

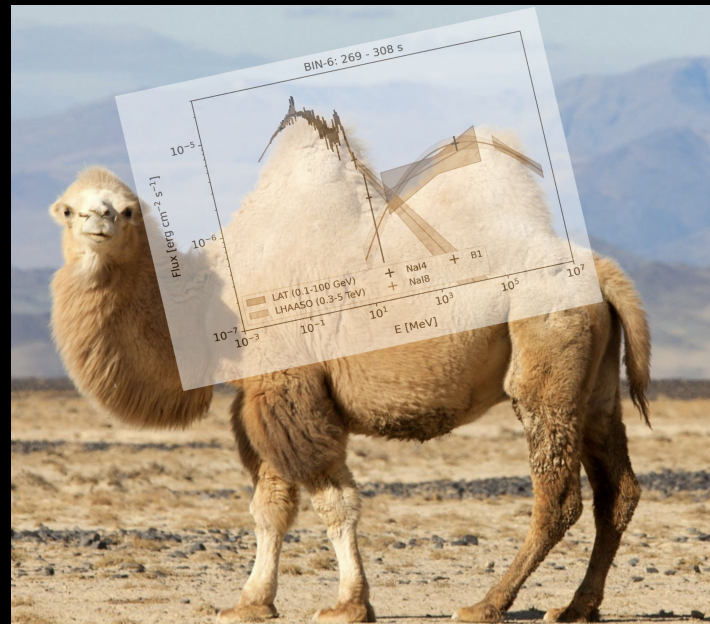
Camel on BOAT: Observation and characterization of the second spectral component in GRB 221009A

Biswajit Banerjee

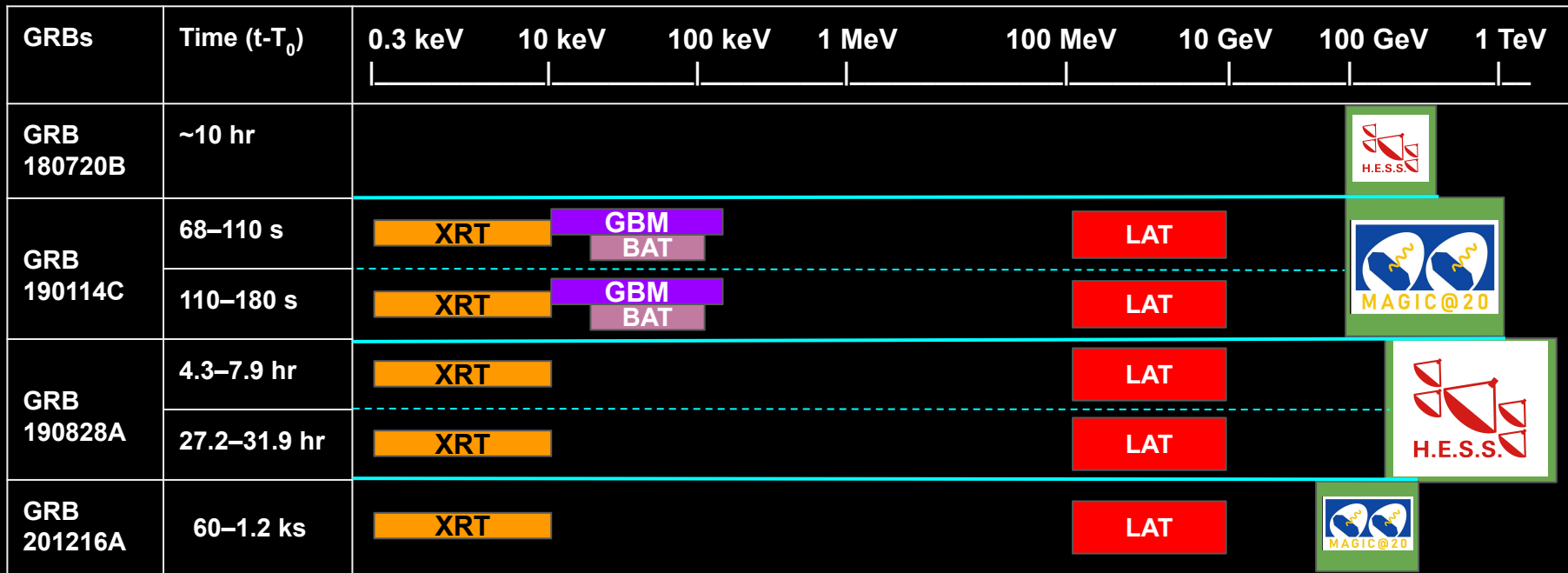
Based on:

- Banerjee, Macera, Oganessian+ 2025;
A&A, 701, A68 (2025)
- Macera, Banerjee+;
A&A 700, A88 (2025)

TeVPA 2025, Valencia



TeV GRBs



MAGIC Collaboration:

Nature v. 575, p. 455–458 (2019)

Nature v. 575, p. 459–463 (2019)

H.E.S.S. collaboration, Nature, 2019

H.E.S.S. collaboration, Science, 2021

MAGIC Collaboration, MNRAS, 2024

TeV GRBs

GRBs	Time ($t-T_0$)	0.3 keV	10 keV	100 keV	1 MeV	100 MeV	10 GeV	100 GeV	1 TeV
GRB 180720B	~10 hr	?	?	?		?			
GRB 190114C	68–110 s	XRT	GBM BAT	?		LAT ($\sim 3\sigma$)			
	110–180 s	XRT	GBM BAT	?		LAT ($\sim 5\sigma$)			
GRB 190829A	4.3–7.9 hr	XRT	?	?		LAT (U.L.)			
	27.2–31.9 hr	XRT	?	?		LAT (U.L.)			
GRB 201216A	60–1.2 ks	XRT	?	?		LAT (U.L.)			

XRT

BAT

GBM

LAT

IACTs

MAGIC Collaboration:

Nature v. 575, p. 455–458 (2019)

