

Cosmic Connections to Particle Physics



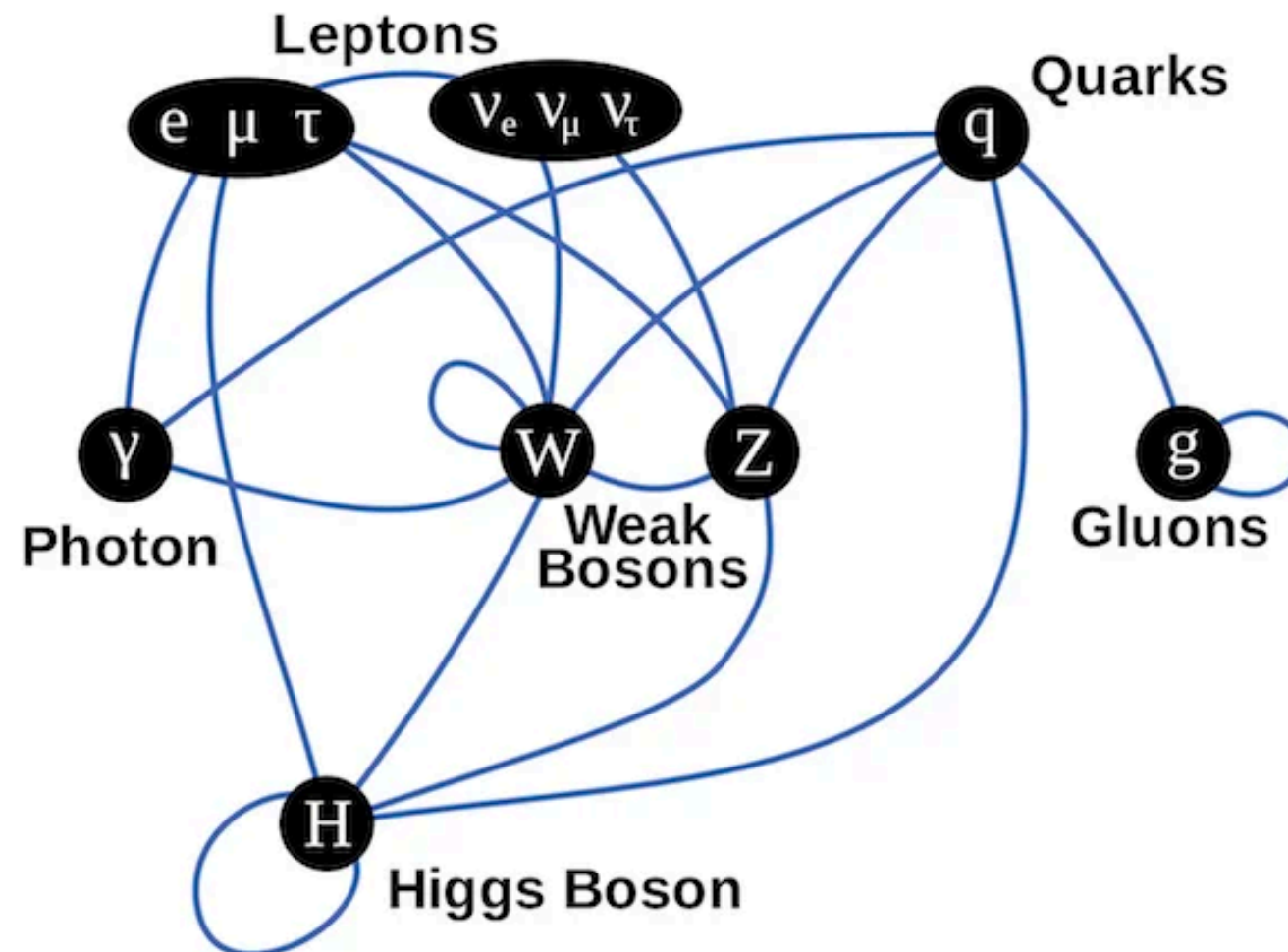
... an extremely biased survey



Gordan Krnjaic

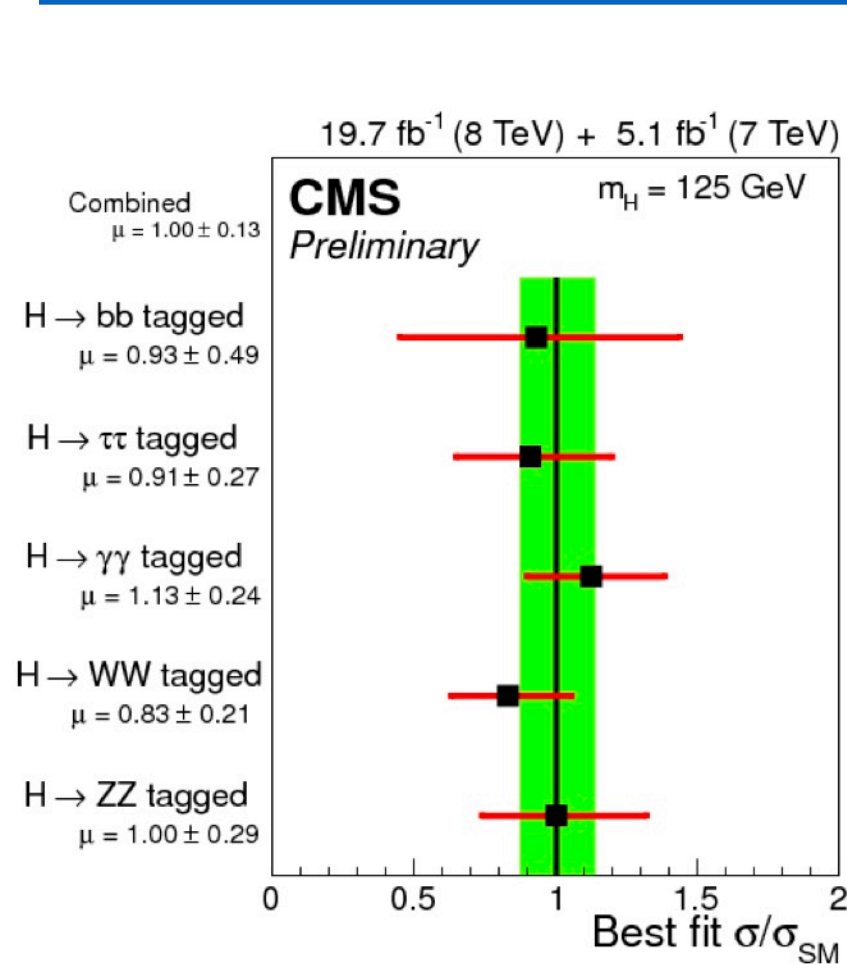


The Standard Model



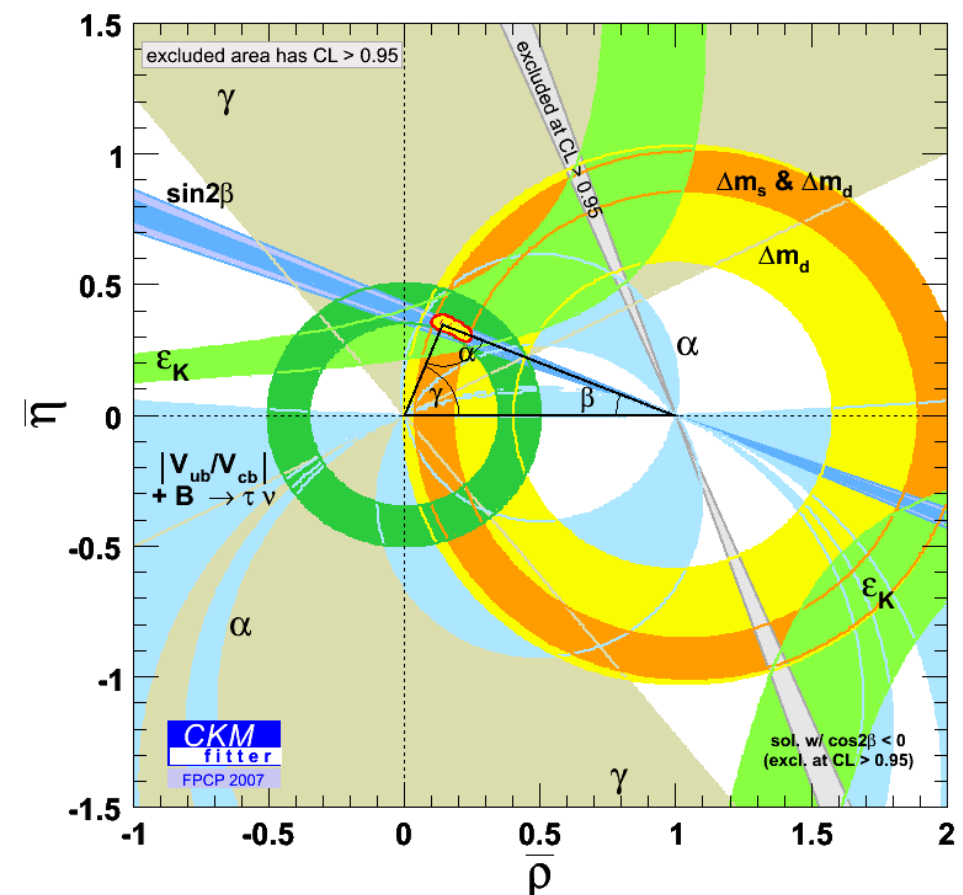
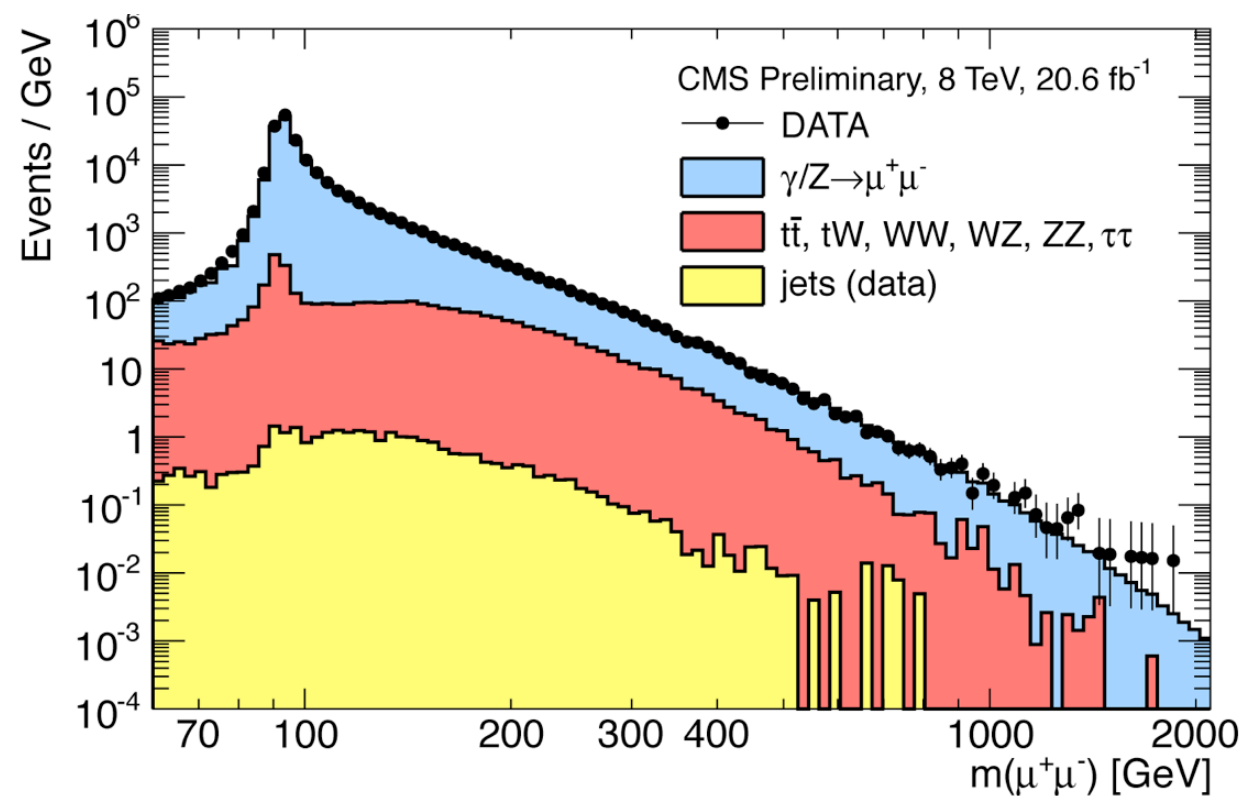
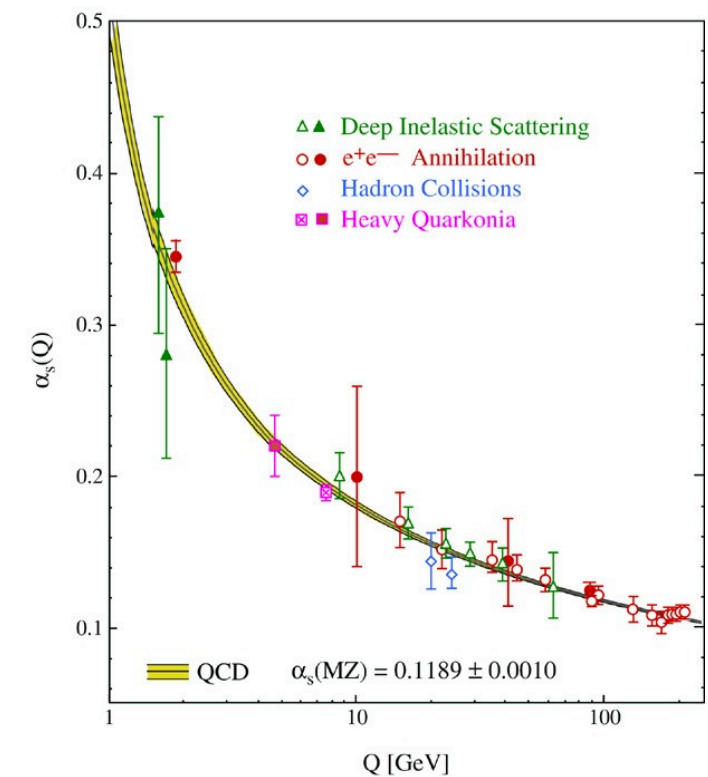
Gauge group $SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$

It's Wildly Successful



	measurement	fit	10^{meas}	$-O^{fit}/\sigma^{meas}$
$\Delta\alpha_{had}^{(5)}(m_Z)$	0.02758 ± 0.00035	0.02768		
m_Z (GeV)	91.1875 ± 0.0021	91.1874		
Γ_Z (GeV)	2.4952 ± 0.0023	2.4959		
σ_{had}^0 (nb)	41.540 ± 0.037	41.479		
R_1	20.767 ± 0.025	20.742		
$A_{fb}^{0,1}$	0.01714 ± 0.00095	0.01645		
$A_1(P_e)$	0.1465 ± 0.0032	0.1481		
R_b	0.21629 ± 0.00066	0.21579		
R_c	0.1721 ± 0.0030	0.1723		
$A_{fb}^{0,b}$	0.0992 ± 0.0016	0.1038		
$A_{fb}^{0,c}$	0.0707 ± 0.0035	0.0742		
A_b	0.923 ± 0.020	0.935		
A_c	0.670 ± 0.027	0.668		
$A_1(SLD)$	0.1513 ± 0.0021	0.1481		
$\sin^2\theta_{eff}^{lept}(Q_{fb})$	0.2324 ± 0.0012	0.2314		
m_W (GeV)	80.399 ± 0.023	80.379		
Γ_W (GeV)	2.085 ± 0.042	2.092		
m_t (GeV)	173.3 ± 1.1	173.4		

July 2010



So we're done...

NEWS IN BRIEF

World's Physicists Complete Study Of Physics

1/14/10 9:00am • SEE MORE: SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY ▾



HARIMA, JAPAN—Saying that there was no more knowledge to acquire about the physical nature of the universe, the International Union of Pure and Applied Physics announced Monday that it had concluded the scientific study of matter, energy, force, and motion. "Yeah, that about does it for physics," said IUPAP member Sukekatsu Ushioda, powering down Japan's Super Photon ring particle accelerator. "All done. Math can pretty much take it from here." The world's top physicists also announced that they would celebrate the conclusion of physics by meeting at PJ's Pub later tonight for drinks.

The *Incomplete* Standard Model

Must-solve problems

Neutrino Masses

Dark Matter

Baryogenesis

Dark Energy

Initial Conditions

The *Incomplete* Standard Model

Must-solve problems

Troubling, but not obligatory

Neutrino Masses

Strong CP Problem

Dark Matter

Hierarchy Problem

Baryogenesis

Flavor Puzzle

Dark Energy

Cosmological Constant

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Inflation

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Plenaries: Aart Heijboer, Irene Tamborra, Simona Toscano, Javier Redondo

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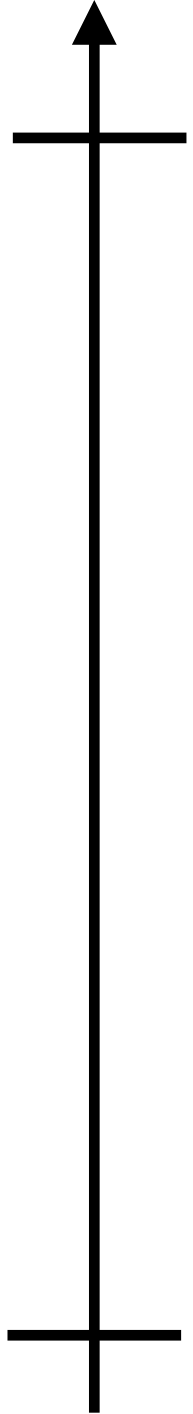
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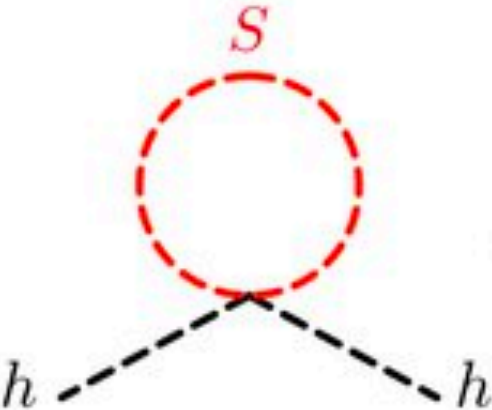
Why is the weak scale so small?


$$M_{\text{Planck}} \approx 10^{19} \text{ GeV}$$
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_n \frac{\hat{\mathcal{O}}_n}{\Lambda^{n-4}} \quad \Lambda \sim M_{\text{Planck}}$$
$$\implies \mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} \supset \Lambda^2 |H|^2$$
$$v = 246 \text{ GeV}$$

Higgs mass not protected by any symmetry

Why is the weak scale so small?

