

From Ground to Space: the JEM-EUSO program for UHECRs and Astrophysical Neutrinos



Valentina Scotti for the JEM-EUSO Collaboration

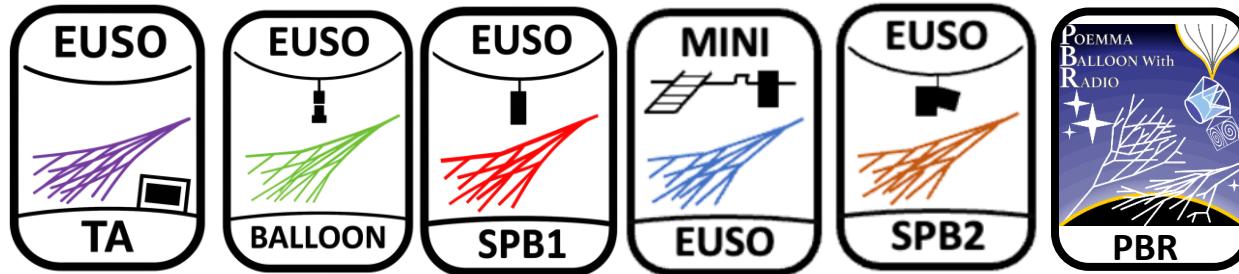
Università degli Studi di Napoli Federico II
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The JEM-EUSO international collaboration

Joint Experiment Mission for Extreme Universe Space Observatory

The JEM-EUSO Program in 2025



- 12 countries
- 160 scientists
- supported by the major space agencies

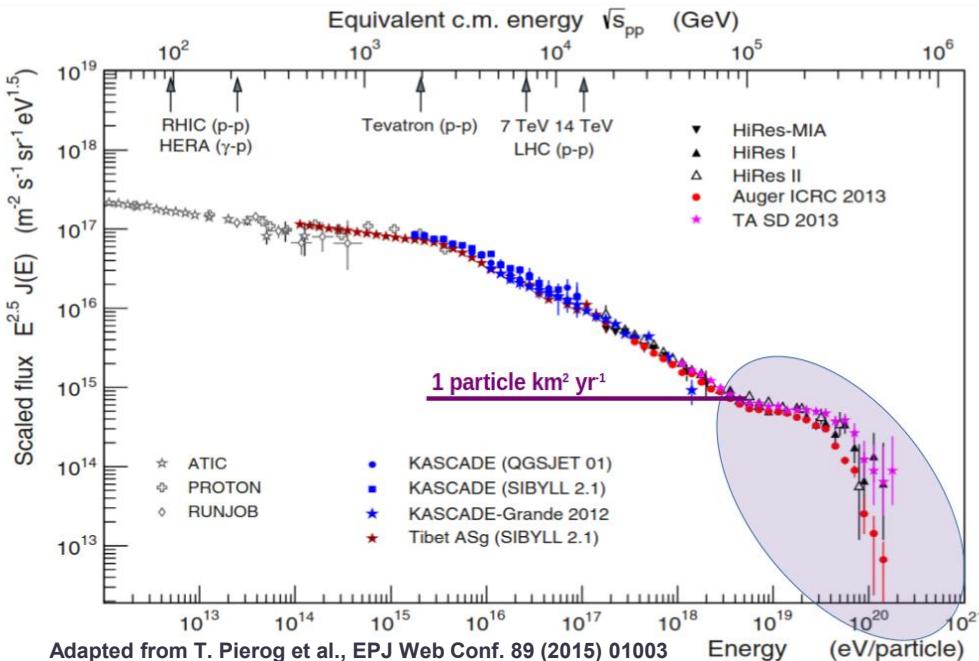


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Astronomy and Astrophysics through the particle channel: Ultra-High-Energy Messengers



Ultra-High Energy Cosmic Rays: $E > 5 \times 10^{18} eV$

- Extremely low flux: < 1 event/km²year
- Ground observatories (Auger, TA): only a few detections per year → limited statistics and hemisphere bias