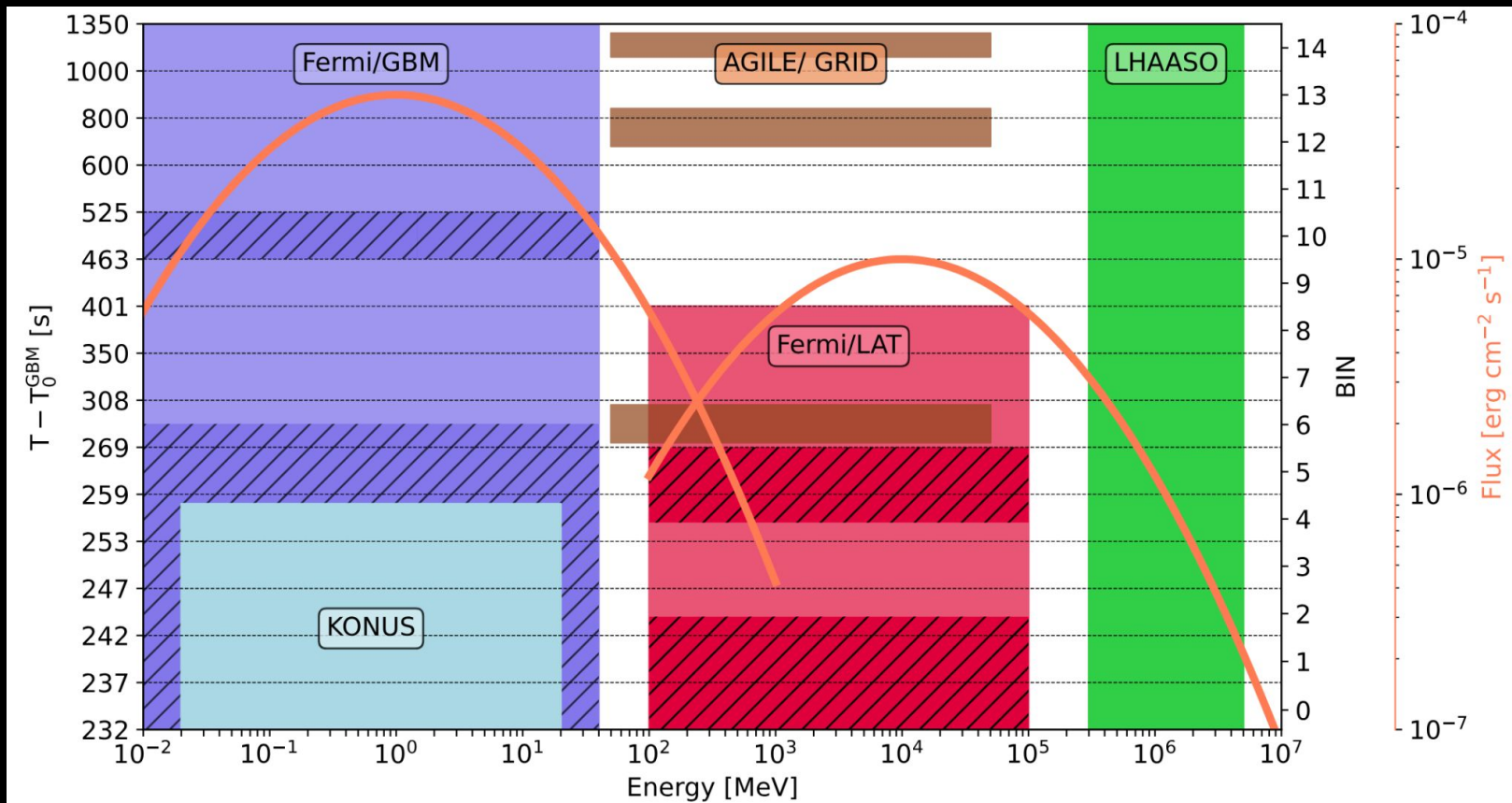
Nature v. 575, p. 459–463 (2019)

H.E.S.S. collaboration, Nature, 2019

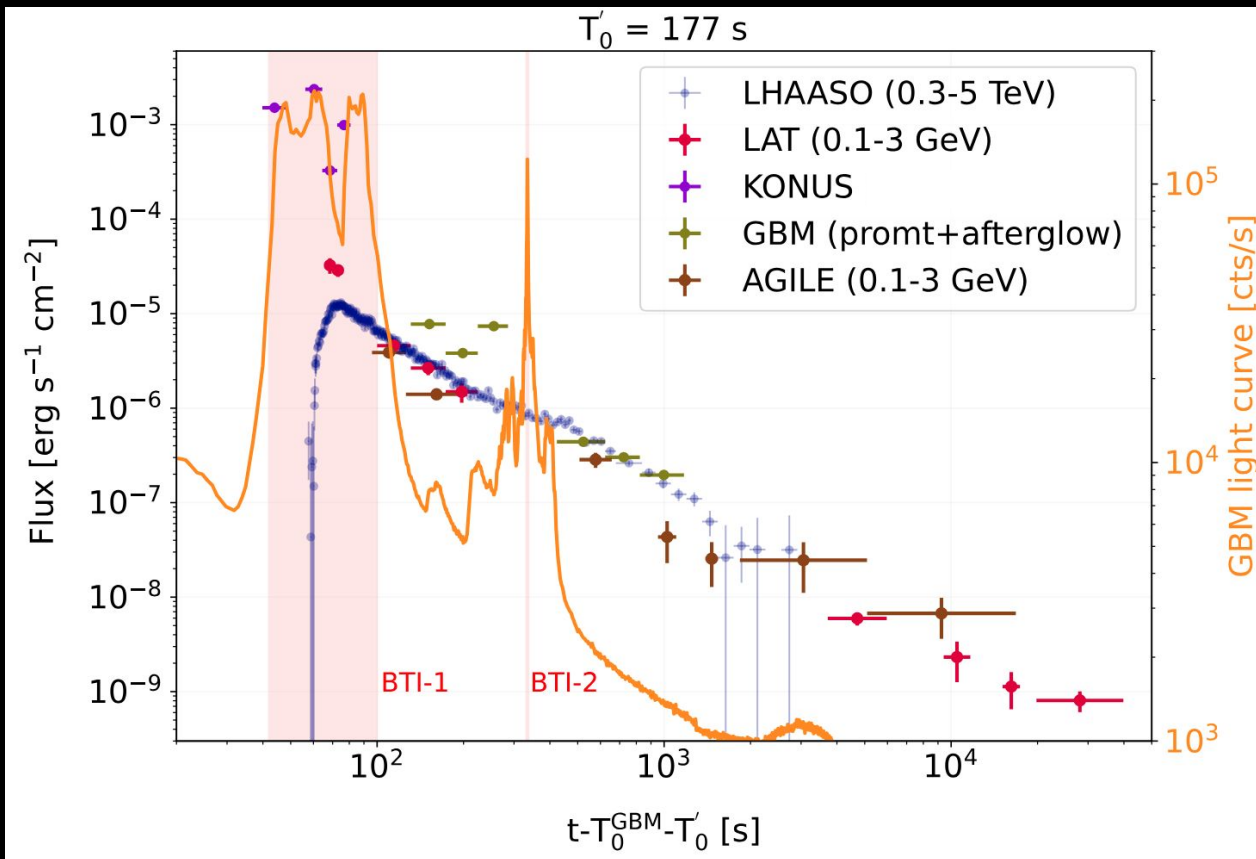
H.E.S.S. collaboration, Science, 2021

MAGIC Collaboration, MNRAS, 2024

GRB 221009A; MWL data



GRB 221009A; BOAT (Brightest Of All Time^{*})



$z \sim 0.15$

LHAASO Collaboration,
Science (2023)

Tavani et al 2023
ApJL 956 L23, 2023

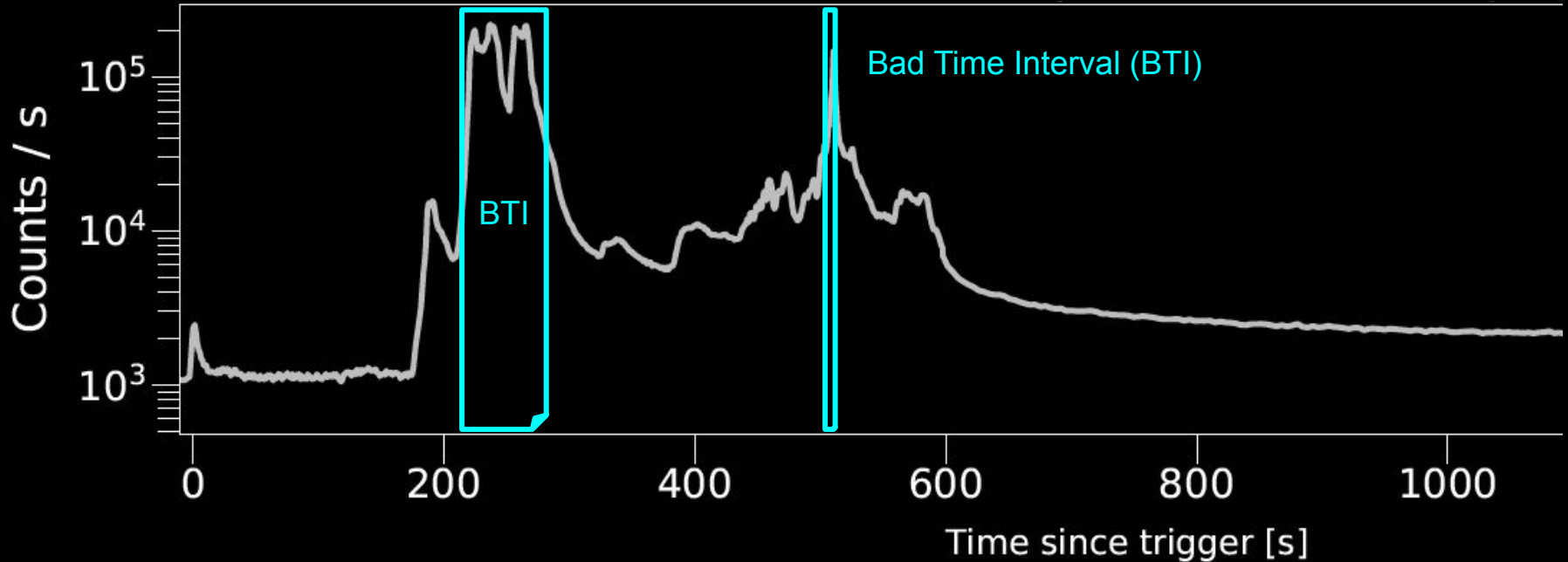
Bissaldi et al 2023:
<https://pos.sissa.it/444/847/>