$\mathcal{L} \supset \lambda_S |H|^2 S^2$


$$= \frac{\lambda_S}{16\pi^2} \left[\Lambda_{UV}^2 - 2m_S^2 \ln \left(\frac{\Lambda_{UV}}{m_S} \right) + \dots \right]$$

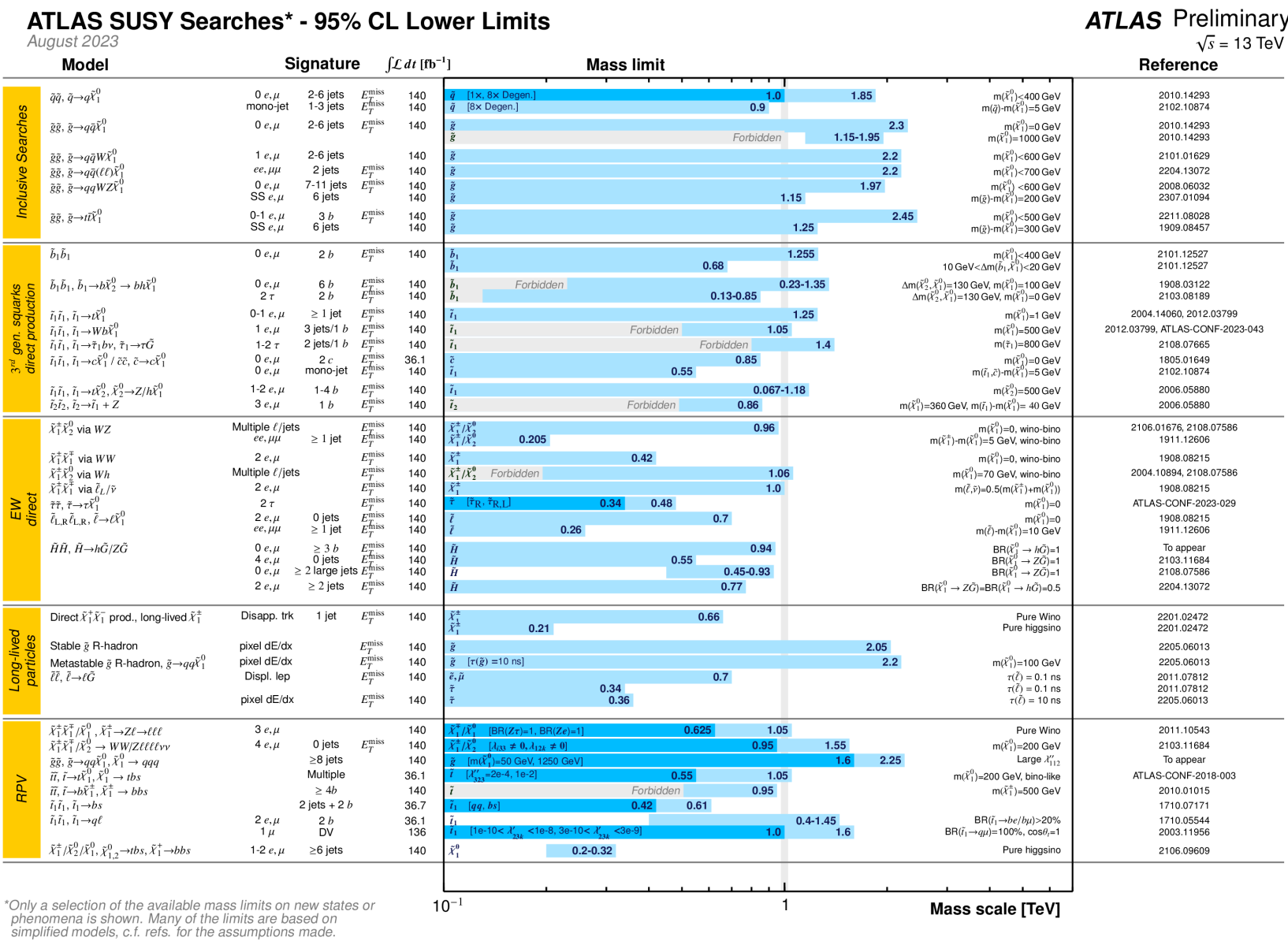
this is **not** the hierarchy problem
the regulator is not physical

this is the hierarchy problem
the Higgs mass is quadratically sensitive to
the mass of **any new particles** that couple to it

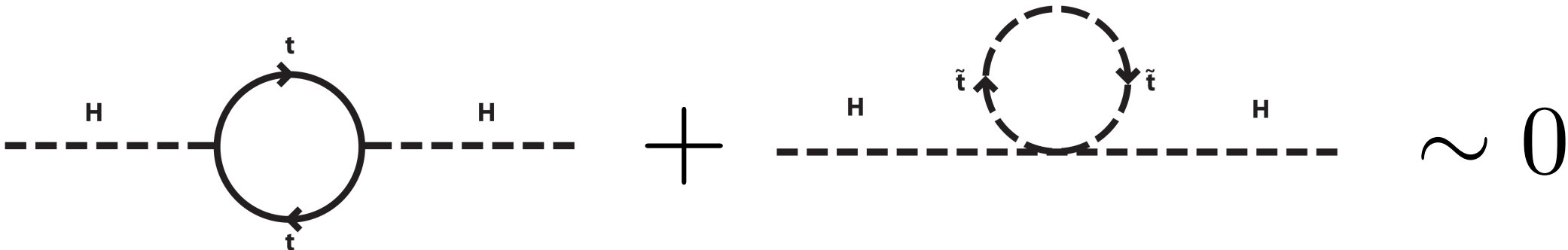
Gauge hierarchy problem: Higgs mass is sensitive to the highest scales that it couples to (Planck scale, GUT scale...)

Not just loop corrections! Problem in any theory where the Higgs mass is calculable

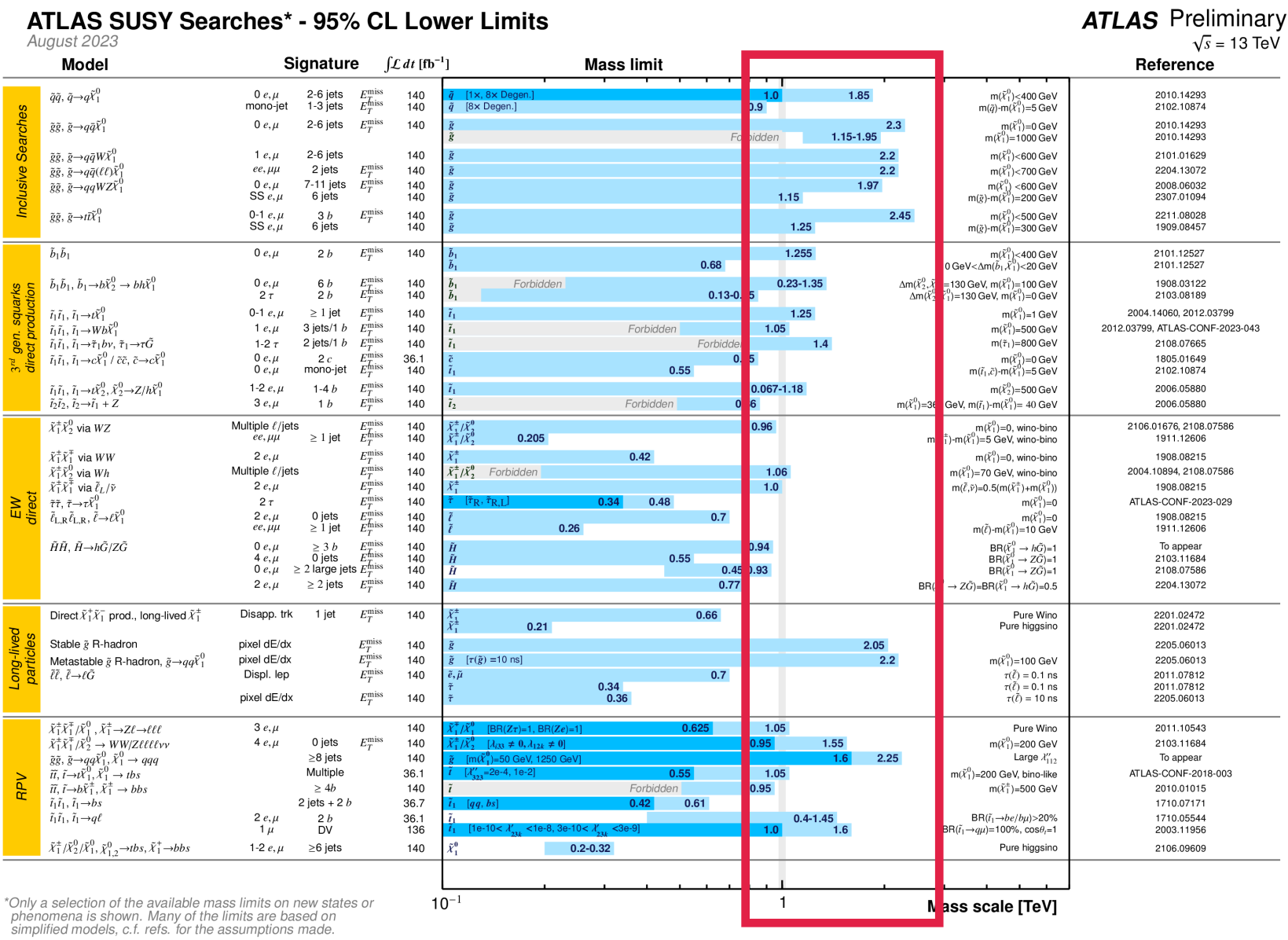
Why is the weak scale so small?



$$\Delta m_H^2 \sim$$



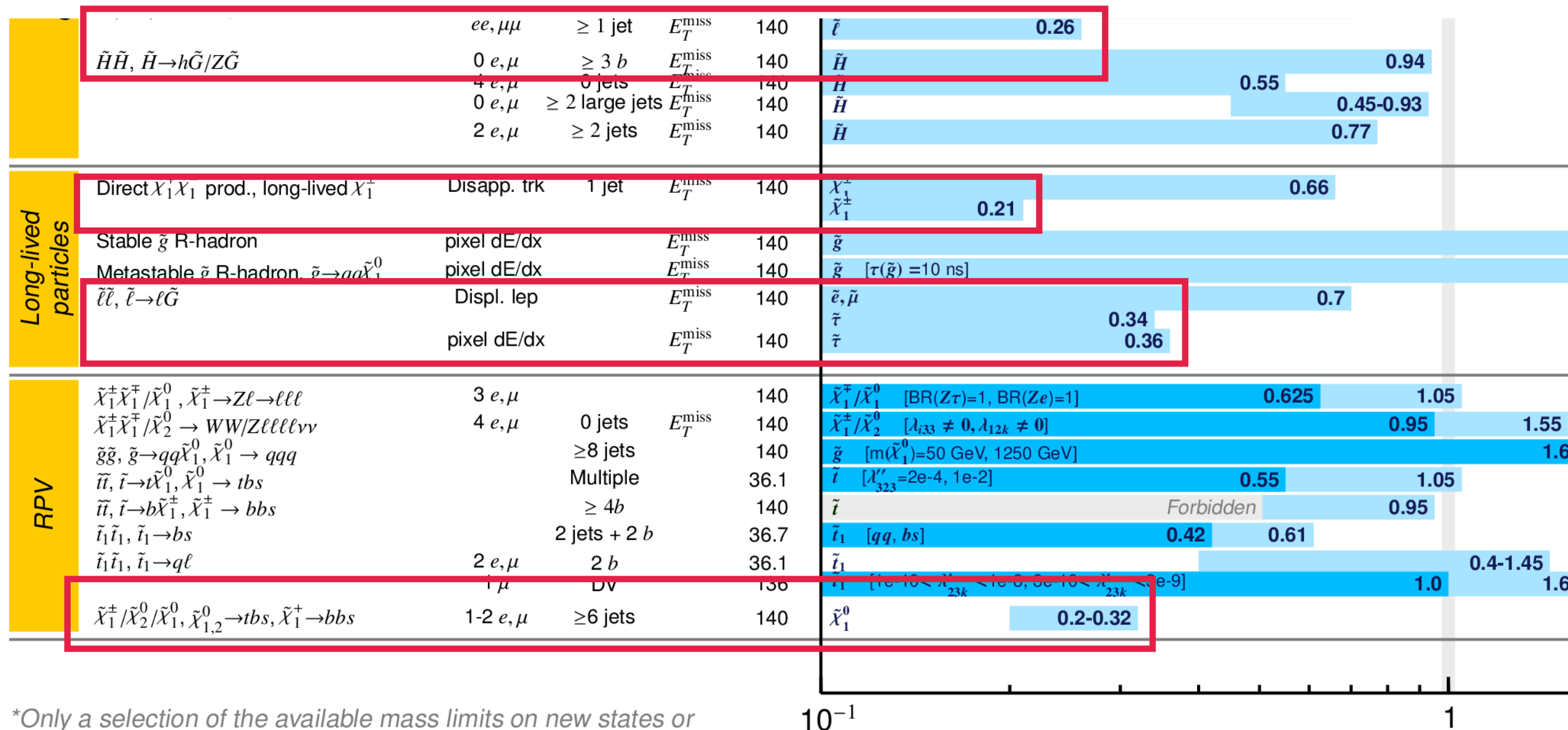
Why is the weak scale so small?



- Weak scale SUSY seems unlikely to solve hierarchy problem
- New QCD charged particles must be few TeV+

2025: we live in an era of vastly broader priors about new physics

Why is the electroweak scale so small?



*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. Many of the limits are based on simplified models, c.f. refs. for the assumptions made.

However, weak scale alone is *barely* probed to ~ 200 GeV
 Many great reasons to go TeV — see Matt Baumgart's talk

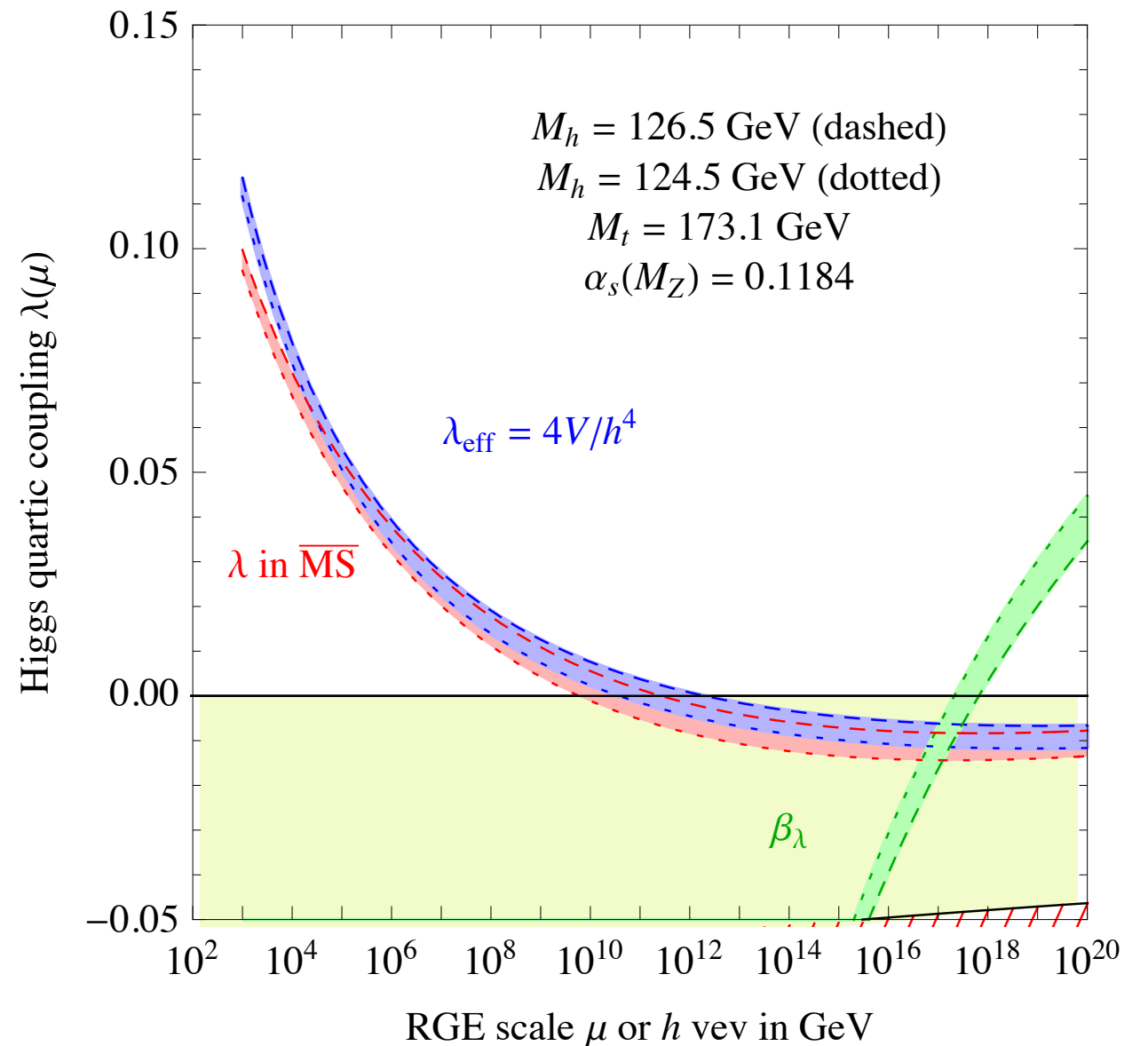
Do we live in the true vacuum?

Effective Higgs potential

$$V_{\text{eff}}(h) = \frac{\lambda_{\text{eff}}(h)}{4} h^4$$

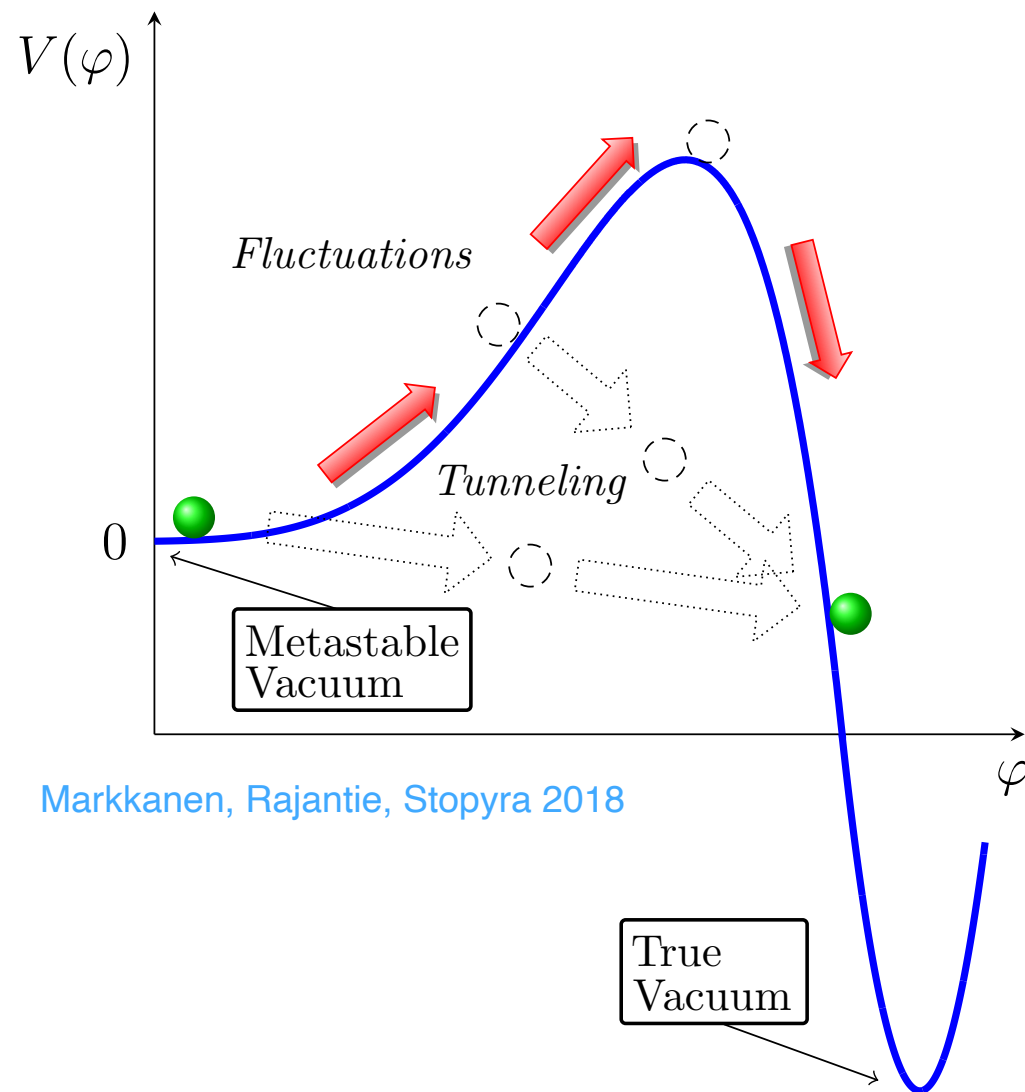
SM loop corrections predict
quartic runs negative in UV

