









MATTER AND TECHNOLOG

https://aitanatop.ific.uv.es/aitanatop/

Spanish linear-collider effort

FIC. 85

 $\pi$ 

k<sup>0</sup>

Juan A. Fuster Verdú - IFIC, València

Jornadas de la red española de futuros colisionadores, Valencia, July 1-2 2024



# **CLIC Collaborations**

https://clic.cern

#### **CLIC** accelerator:

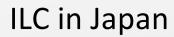
- ~50 institutes from 28 countries
- CLIC accelerator studies, design and development
- Construction + operation of CLIC Test Facility, CTF3

**CLIC detector and physics (CLICdp):** 

- 30 institutes from 18 countries
- Physics prospects & simulation studies
- Detector optimisation + R&D for CLIC



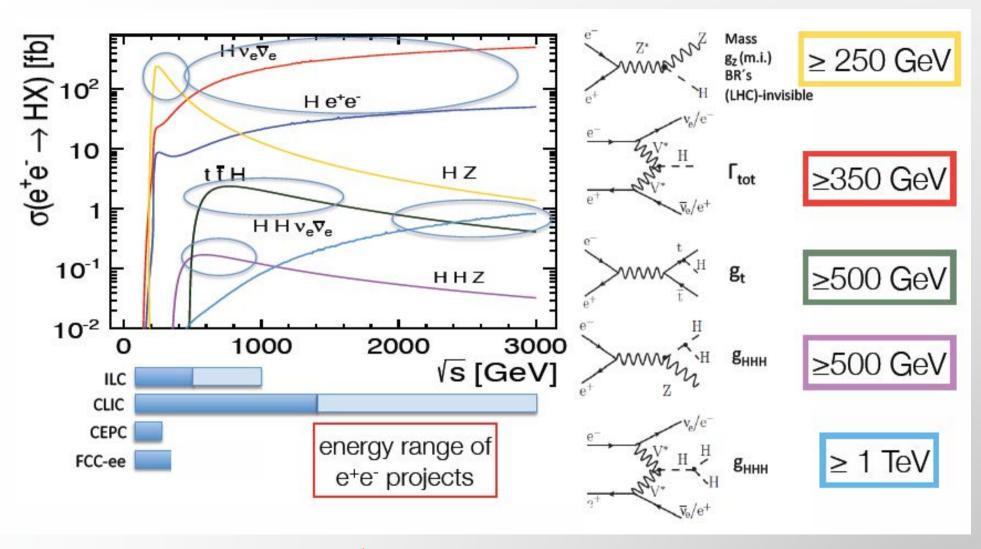












Many processes at different √s needed & accessible



### Higgs Physics: Physics potential

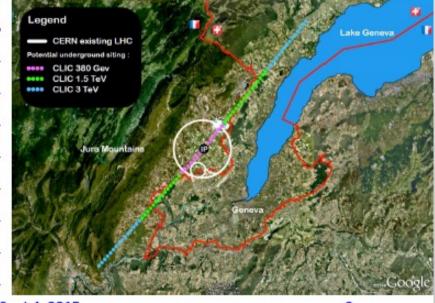
- e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> collisions √s up to 3 TeV
- Luminosity: a few 10<sup>34</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>

CLIC: e+e-@ 0.38, 1.4, 3 TeV
Conceptual Design 2013
Updated Baseline in 2017
2-beam acceleration

819 Mystrons 15 MW, 142 µs drive beam accelerator 2.4 GeV, 1.0 GHz	d		819 klystrens 15 MW, 142 µs beam accelerator A GeV, 1.0 GHz
2.5 km dela	y loop CR2	CR2 CR1 deceler	2.5 km abor, 24 sectors of 878 m
BC2 11111 11111 11111 11111 11111 11111 1111	2.75 km 2.7	OS 11111 11111 or main li	BG2
R combiner ring A turnaround R damping ring Dradamping ring C bunch compressor		Main Beam	
IDS beam delivery system	BCP		

Fig. 3.1: Overview of the CLIC layout at  $\sqrt{s} = 3$  TeV.