Frederiks et al 2023
ApJL, 949, L7 (2023)

Lesage et al 2023,
ApJL 952 L42

*Burns et al 2023,
ApJL 946 L31

GRB 221009A: GBM light curve

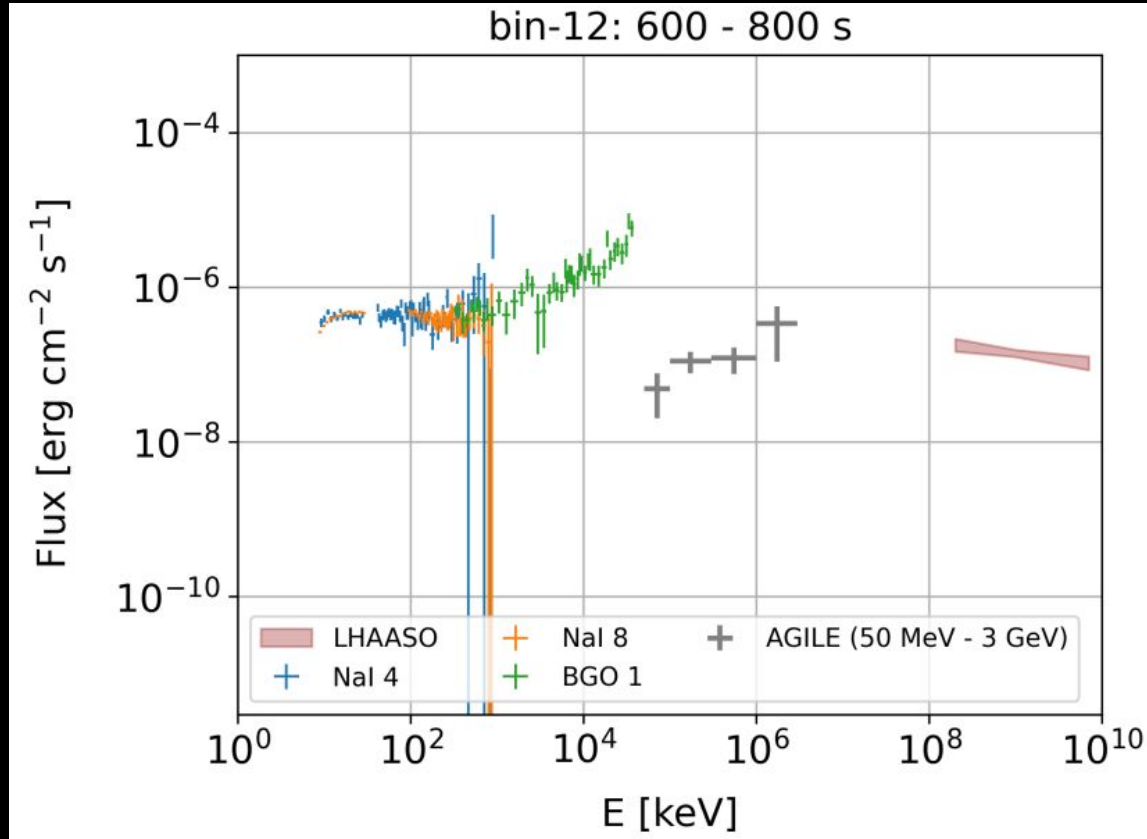


Lesage et al 2023, ApJL 952 L42

Burns et al 2023 ApJL 946 L31

Ravasio et al 2023, Science

MWL spectrum; 600-800 s (after $T_{0, \text{GBM}}$)



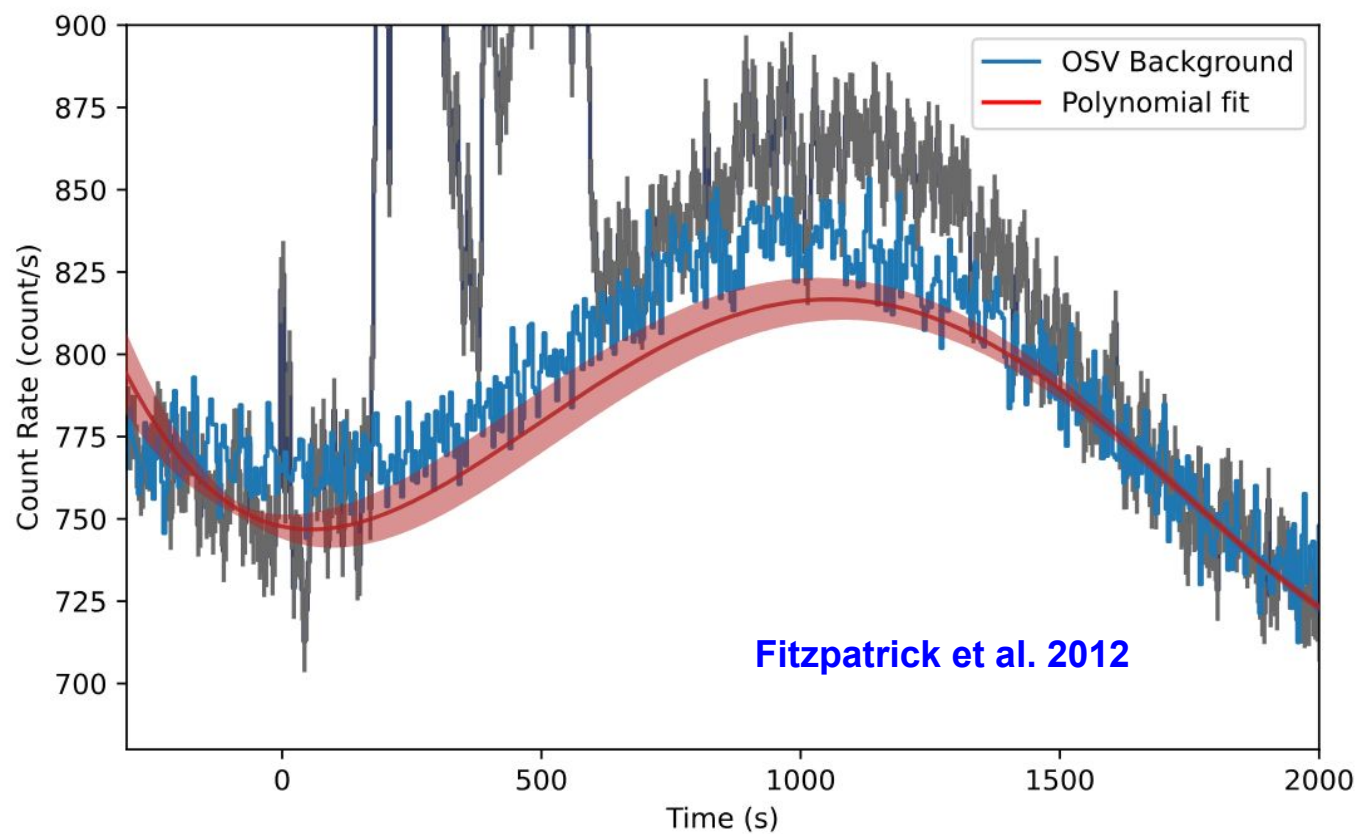
LHAASO Collaboration,
Science (2023)