Conclusion depends sensitively
on Higgs and top masses

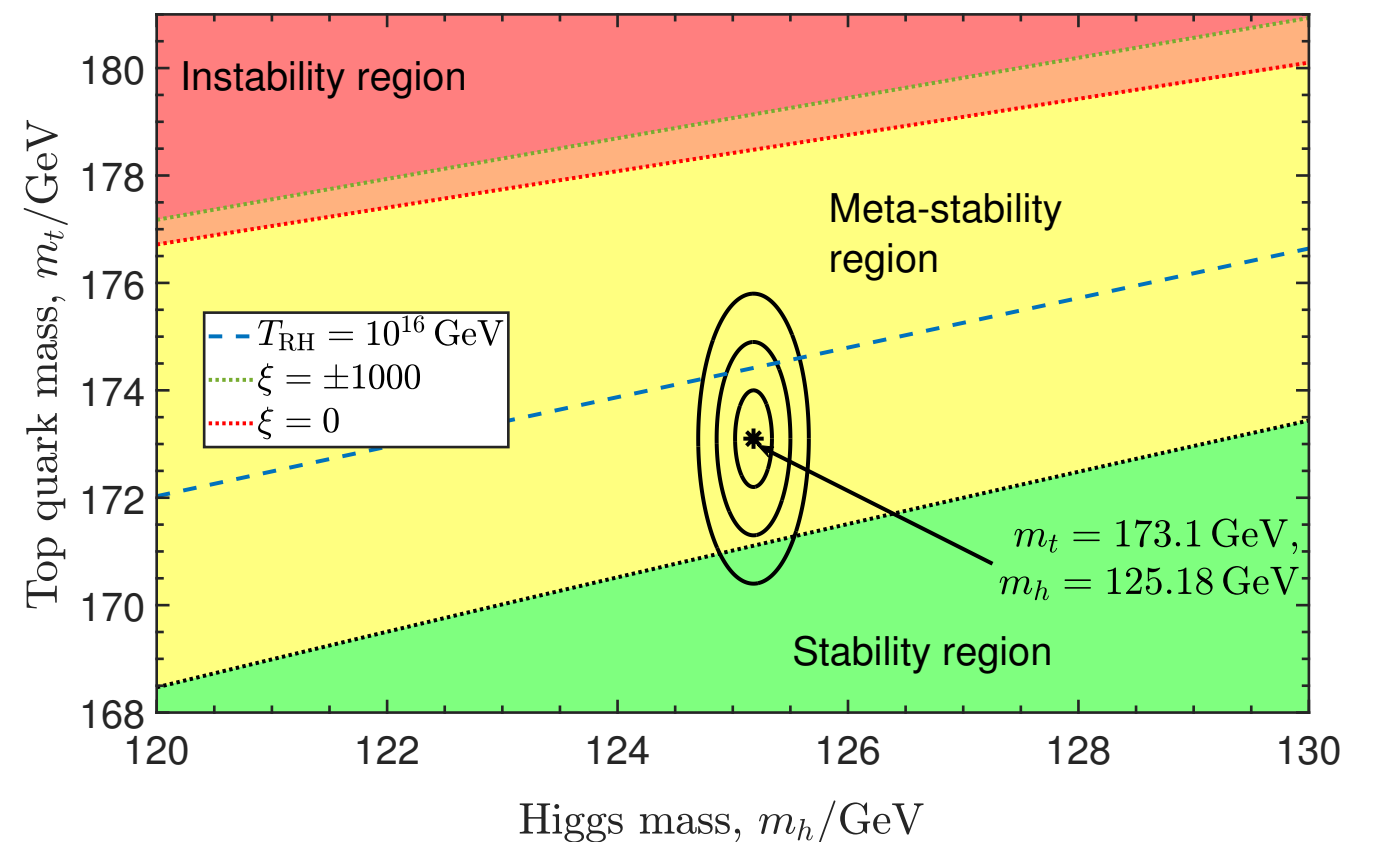


$$\lambda_{\text{eff}}(h) = e^{4\Gamma(h)} \left\{ \lambda(h) + \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} \sum_p N_p \kappa_p^2 (r_p - C_p) + \frac{1}{(4\pi)^4} y_t^4 \left[8g_s^2(3r_t^2 - 8r_t + 9) - \frac{3}{2} y_t^2 \left(3r_t^2 - 16r_t + 23 + \frac{\pi^2}{3} \right) \right] \right\}$$

Do we live in the true vacuum?



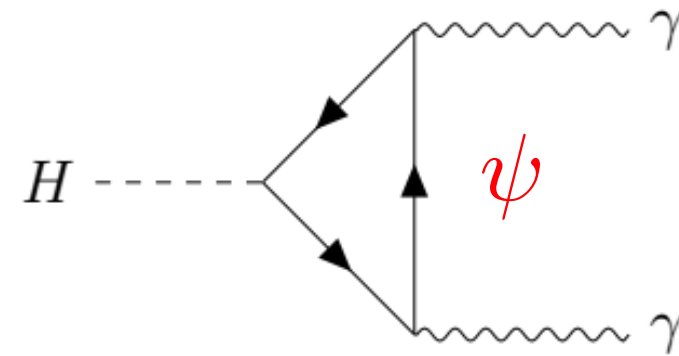
Markkanen, Rajantie, Stopya 2018



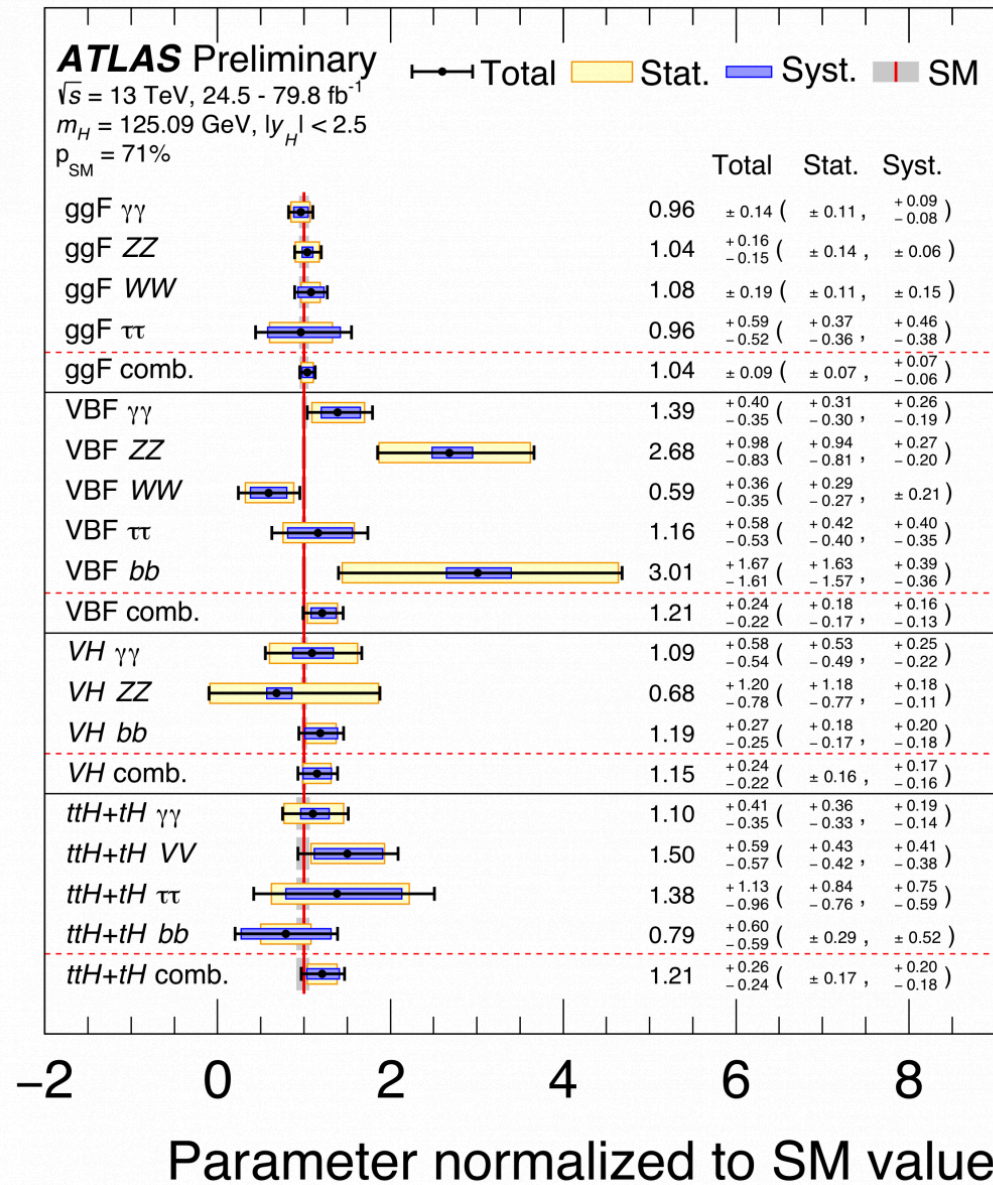
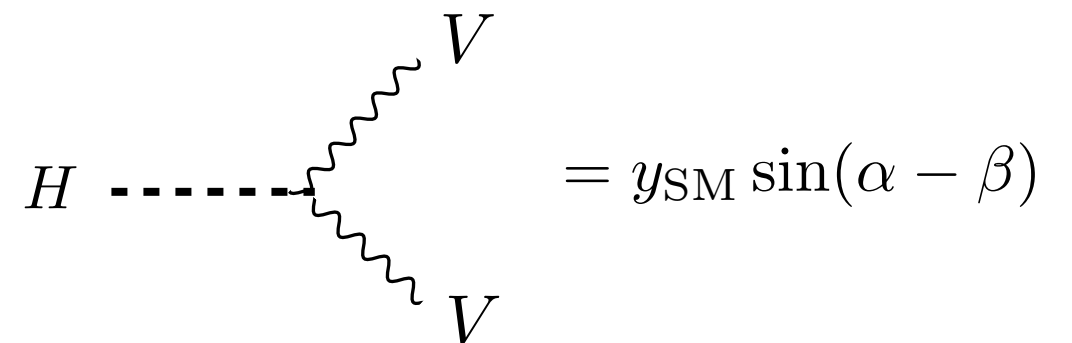
Extrapolating potential, assuming only SM interactions might imply that our vacuum is only metastable on cosmological timescales

Have we actually seen the SM Higgs?

New particles can appear in loops



...or in tree level interactions (e.g. 2HDM)



Higgs mechanism only tested for gauge bosons and 3rd gen fermions!
 Full LHC data set expected to reach 5 sigma for SM muon coupling!

Have we actually seen the SM Higgs?

Future colliders are our only hope for ever understanding Higgs sector

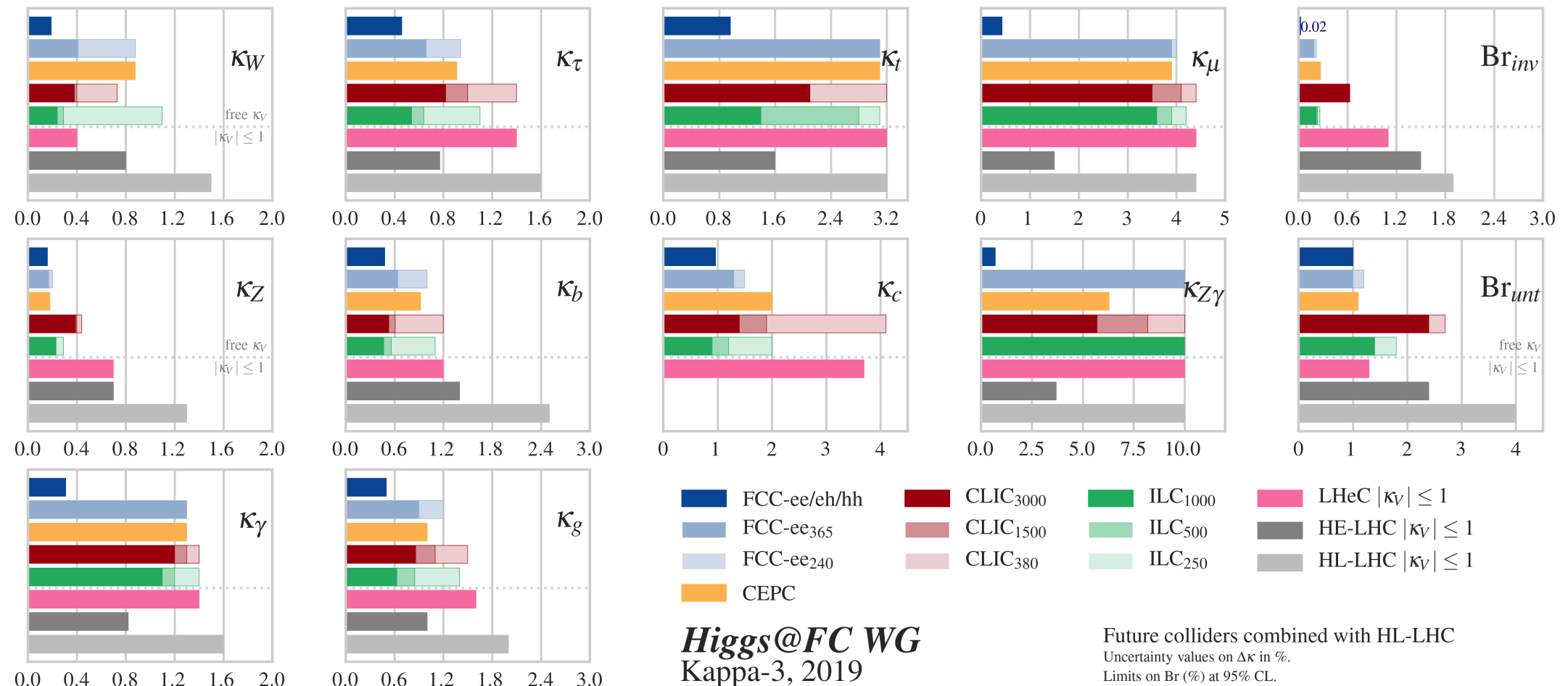


Figure 2. Expected relative precision (%) of the κ parameters in the kappa-3 scenario described in Section 2. For details, see Tables 4 and 5. For HE-LHC, the S2' scenario is displayed. For LHeC, HL-LHC and HE-LHC a constrained $\kappa_V \leq 1$ is applied.

The *Incomplete* Standard Model

Must-solve problems

Troubling, but not obligatory

Neutrino Masses

Strong CP Problem

Dark Matter

Hierarchy Problem

Baryogenesis

Flavor Puzzle

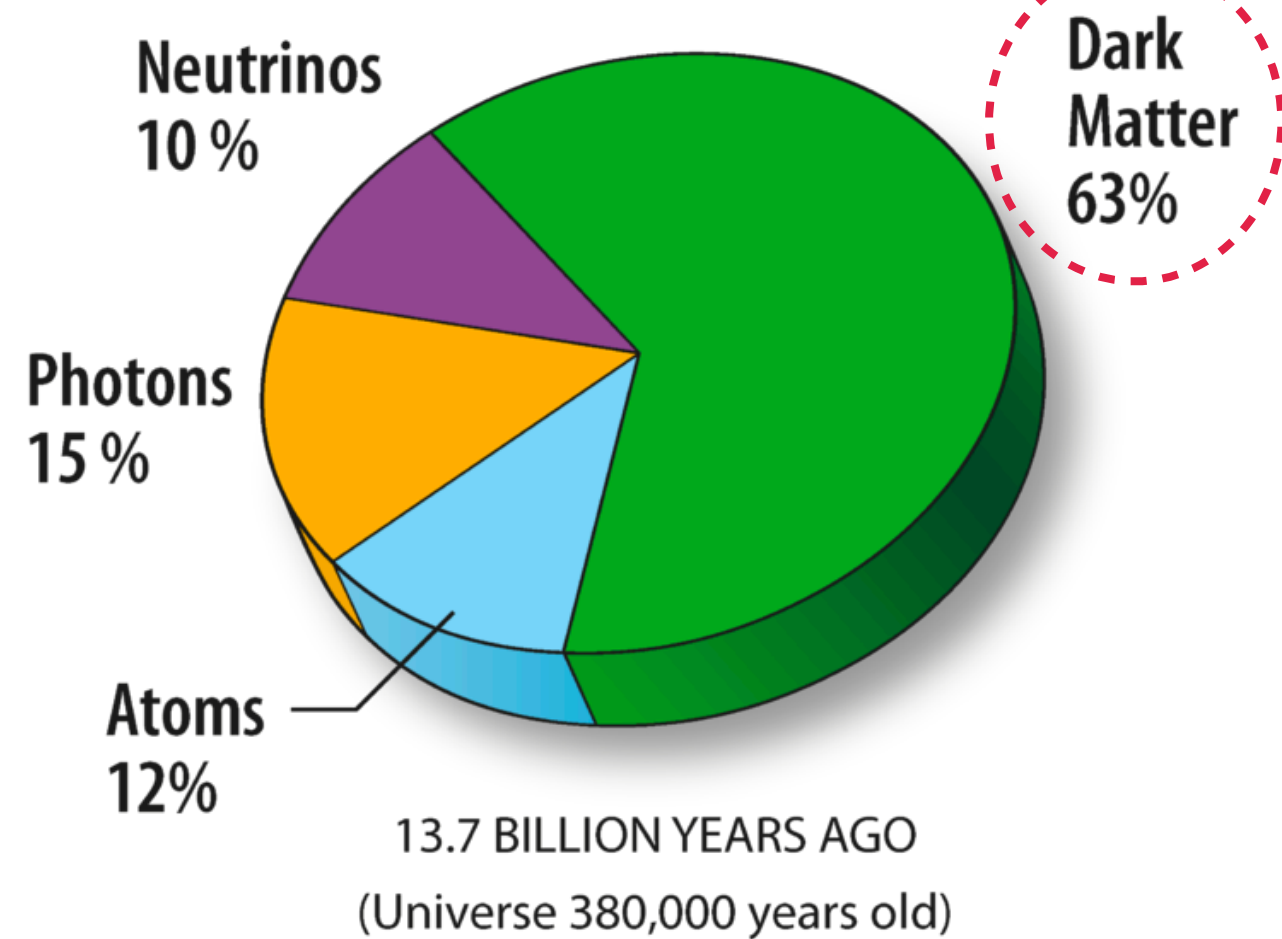
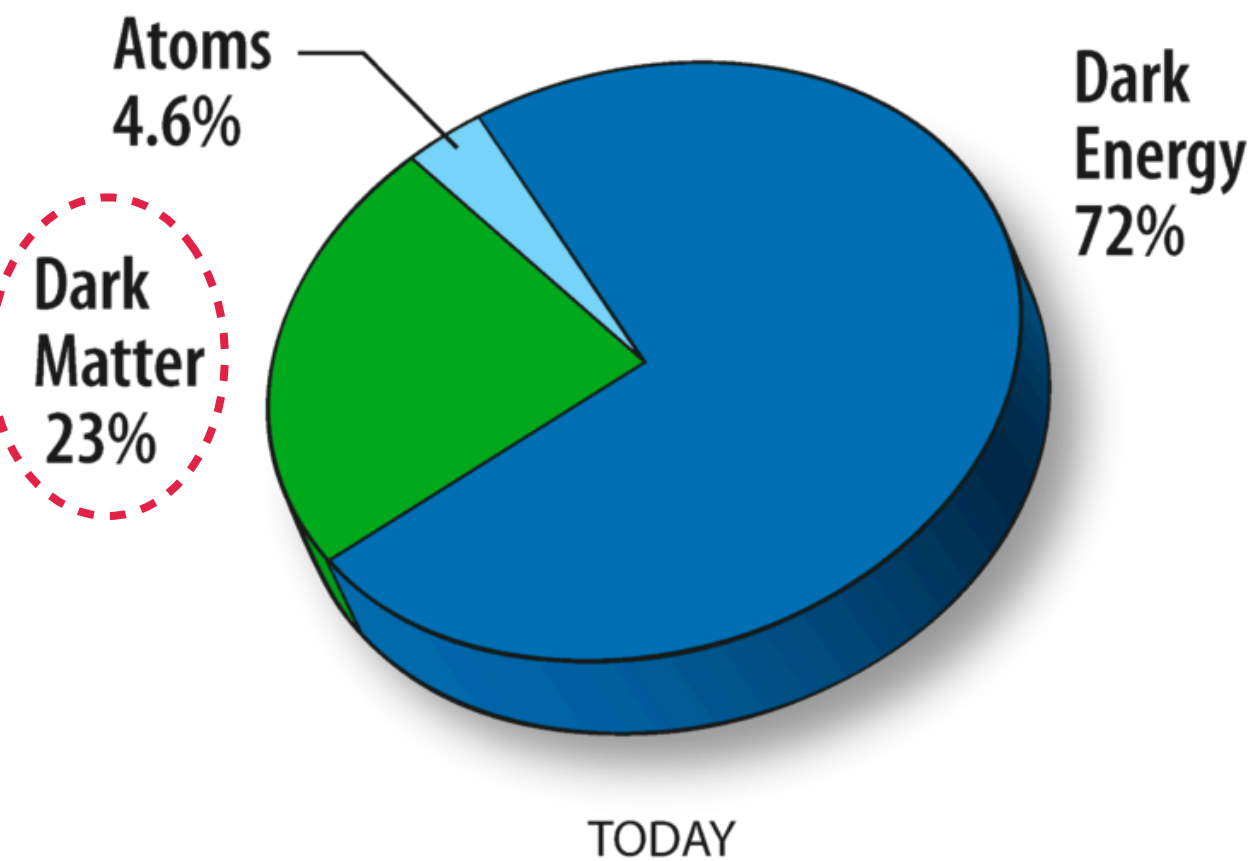
Dark Energy

