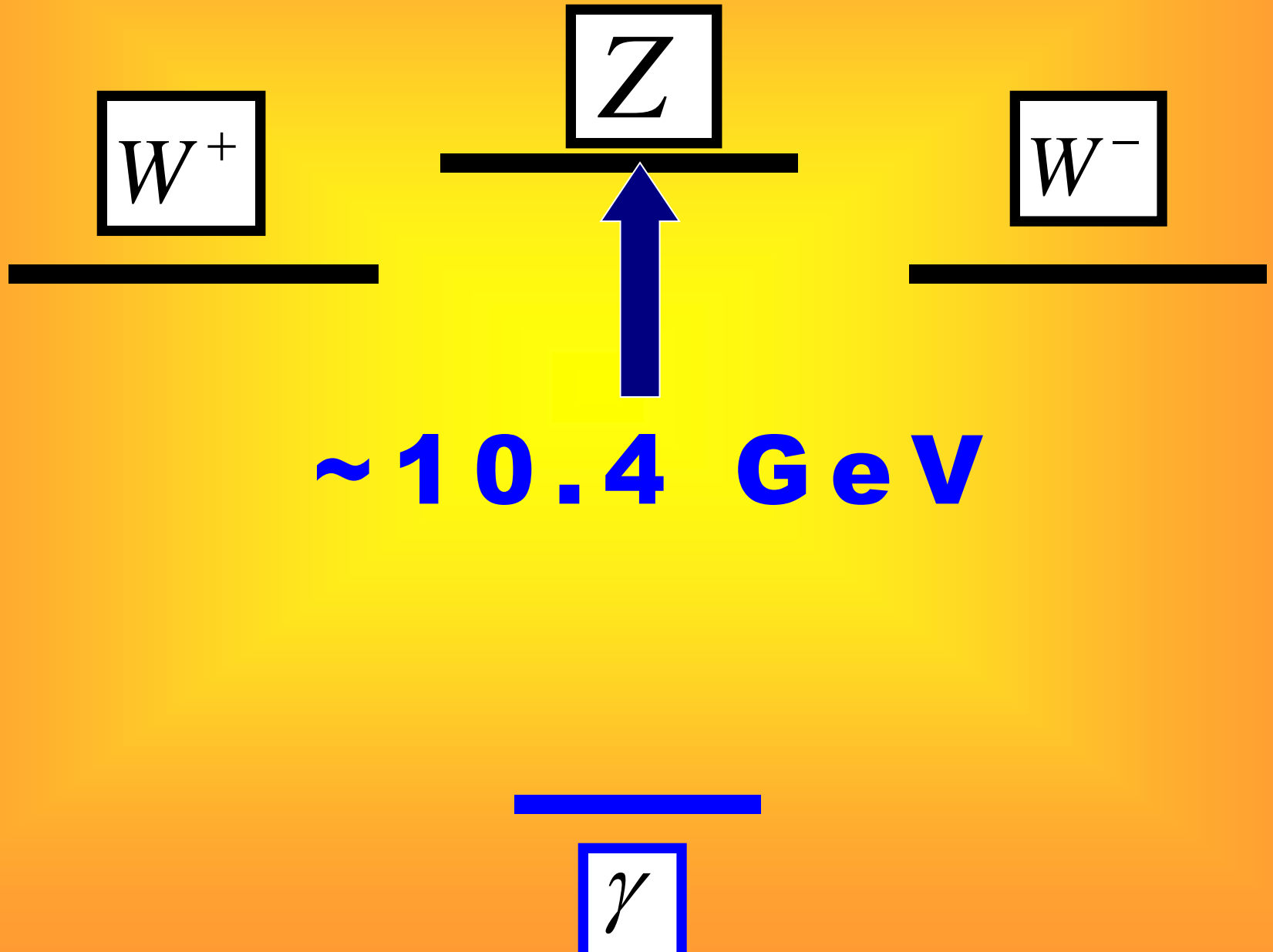
Standard Model

$$M_Z^2 = \frac{M_W^2}{1 - \sin^2 \theta_w}$$

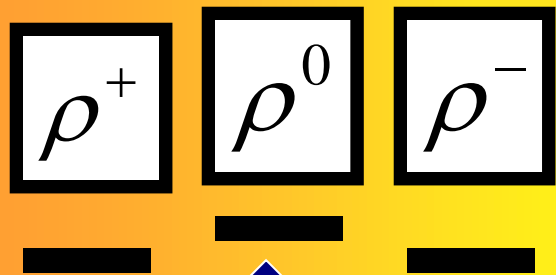


$$\sin \theta_w = m \approx 0.485$$

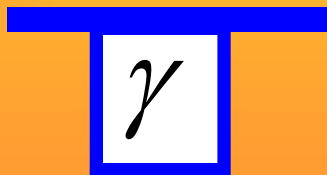
Standard Model



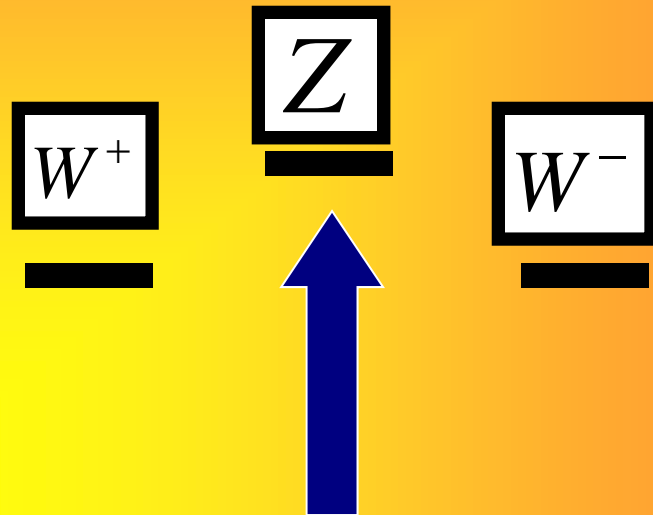
QCD + QED



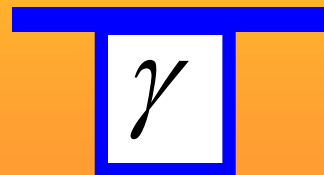
$\sim 3.1 \text{ MeV}$



QHD + QED



$\sim 10.4 \text{ GeV}$



W decay constant

$$\langle 0 | \frac{1}{2} (\bar{\alpha} \gamma_{\mu L} \alpha - \bar{\beta} \gamma_{\mu L} \beta) | Z \rangle = \varepsilon_{\mu} M_W F_W$$

experimental data:

$$M_W = 80.4...GeV$$

$$M_Z = 91.19...GeV$$

$$F_W \cong 125....GeV$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_W = 0.2315$$

$$\alpha = \frac{e^2}{4\pi} \cong \frac{1}{128.9}$$

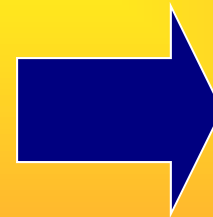
$$e \cong 0.3122$$

$$m = e \frac{F_w}{M_w}$$

$$m \approx 0.485$$

$$F_\rho \approx \Lambda_c \approx 220 \text{ MeV}$$

$$F_w \approx 0.125 \text{ TeV}$$



$$\Lambda_h$$



$$F_w \approx 0.130 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_h \approx 0.13 \Leftrightarrow 1.0 \text{ TeV}$$

uncertainty:

**gauge group of
QHD**

$$SU(n) \Rightarrow SU(3)$$



$$F_w \approx 0.13 \quad TeV$$

$$\Lambda_h \approx 0.13 \quad TeV$$

\$ low energy \$



Standard Model

\$ high energy \$



many new states

Standard Model

New:
isoscalar

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{\alpha}\alpha - \bar{\beta}\beta)$$

Z

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{\alpha}\alpha + \bar{\beta}\beta)$$

X

Present lower limit
on X-mass:

~ 700 GeV

Z

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{\alpha}\alpha - \bar{\beta}\beta)$$

$$\rho_0$$

**masses
about
equal**

???

X

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{\alpha}\alpha + \bar{\beta}\beta)$$

$$\omega$$

QCD - anomaly



$$m(\eta') \gg m(\pi^0)$$

$$\partial_\mu (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 q) \sim g^2 \cdot G_{\mu\nu} \hat{G}^{\mu\nu}$$

$$\pi^0: \partial_\mu (\bar{u} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 u - \bar{d} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 d) = 0$$

$$\eta': \partial_\mu (\sim + \sim) \neq 0$$

(quark masses $\rightarrow 0$)

QHD - anomaly

$$\partial_\mu (\bar{h} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 h) \sim g_h^2 H_{\mu\nu} \hat{H}^{\mu\nu}$$

$$Z: \partial_\mu (\bar{\alpha} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \alpha - \bar{\beta} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \beta) = 0$$

$$X: \partial_\mu (\sim + \sim) \neq 0$$

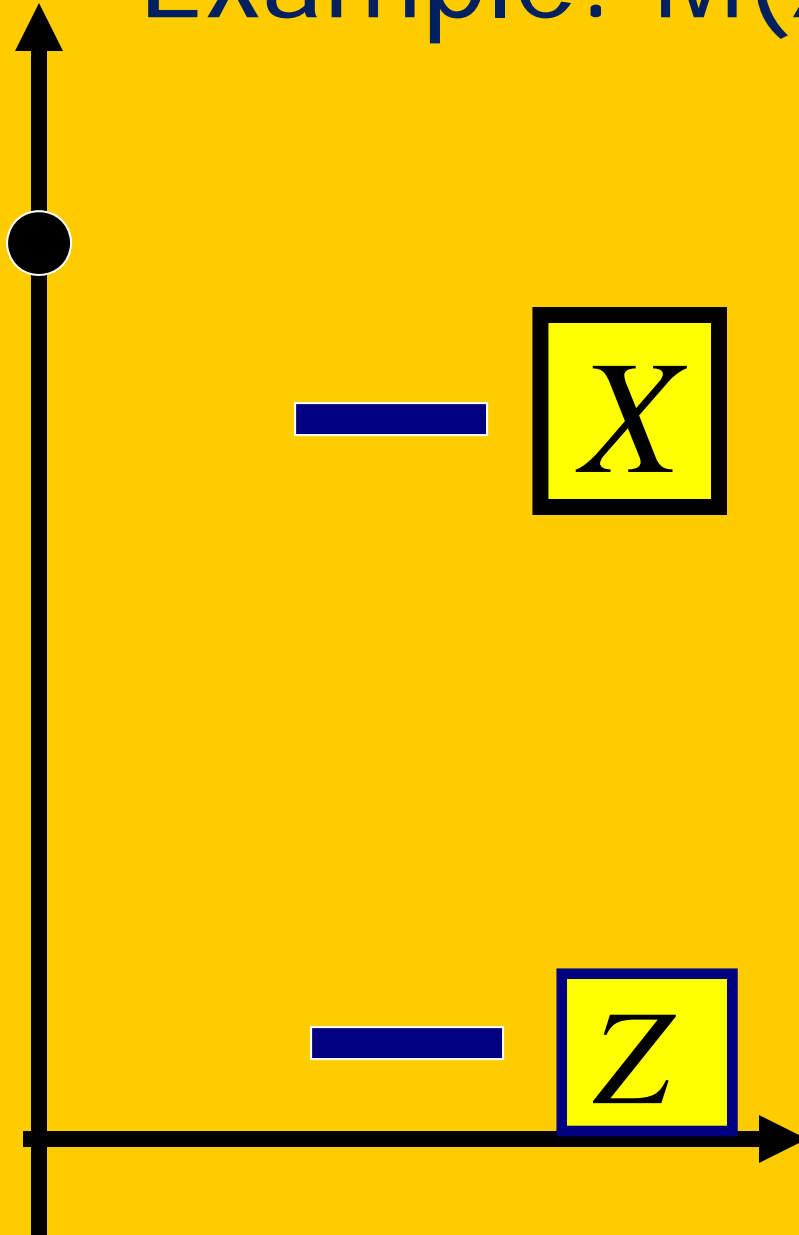
QHD: chiral theory

(no O^{-+} - states)

$$m(X) \gg m(Z)$$

Example: $M(X) = 0.8 \text{ TeV}$

1 TeV

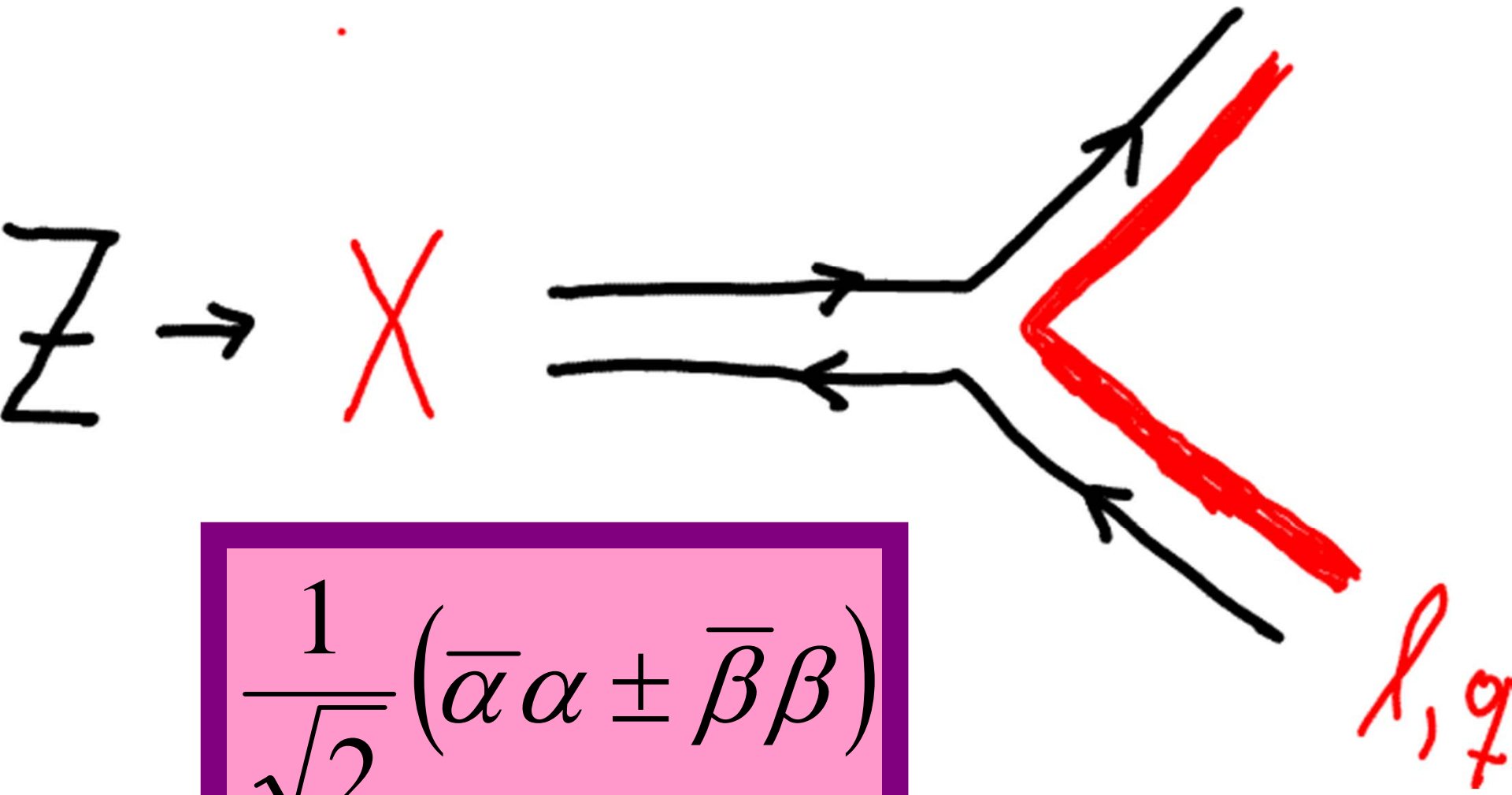


cross section of Z-
production at LHC:
 $\sim 60 \text{ nb}$

→ cross section for
X-production: $\sim 0.8 \text{ nb}$

Coupling of X to
leptons and quarks:

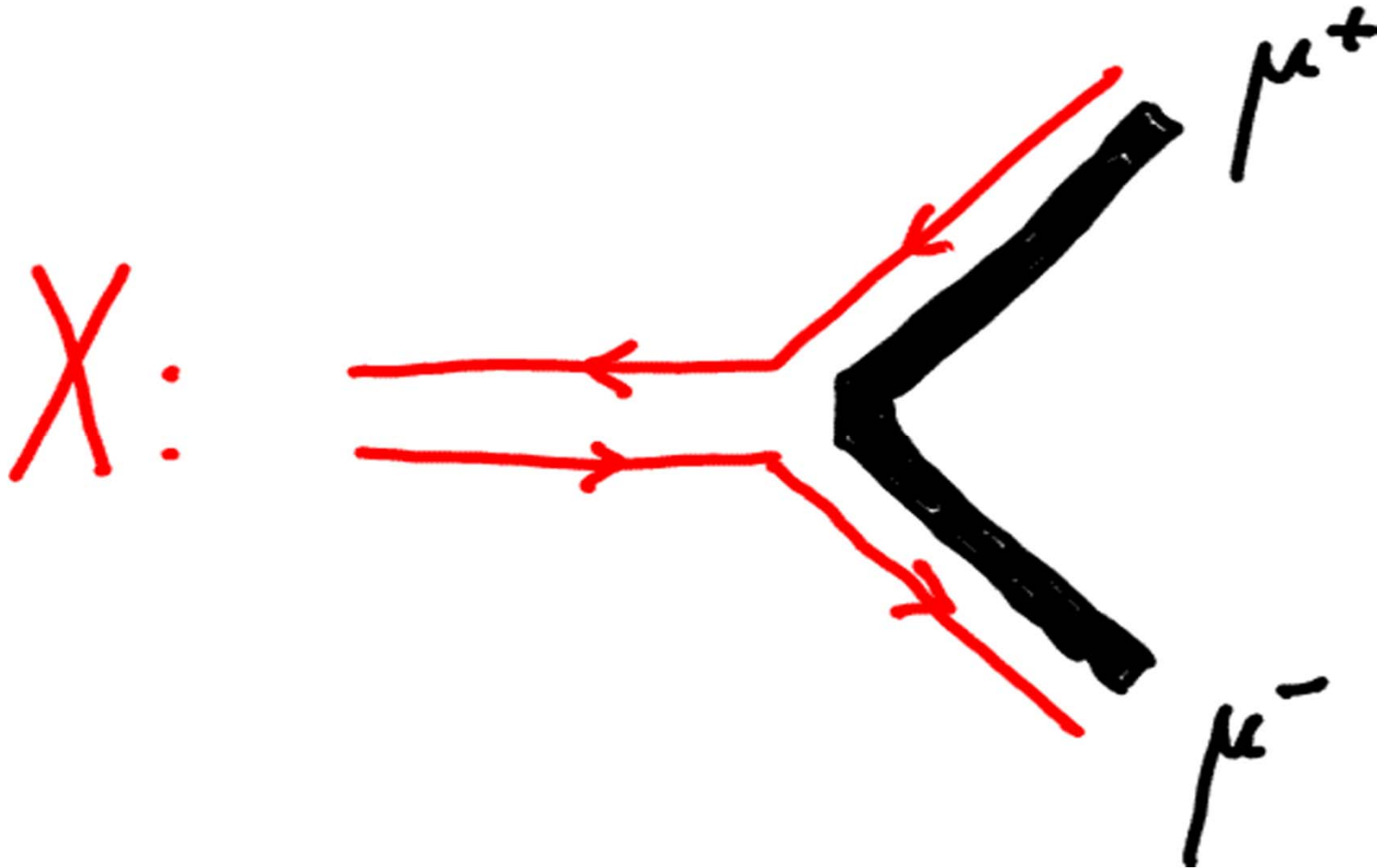
→ coupling of Z - boson



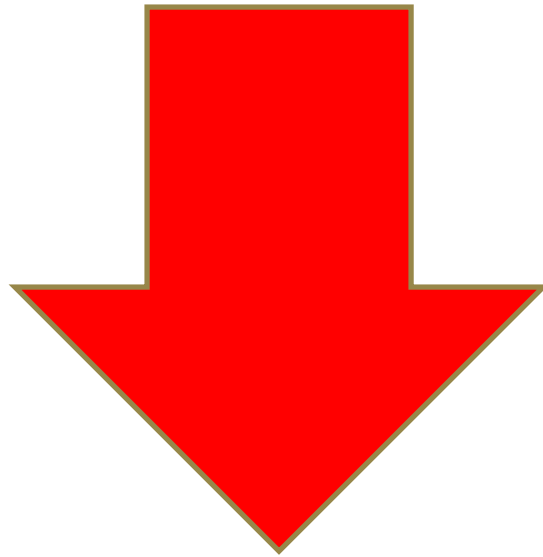
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\bar{\alpha} \alpha \pm \bar{\beta} \beta)$$

X – decay into muons

→ Z – decay into muons:



$$\Gamma(W^+ \Rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu) \cong 226 \text{ MeV}$$

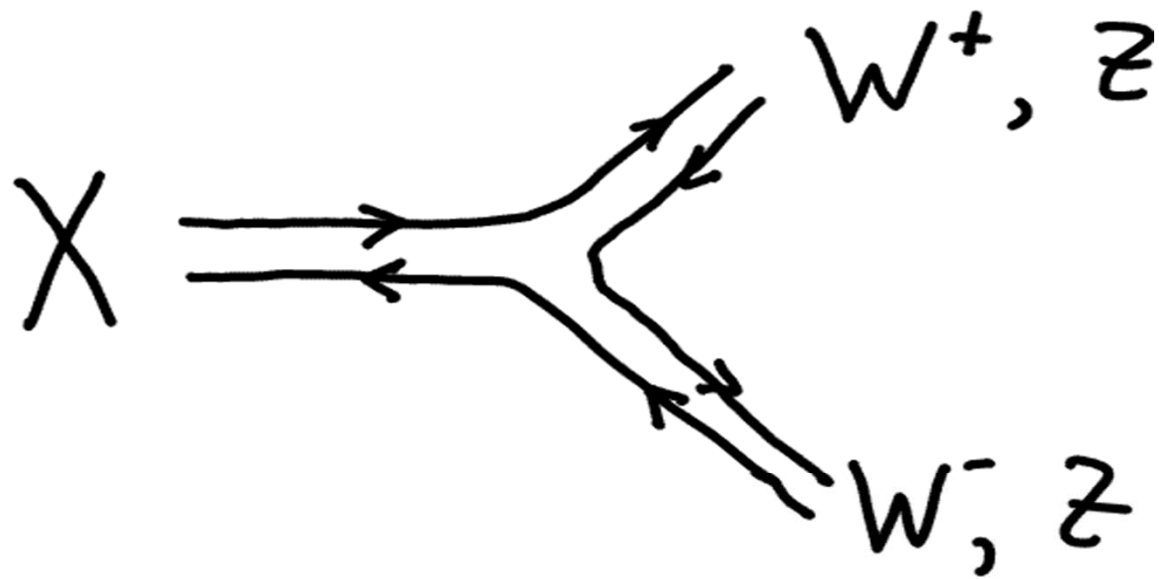


$$\Gamma(X \Rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \cong 2.2 \text{ GeV}$$

X -decays \rightarrow leptons
quarks

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma(X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) &\cong \Gamma(X \rightarrow e^+ e^-) \\ &\cong \Gamma(X \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e \nu_e)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma(X \rightarrow \bar{u} u) &\cong \Gamma(X \rightarrow \bar{d} d) \\ &\cong 3 \times \Gamma(X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)\end{aligned}$$



Expected:

$$\Gamma(X \rightarrow W^+ W^-) =$$

$$\Gamma(X \rightarrow Z Z) \approx$$

$$\Gamma(X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$$

X →

leptons

quarks

WW

ZZ

WWZ

ZZZ

Summation

Total width of X:

~62 GeV

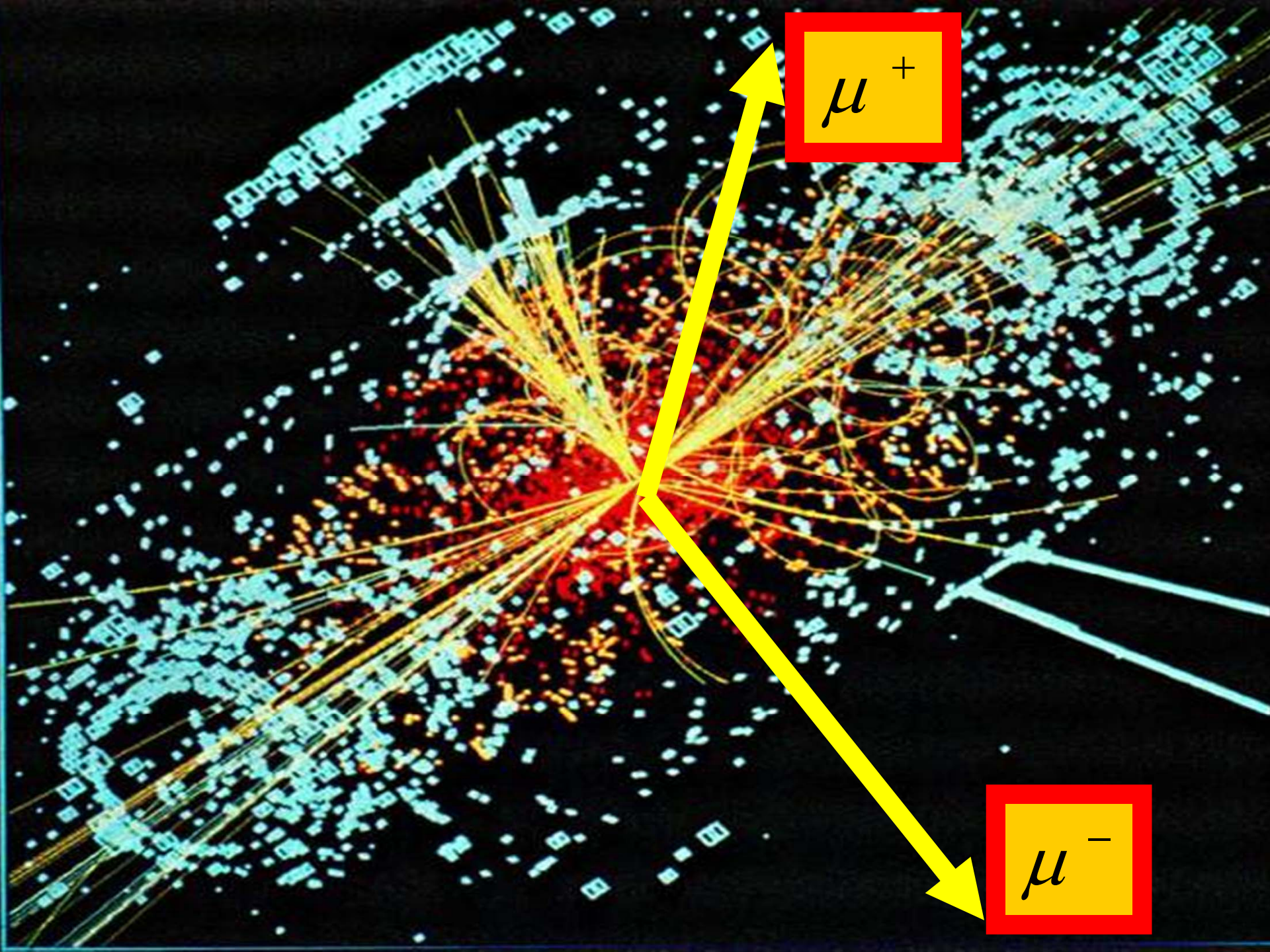
Total width of Z:

2.5 GeV

Discovery of X - boson:

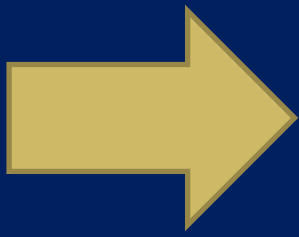
search for decay
into muon pairs

$$X \Rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$



$$\Lambda_c \approx 0.3 \dots \text{GeV}$$

complexities
of
strong interactions
 $\sim 1 \text{ GeV}$



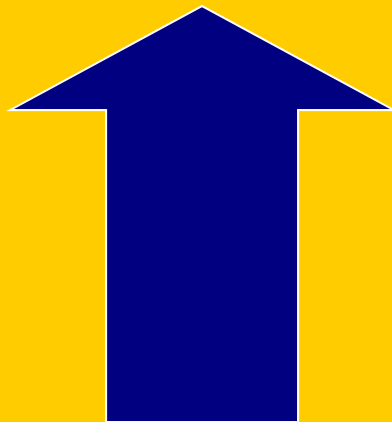
$$\Lambda_h \propto 0.3 \text{ TeV}$$
$$= 1000 \cdot \Lambda_c$$

complexities
of
QHD interactions
 $\sim 1 \text{ TeV}$

EXCITED WEAK
BOSONS

above 1 TeV

QCD



ρ''

$(\bar{q}q)$

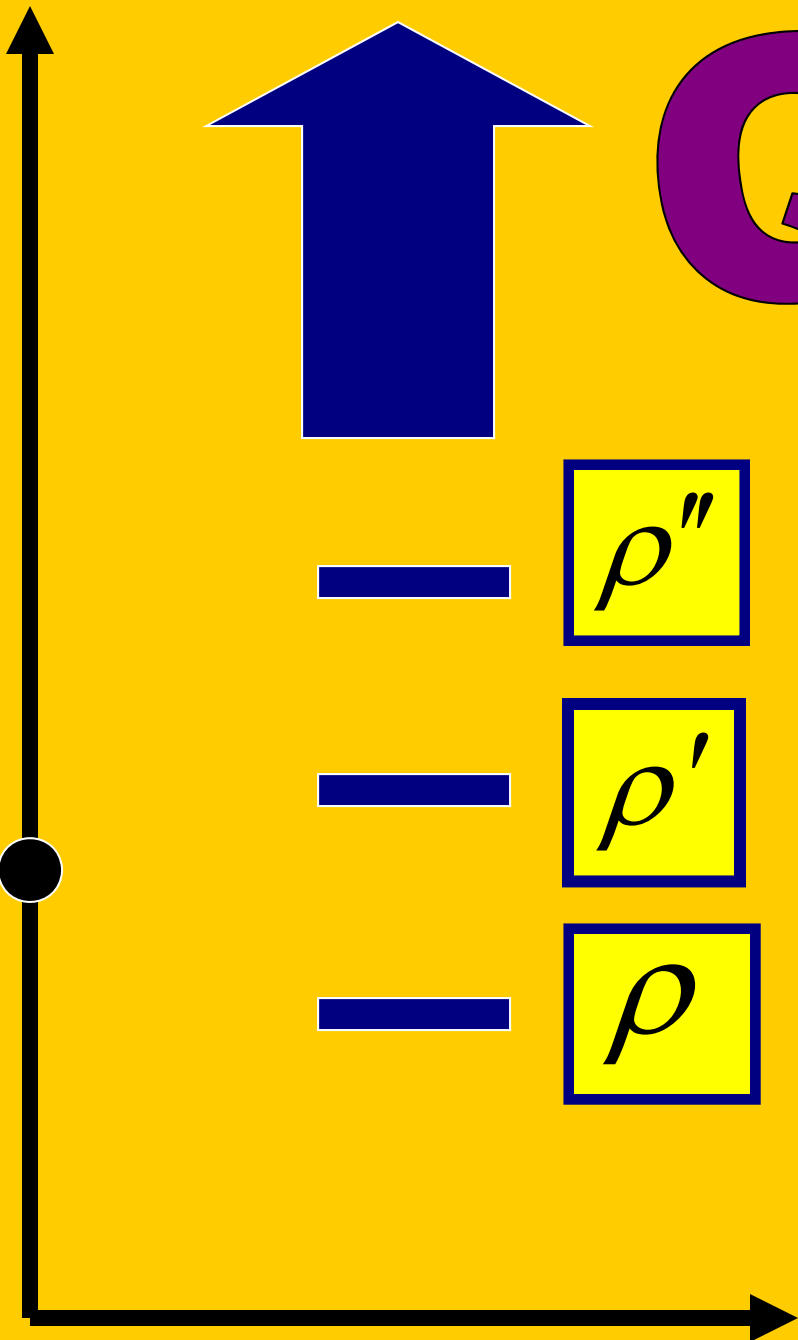


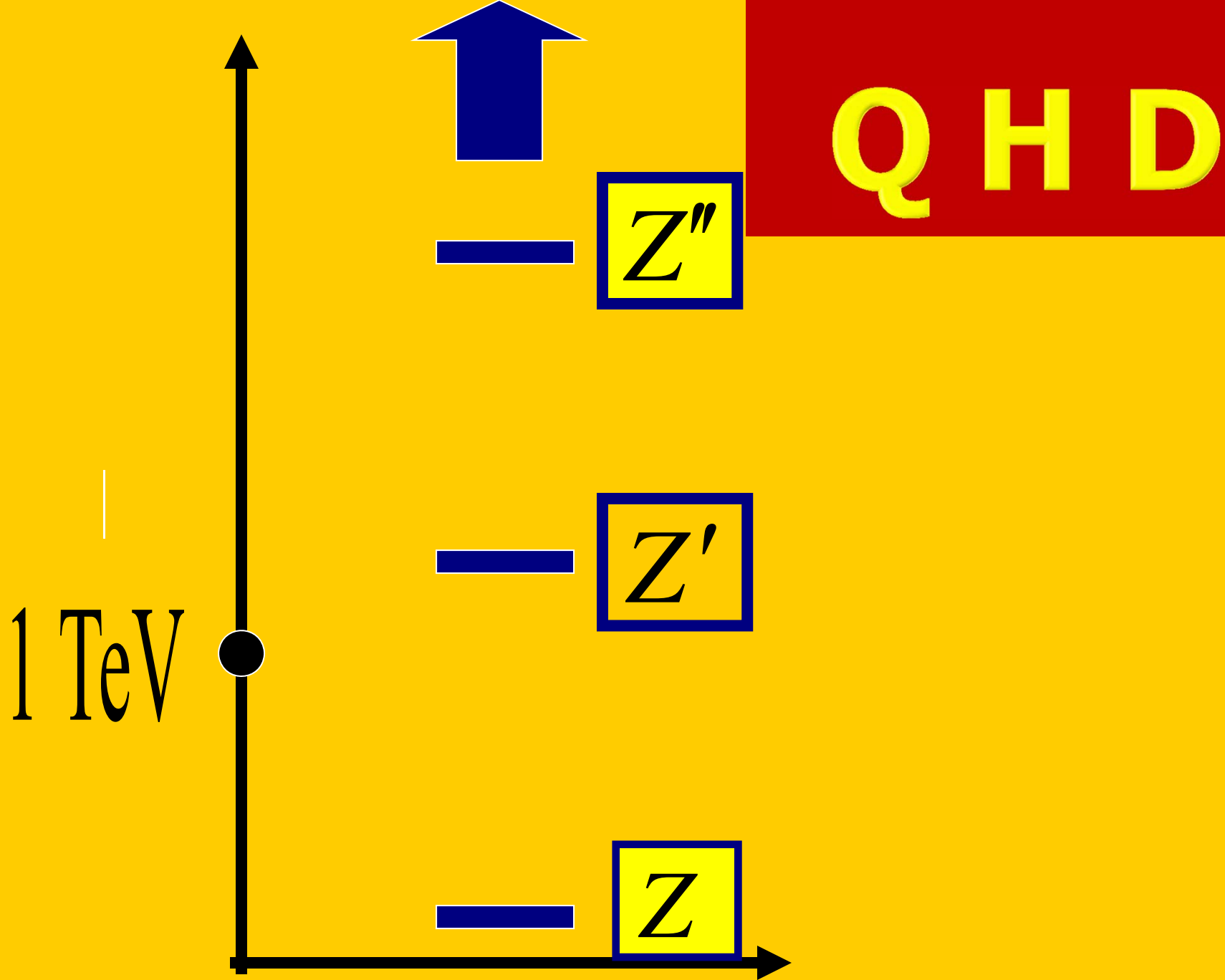
ρ'