Tavani et al 2023
ApJL 956 L23, 2023

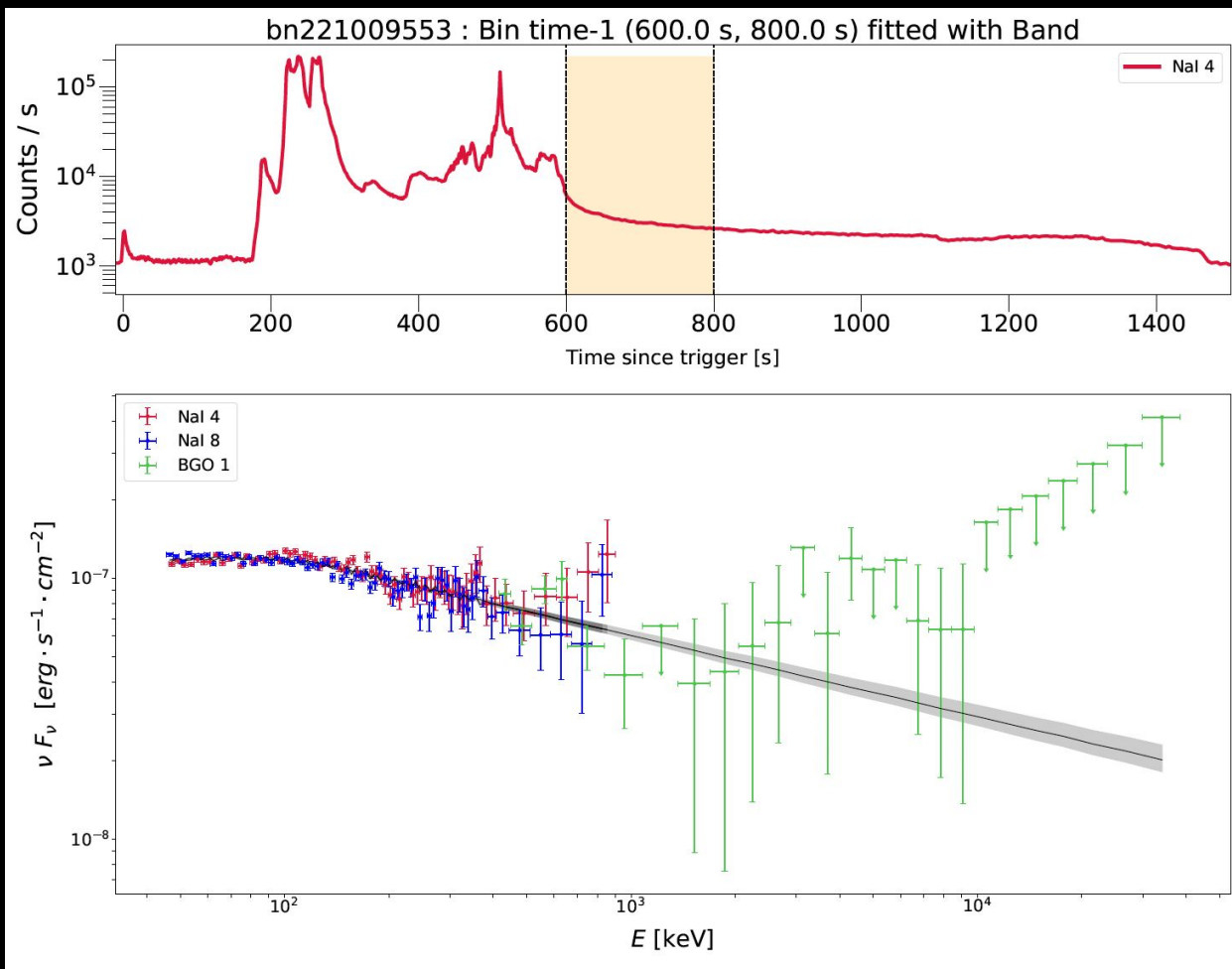
Lesage et al 2023, ApJL 952 L42

Burns et al 2023 ApJL 946 L31

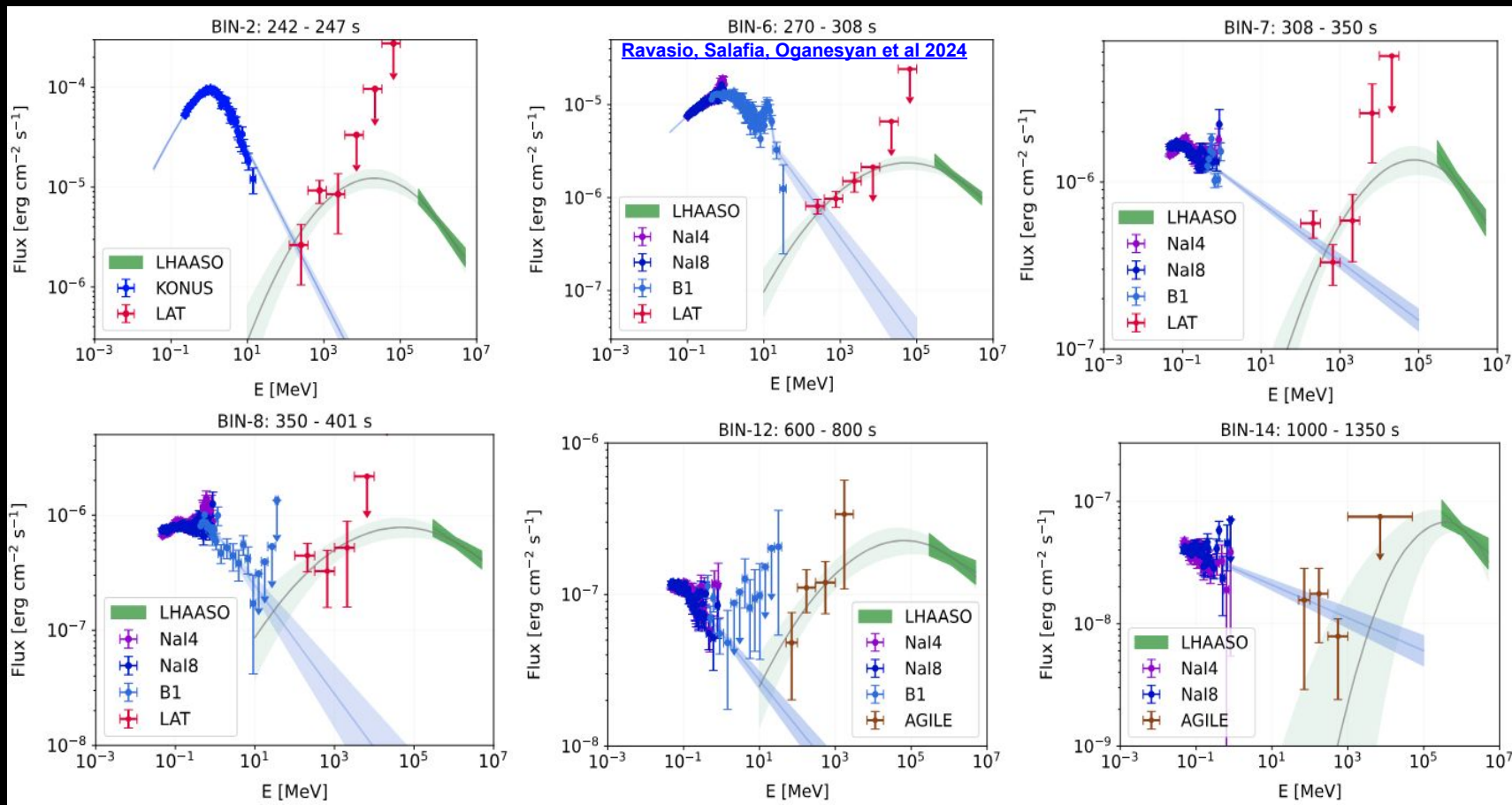
Non standard GBM analysis:



See also
Talk by
[Oganesyan@16:45,](#)
[Wednesday](#)
Gamma-ray/ Galactic

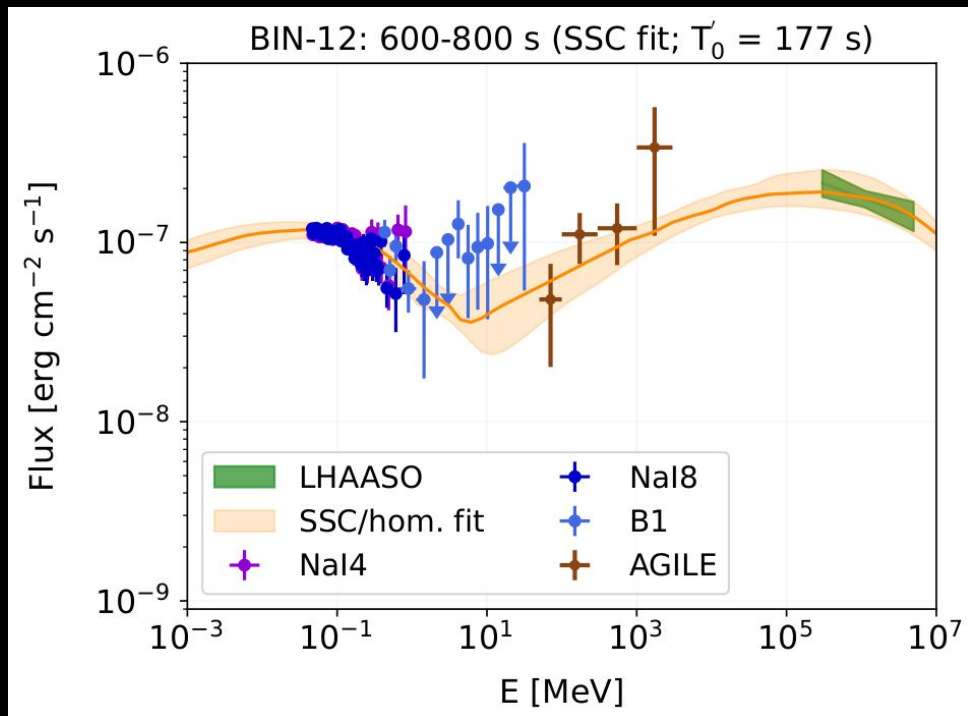


Time resolved spectra of GRB 221009A



Homogeneous medium

SSC: LeHaMoC; Stathopoulos et al 2023



Miceli and Nava 2022 (+references therein)

Parameters	Priors	Posteriors
$\log_{10}(B)$ [G]	$(-5; 2)$	$-1.3^{+0.8}_{-0.4}$
$\log_{10}(\gamma_m)$	$(0; 5)$	$1.5^{+0.9}_{-1.0}$
$\log_{10}(\gamma_{max})$	$(4; 8)$	$6.3^{0.1}_{-0.2}$
$\log_{10}l_e$	$(-7; -1)$	$-2.8^{+0.6}_{-0.4}$
p	$(2; 3)$	$2.6^{+0.1}_{-0.4}$
$\log_{10}D$	$(1; 4)$	$2.5^{+0.1}_{-0.3}$

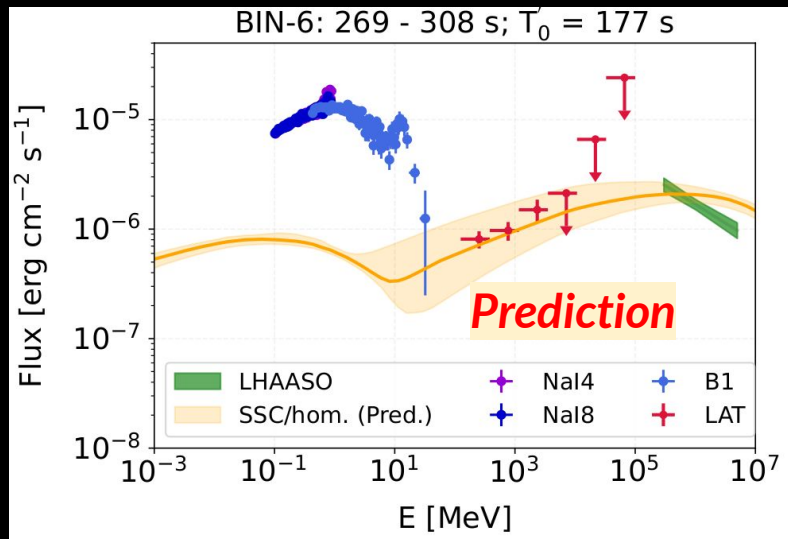
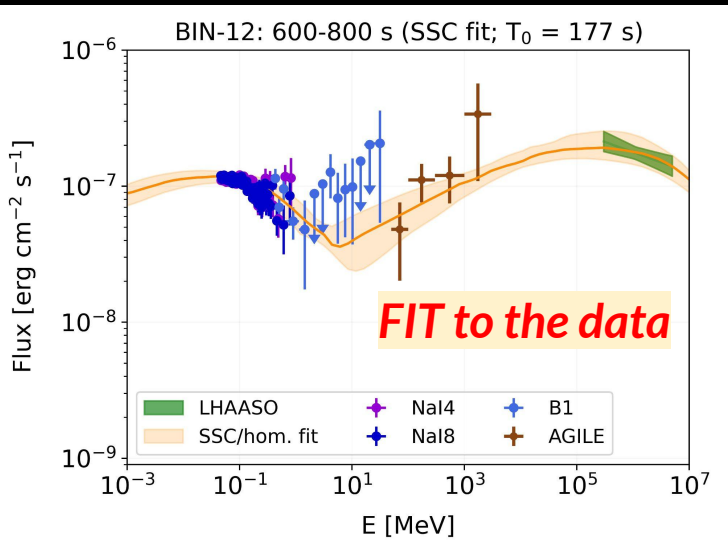
Extract microphysical parameters from BIN-12

Homogeneous medium

SSC: LeHaMoC

Stathopoulos et al 2023

Miceli and Nava 2022 (+references therein)