Cosmological Constant

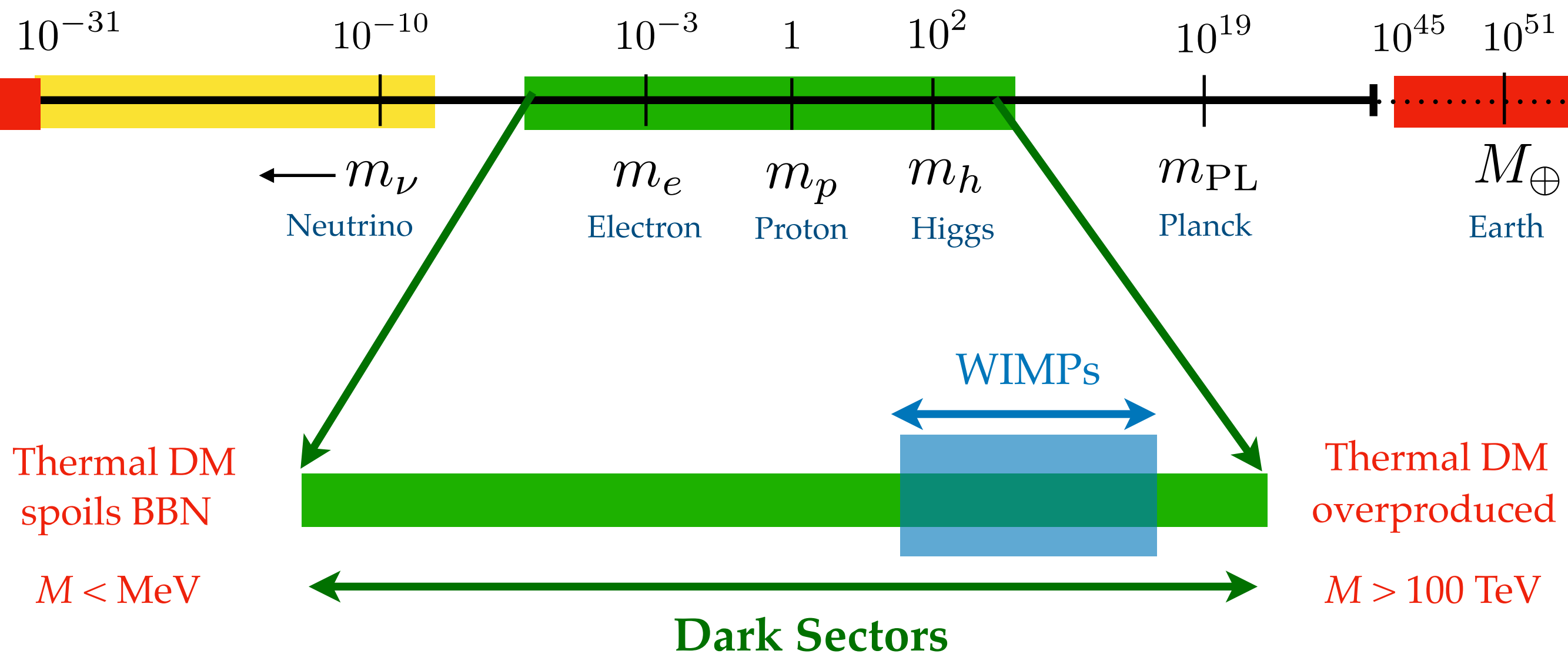
Initial Conditions

Inflation

What is Dark Matter?



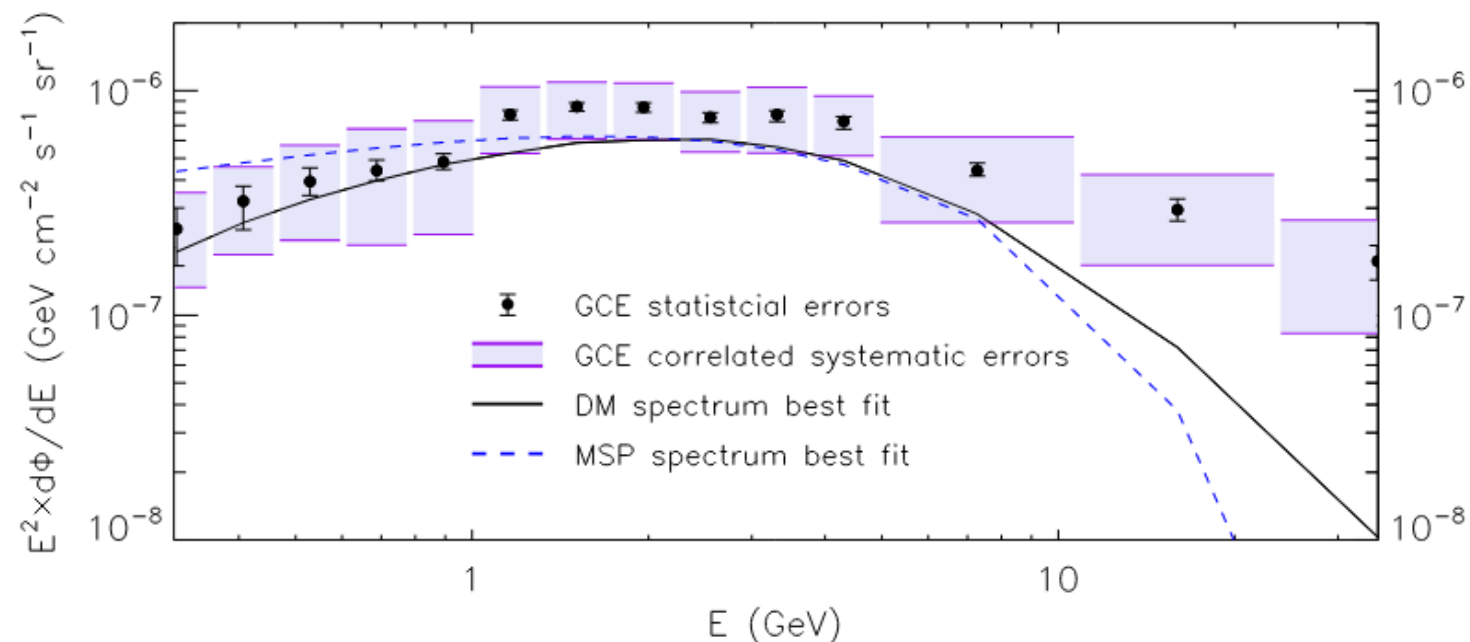
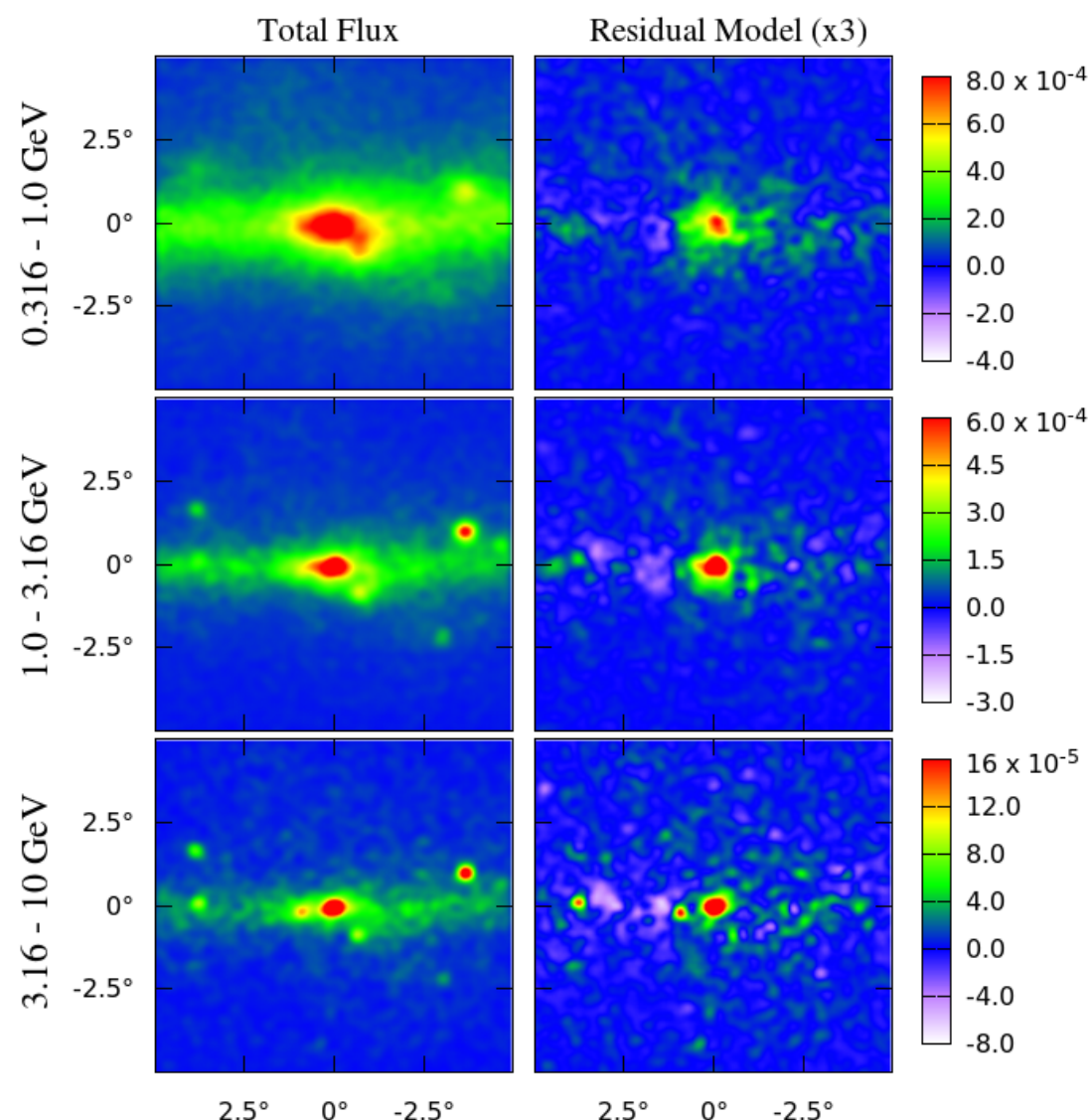
Thermal Window



WIMPs: weak scale particles undergo freeze out

See plenaries: Marco Taoso, Christina Gao, Steven Lowette

Have we already seen WIMPs?



Highly significant gamma ray excess in GC

Consistent with weak scale WIMP

Also consistent with emission from
100,000 faint millisecond pulsars

Goodenough, Hooper

[0910.2998](#) [1010.2752](#)

Daylan++ [1402.6703](#)

Fist, Park, Rodd, Schoen, Wolf [2507.17804](#)

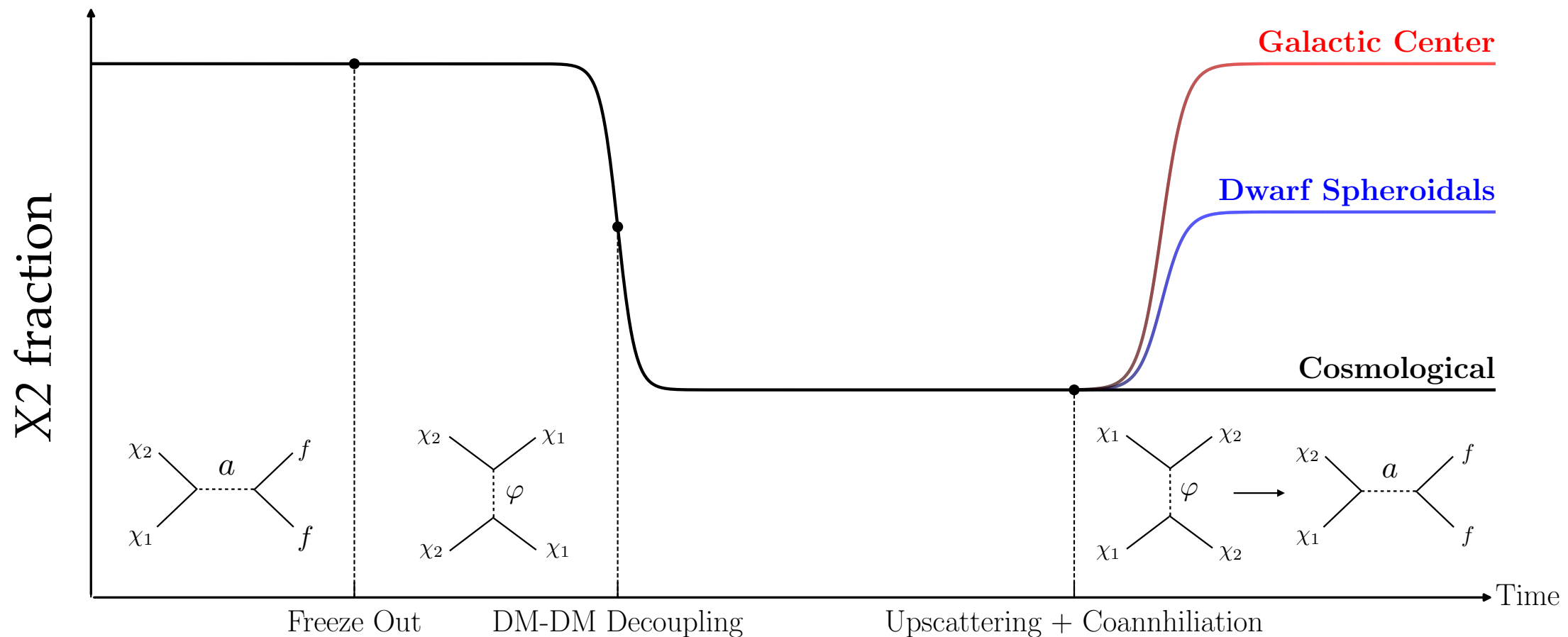
Manconi Eckner Calore Donato [2511.03350](#)

See Christopher Eckner's talk

Dwarf limits are interesting but inconclusive Boddy++ [2401.05327](#)

Dwarfs vs Galaxies

Important to understand environmental dependence to compare with Dwarfs



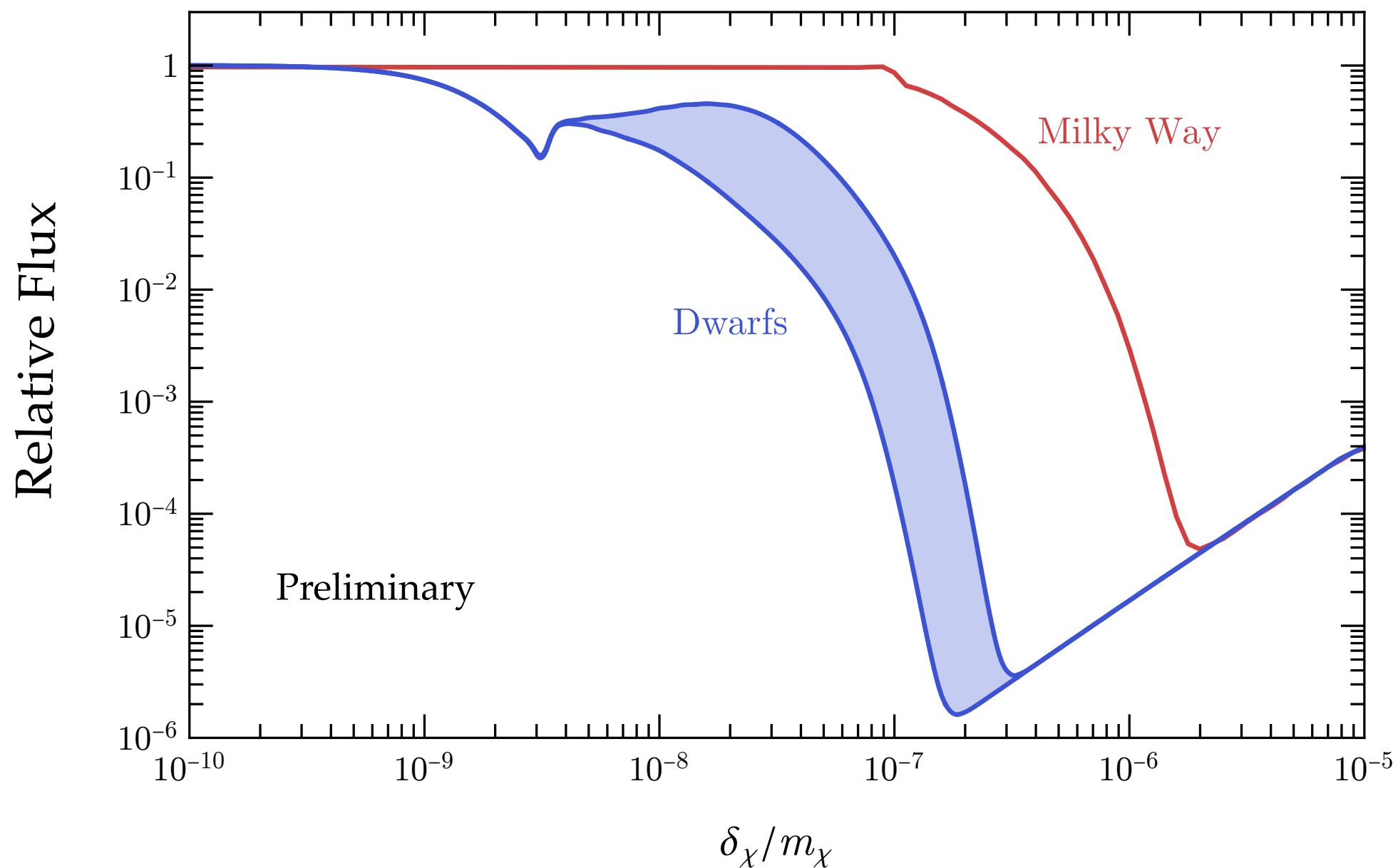
Inelastic DM with two mediators

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = y'_\chi \varphi \bar{\chi}_1 \chi_2 + y_\chi a \bar{\chi}_1 i\gamma^5 \chi_2 + y_f a \bar{f} i\gamma^5 f$$