ρ

1 GeV



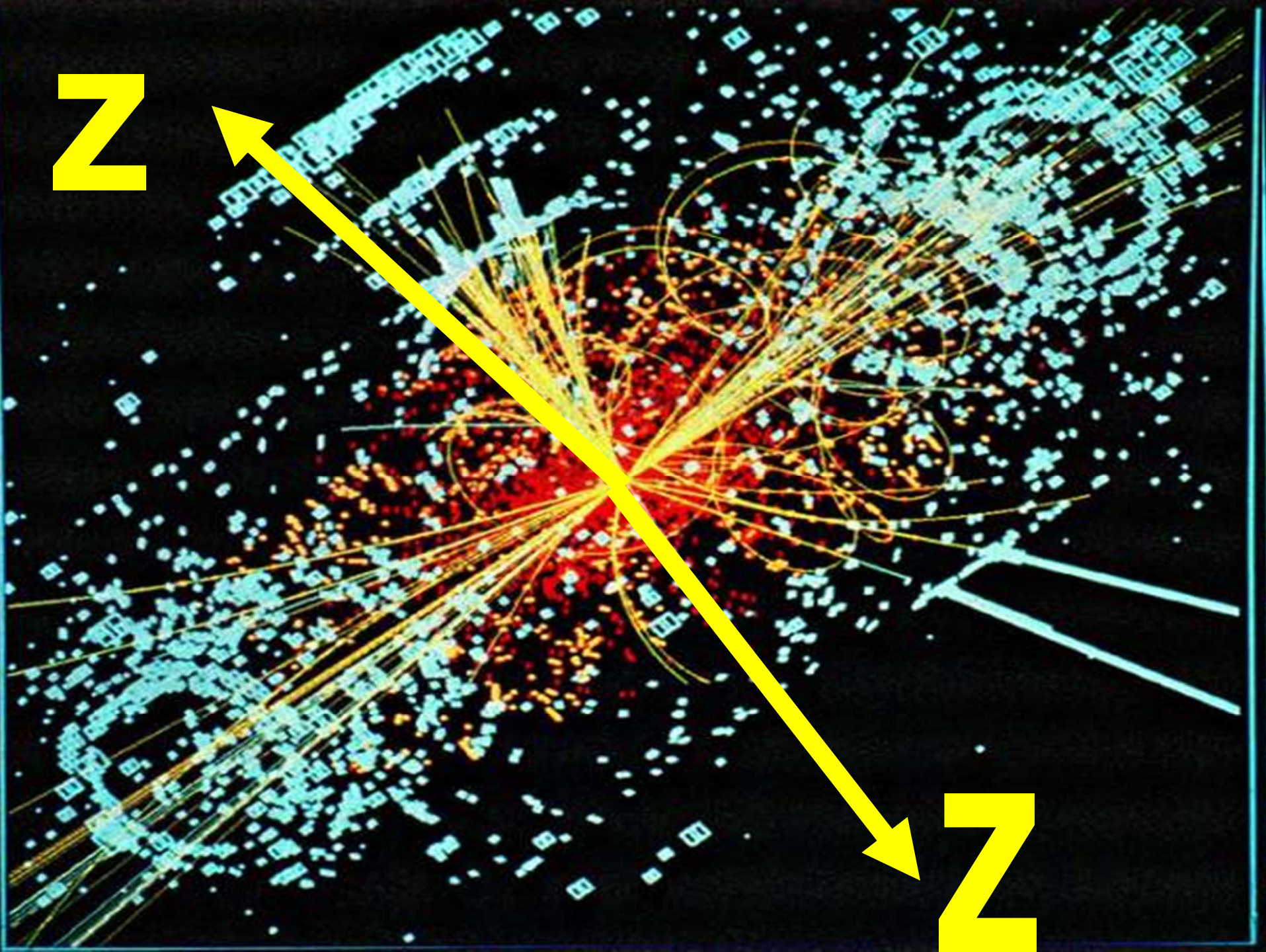


Limit from Tevatron
and from LHC:

$$M(Z') > 0.8 \text{ TeV}$$

$$Z' \Rightarrow Z + Z$$

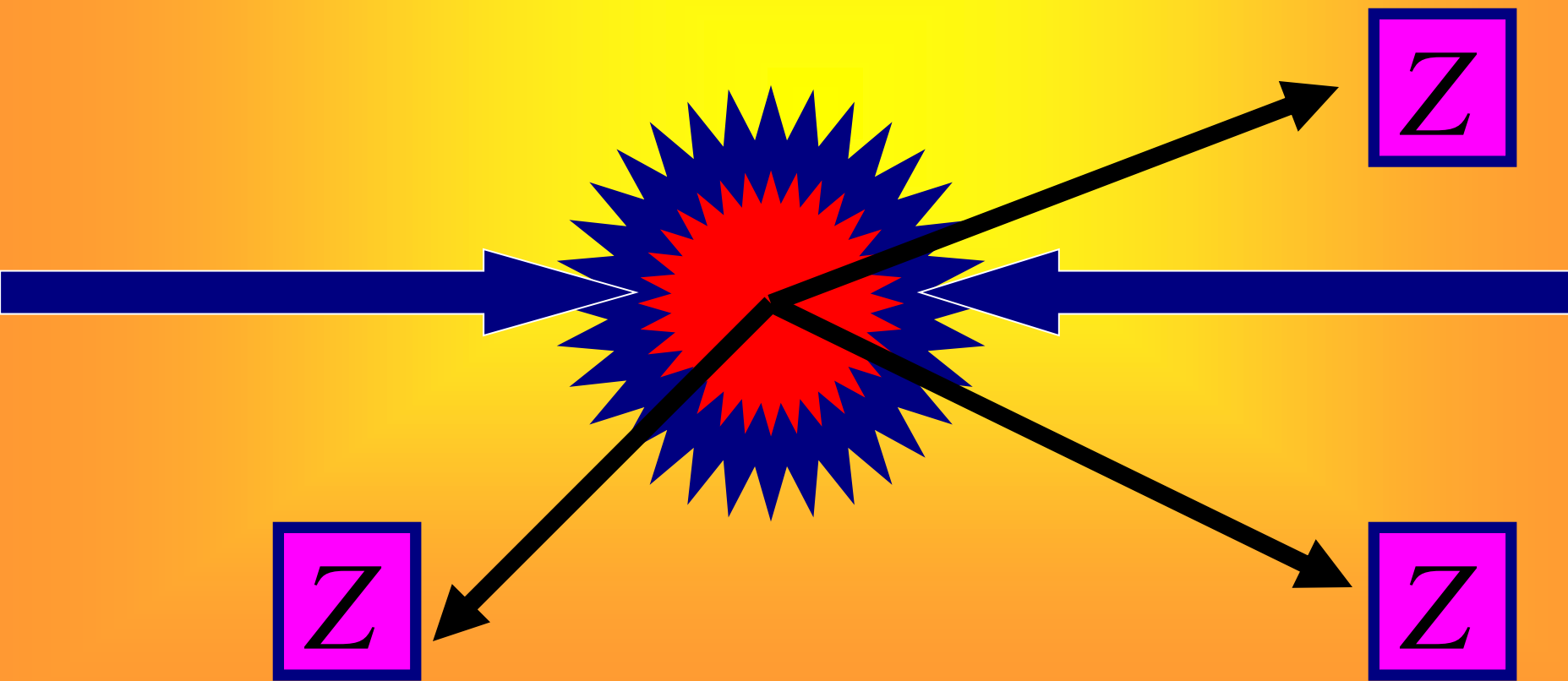




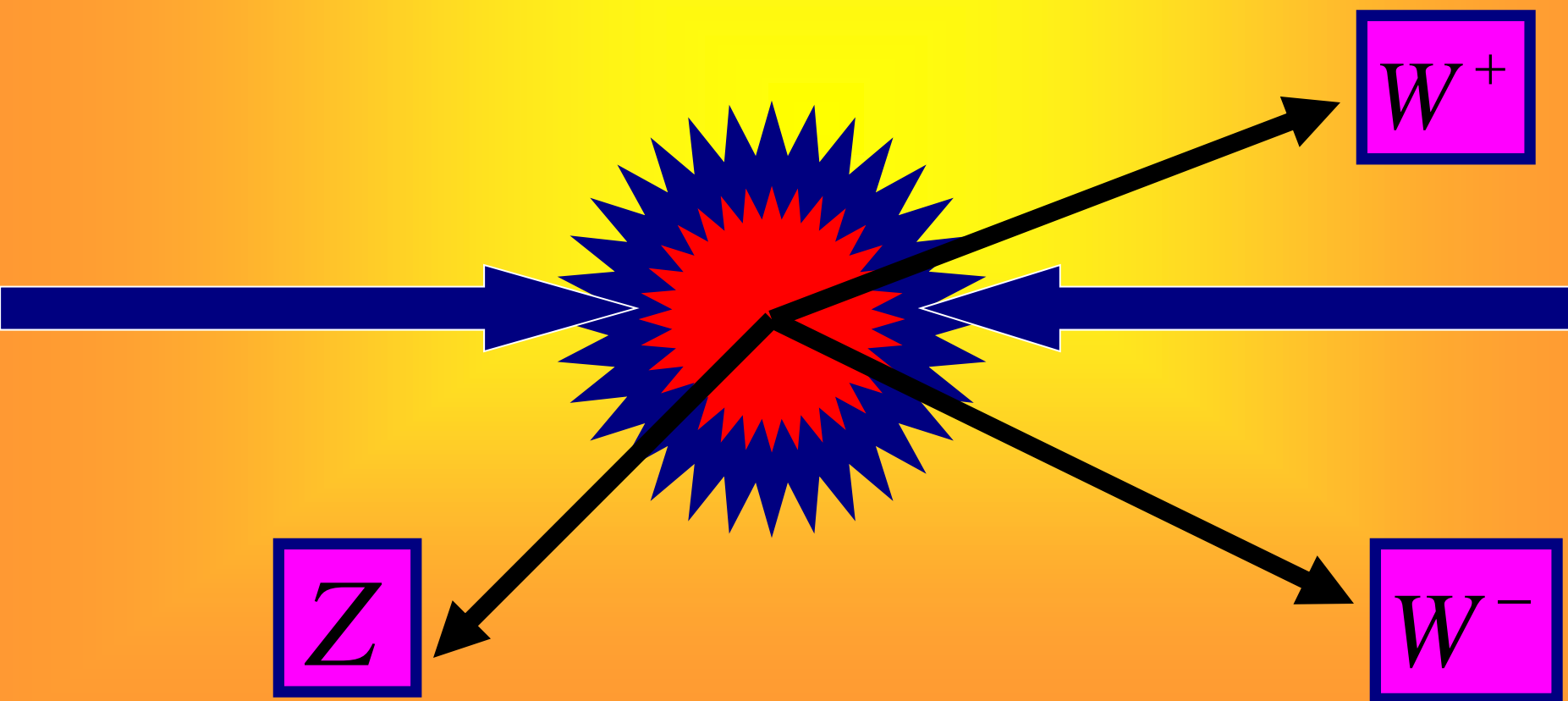
$$Z' \Rightarrow W^+ + W^-$$



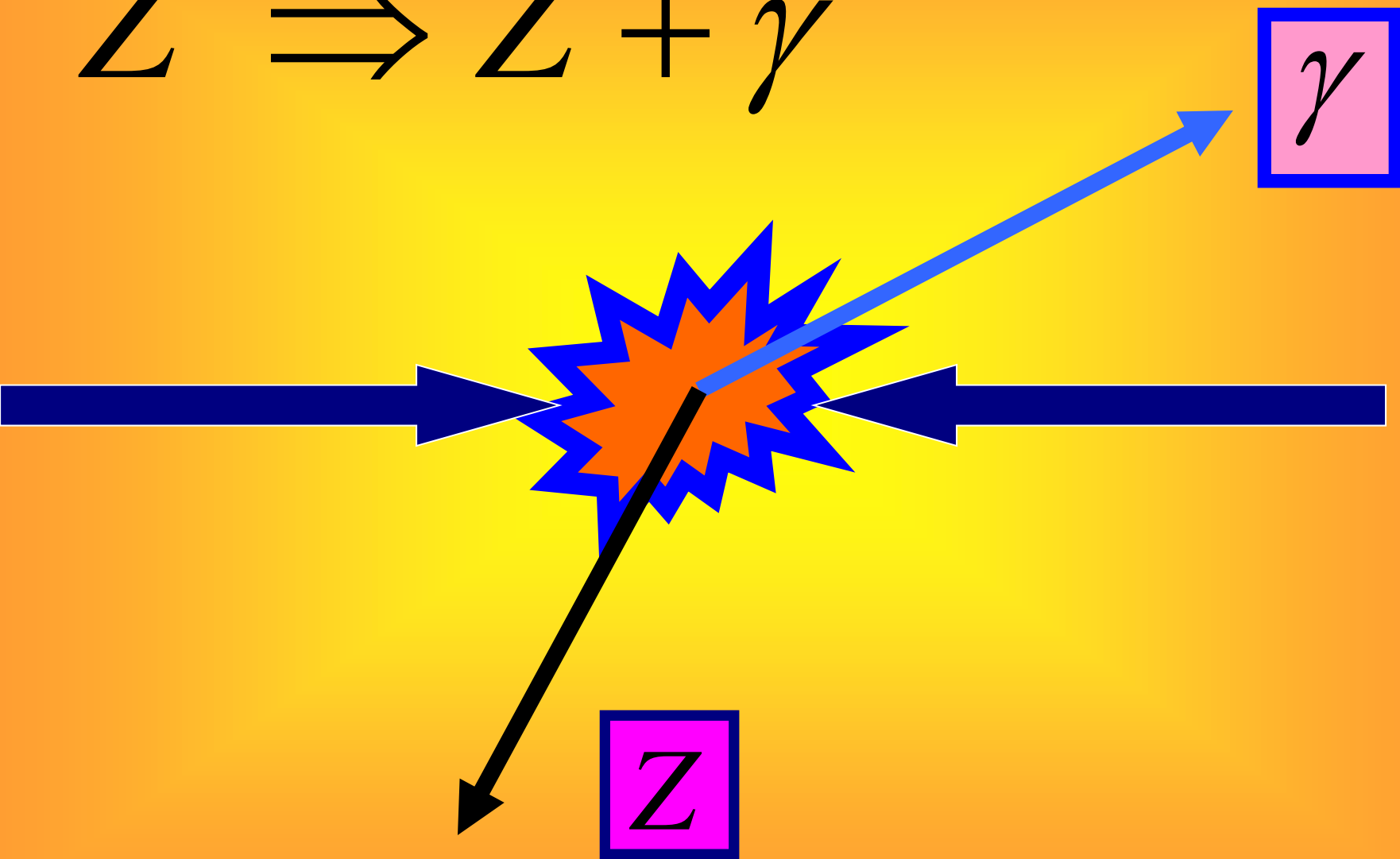
$$Z' \Rightarrow Z + Z + Z$$



$$Z' \Rightarrow Z + W^+ + W^-$$



$$Z' \Rightarrow Z + \gamma$$



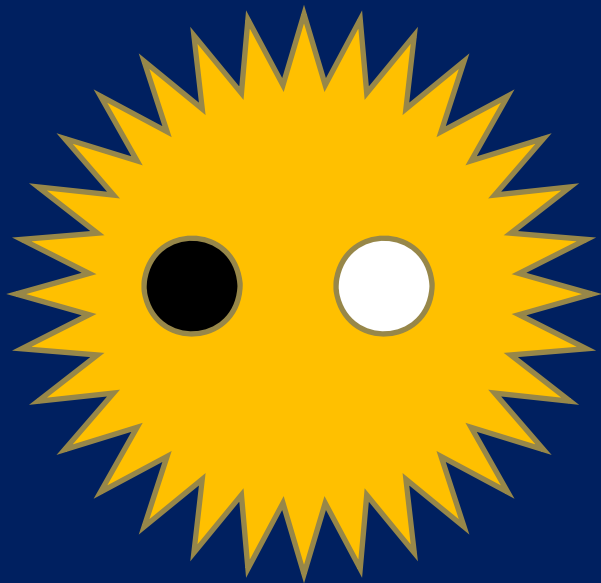
QCD

$$\rho \Rightarrow a_2(1320) \Rightarrow \dots$$

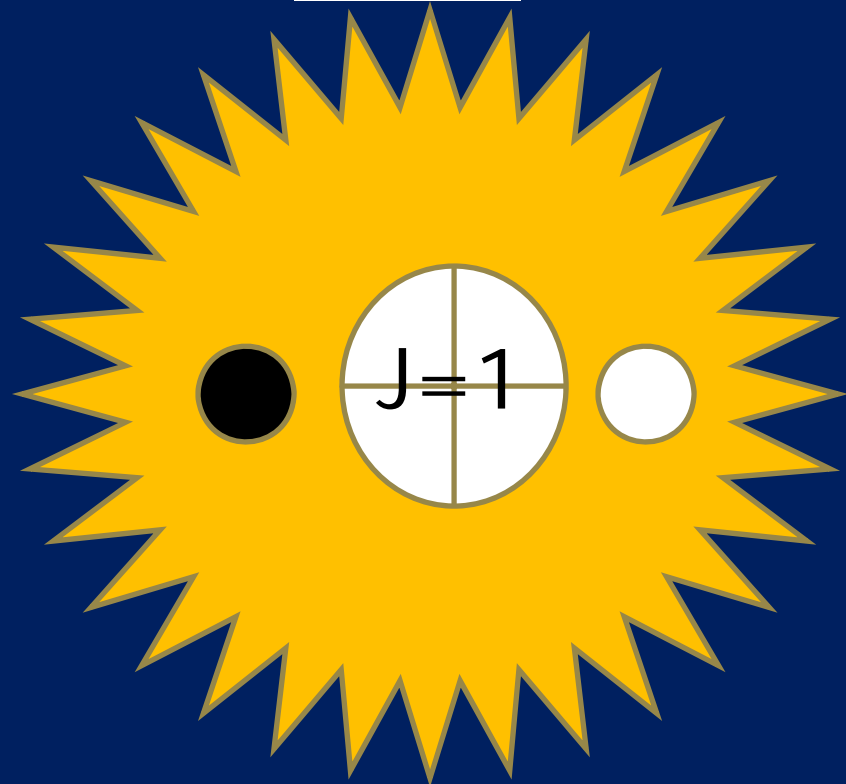
tensor mesons...