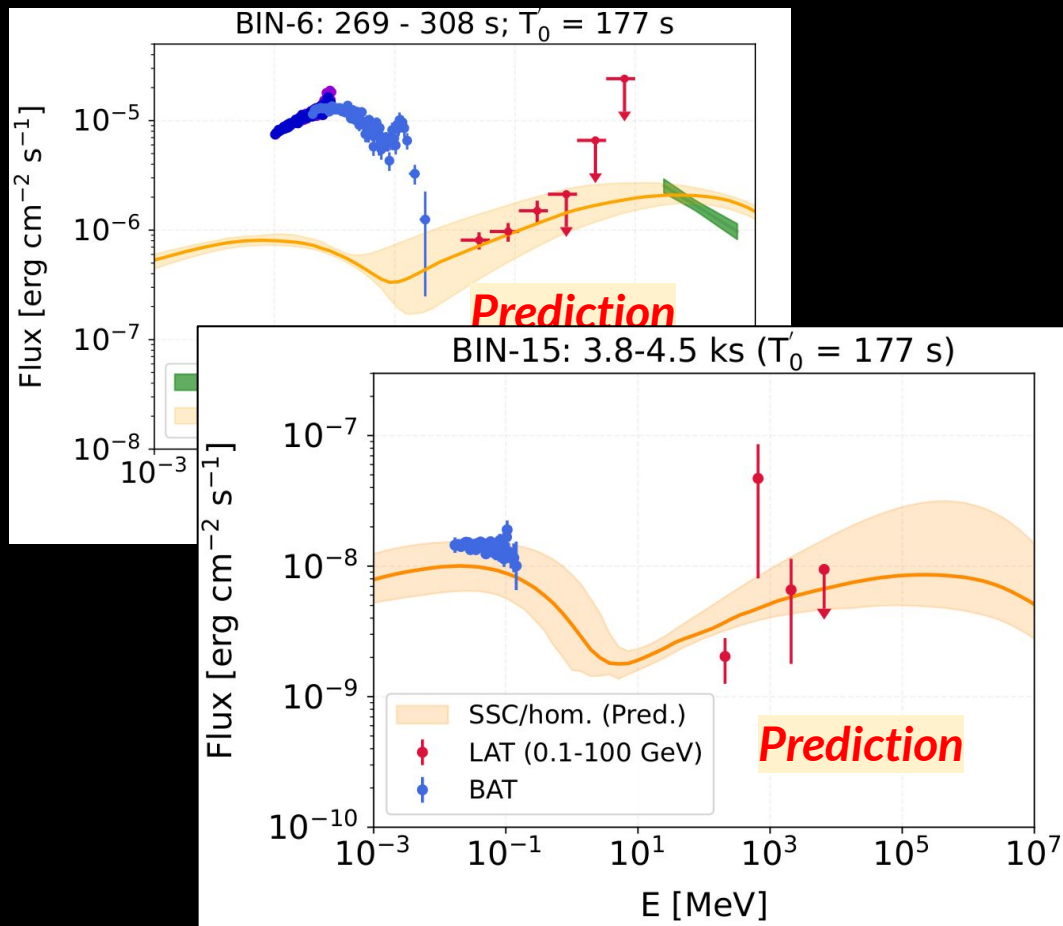
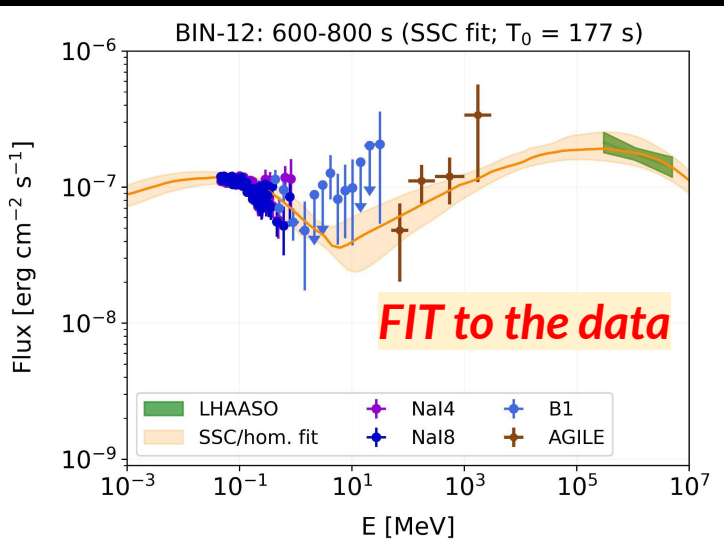
Extract microphysical
parameters from bin 12

Homogeneous medium

SSC: LeHaMoC

Stathopoulos et al 2023

Miceli and Nava 2022 (+references therein)



Extract microphysical parameters from bin 12

GRB 221023A

- For some GRBs early GeV emission follows variability of prompt
Zhang et al. 2011

- Early Afterglow or Prompt origin?
Ghisellini et al. 2009,
Kumar & Barniol Duran, 2009
Maxham et al. 2011

- What is the contribution of the keV-MeV prompt?
- Prompt second component?

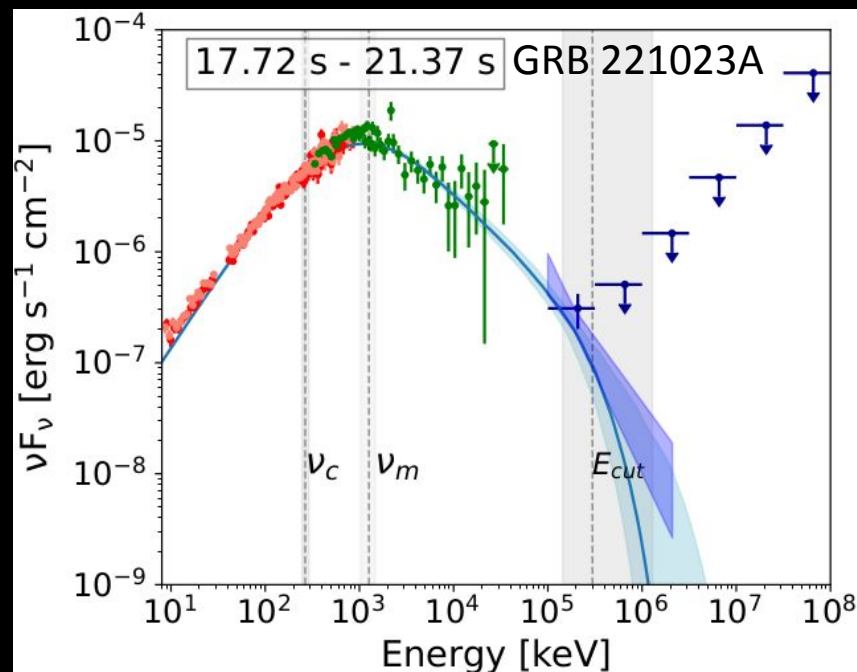
For a complete review see: **Nava, 2018** and the references therein