Heavy state depleted cosmologically, but revived in bound structures

Dwarfs vs Galaxies

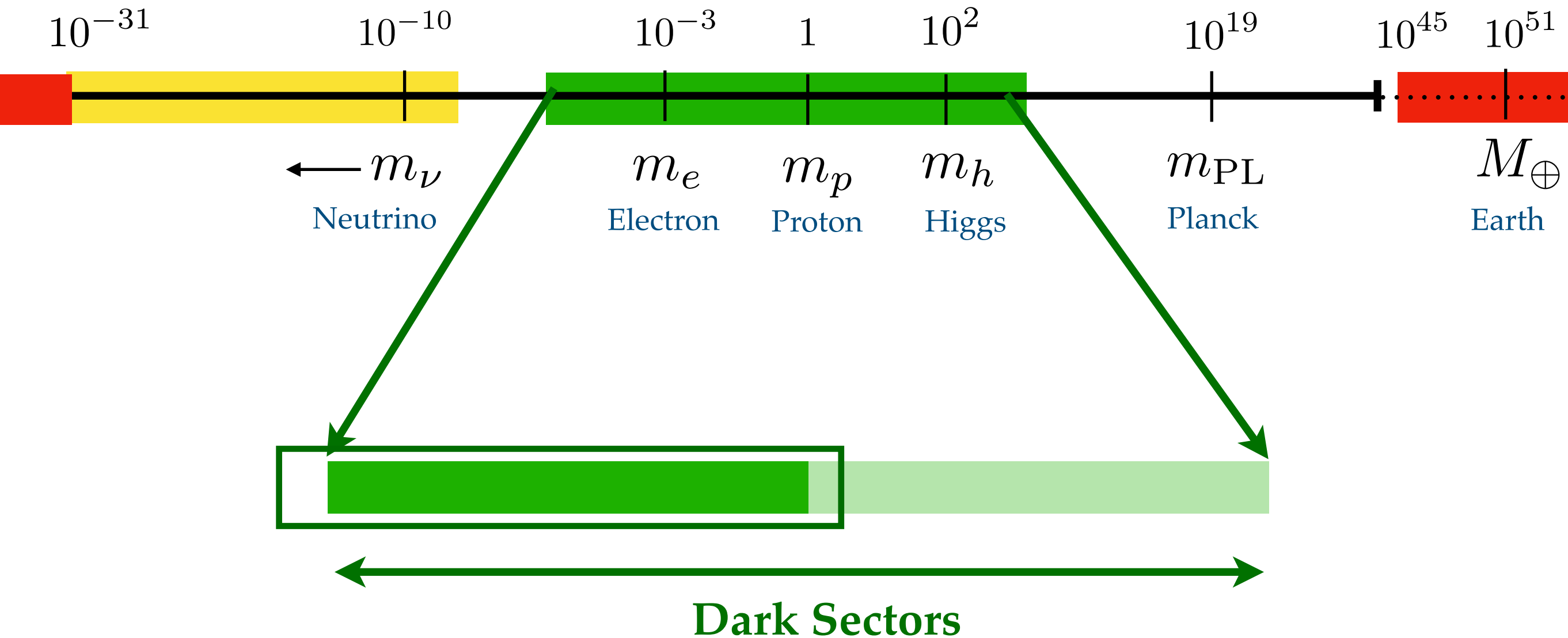
Dwarfs have low velocity dispersion, lower X_2 density, suppressed co-annihilation



Need to understand inner galaxy with future probes — eg APT telescope

Testing Predictive Dark Sectors

Also see Laura López Honorez plenary



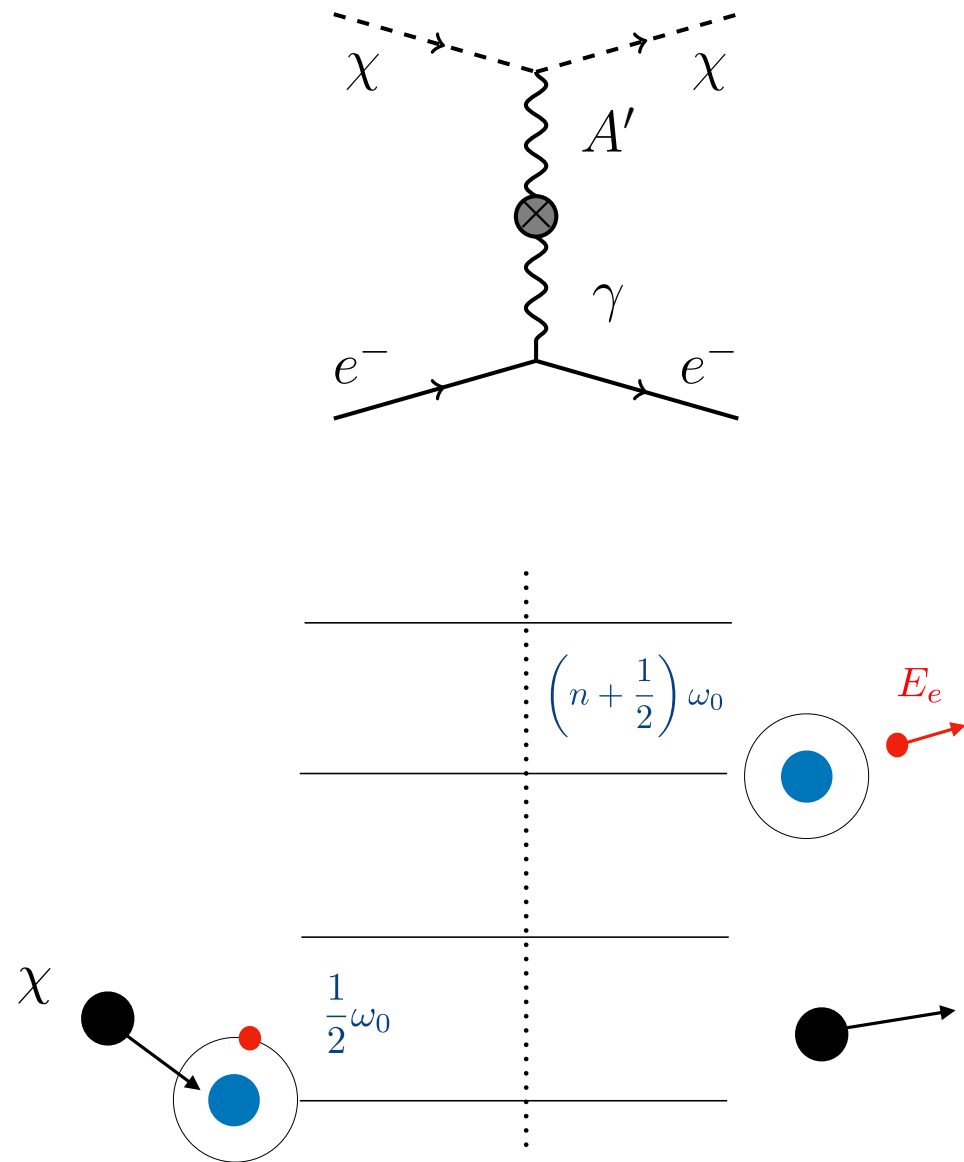
Dark Sectors: light new hidden forces mediate DM annihilation

$$\sigma v \sim \frac{\alpha^2 m_\chi^2}{m_Z^4} \sim 10^{-29} \text{cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1} \left(\frac{m_\chi}{\text{GeV}} \right)^2$$

Lee / Weinberg '79

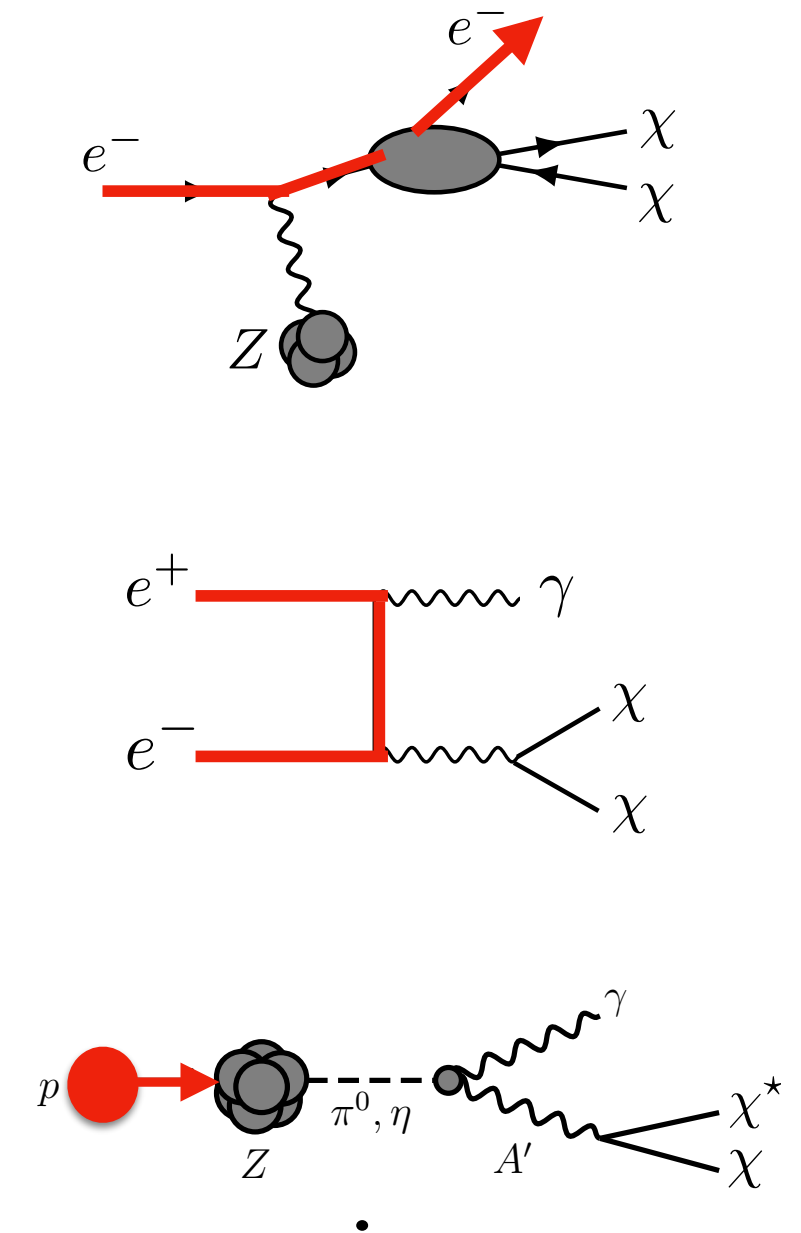
Two Revolutions in sub-GeV Sensitivity

Low-threshold direct detection
electrons, phonons, semiconductors ...



See Sravan Munagavalasa's talk

Low-energy accelerators
Fixed targets and B-factories

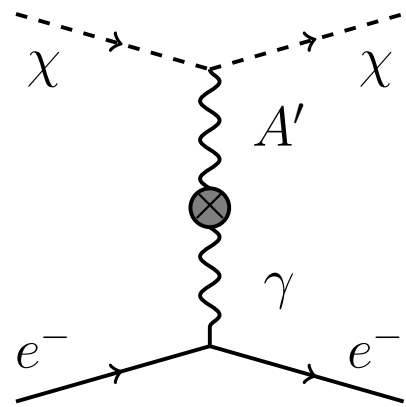


See Taylor Gray's talk

Testing Predictive Dark Sectors

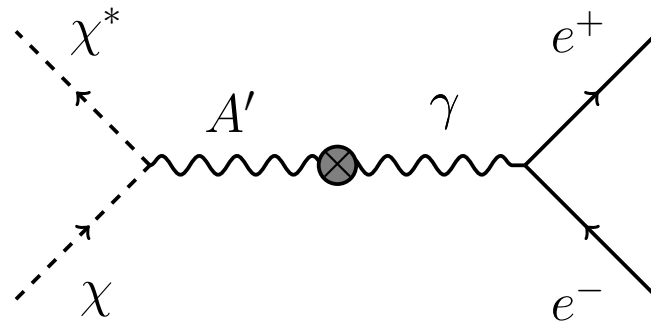
Ruled out by CMB < 20 GeV
for all DM spins

Electron Scattering



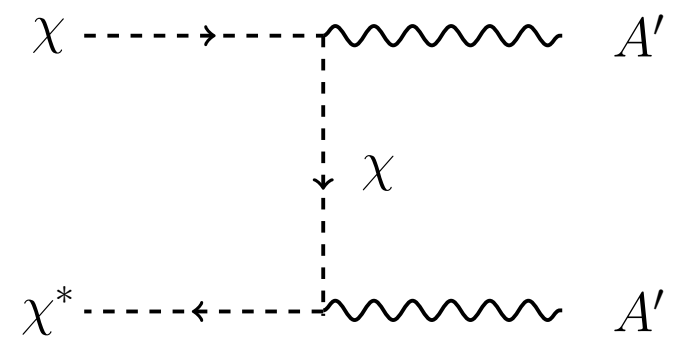
$$\sigma_e \propto \alpha_D \epsilon^2$$

Direct Annihilation



$$\sigma v \propto \alpha_D \epsilon^2$$

Secluded Annihilation



$$\sigma v \propto \alpha_D^2$$

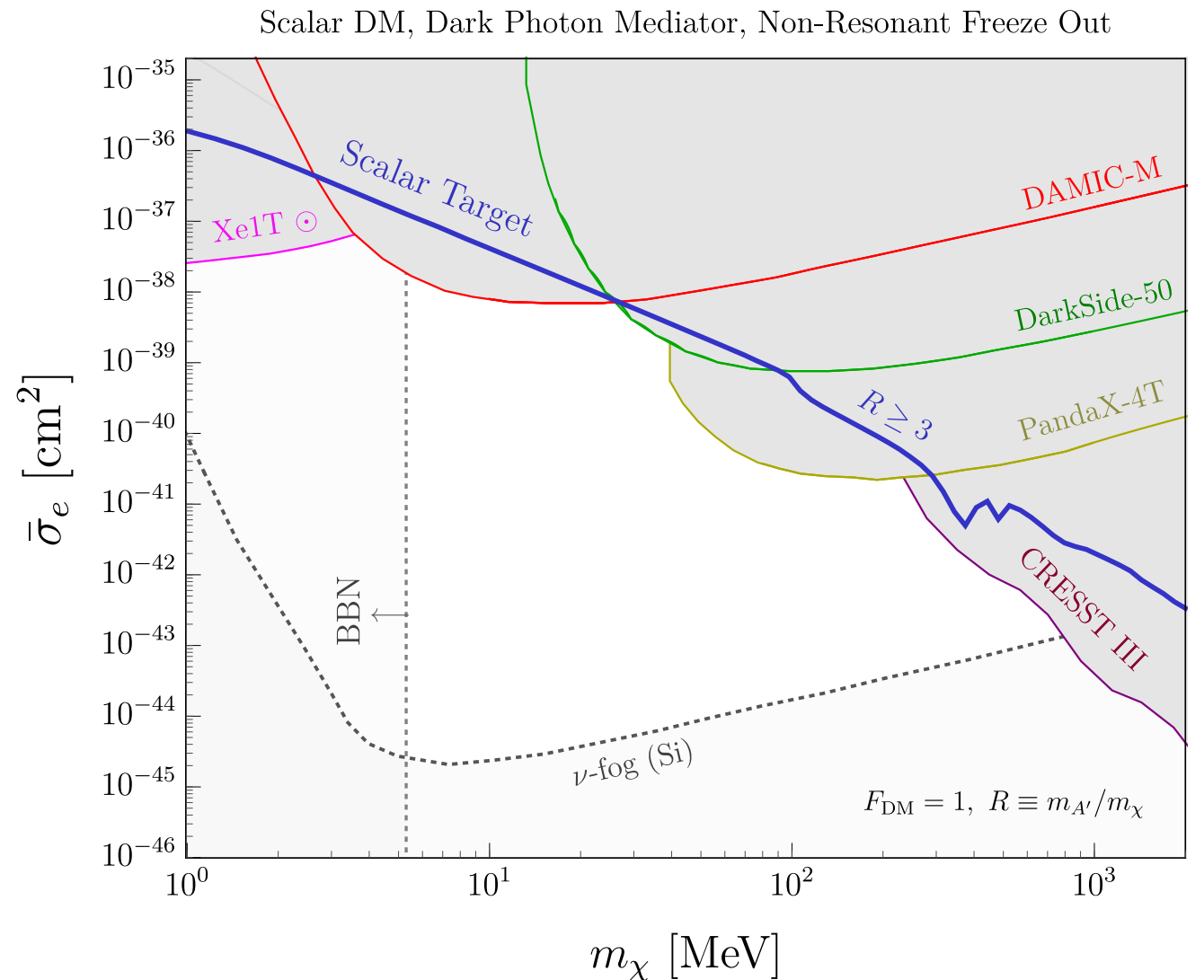
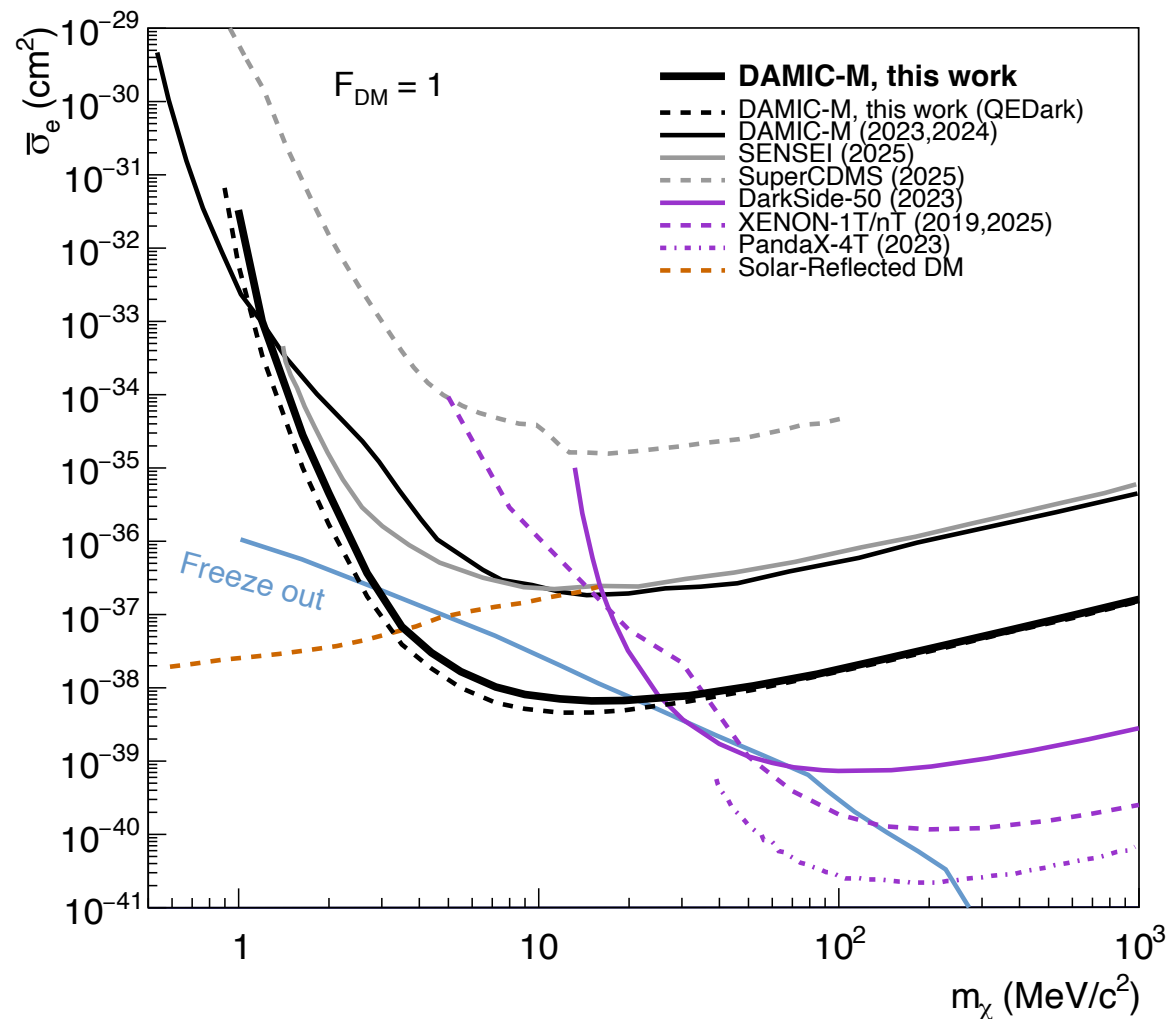
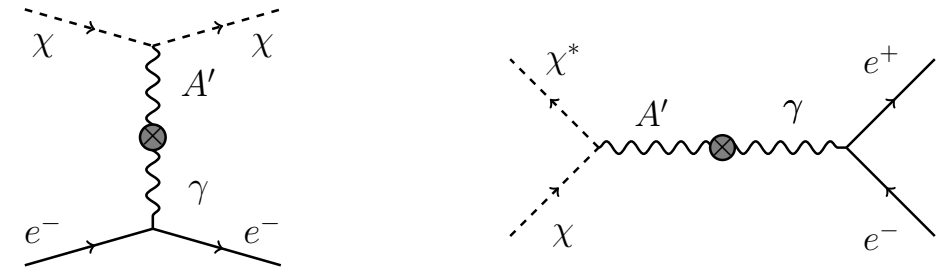
Representative model: dark QED with massive dark photon A'

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = -A'_\mu (g_D J_D^\mu + \epsilon e J_{\text{EM}}^\mu)$$

Similar models with anomaly free gauged U(1) mediators

$$B - L \quad , \quad L_i - L_j \quad , \quad B - 3L_i$$

What's left for freeze out $< \text{GeV}$?