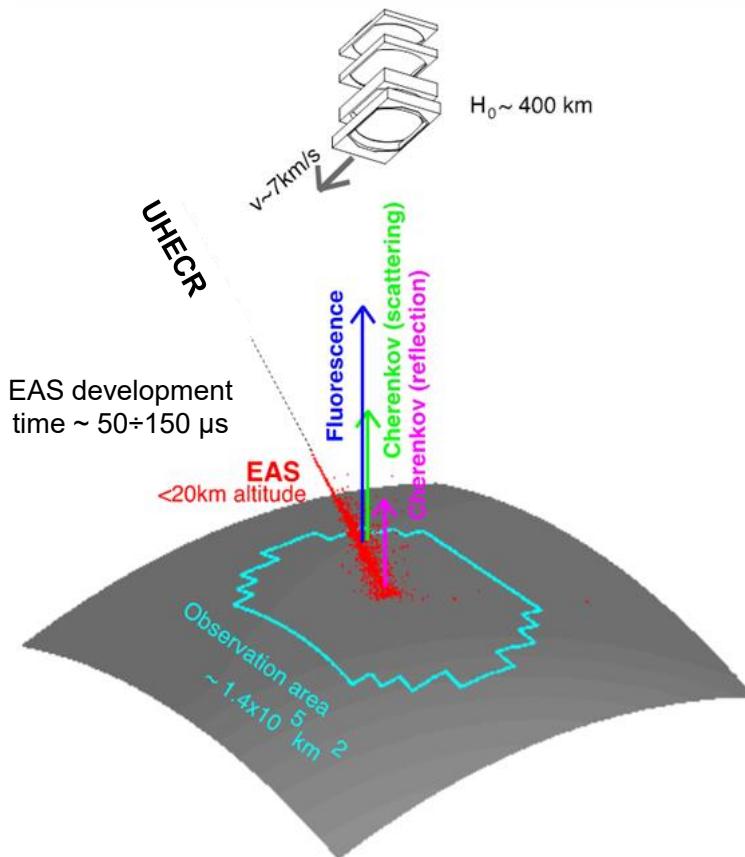
Plenary talk by
J. Alvarez-Muñiz

Observing from orbit: J. Linsley 1980

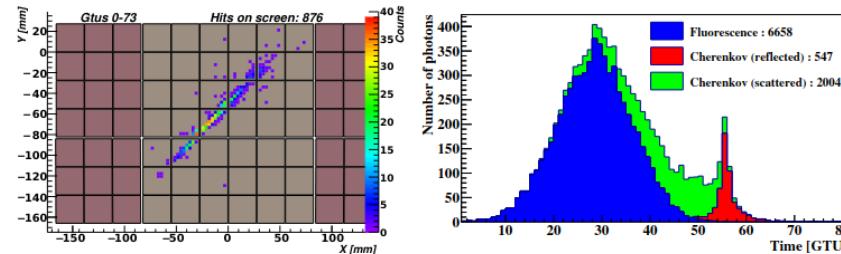
- Vastly increased exposure: $\geq 3 \times 10^4 \text{ km}^2 \cdot \text{sr}$
- Near-uniform, full-sky coverage
- Monitor the Earth's limb for PeV ÷ EeV ν_τ

A space observatory can turn century-scale statistics into year-scale data, enabling spectrum, anisotropy and source correlation at the highest energies

Observational principle of the fluorescence camera



Observe from space transient luminous phenomena occurring in the Earth's atmosphere: fluorescence and Cherenkov UV photons generated by Extensive Air Showers created by UHECR