Results of the time-resolved spectral analysis

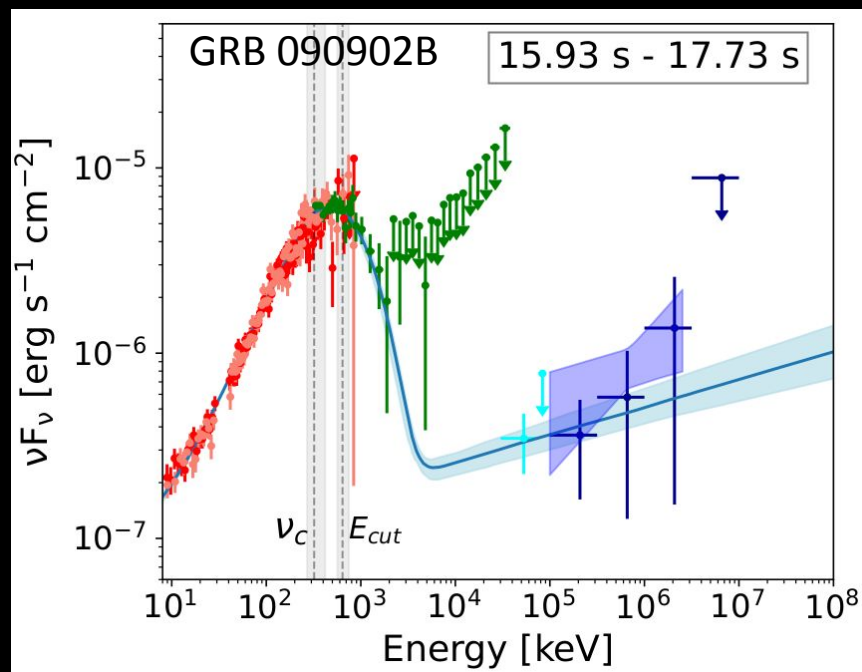
Sample divided in two groups

- 1 High-Energy emission dominated by synchrotron



- 2 High-Energy emission dominated by power law

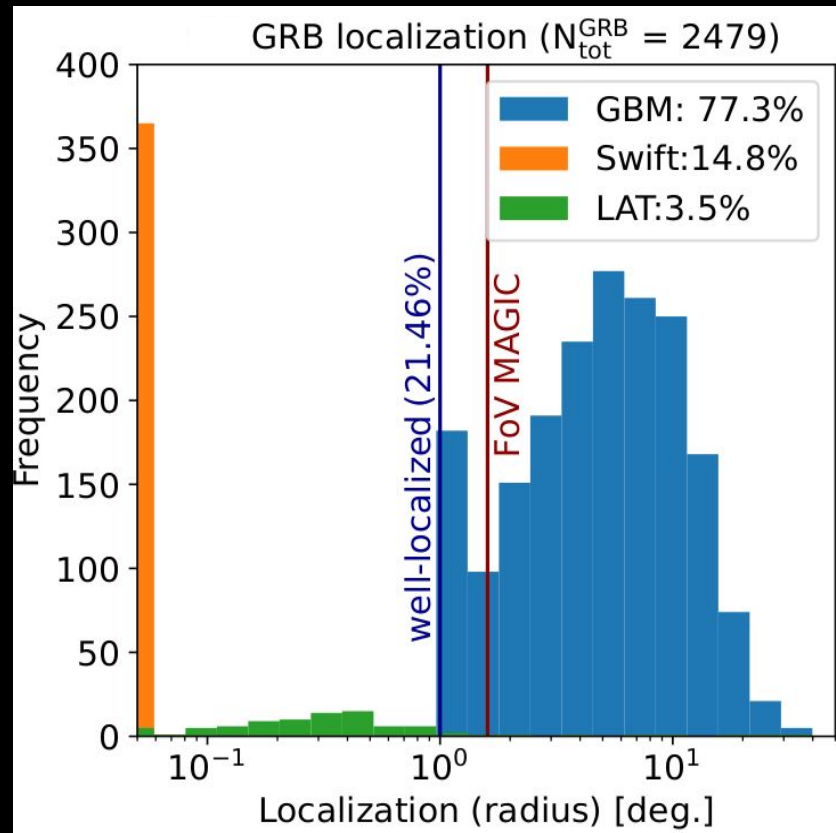
See also
Ravasio et al 2023



How to catch and characterize early GeV/TeV emission: Observation proposal to IACTs

- LHAASO FoV and duty cycle (>90%) is excellent
X LHAASO sensitivity is not adequate!
- Ground based telescopes have better sensitivity
X requires slew (~20 s)
X duty cycle is order of magnitude lower
- IACTs mostly follow-up BAT triggered GRBs (factor of 3 lesser than GBM triggers)
- **Way out: making tiled observation of poorly localized GRBs**

Talk by
[Macera@15:00.](#)
[Tuesday](#)
Gamma-ray/ Galactic

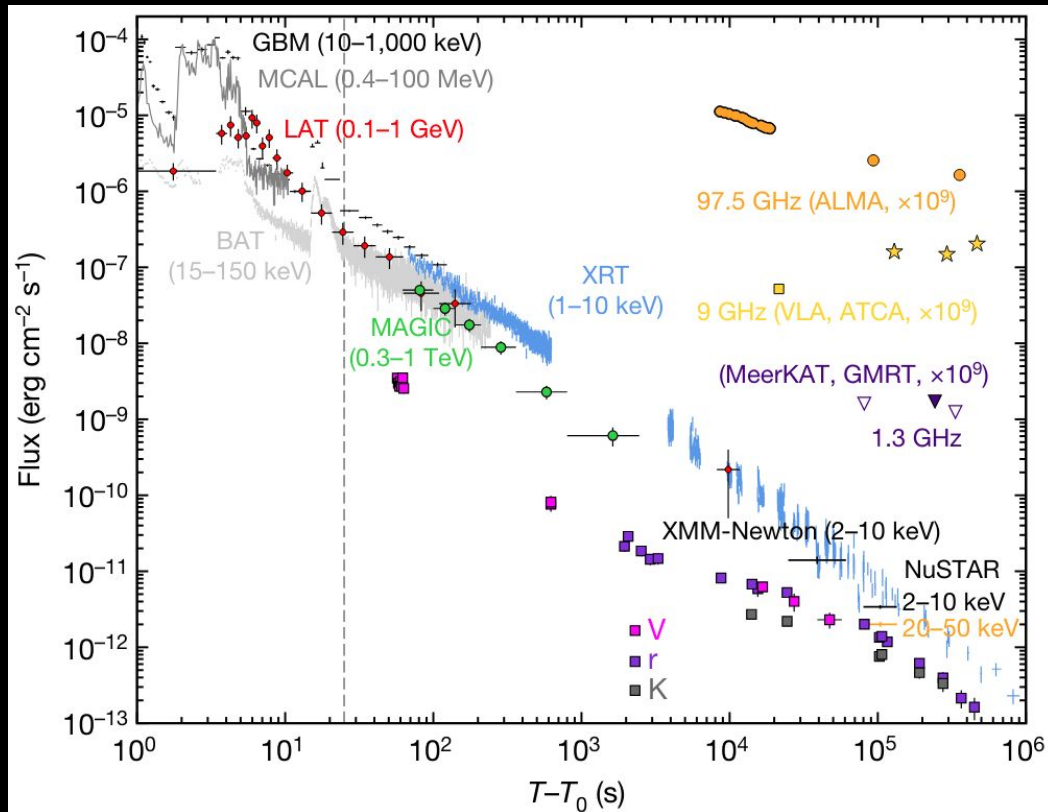


Summary:

- GRB 221009A is a special case with clear double hump.
- The available MWL data makes it possible to put constraints on the micro-physical parameters.
- GeV detections (LAT and AGILE) were crucial to establish the presence of the second component.
- Looking in to the MWL data of GRBs with GBM/LAT is important.
- Observational proposals are in place to detect early VHE emission in the future.

More!

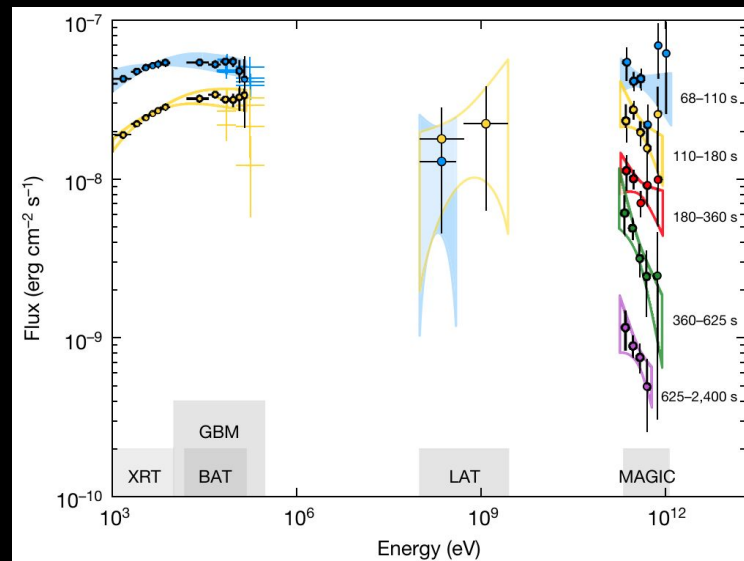
Why is it more informative? GRB 190114C



MAGIC Collaboration:

Nature v. 575, p. 455–458 (2019) and
Nature v. 575, p. 459–463 (2019)

$z \sim 0.42$



Sample selection

- At least three significant temporal bins ($>5\sigma$ detection) simultaneous with Fermi-GBM
- GRBs with and without redshift up to year 2023
- At least 20 photons within 10° of region of interest around the GRB location
- GBM + LLE (when possible) + LAT