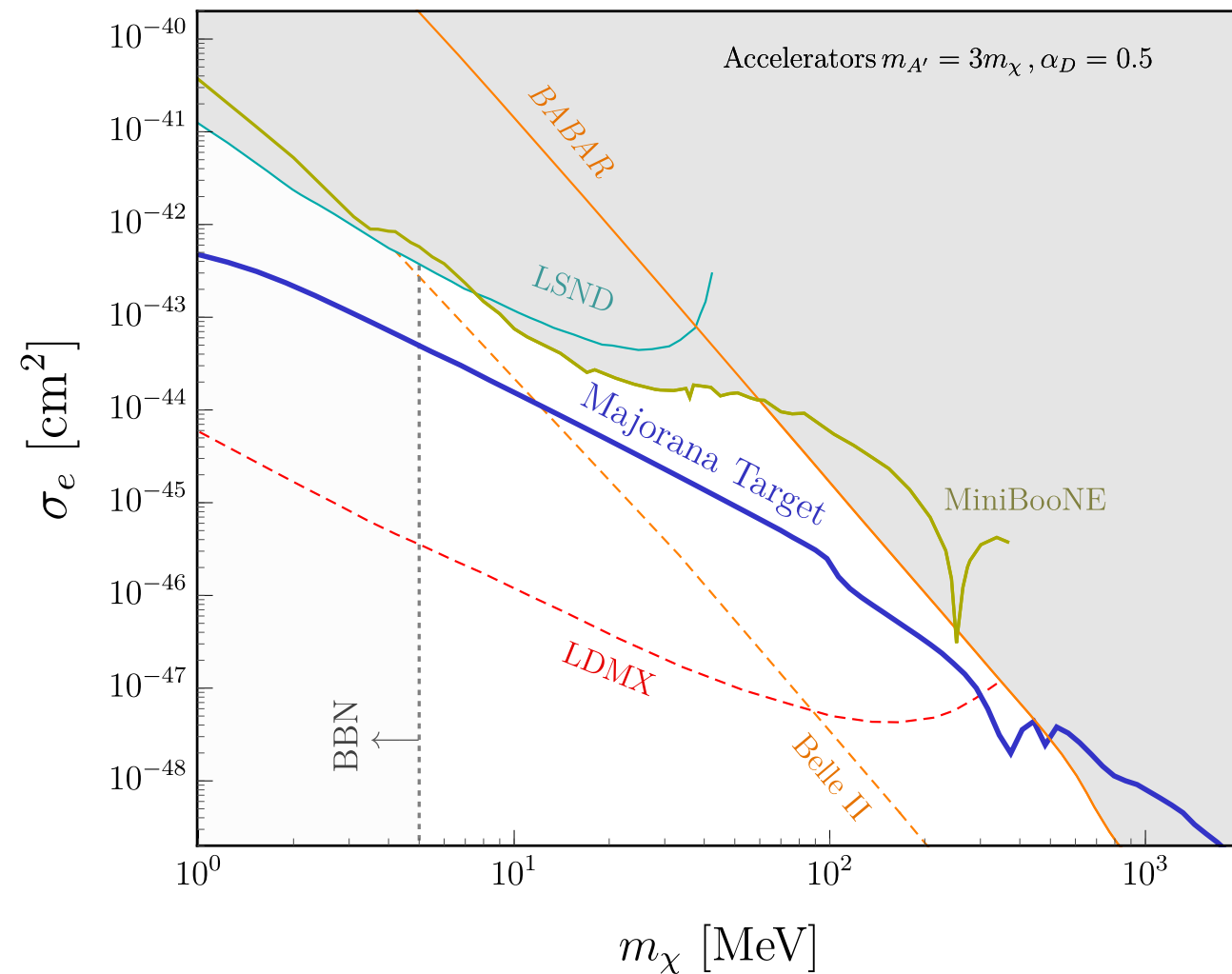
Scalar DM with vector mediator officially ruled out by Damic-M except for resonant annihilation $m_X \sim m_{A'}$ regime

What's left for freeze out < GeV?

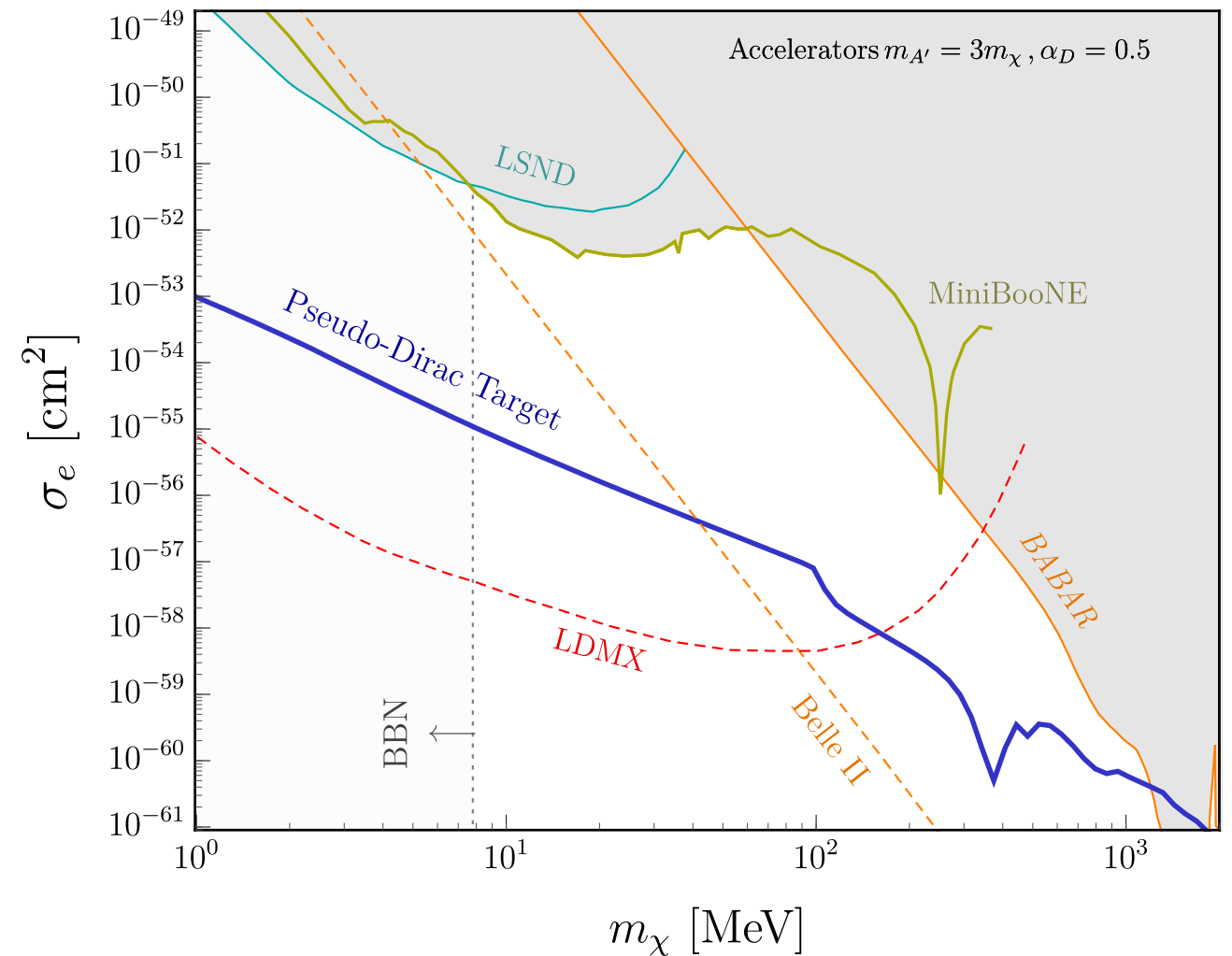
$$J_D^\mu = \frac{1}{2} \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \chi$$

$$J_D^\mu = i \bar{\chi}_1 \gamma^\mu \chi_2$$

Majorana DM, Dark Photon Mediator, Non-Resonant Freeze Out



Pseudo-Dirac DM, Dark Photon Mediator, Non-Resonant Freeze Out



Fixed-target accelerator and B-factories key to testing other DM spins
 Similar conclusions for any mediators with electron couplings (eg B-L)

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Troubling, but not obligatory

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Observed asymmetry $\eta = \frac{n_B - n_{\bar{B}}}{n_\gamma} = 6.1 \times 10^{-10}$

Hard to explain as an initial condition (inflation dilutes)

$$n_B(t_f) = n_B(t_i) e^{-180}$$

Sakharov conditions (1967)

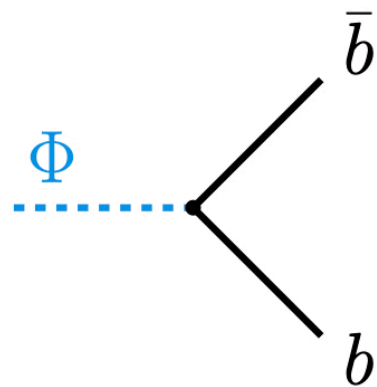
B violation, C & CP violation, universe out of equilibrium

Many candidates (GUT baryogenesis, leptogenesis...)

Typically very heavy particles, hard to test!

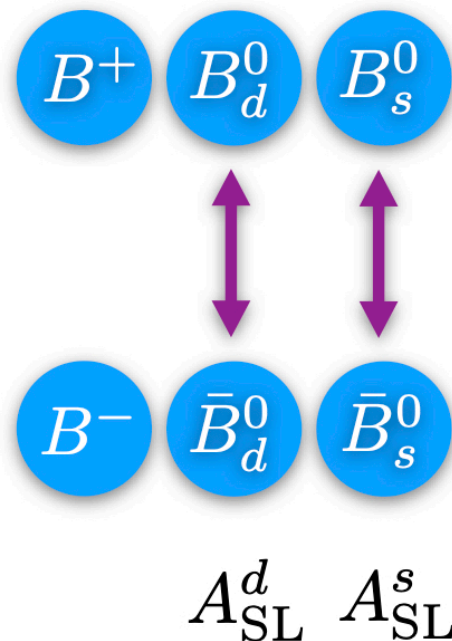
Baryogenesis and Dark Matter from B Mesons: *B-Mesogenesis*

Out of equilibrium
late time decay

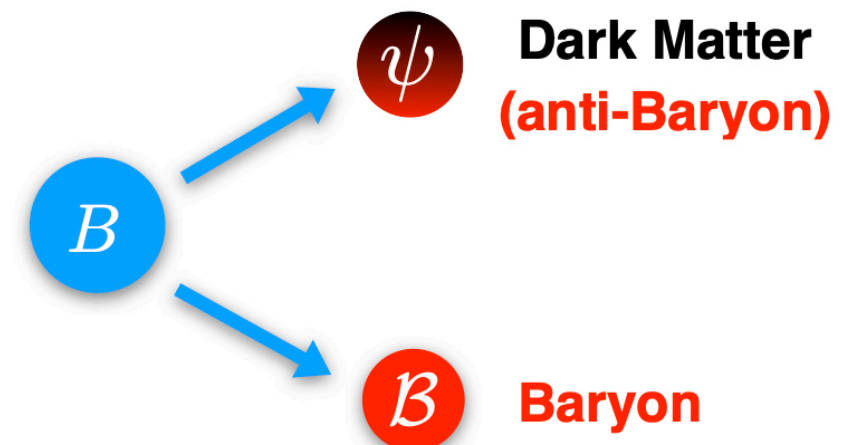


$$T_R \sim 15 \text{ MeV}$$

CP violating oscillations

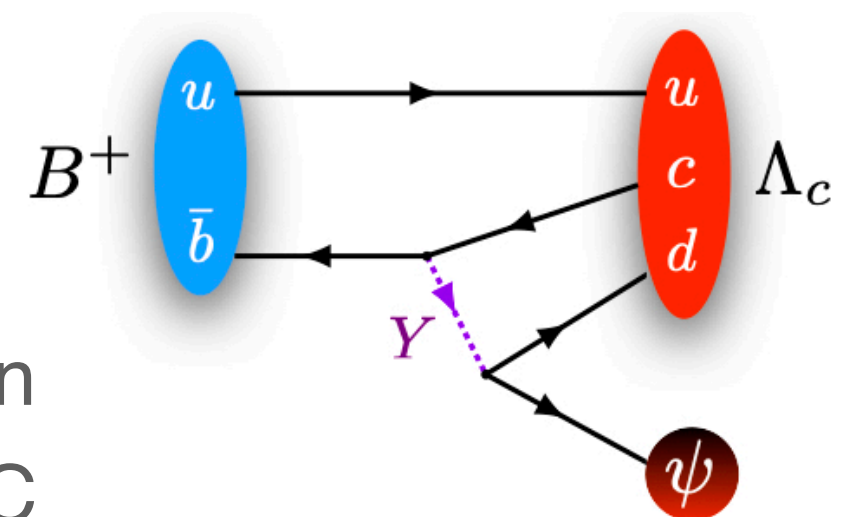


B-mesons decay into
Dark Matter and hadrons



$$\text{Br}(B \rightarrow \psi + \mathcal{B} + \mathcal{M})$$

Low scale baryogenesis
Universe reheats to MeV scale
B mesons oscillate/decay before thermalization
Predict DM and hadrons in rare decays @ LHC



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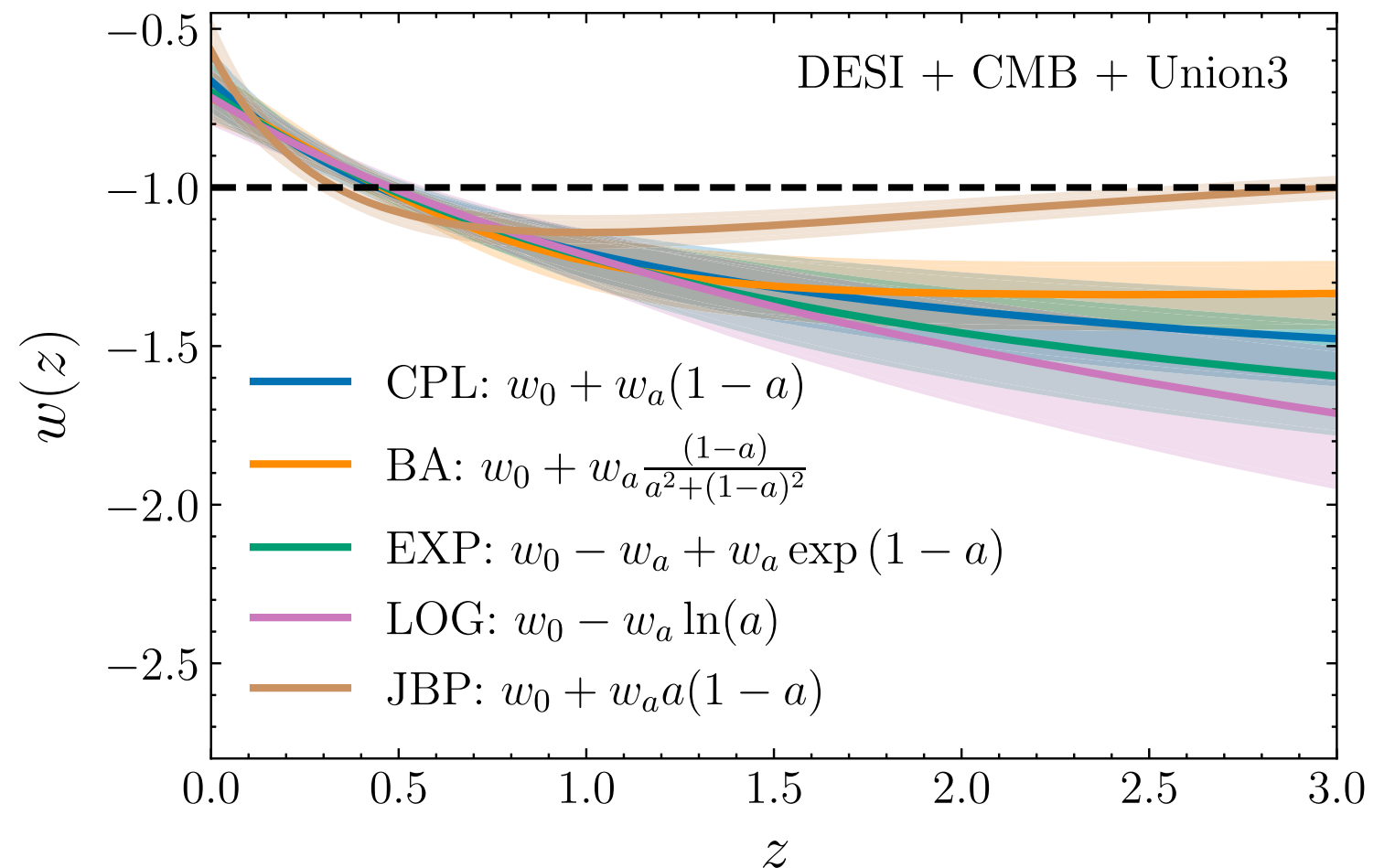
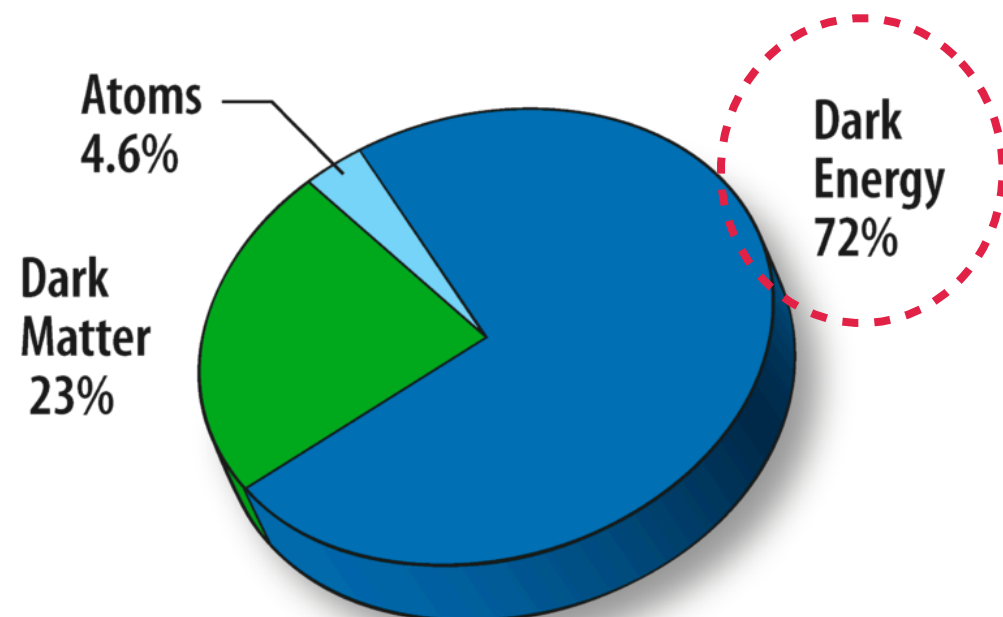
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What is dark energy?