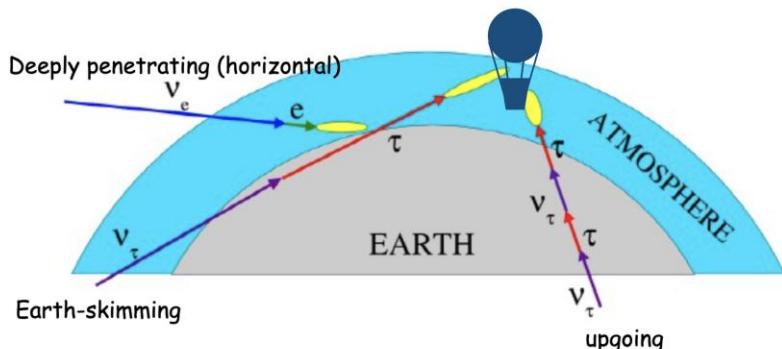


Fluorescence Camera

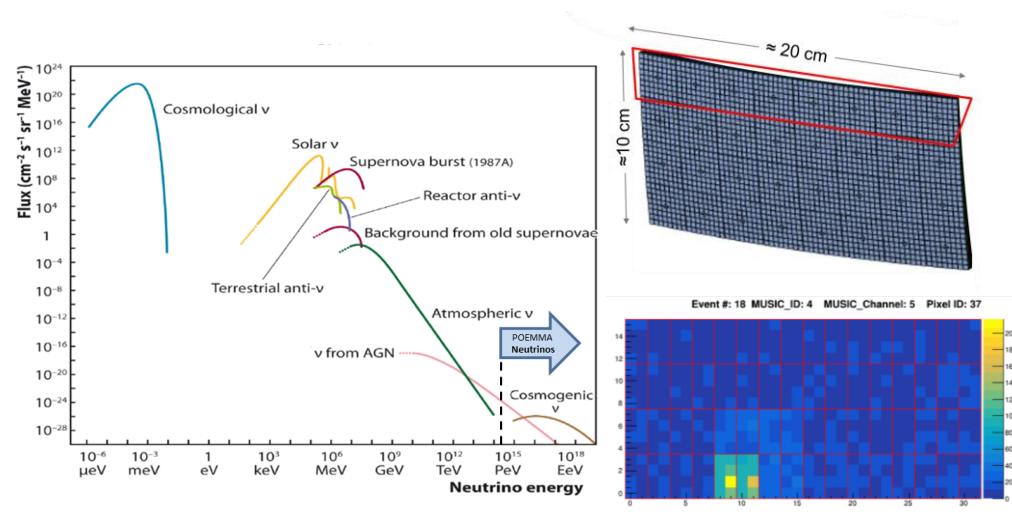
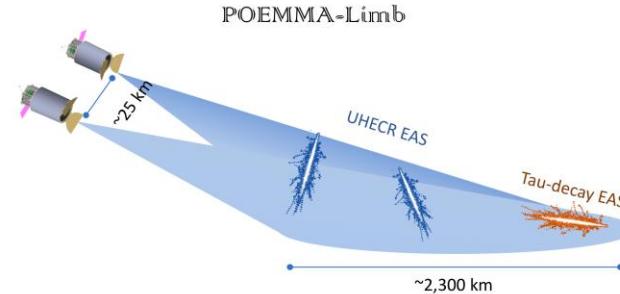
- Photo-Detection Module (PDM):
36 64-pixel MAPMT
- single photoelectron counting
- μs time unit, 1 event = 128 time units

Wavelength Sensitivity	UV 300 - 420 nm (BG3 filter)
Pointing (zenith angle)	Down (nadir)
Number of Pixels per PDM	$36 \text{ MAPMT} \times 64 = 2304$

Recent addition: the Cherenkov camera



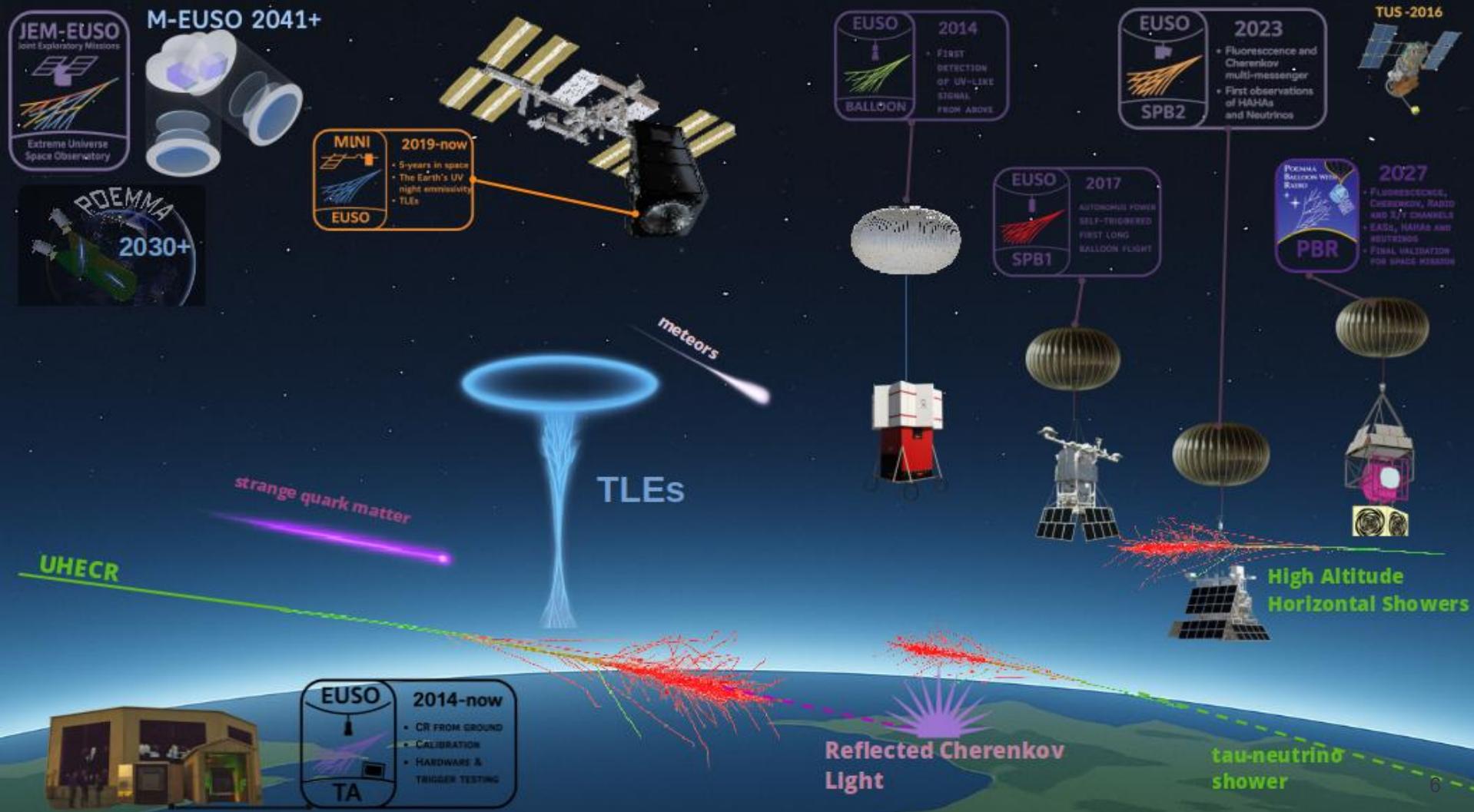
Observe from space transient luminous phenomena occurring in the Earth's atmosphere: Cherenkov photons generated by CR or neutrinos