$$\rho \Rightarrow a_2 (1320) \Rightarrow \dots$$

ρ

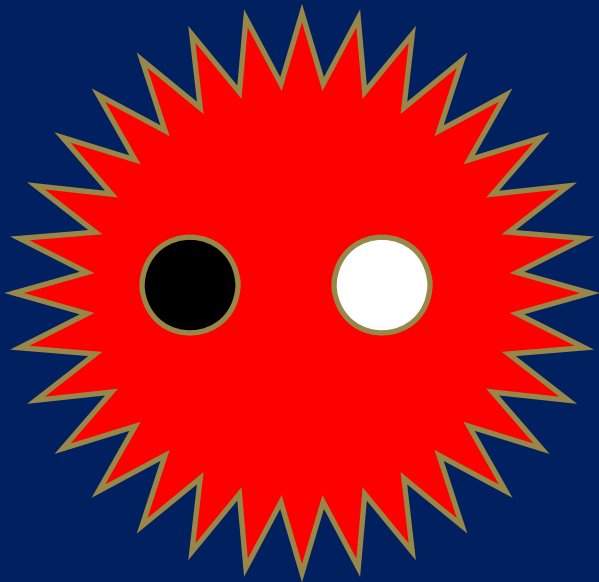


a_2

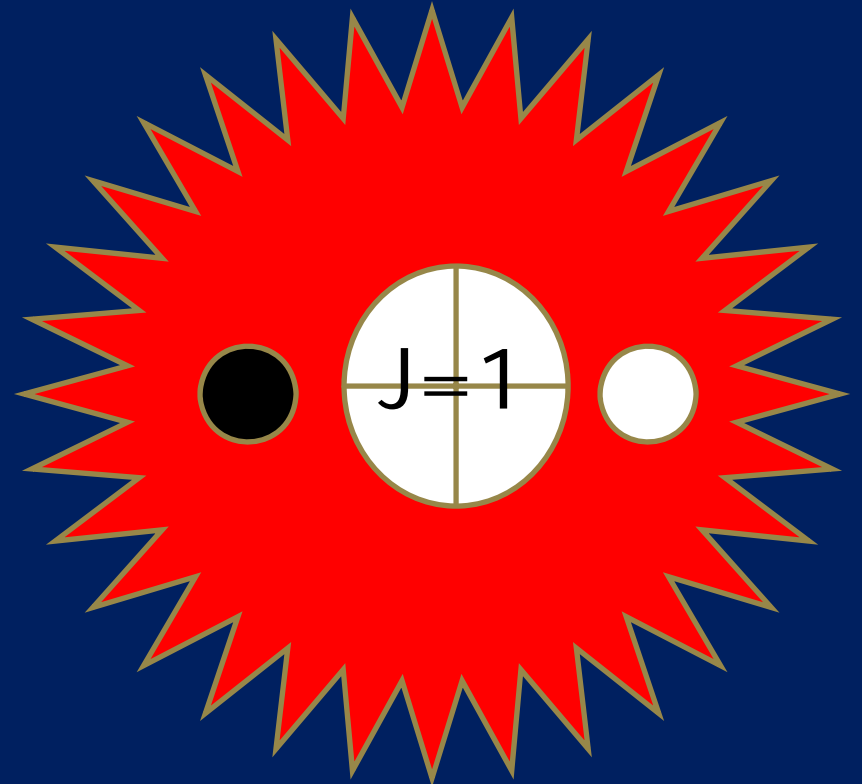


$$Z \Rightarrow Z_2 \Rightarrow Z_3 \Rightarrow \dots$$

Z

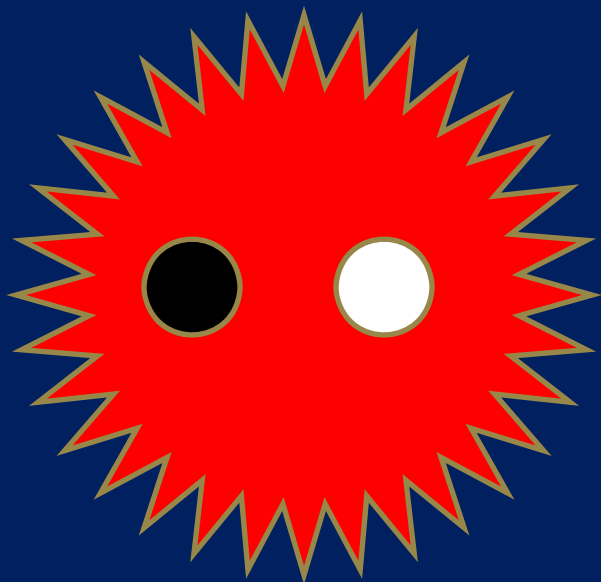


Z_2

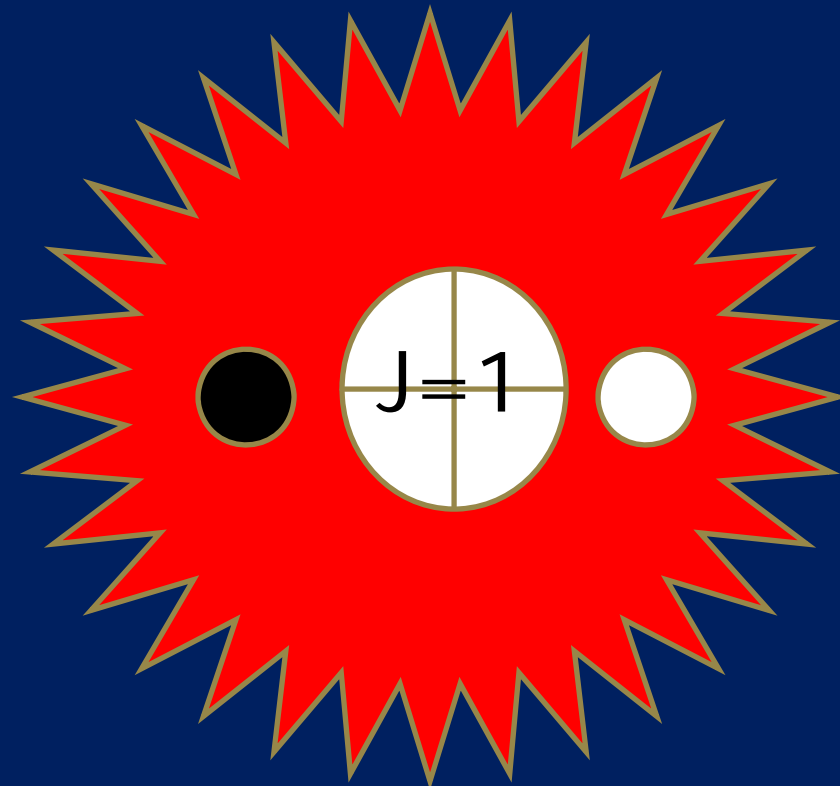


$$W \Rightarrow W_2 \Rightarrow W_3 \Rightarrow \dots$$

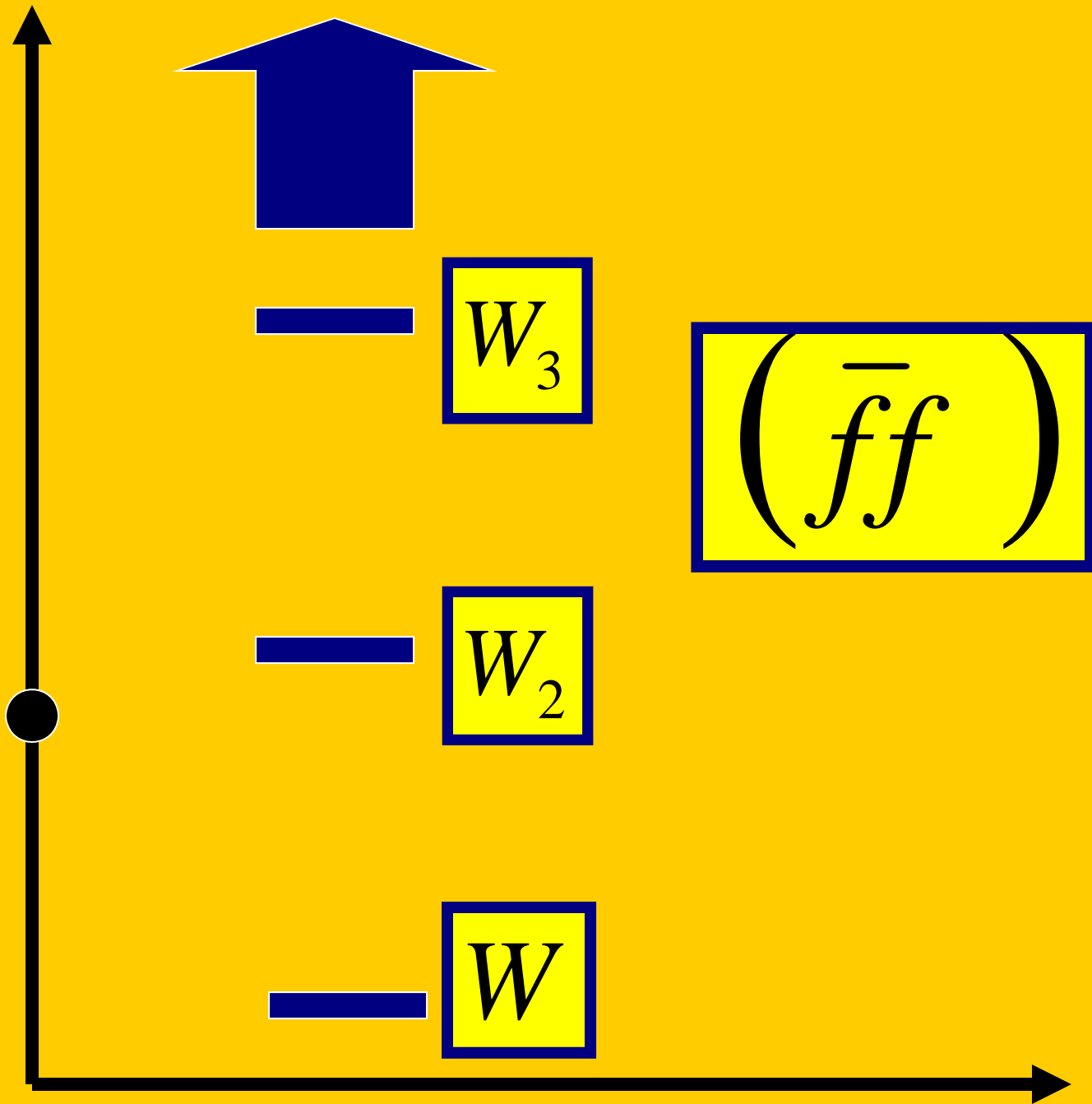
W



W_2



1 TeV



decays

$W(2) \rightarrow W Z$

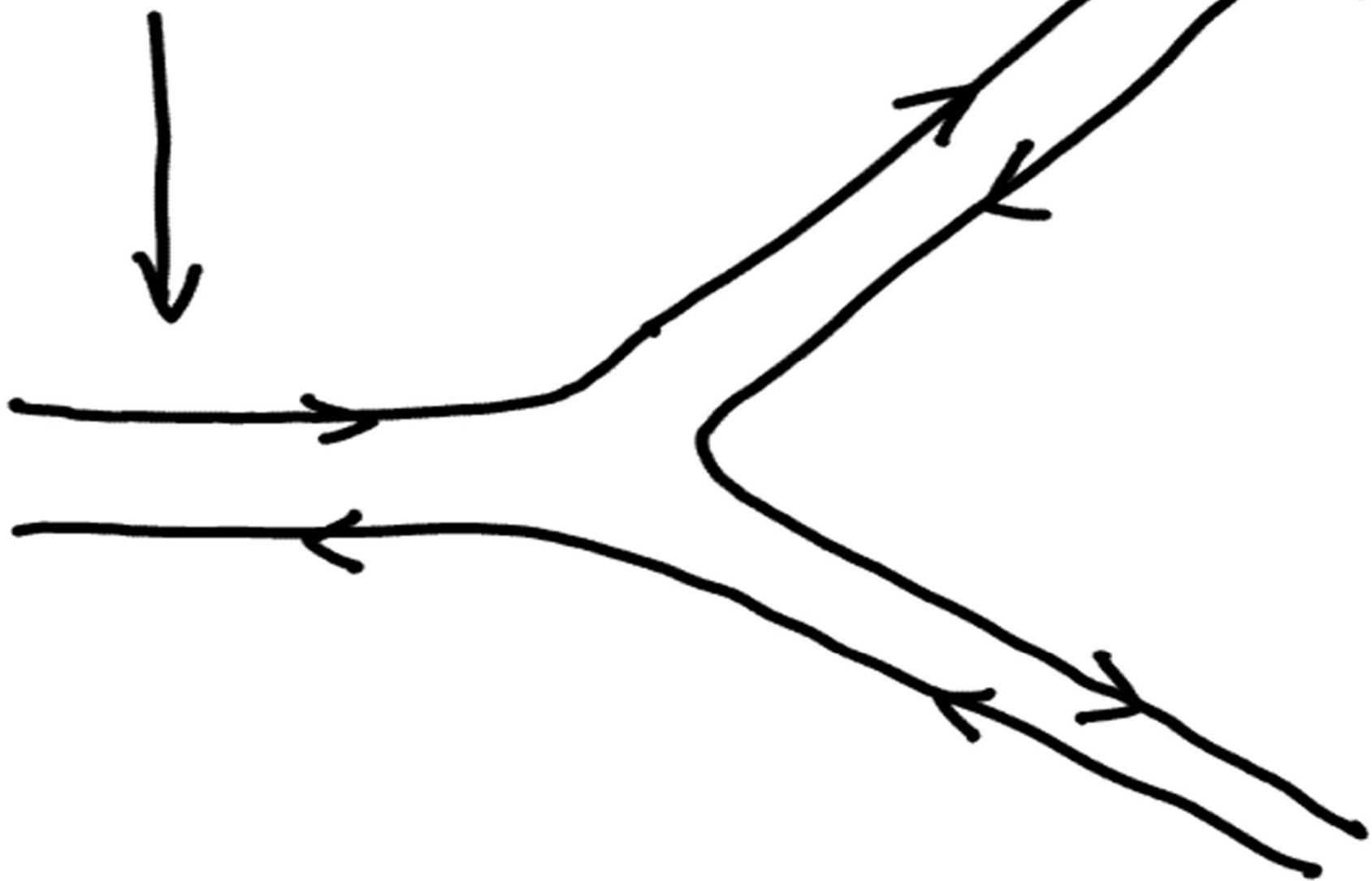
$W(2) \rightarrow W Z Z$

$W(2) \rightarrow W W W$

decays into lepton and quark pairs suppressed

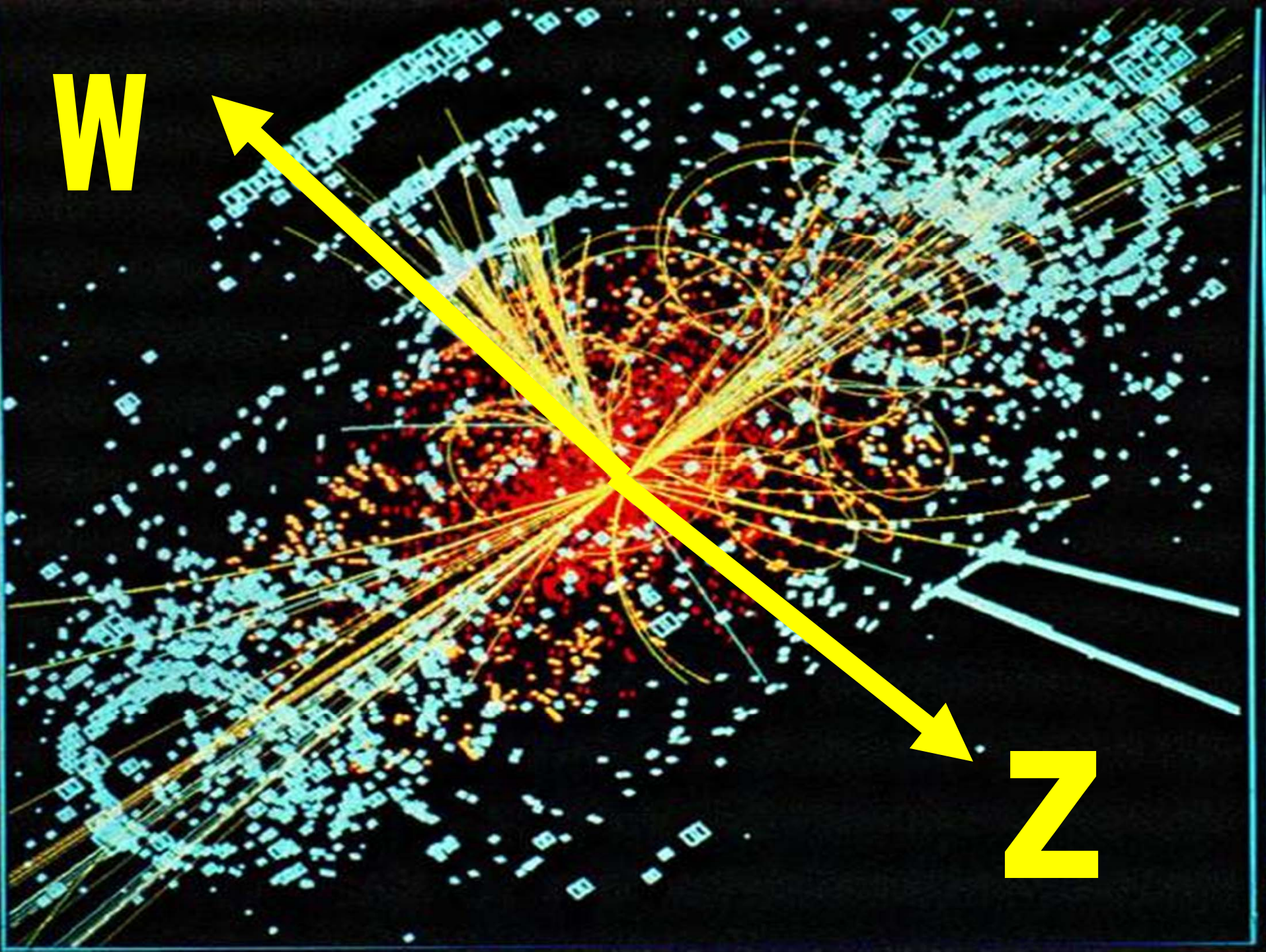
$W(2)$

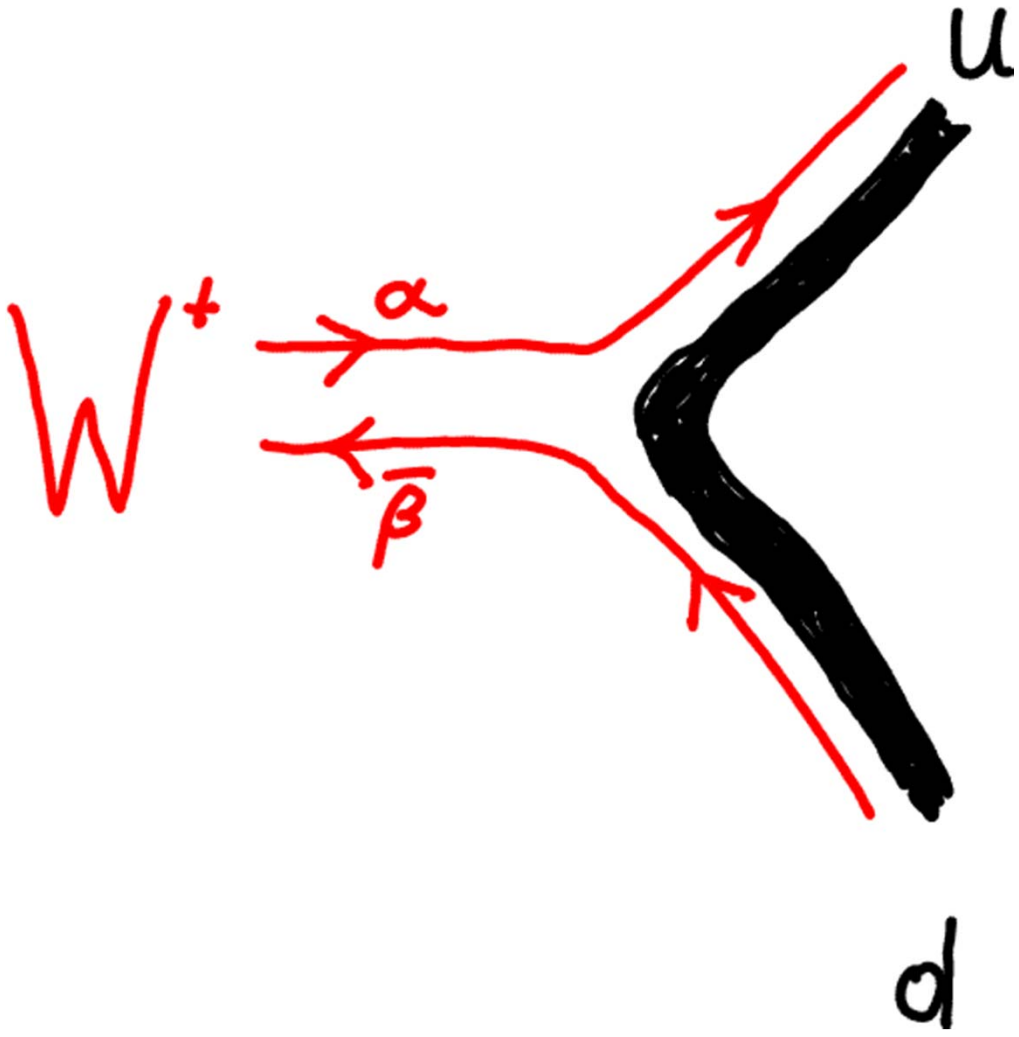
W



ζ







weak bosons composite

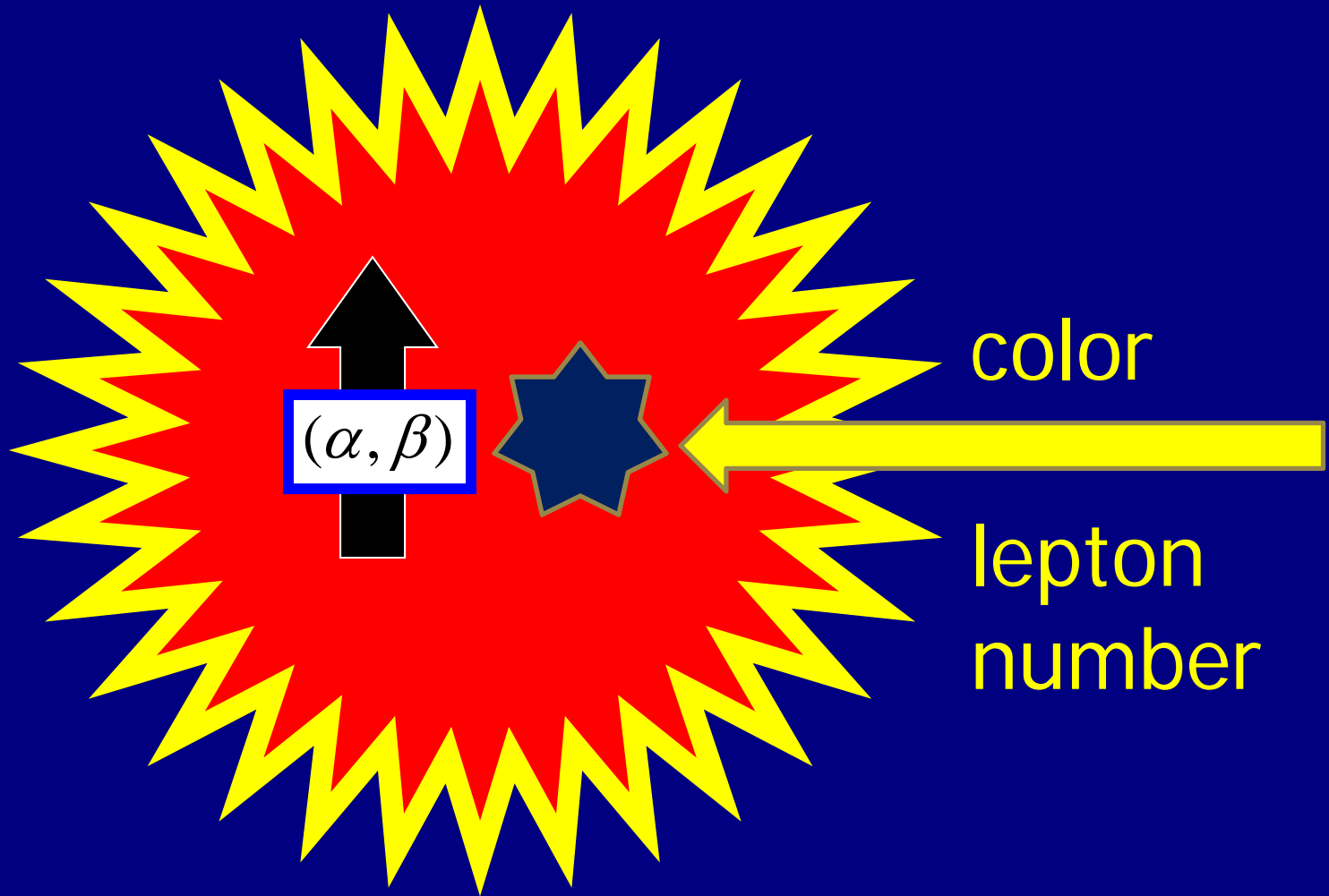


weak interactions



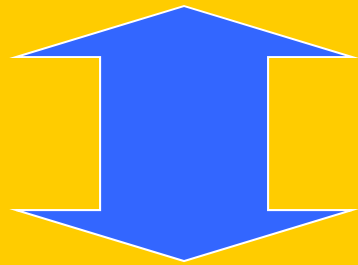
leptons and quarks → composite

leptons - quarks



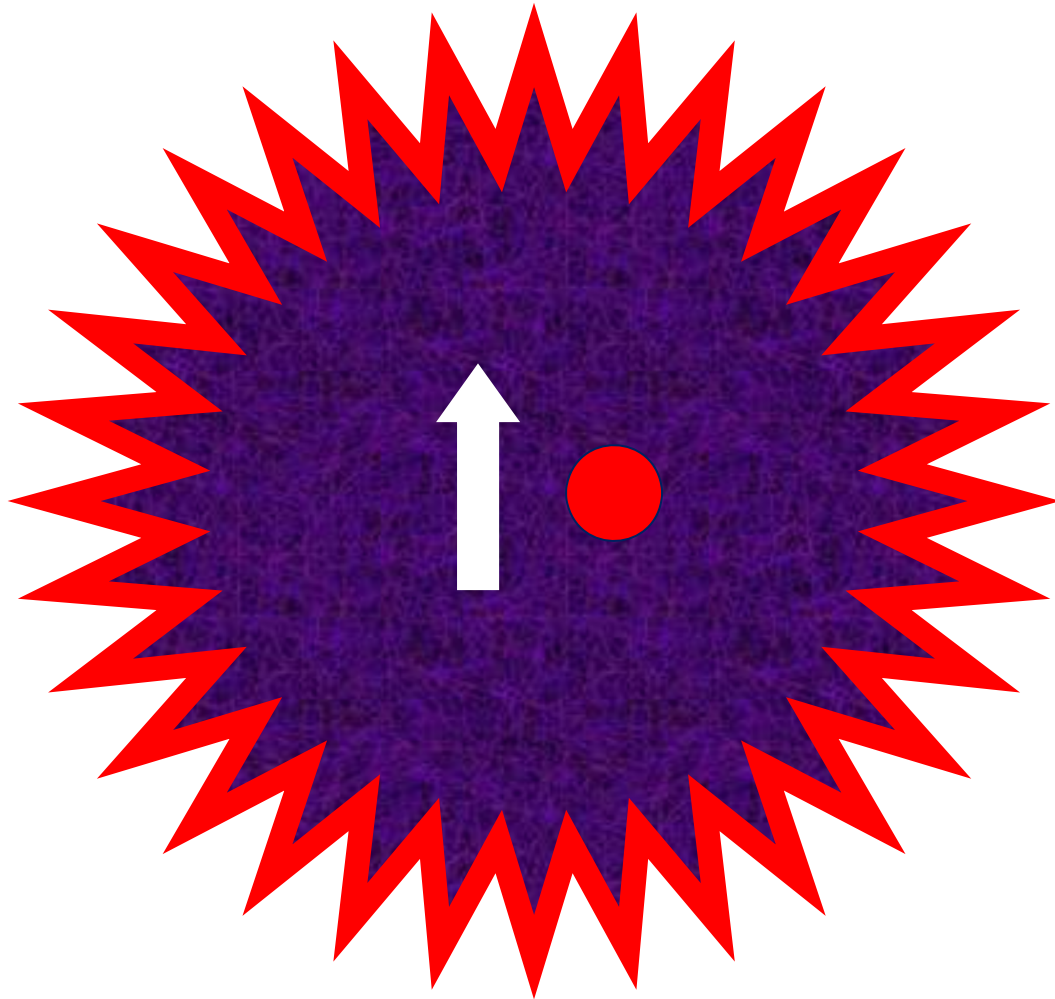
simplest theory:

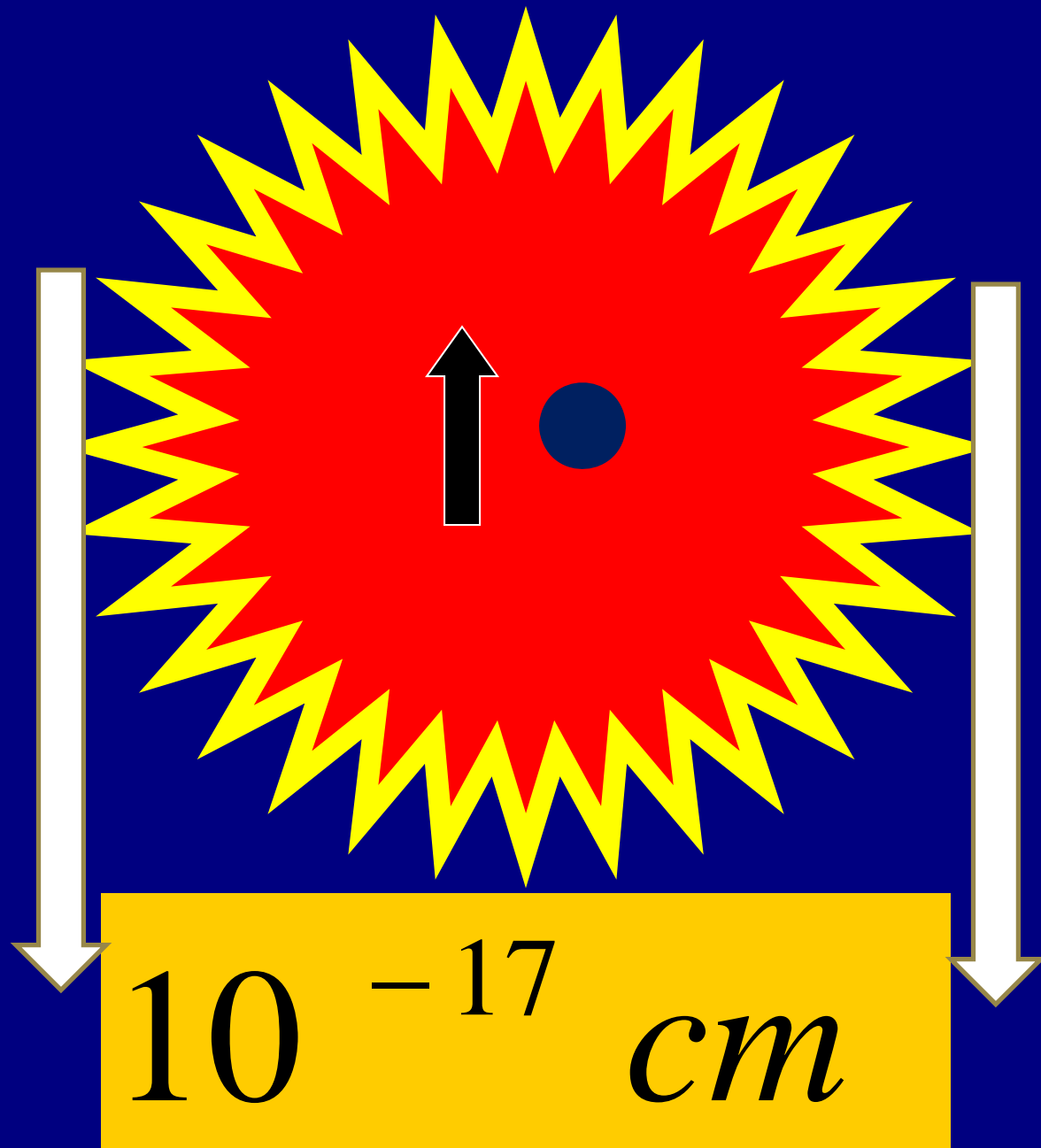
leptons - quarks



(fermion + scalar)

leptons - quarks







$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

2 fermions



$$\begin{bmatrix} l \\ r \\ g \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

4 scalars

4 scalars



inside leptons



inside quarks

electric charges

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 \\ -1/2 \end{pmatrix} \bullet e$$

electric Charges

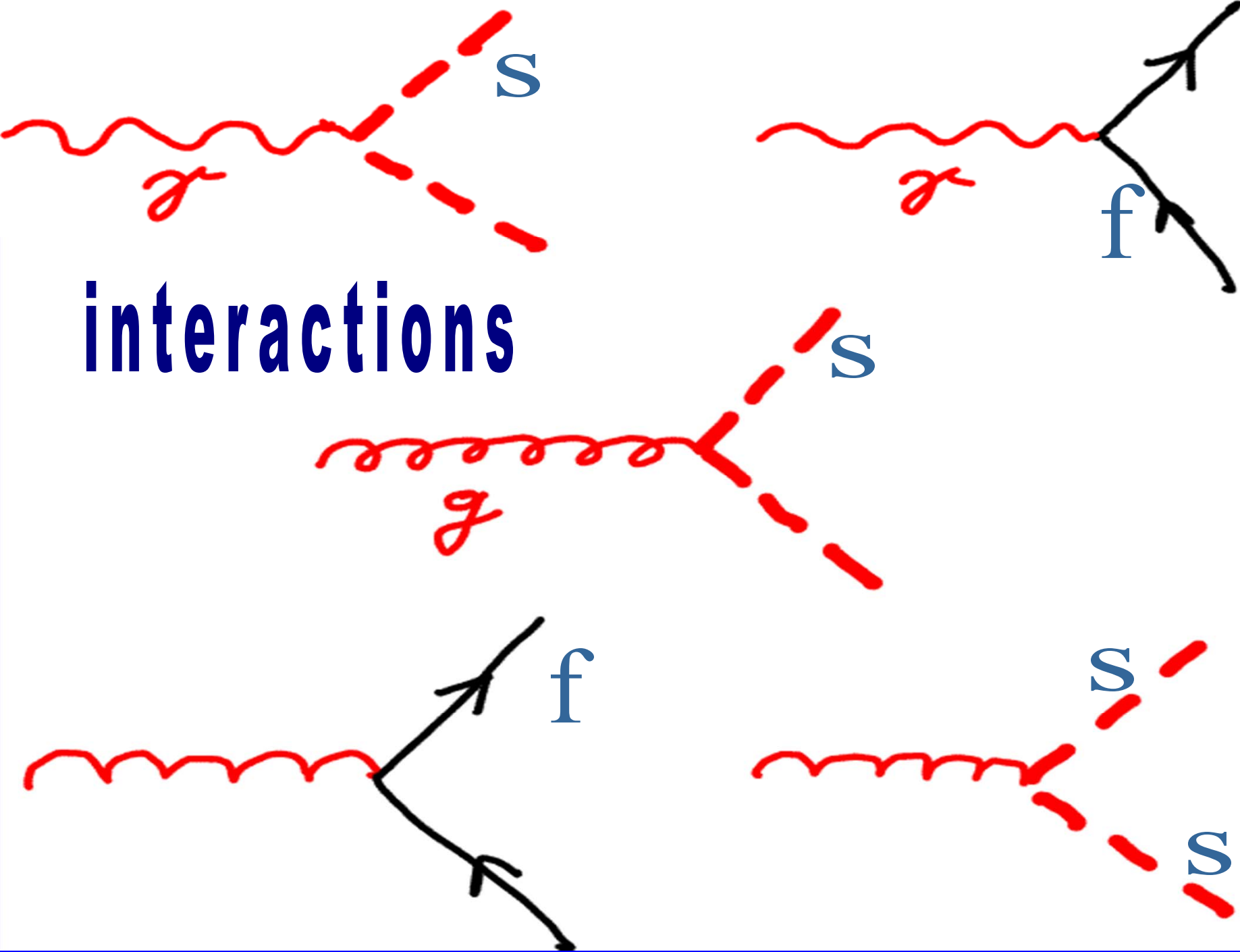
$$l : -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$r : +\frac{1}{6}$$

$$g : +\frac{1}{6}$$

$$b : +\frac{1}{6}$$

interactions



leptons

$$(\alpha l) : \nu_e - \nu_\mu - \nu_\tau$$

$$(\beta l) : e - \mu - \tau$$



$(\alpha r) : u_r, c_r, t_r$

$(\beta r) : d_r, s_r, b_r$

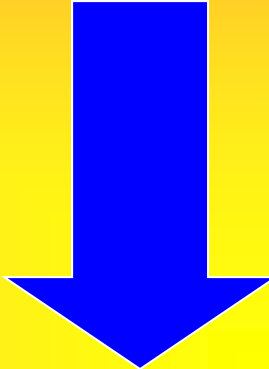


red
quarks



scalar

fermion

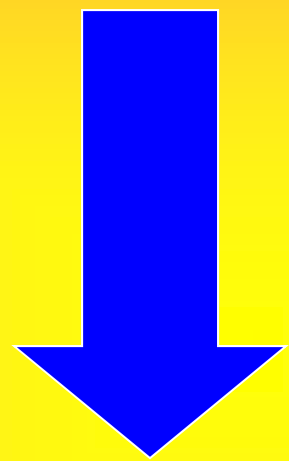


electron



scalar

fermion



red quark

resonances above 1 TeV:

$$\left(\bar{f} f \right)$$

boson

$$\left(\bar{s} s \right)$$

boson

$$\left(\bar{s} f \right)$$

fermion

cross section for
QHD interaction?

comparison with proton - proton
inelastic scattering:

size:

proton : 10^{-14} *cm*



$\sigma(pp)_{inel} \approx 60 \text{mb}$

comparison with proton - proton
inelastic scattering:

size:

quark : 10^{-17} *cm*

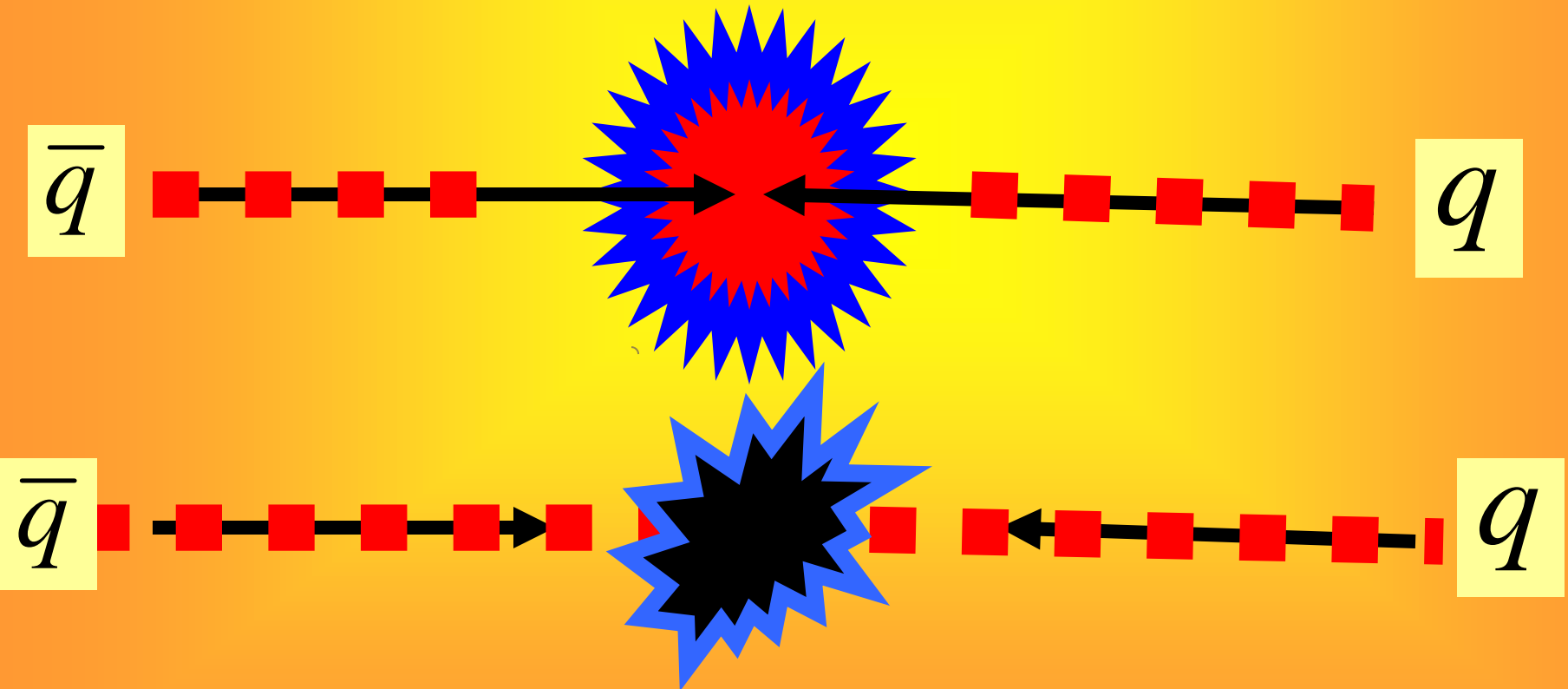


$\sigma(qq) \approx 10^{-6} 60 \text{ mb} = 60 \text{ nb}$

$$\sigma(qq - gq - gg)$$

$$\propto 10 \bullet 60 \quad nb \approx 600 \quad nb$$

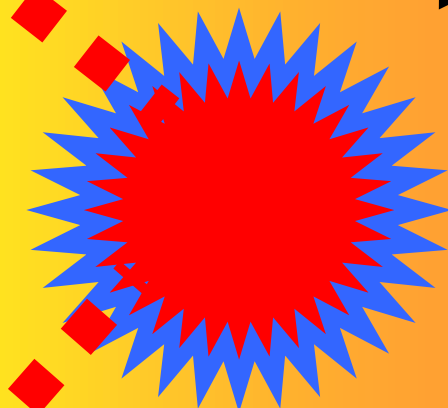
quark – antiquark scattering:

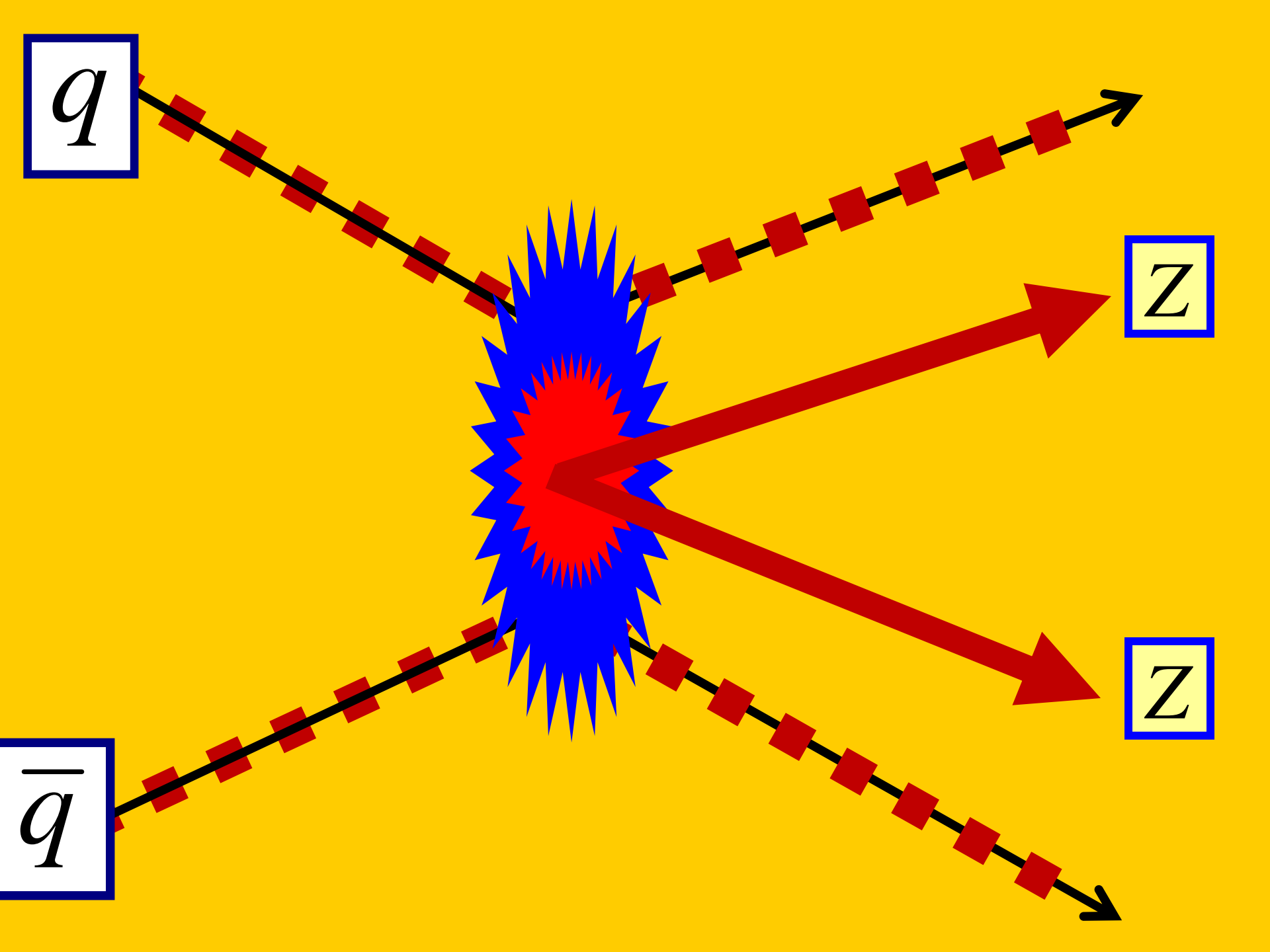


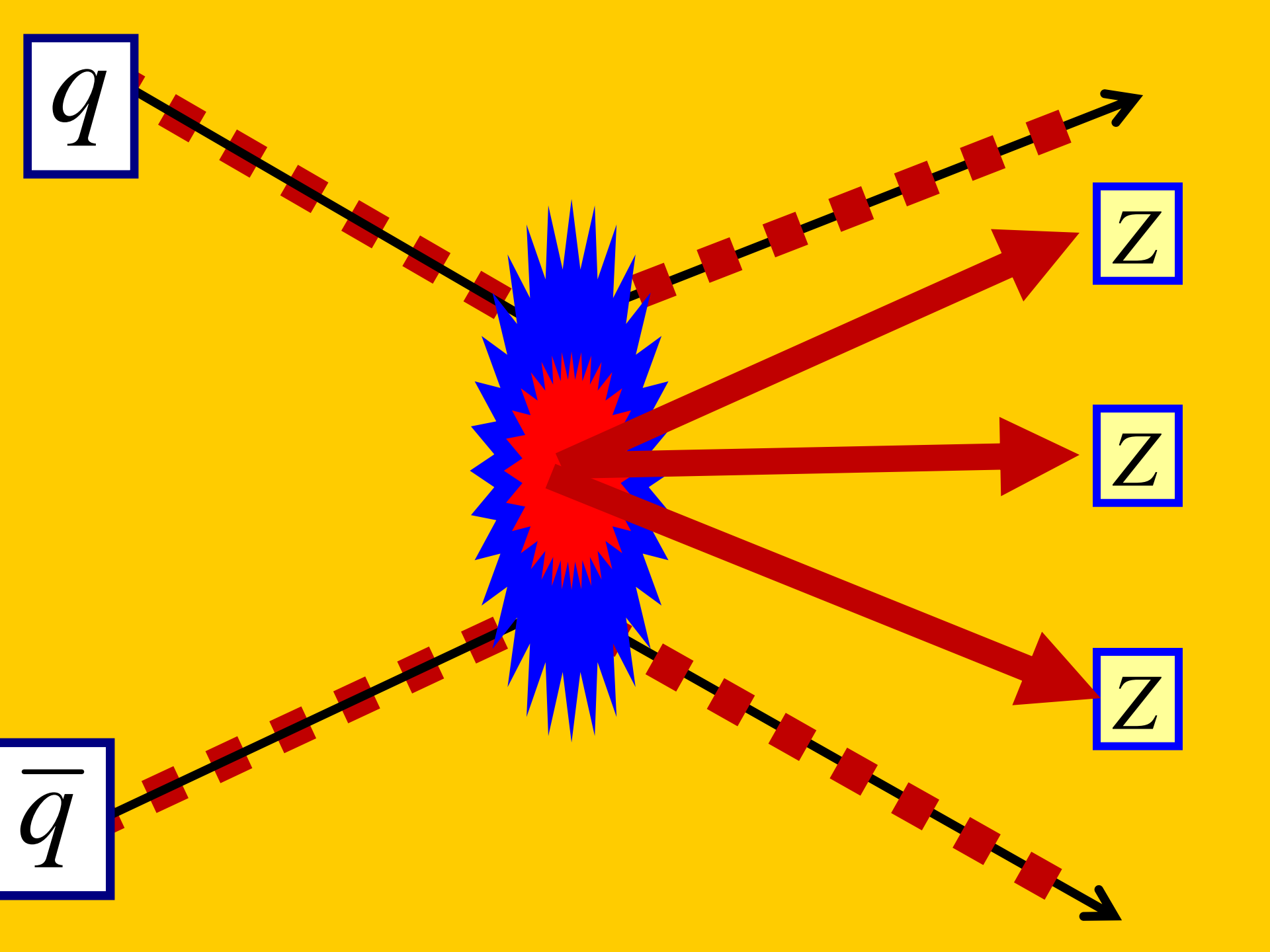
q

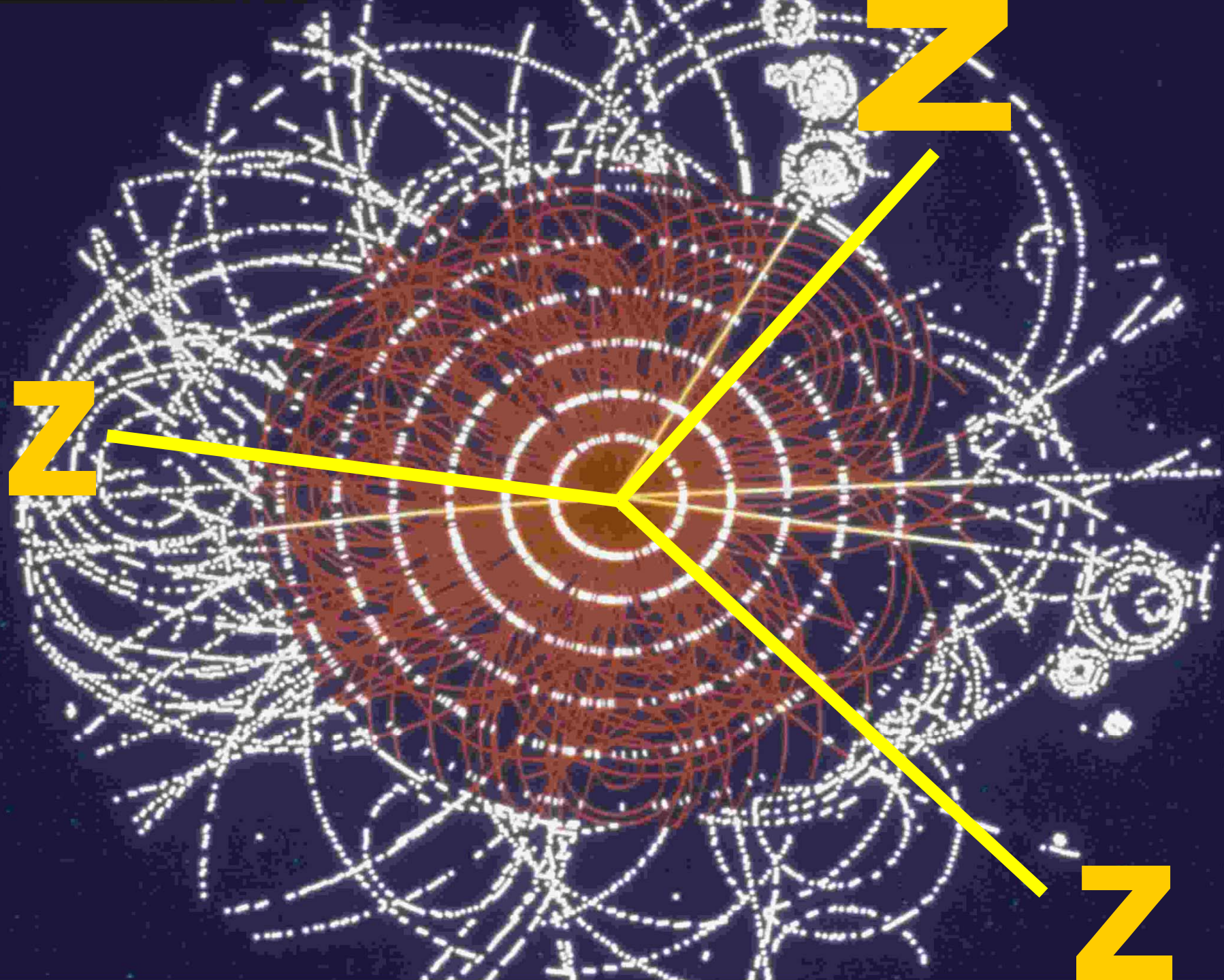


\bar{q}

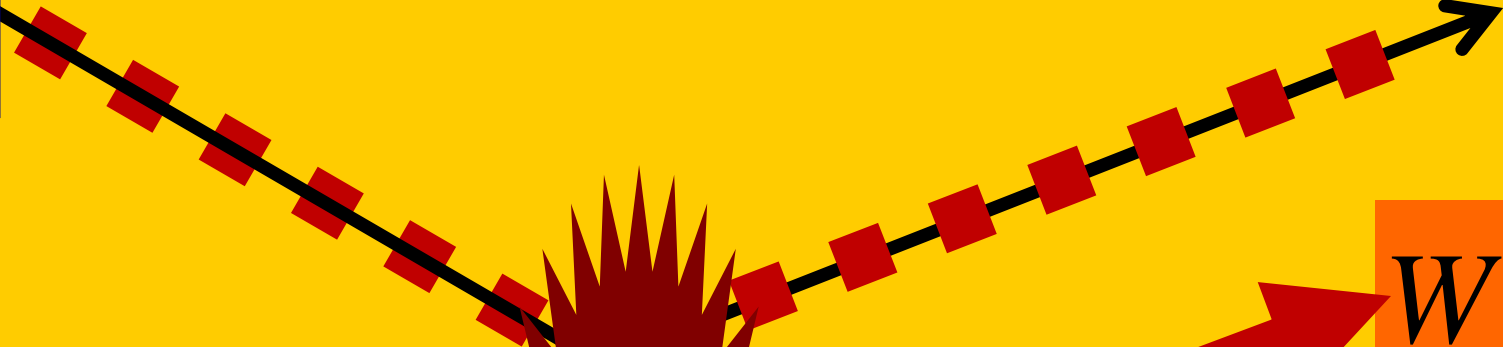








q



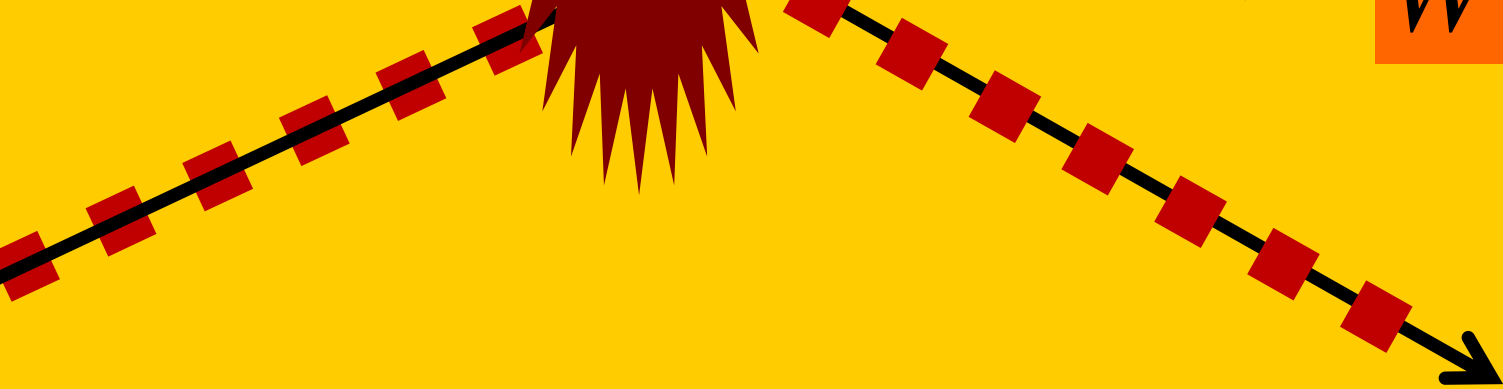
W^+

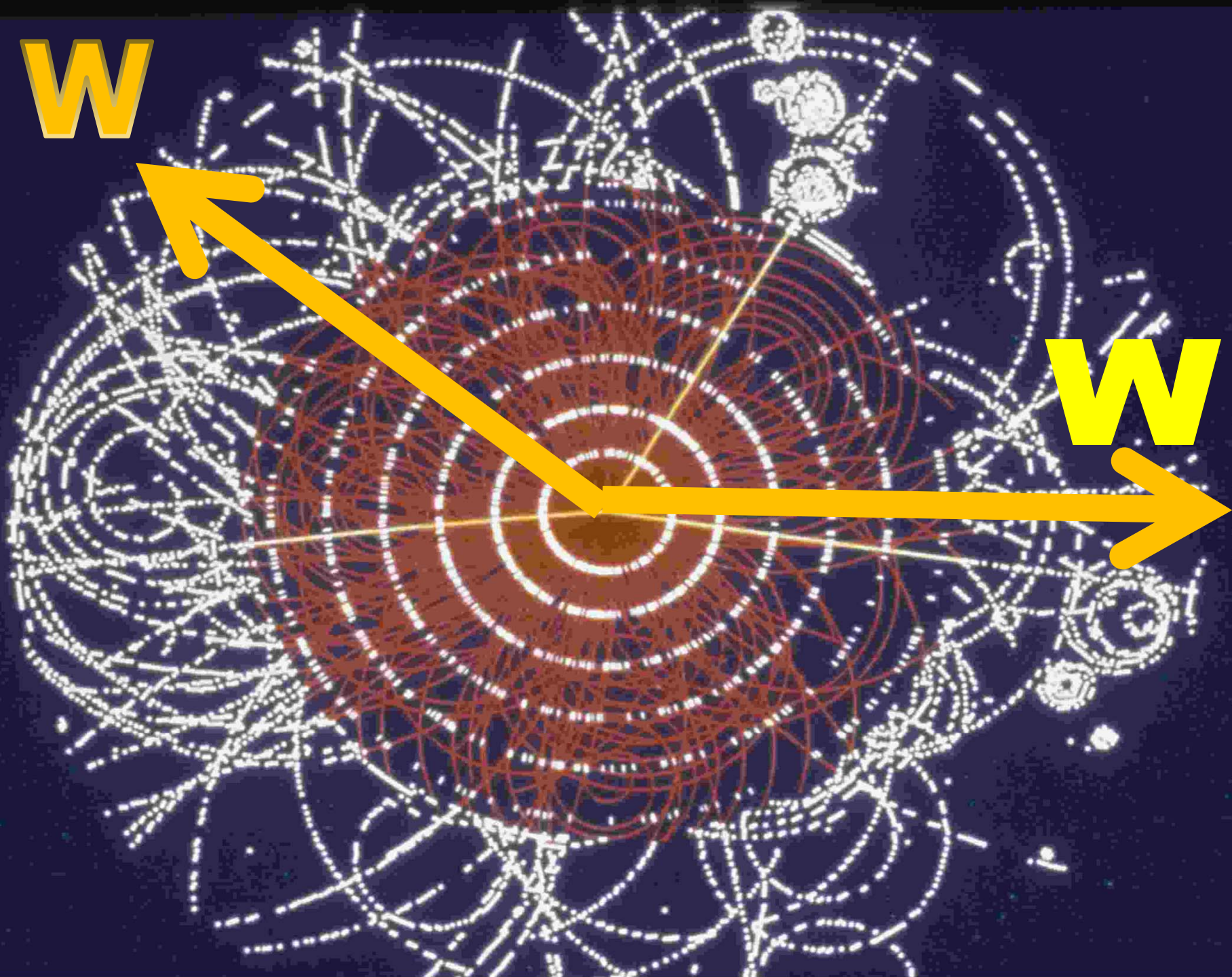


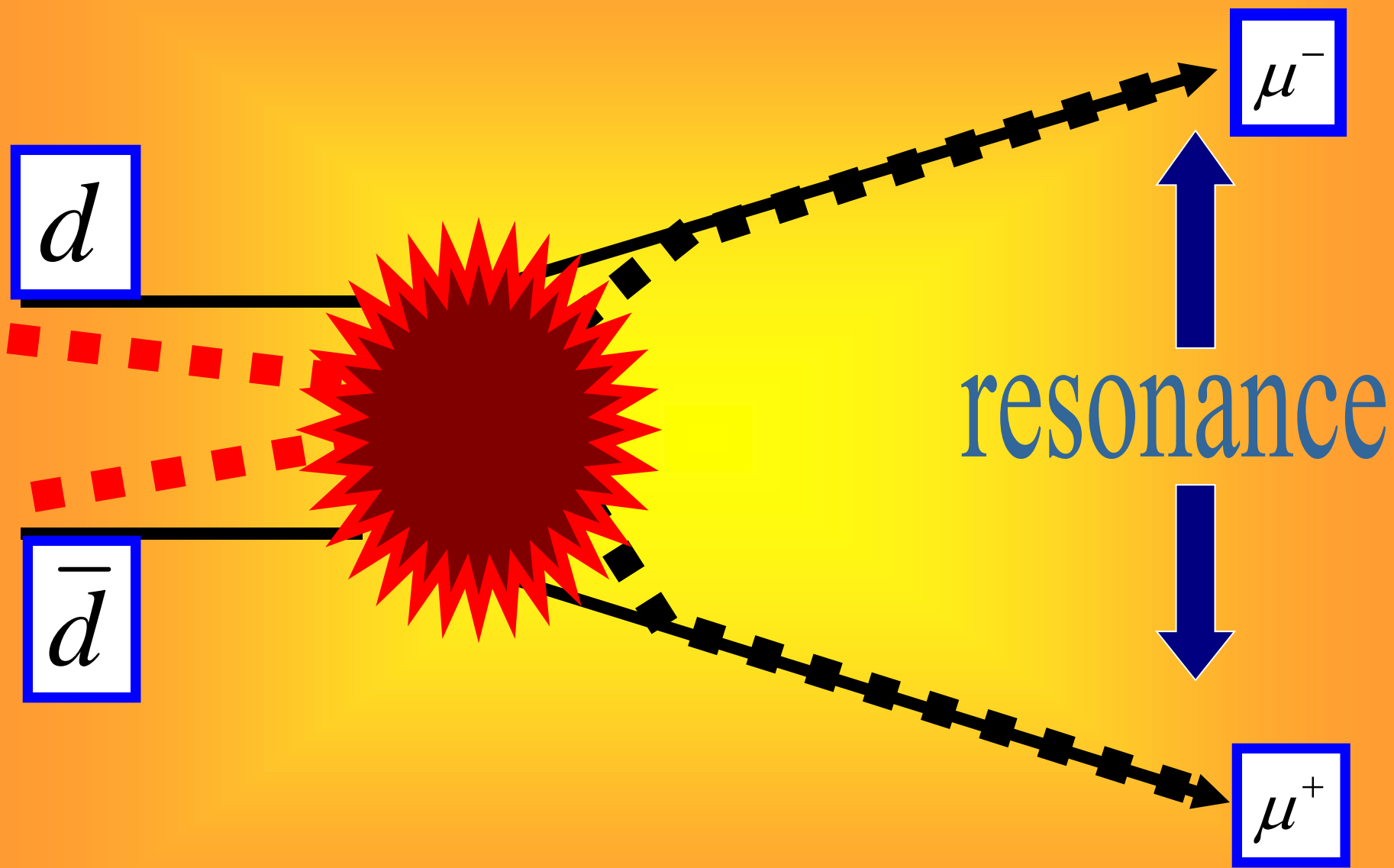
W^-



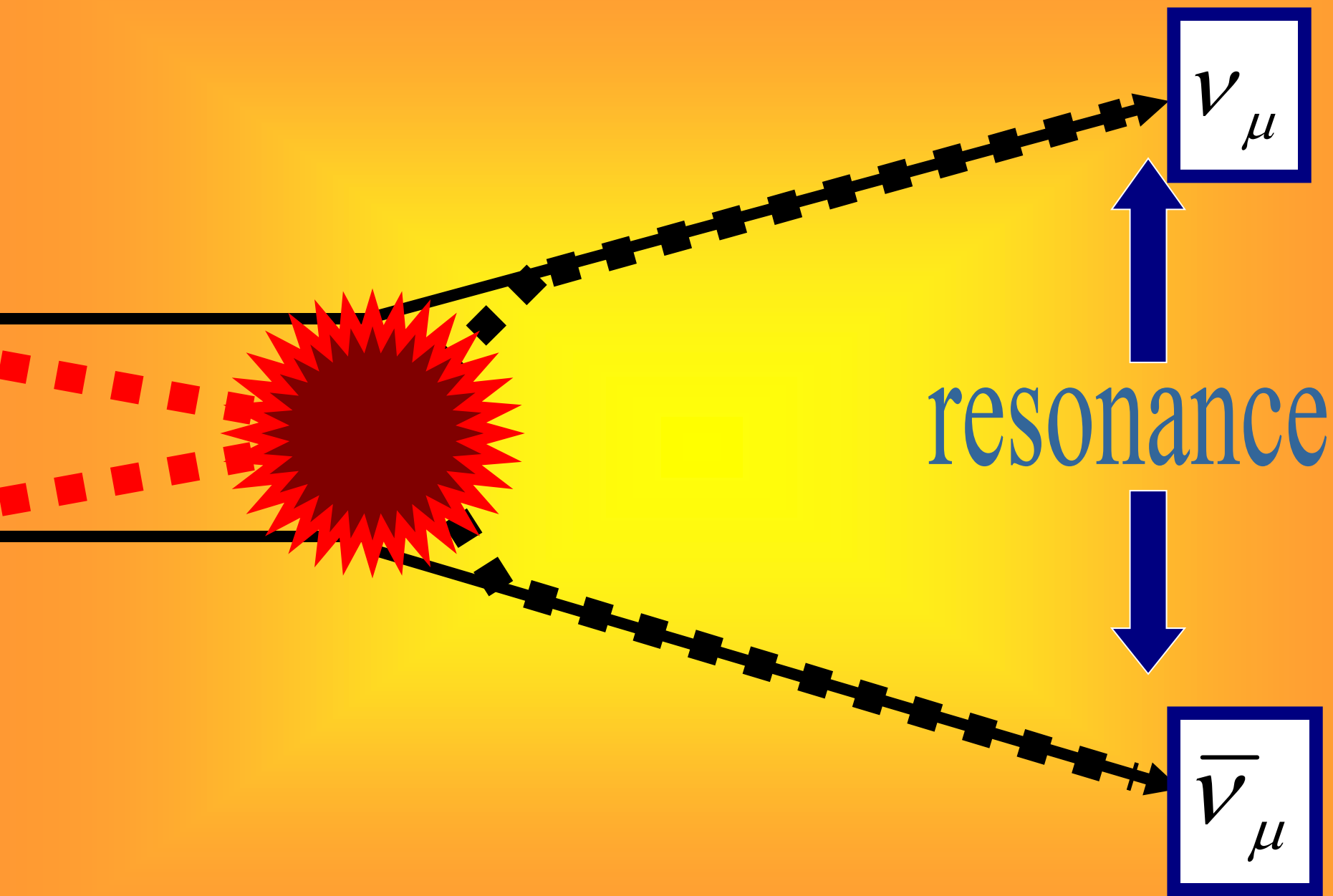
\bar{q}











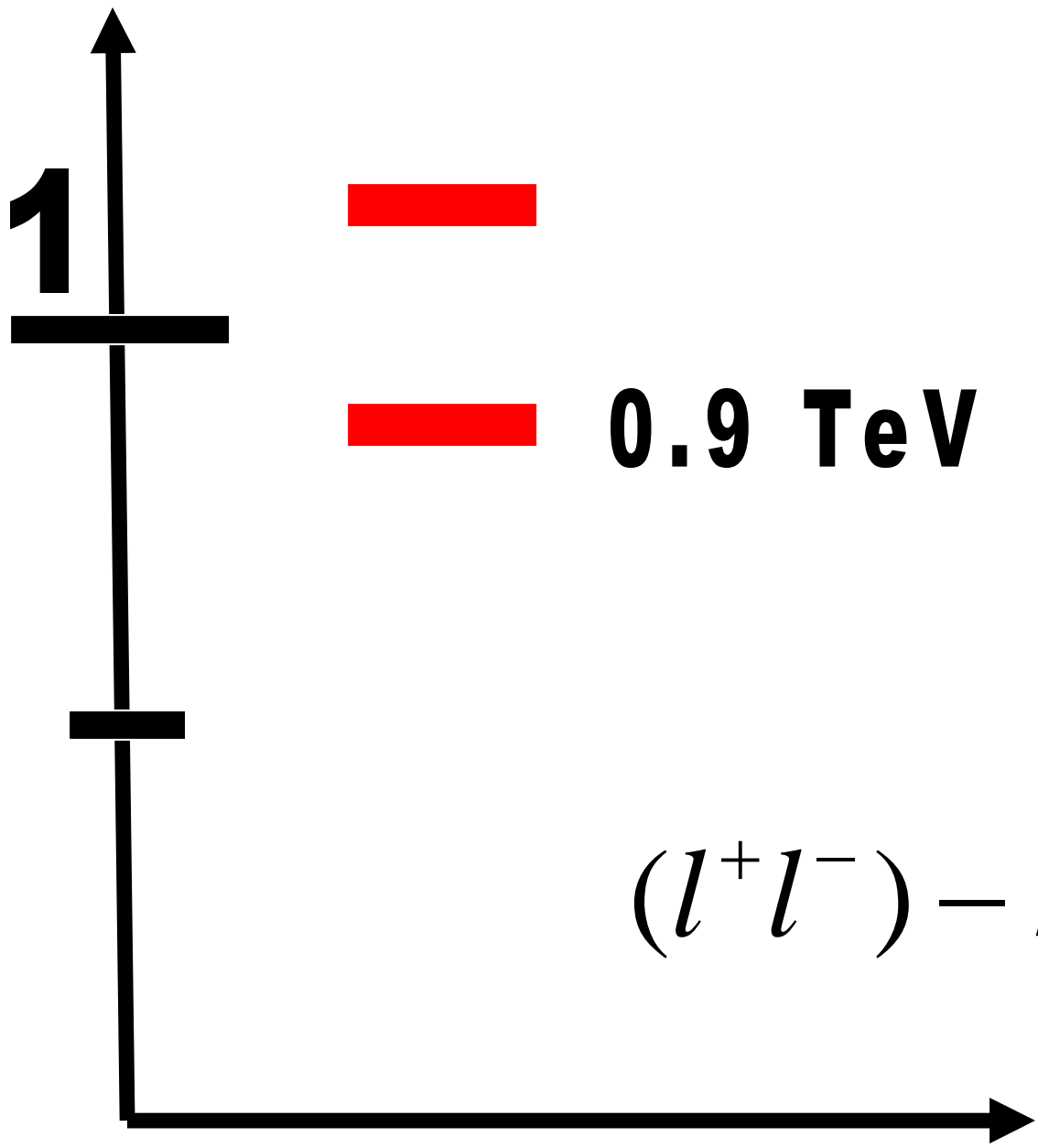
TeV

1



0.9 TeV