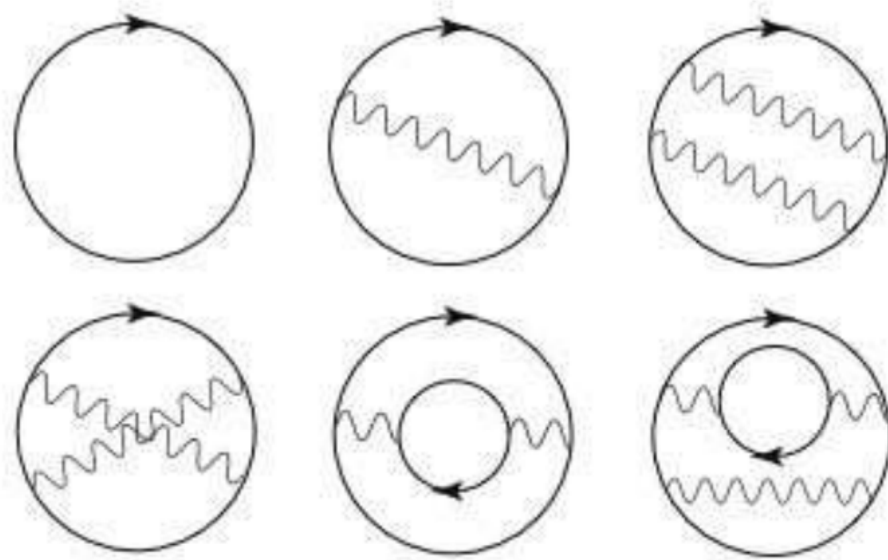
Is it an evolving fluid as suggested by interpretation of DESI data?
If so, it's very exciting! ... and makes the CC problem even worse

See Plenary: Ali Rida Khalife

Why is the Cosmological Constant tiny?

Observed CC is tiny
but everything gravitates

$$\Lambda_{\text{obs}} \sim \text{meV}$$



Zero point energies

$$\Rightarrow \Lambda \sim M_{\text{Pl}}$$

EW and QCD phase transitions add to CC $\Lambda \sim v, \Lambda_{\text{qcd}}$

Tune unrelated classical contribution to cancel all of these

$$(M_{\text{Pl}} + v + \Lambda_{\text{qcd}}) - \Lambda_{\text{classical}} \approx \text{meV}$$

Anthropics? Weinberg (1987)

Only known “solution”



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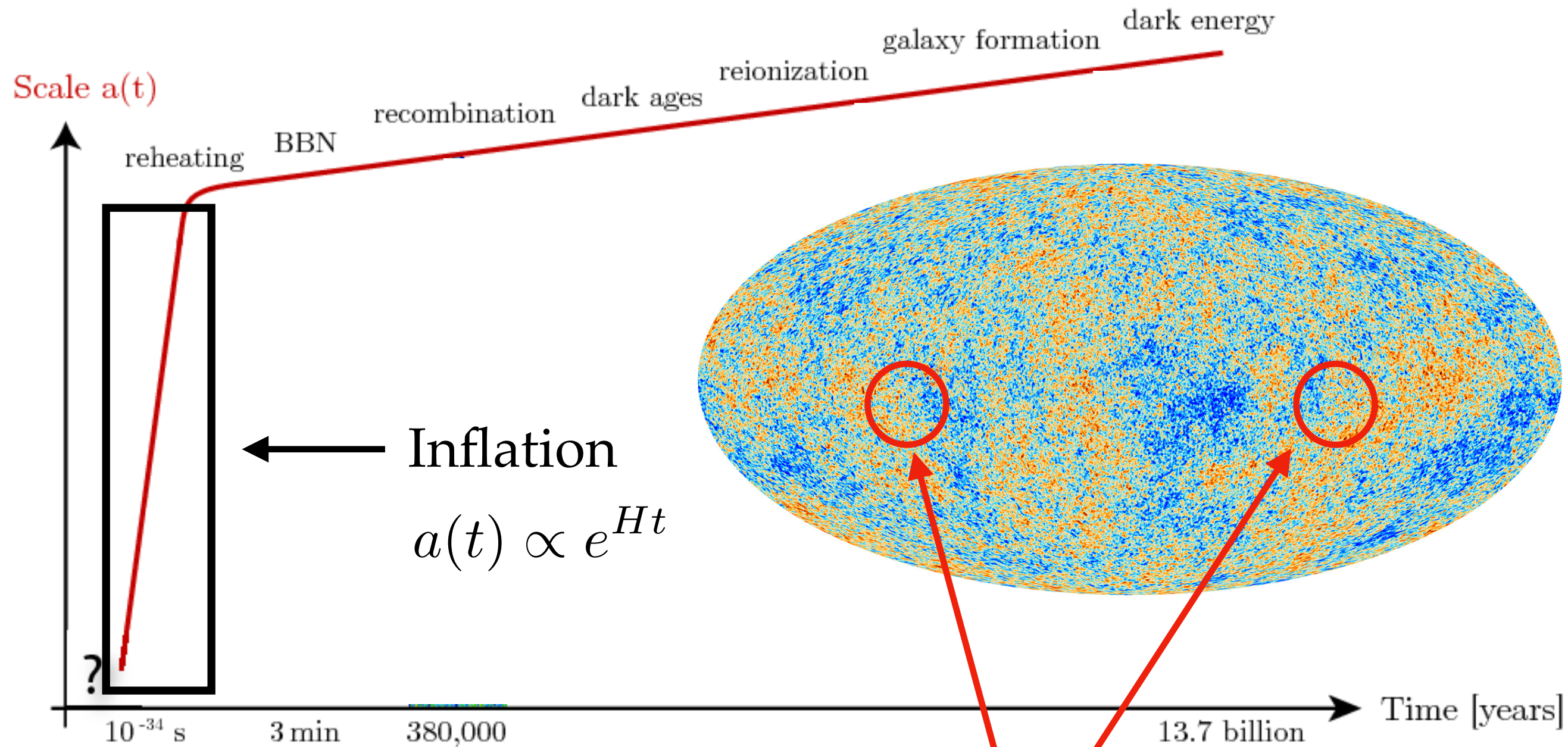
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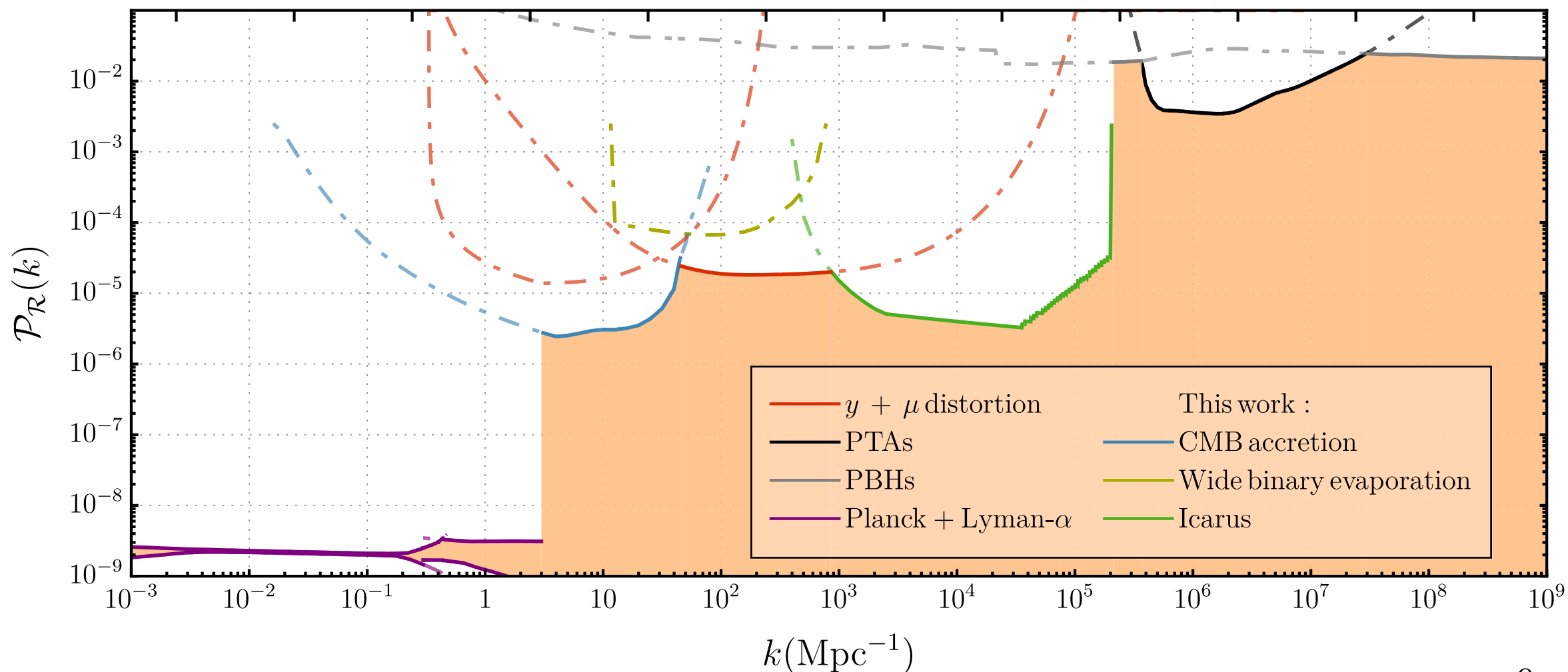
What is the physics of inflation?



CMB naively contains causally disconnected patches on ~ 2 degree angular scales

What sets the initial conditions?

Bringmann, Croon, Munoz 2506.20704



$$P_{\mathcal{R}} = A_s \left(\frac{k}{k_*} \right)^{n_s - 1}$$

$$A_s = (2.10 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-9}$$

$$n_s = 0.9649 \pm 0.0042$$

$$k_* = 0.05 \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$$

Primordial inputs to Boltzmann equations for CMB and LSS

What is the physics of inflation?

Scalar with $\sim$ flat potential drives exponential expansion

Solves many problems

Monopole problem

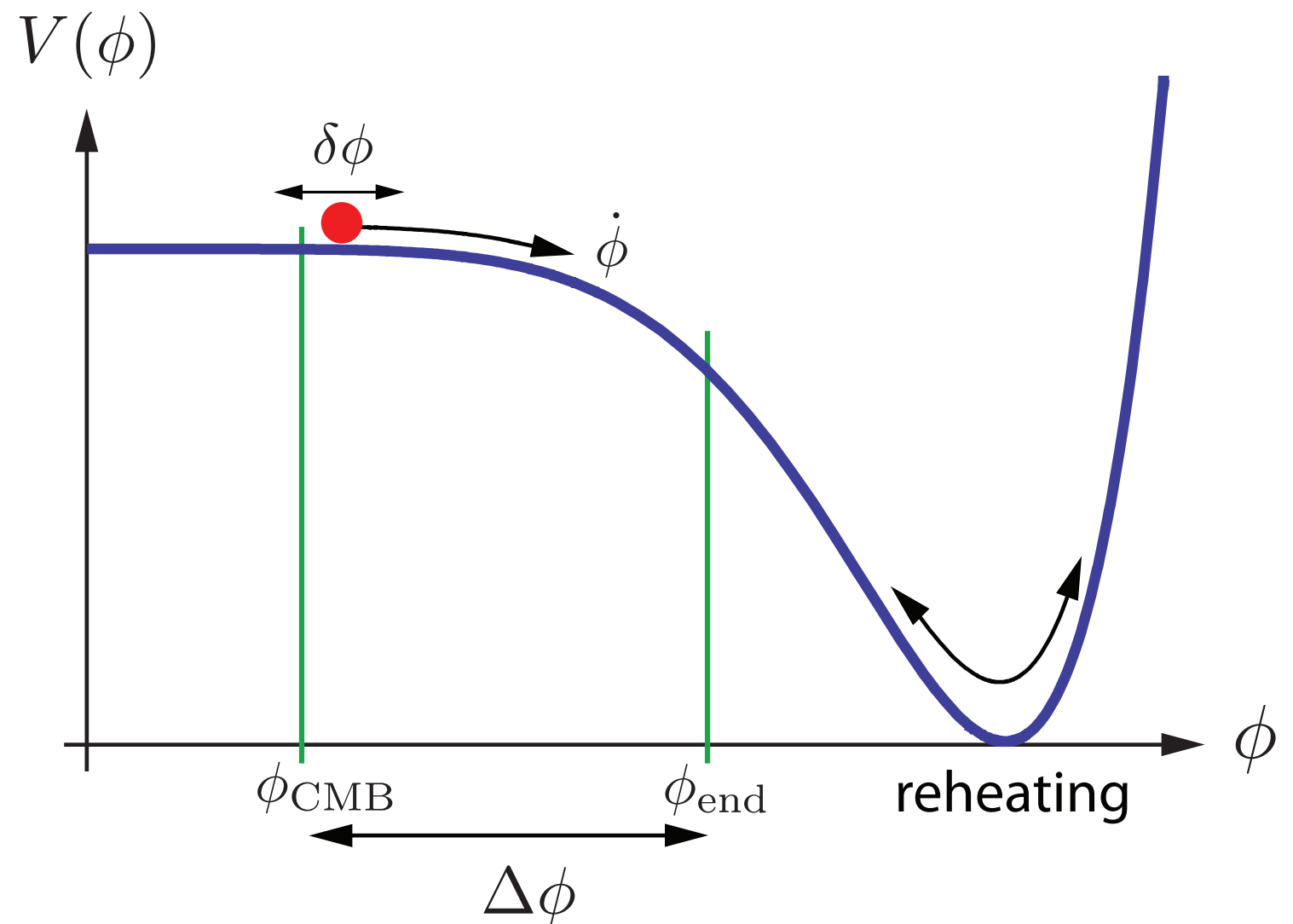
Horizon problem

Flatness problem

Sets initial conditions

Inflaton fluctuations

$\delta\phi \rightarrow \text{CMB, LSS}$



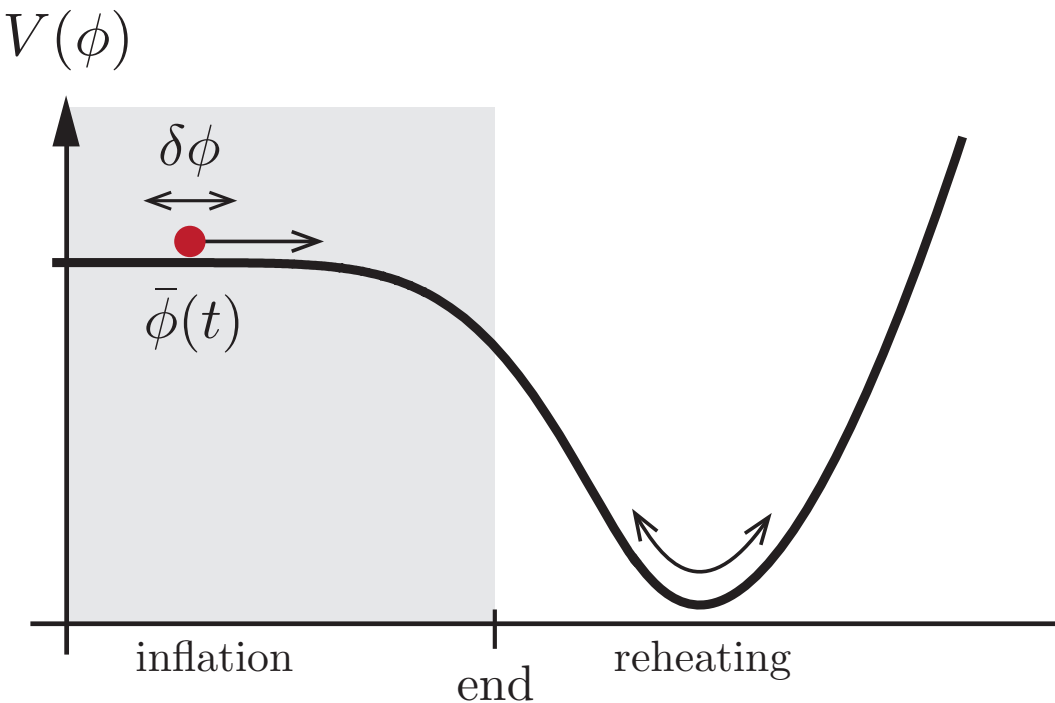
What is the physics of inflation?

“Slow roll” parameters

$$\varepsilon \equiv \frac{M_{\text{Pl}}^2}{2} \left(\frac{V'}{V} \right)^2 \quad \eta \equiv \frac{M_{\text{Pl}}^2}{2} \left(\frac{V''}{V} \right)$$

Scalar modes measured with CMB/LSS

$$\mathcal{P}_\zeta = \frac{1}{8\pi^2 \varepsilon} \frac{H_i^2}{M_{\text{Pl}}^2} = A_s \left(\frac{k}{k_*} \right)^{n_s - 1}$$



$$A_s = (2.10 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-9}$$

$$n_s = 0.9649 \pm 0.0042$$

$$k_* = 0.05 \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$$

Planck 2018

Upper limit on tensor modes

$$\mathcal{P}_h = \frac{2}{\pi^2} \frac{H_i^2}{M_{\text{Pl}}^2} = A_t \left(\frac{k}{k_*} \right)^{n_t}$$

$$r \equiv \frac{A_t}{A_s} < 0.036 \pm 0.009$$

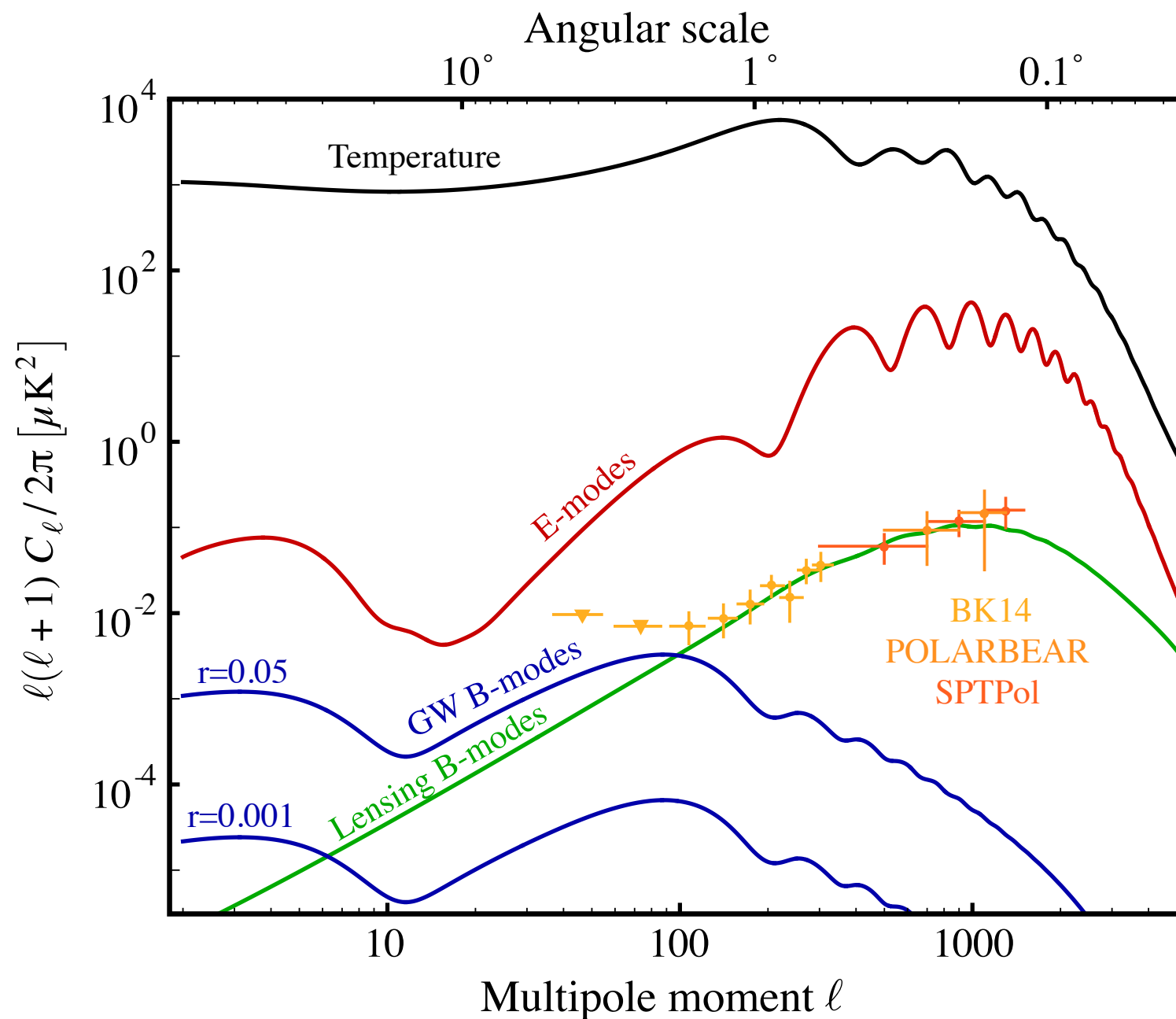
$$n_t = -r/8$$

Both nearly scale invariant $n_t \sim n_s - 1 \sim 0$

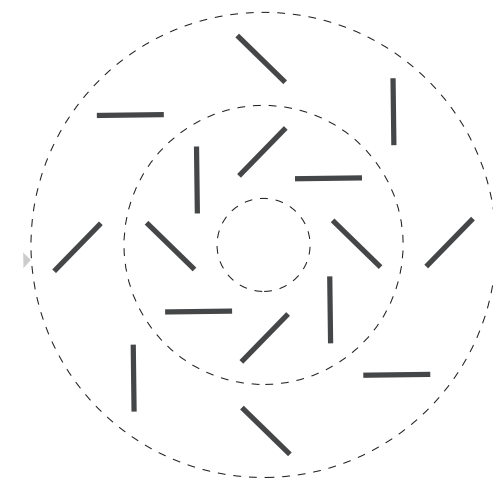
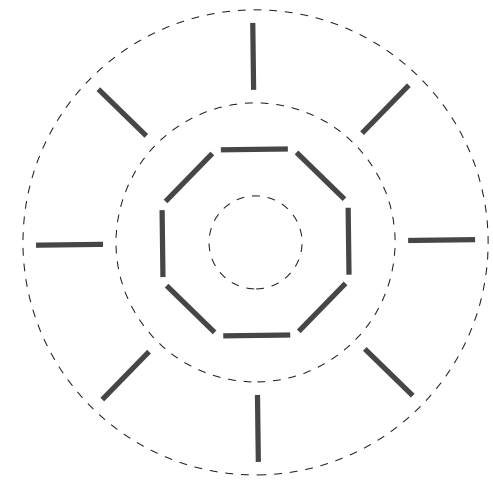
BICEP/Keck 2022

What is the physics of inflation?