Cherenkov Camera

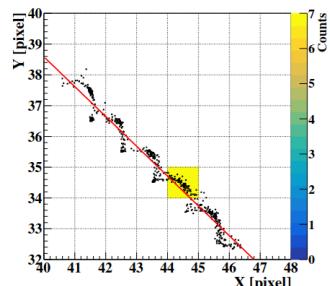
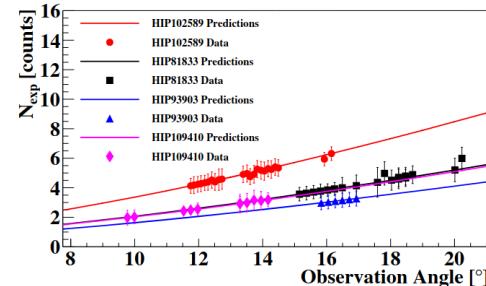
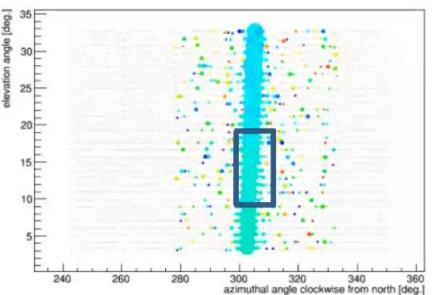
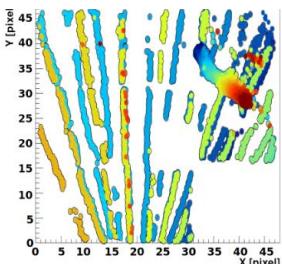
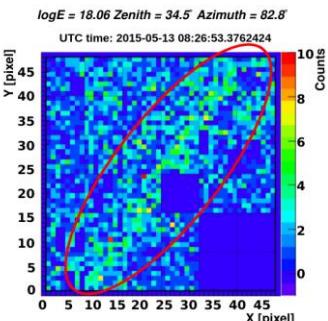
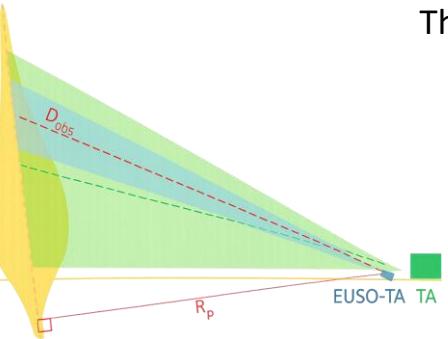
- 64-pixel-SiPM arrays (S13361-3050NE-08)
- Bifocal for background reduction
- Sampling time of 5/10 ns