($l^+ l^-$) – resonances



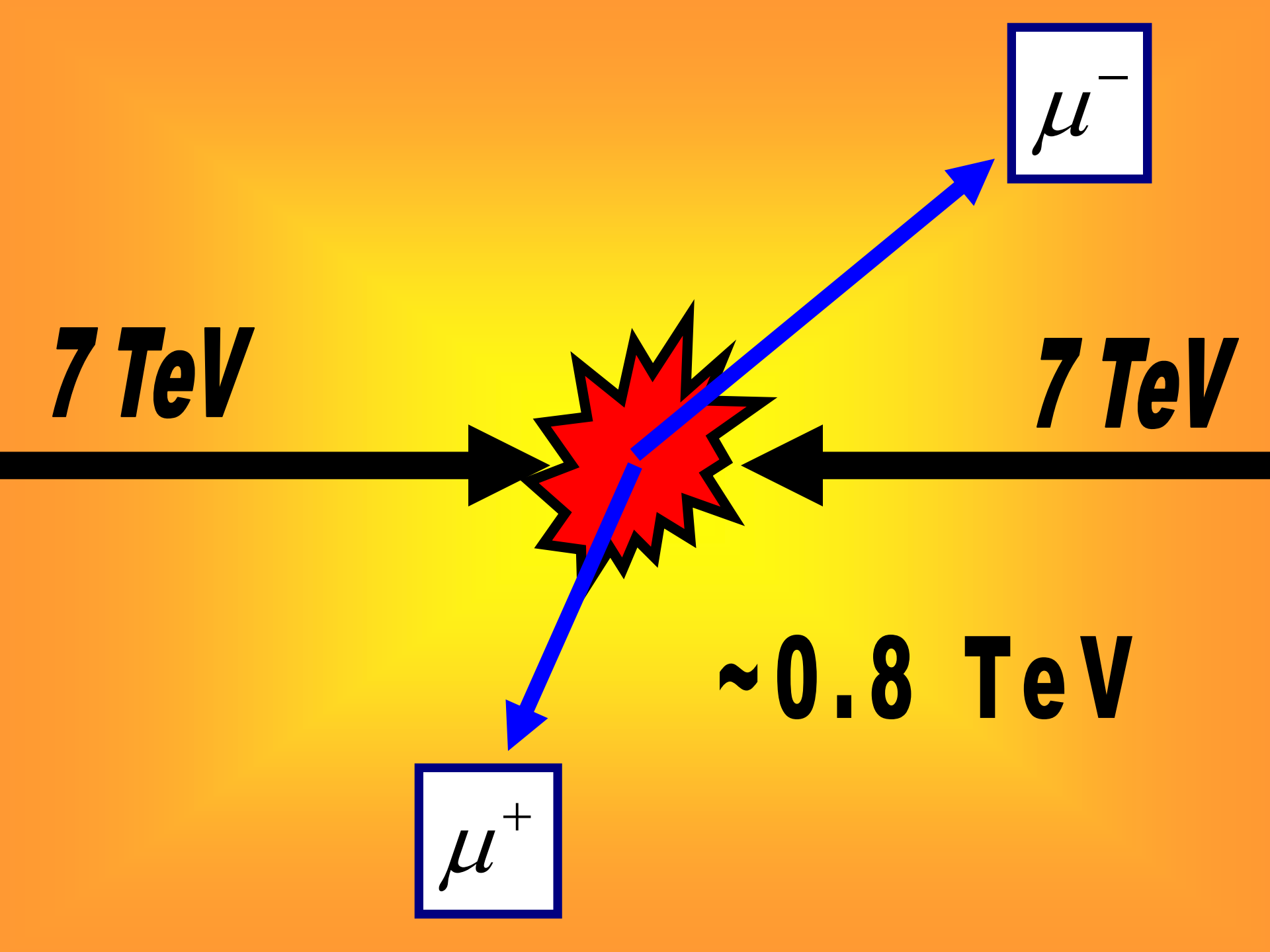
7 TeV

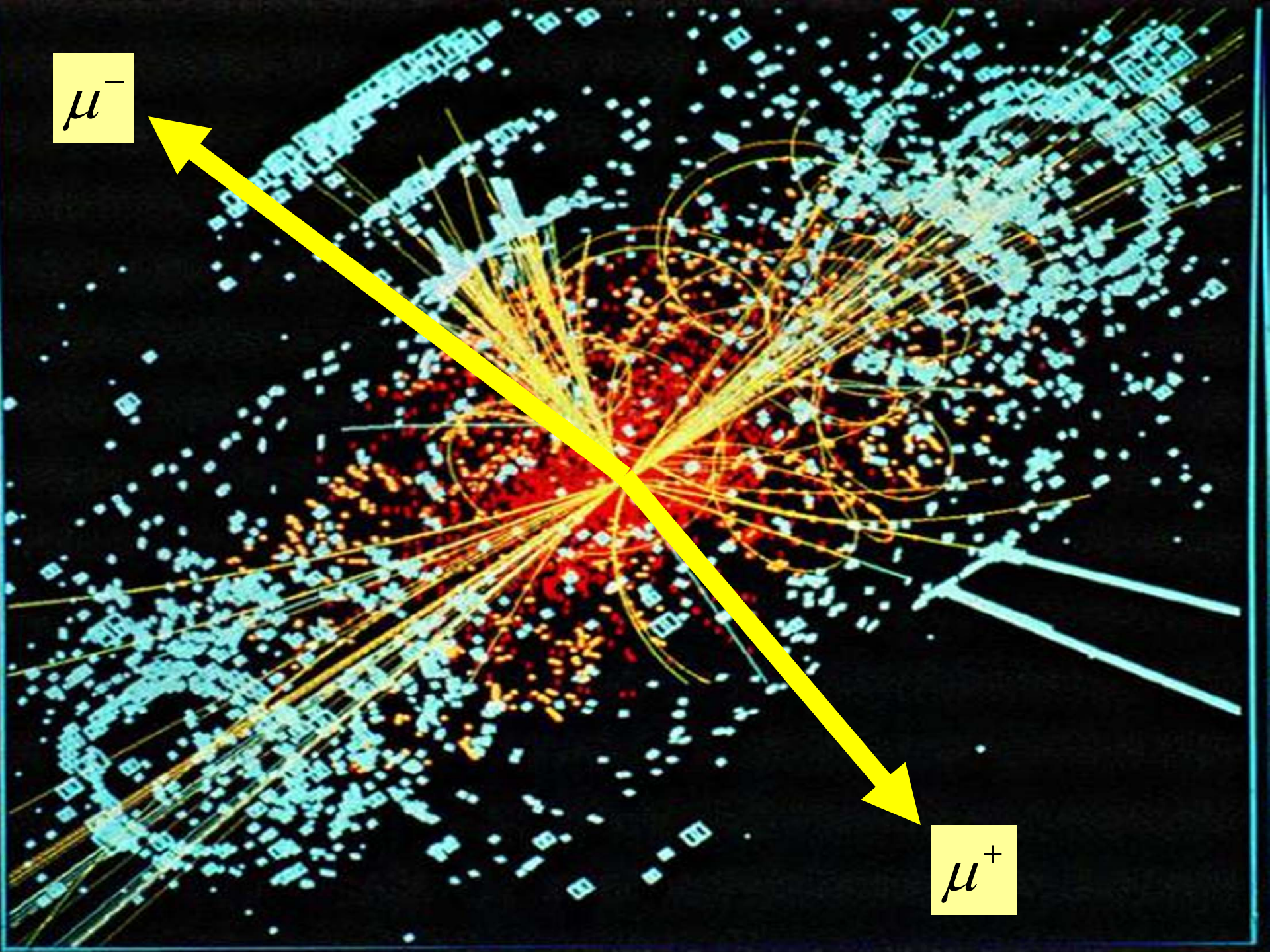
7 TeV

~ 0.8 TeV

μ^+

μ^-





μ^-

μ^+

**lepton – antilepton
resonances**

**quark – antiquark
resonances**

conclusions

weak bosons,
leptons and quarks
are composite systems

weak boson =>

fermion + antifermion

lepton, quark =>

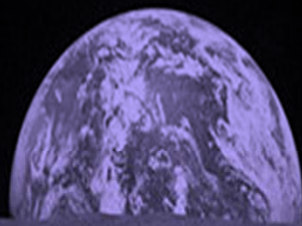
fermion + scalar

Z - boson



X - boson

QHD resonances



LHC