Tensor perturbations source GW & CMB B-mode polarization



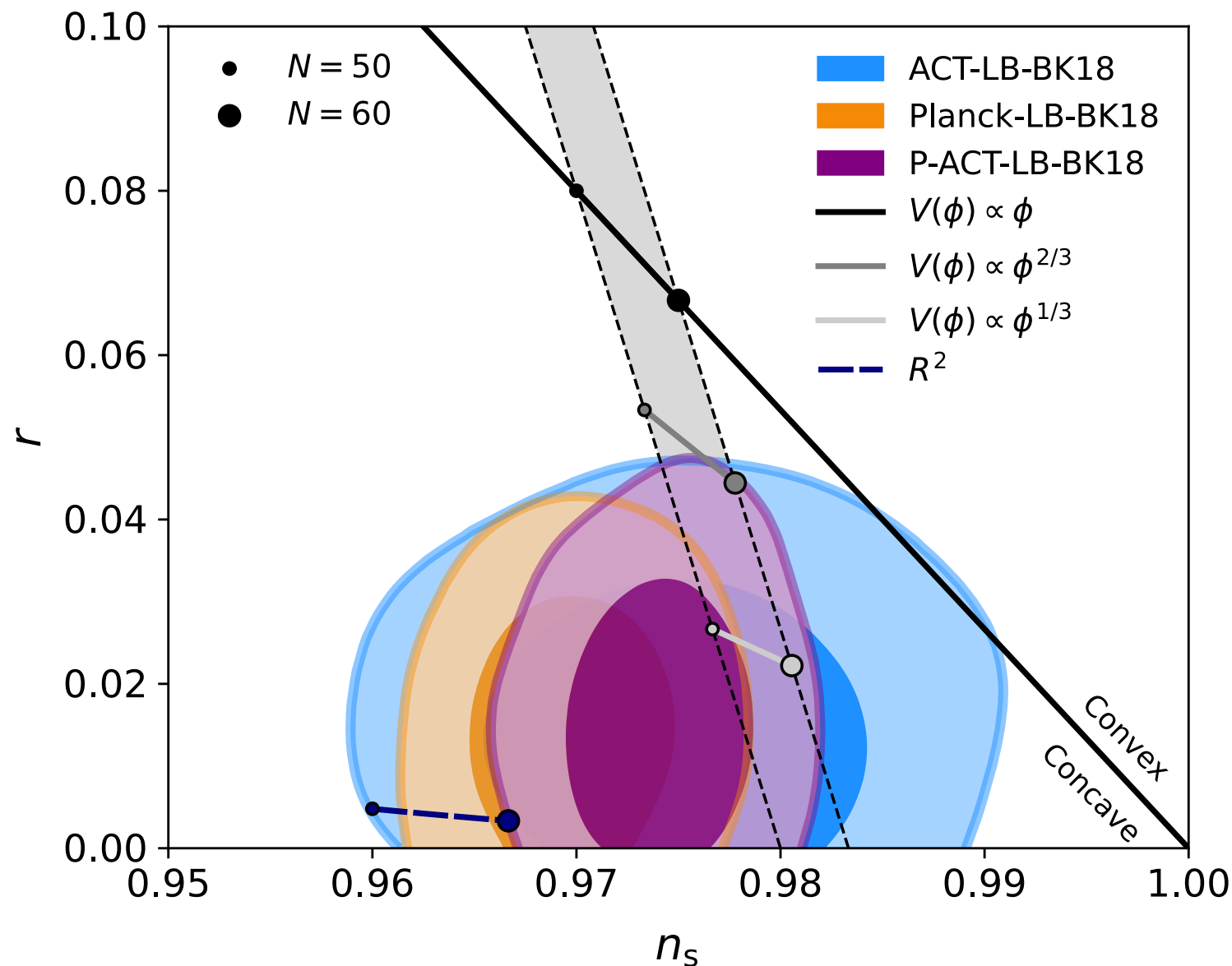
E-modes



B-modes

What is the physics of inflation?

What is the shape of the inflation potential?



tensor/scalar ratio (proxy for energy scale of inflation)

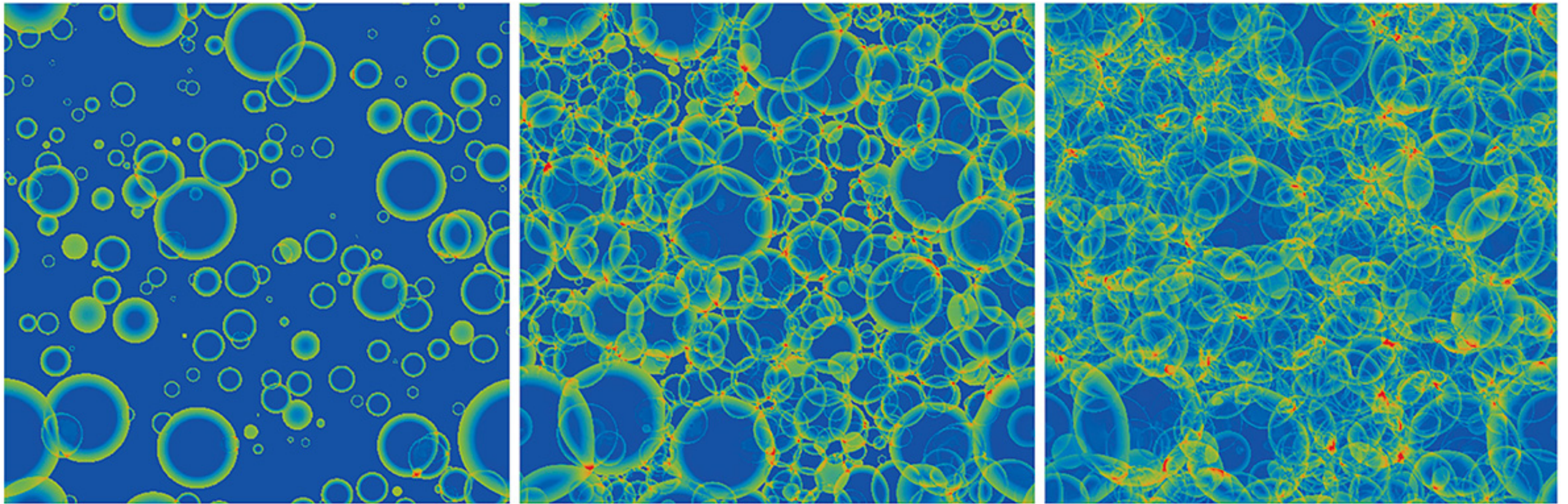
$$r = \frac{A_T}{A_s}$$

“Tensor fluctuations are a prime target for future observations of the cosmic microwave background, because if detected they can provide a **conclusive verification of the theory of inflation** and a unique tool for exploring the details of this theory”

— Flauger & Weinberg

Is inflation the only possible source of B-modes?

B-modes from late-time phase transitions



Need a new subdominant hidden sector
Electroweak PT, QCD PT not first order

See Chiara Caprini's plenary

First order phase transition

Proceeds through bubble nucleation

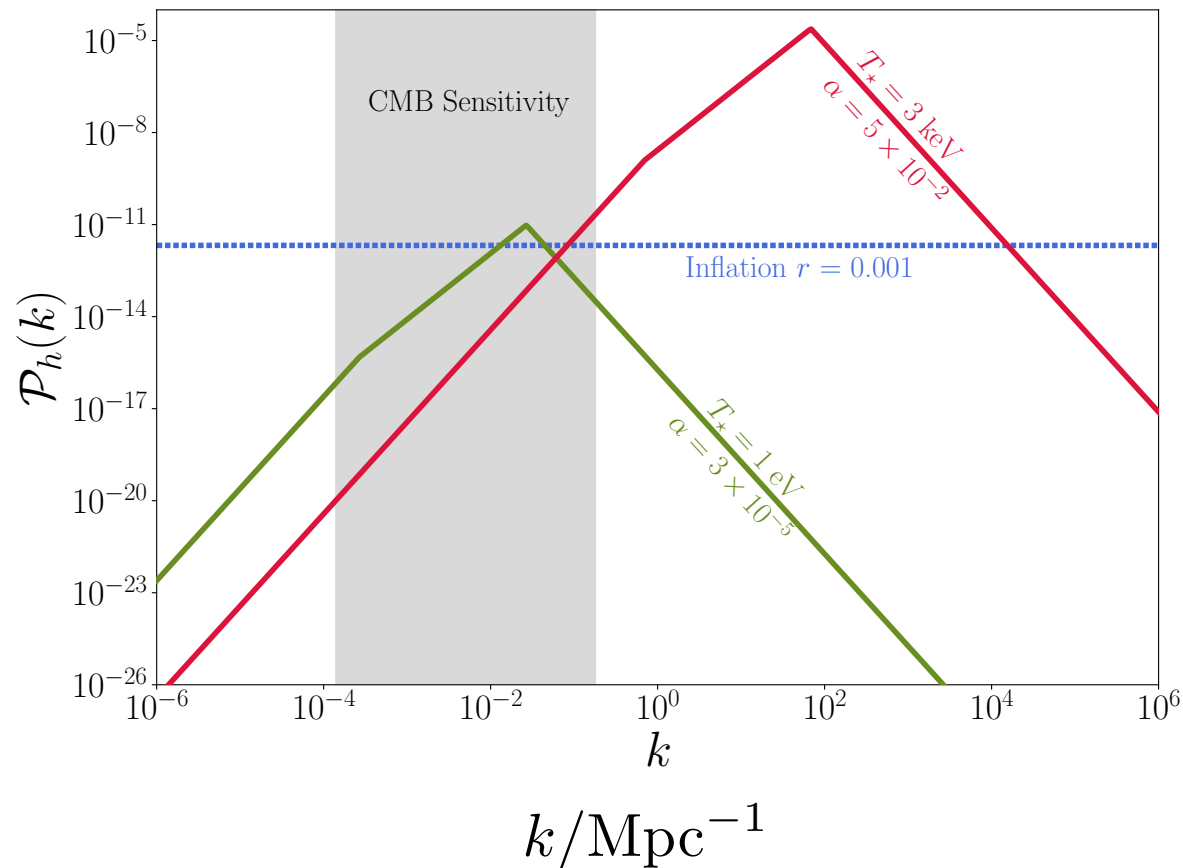
GW from bubble collisions, sound waves, turbulence...

Characteristic parameters

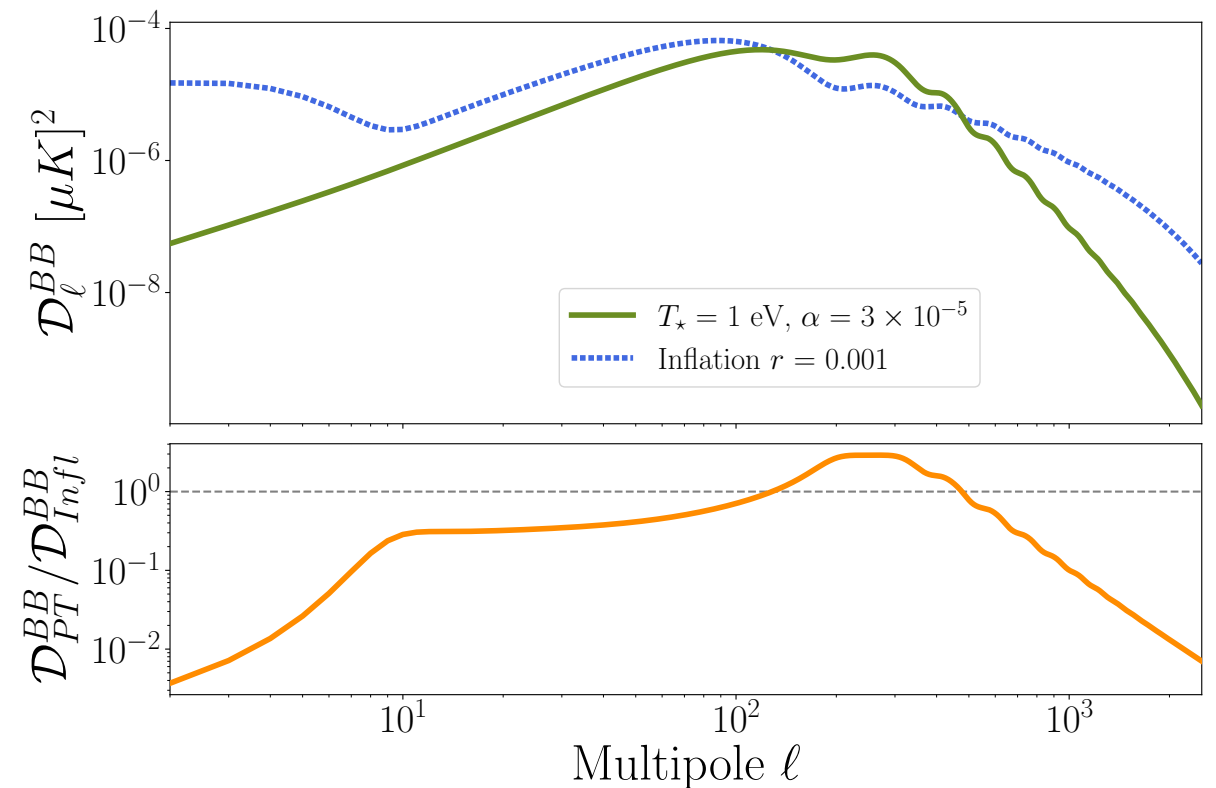
$$T_* = \text{temp of PT} \quad \beta^{-1} = \text{duration} \quad \alpha = \frac{\rho_{\text{bsm}}}{\rho_{\text{rad}}} \quad \kappa = \text{GW efficiency}$$

B-modes from late-time phase transitions

Tensor power spectrum



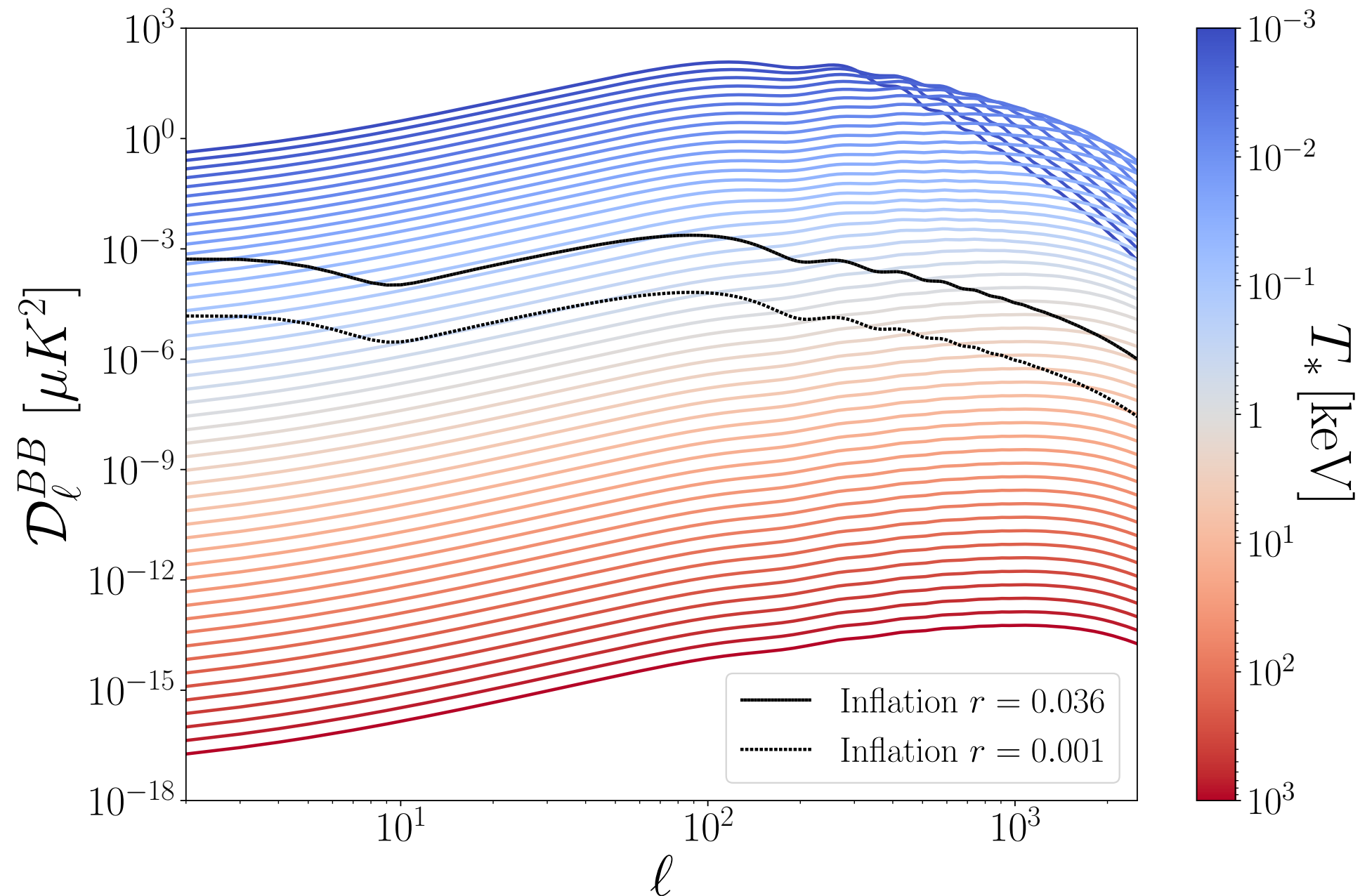
B-mode angular spectrum



$$\mathcal{D}_\ell^{BB} = 18T_0^2 \int_0^\infty \frac{dk}{k} \mathcal{P}_h(k) F_\ell(k)$$

PTs can compete with inflationary predictions for viable inputs
 Discovery at a single multipole is not “smoking gun” for inflation

B-modes from late-time phase transitions



Shape enhanced over inflation on small scales, suppression on large
No “reionization bump” for phase transitions or other “causal sources”

Summary

Obligatory “in your face” problems

Dark Matter, Baryogenesis, Density Perturbations, Neutrino Masses

Nature knows the answers, but we don't

SM puzzles begging for a deeper explanation

Hierarchy Problem, Cosmological Constant, Flavor, Inflation

Tensions in data may indicate new physics

H0 tension, DESI, Galactic Center Excess, B-decay anomalies

New probes on various scales essential for future progress

Accelerators: future colliders, *B*-factories, fixed-targets

Strong complementarity with cosmic and astrophysical probes

This is an era of broader priors — must cast a wide net!

Thanks!