Wavelength Sensitivity	320-900 nm
Pointing (zenith angle)	Tilted (limb)
Number of Pixels per PDM	8 arrays \times 64 = 512



EUSO-TA: a ground testbed since 2014

Thanks to the **Telescope Array Collaboration**



- ✓ Ground-based observations of UHECRs
- ✓ Test individual detector components
- Installed in 2014, observations from 2015 to 2022 (9 UHECRs)
- Currently being upgraded
- 1 PDM: 36 MAPMTs, 2304 pixels
- Fresnel lenses: $2 \times 1 \text{ m}^2$
- FoV: 10.5° , $2.1 \times 2.1 \text{ km}^2$ at 3 km
- Observations in parallel with TA

Stratospheric balloons: EUSO-Balloon (2014)



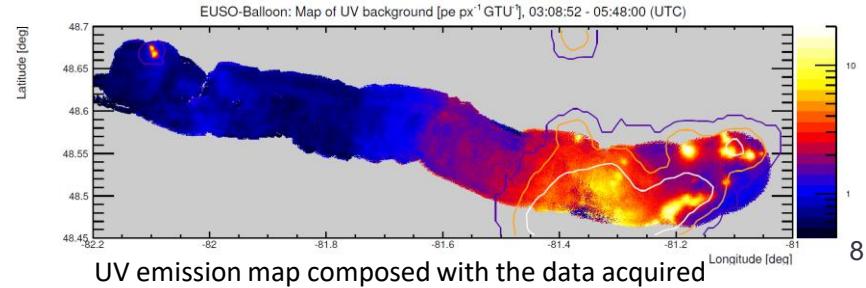
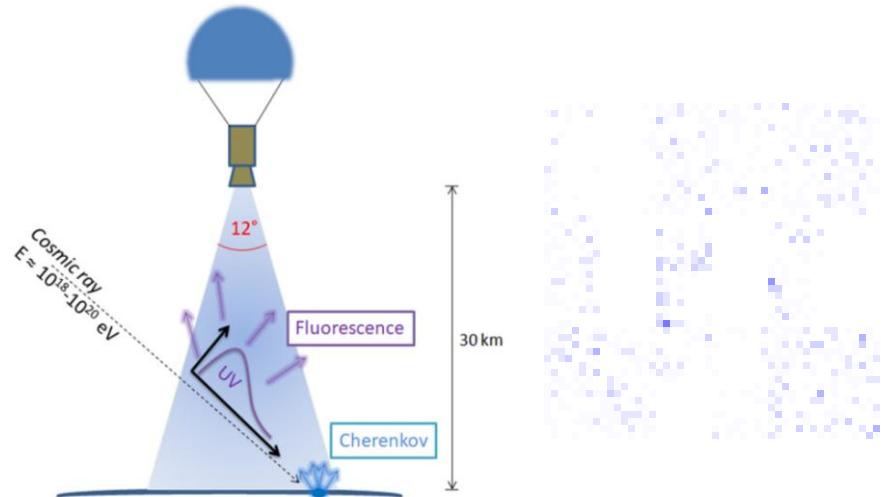
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=64C9DxmE0sY>



Technology demonstrator: 1-night flight from Timmins (Canada)

- 1 PDM pointing downward
- Validated detector, optics & trigger at 38 km (3 mbar)

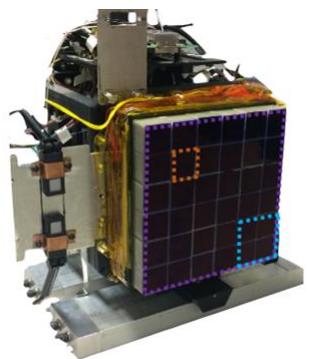
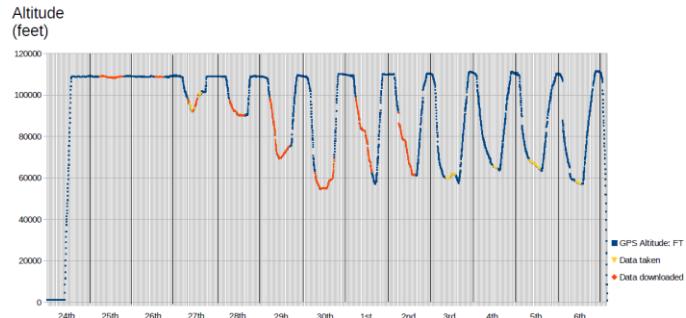
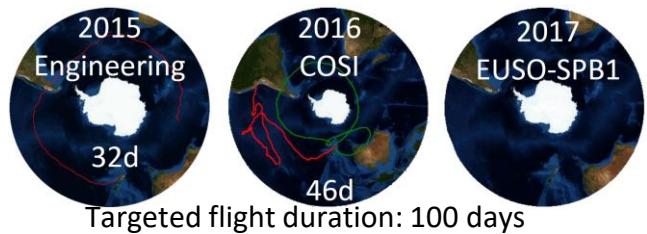
- ✓ UV emissivity w/ or w/o cloud
- ✓ UV / IR anti-correlation (expected)
- ✓ EAS-like laser events reconstruction
- ✓ Serendipitous flash source detection