Sample 1

Time resolved spectral analysis of 14 GRBs, 80 spectra

- One significant temporal bins ($>5\sigma$ detection) simultaneous with Fermi-GBM
- GRBs with and without redshift up to year 2023
- At least 20 photons within 10° of region of interest around the GRB location
- GBM + LLE (when possible) + LAT

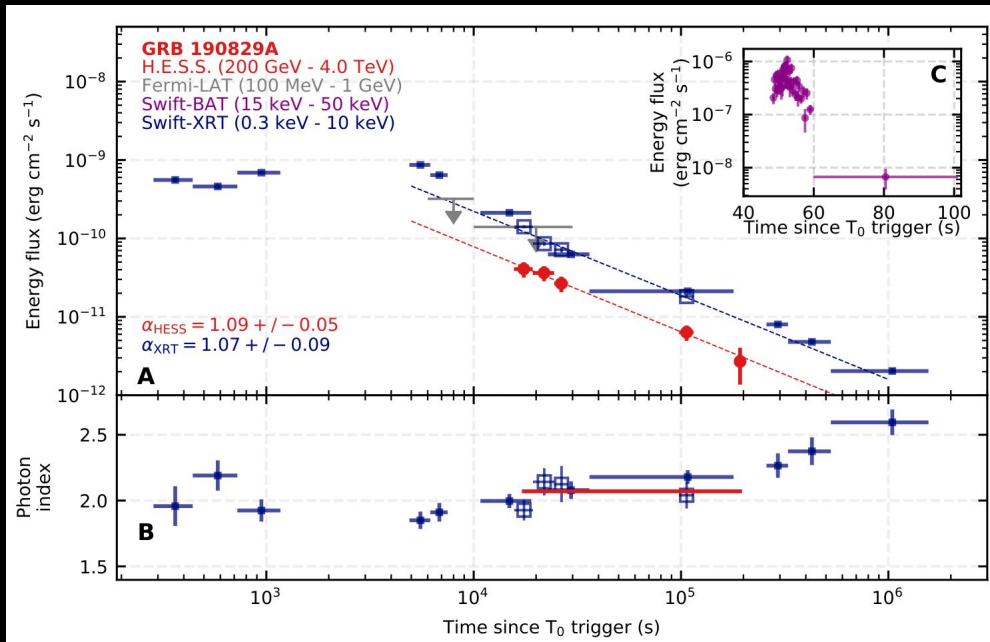
Sample 2

Spectral analysis of 66 GRBs

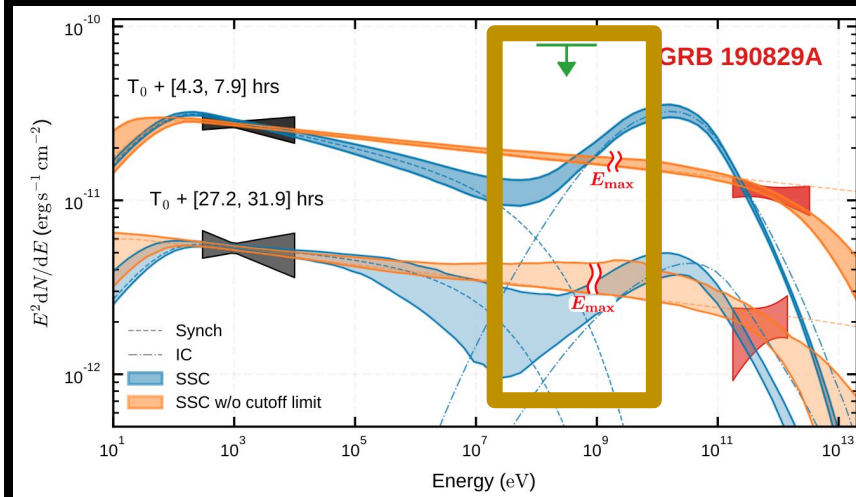
Total of 80 GRBs analysed in the energy range 8 keV - 10 GeV

Why is it more informative?

GRB 190829A



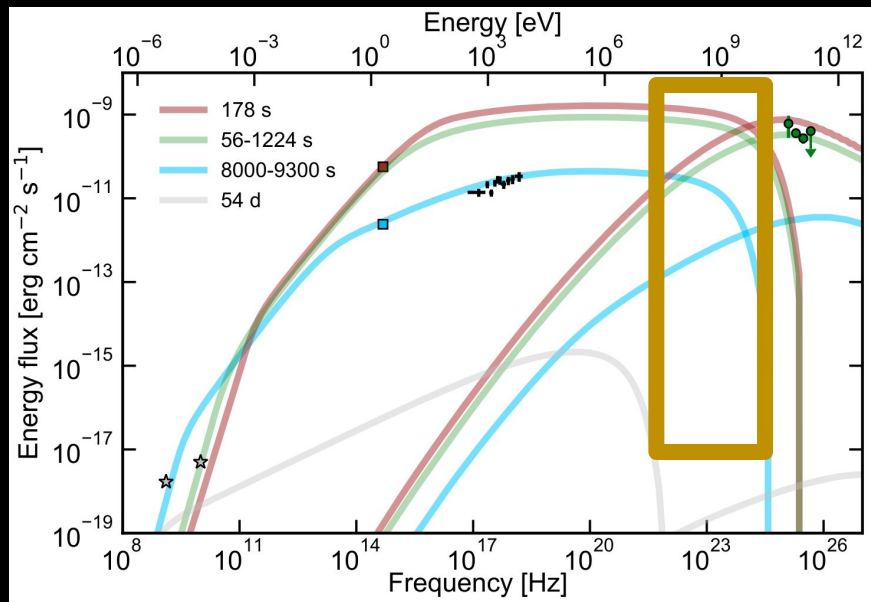
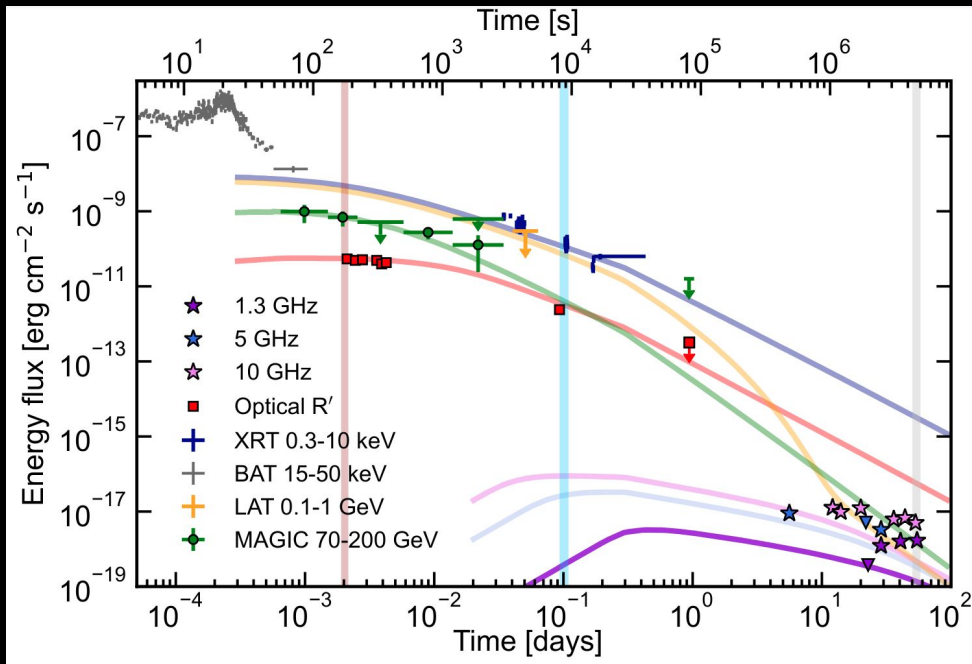
H.E.S.S. Collaboration 2021



$z \sim 0.08$

Why is it more informative? GRB 201216C

MAGIC Collaboration 2024



$z \sim 1.1$