Stratospheric balloons: EUSO-SPB1 (2017)



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BfvMS76whEU>

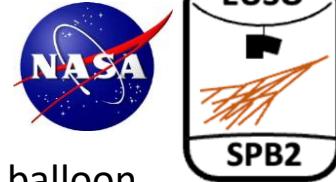


NASA mission of opportunity from Wanaka, NZ

- 1 PDM, looking downward
- 12 days: 25 hours of scientific data downloaded
- Proved long-duration power and communications systems

- ✗ Fluorescence signals from EAS
- ✓ Measurement of UV emissions over the ocean and cloud cover
- ✓ Search for fast, pulse-like UV signatures from other sources

Stratospheric balloons: EUSO-SPB2 (2023)



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cbghe-vWizc>

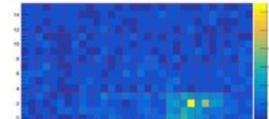
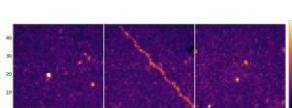
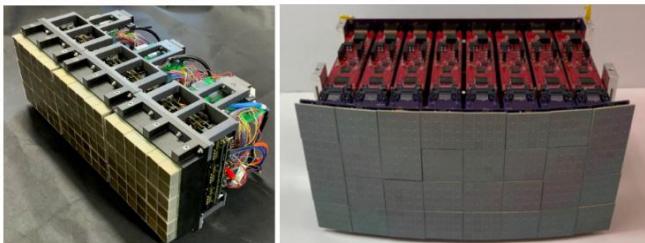
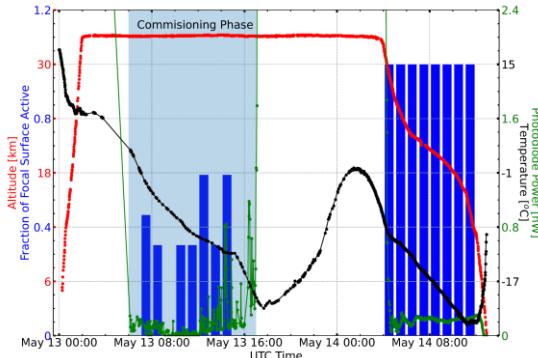
NASA SPB, Wanaka, NZ

- Flight terminated after 1.5 days due to a leak in the balloon

Two 1m-diameter telescopes:

- **Fluorescence**: 3 PDM pointing downward
- **Cherenkov**: bi-focal Schmidt optics, 512 pixel, pointing at the limb

- ✓ 120k fluorescence and 32k Cherenkov triggers
- ✓ First upward-shower ν_τ search, a few PeV candidates
- ✓ All the instruments worked as expected, but not enough time to accomplish the main science goals



POEMMA Balloon with Radio: a multi-detector approach

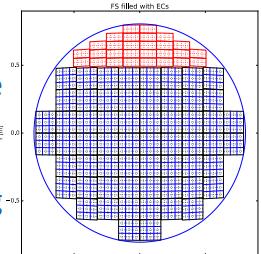
See R. Caruso
talk later



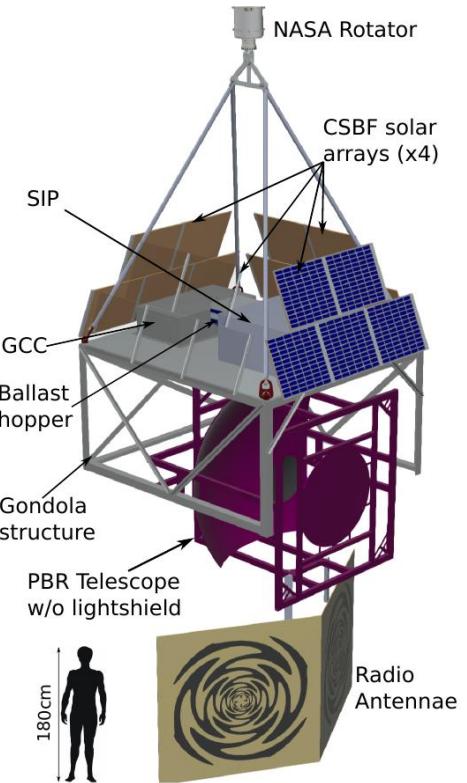
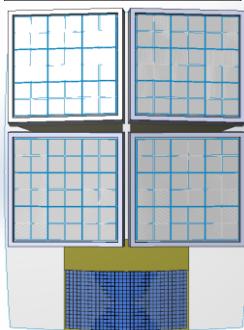
Probe Of Extreme Multi-
Messenger Astrophysics



UV
Fluorescence
with
MAPMTs
1 μ s sampling



Cherenkov
with SiPMs
10 ns
sampling



Pointing:

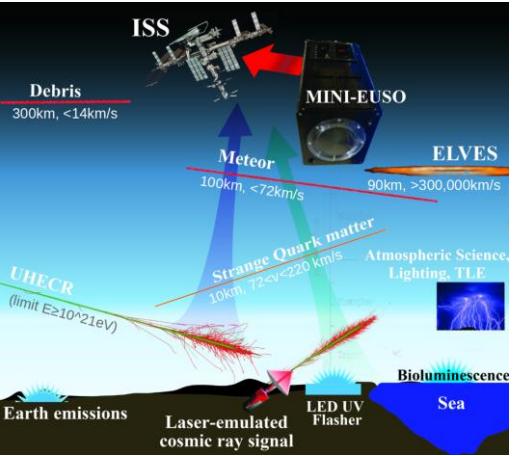
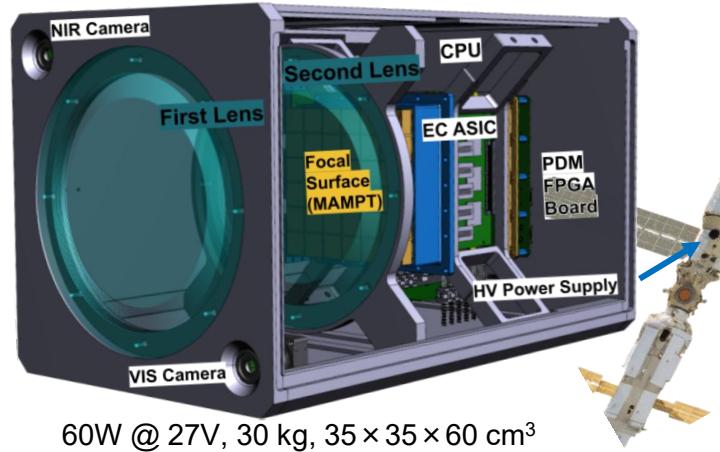
- 360° in azimuth
- -90°/+13° in zenith

Planned launch in **2027** from Wanaka, NZ

- 1.1 m-diameter Schmidt optic telescope with **hybrid focal surface**: fluorescence and Cherenkov
- Low-frequency radio instrument
- X-ray/gamma detectors

- UHECRs from sub-orbital altitude
- High-Altitude Horizontal Showers
- Search for astrophysical ν from Target-of-Opportunity events
- First combined observation of optical Cherenkov and radio signal

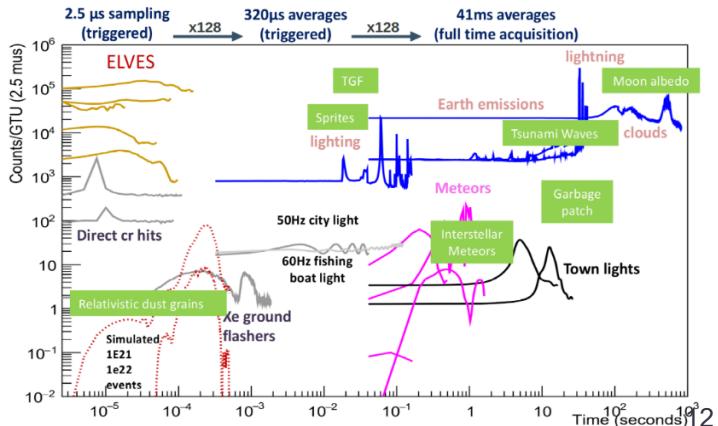
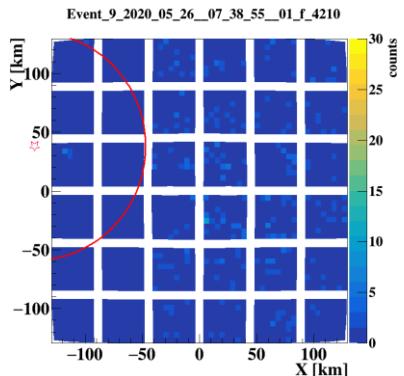
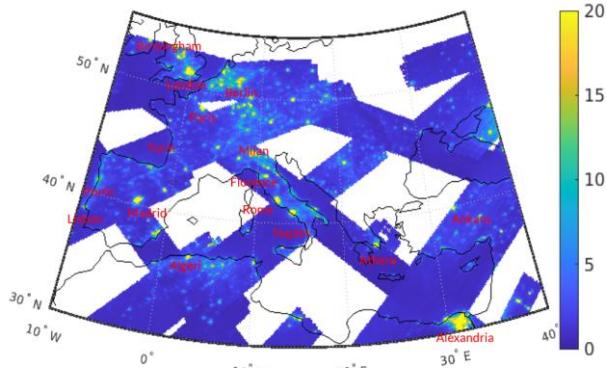
Mini-EUSO: on the ISS since 2019



Multi-purpose instrument,
150+ data-taking sessions:

- ✓ End-to-end calibration from ground
- ✓ UV maps
- ✓ TLEs: elves and halos
- ✓ Meteors

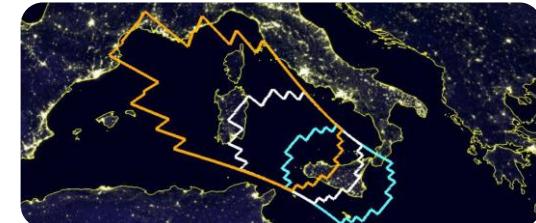
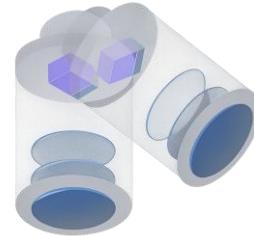
60W @ 27V, 30 kg, 35 x 35 x 60 cm³



Multimessenger-EUSO: a study for a LEO Satellite

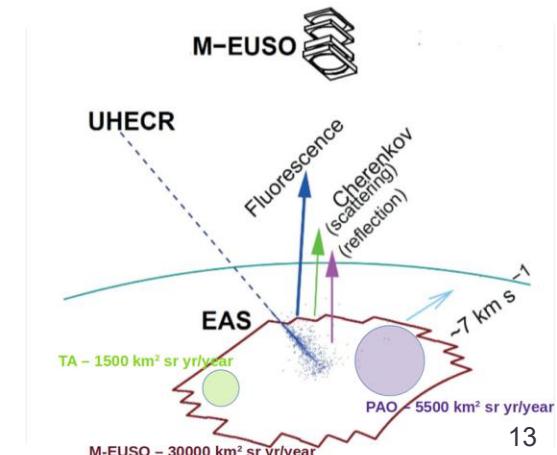
Satellite free-flyer instrument

- Double Fresnel lens \varnothing 2.3 m, FoV $40^\circ \times 40^\circ$, $0.12^\circ/\text{px}$
- Hybrid Focal Surface:
 - Fluorescence: 49 PDM: 10^5 pixels, $2.5\ \mu\text{s}/320\ \mu\text{s}/40\ \text{ms}$ gate time
 - Cherenkov: 6 000 SiPM pixels, 10 ns sampling



Objectives:

- **UHECR $> 30\ \text{EeV}$:** first uniform full-sky map, ≈ 250 events yr^{-1}
- $\nu_\tau > 40\ \text{PeV}$: Earth-skimming Cherenkov, opens EeV- ν window
- Multi-messenger: fast tilt ToO for GW, GRB, blazar alerts; complements IceCube, CTA, Athena
- Atmosphere and exotica: TLE, ELVES, meteors, searches for SQM



Take home message

- 🚀 Space-Based Detectors for UHECR can address fundamental questions in CR physics
- 🌠 Core element of the UHECR community roadmap
- 🌠 JEM-EUSO program: key components validated at TRL 6, **ready for large-scale space mission**
- 🎯 Preliminary satellite designs provide the required angular and energy resolutions for source and composition studies
- 🌐 Hybrid observations (space + ground): enhance measurement accuracy and enable deeper insights into the UHECR nature

Thank you!