Parameter	Unit	380 GeV	3 TeV
Centre-of-mass energy	TeV	0.38	3
Total luminosity	10 <sup>34</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	1.5	5.9
Luminosity above 99% of √s	10 <sup>34</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	0.9	2.0
Repetition frequency	Hz	50	50
Number of bunches per train		352	312
Bunch separation	ns	0.5	0.5
Acceleration gradient	MV/m	72	100
Site length	km	11	48

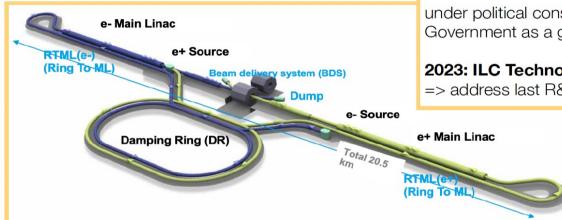


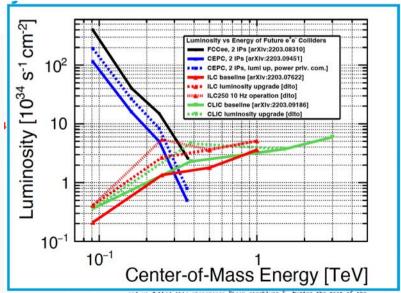


### Higgs Physics: Physics potential

### **International Linear Collider**

Status overview





ILC: e+e-@ 90, 160, 250, 350, 500 GeV, 1TeV TDR in 2012; 2017: staged start at 250 GeV Superconducting RF

under political consideration by Japanese Government as a global project

#### 2023: ILC Technology Network

=> address last R&D questions on accelerator

#### Linear Colliders

- ILC, CLIC, C3, ...
- length 250 GeV: 4...11...20 km
- high luminosity & power efficiency at high energies
- longitudinally spin-polarised beam(s)

#### Long-term upgrades: energy extendability

- same technology: by increasing length
- or by replacing accelerating structures with advanced technologies
  - RF cavities with high gradient
  - plasma acceleration?



# Spanish Network on Future Colliders

#### **Spanish Network on Future Colliders**

Chairs: Marcel Vos (IFIC) & Alberto Ruiz (IFCA)

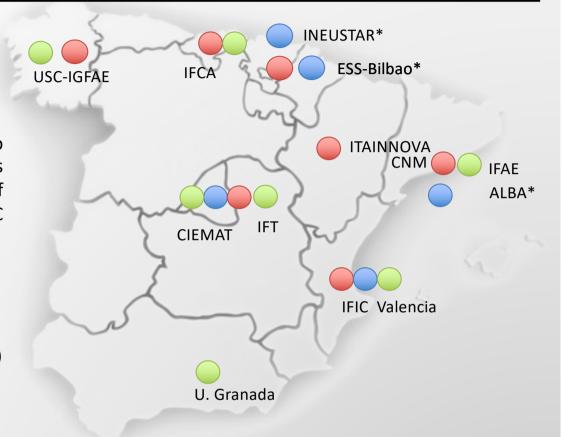
#### Scope:

The main objective of this Thematic Network is to coordinate the Spanish activities on physics studies and development of new technologies in view of future colliders for Particle Physics, linear collider ILC & CLIC and also FCC

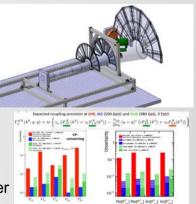
**Includes:** Accelerator, Theory, Experimental and Technological groups

Keeps contact with industry (INDUCIENCIA, INEUSTAR)

Active since 2005







Activity	# Groups
Accelerator	5
Detectors	7
Phenomenology	7



# **ILC Physics and Detector Roadmap**

Aug. 2007	Detector Concept Report, Four detector concepts:
Aug. 2007	LDC, GLD, SiD, 4 <sup>th</sup>
Oct. 2007	ILCSC calls for LOIs and appoints Research Director (RD)
Jan. 2008	RD forms detector management
Mar. 2008	IDAG formed, Three LOIs gropus identified
Mar. 2009	Three LOIs submitted (detector description, stroll C. &D, GEANT4 simulation, benchmark process that IDAG began monitoring the progration of the progration o
Mar. 2009	IDAG began monitoring the prograttibult.
Aug. 2009	IDAG recommends validation (2) and ILCSC approves
Oct. 2009	Work plan of time Lied groups
End 2011	Intering Deing produced <a href="http://www.finearcollider.org/about/Publications/interim-report">http://www.finearcollider.org/about/Publications/interim-report</a>
End 2012	Physics at the International Linear Collider (ILC TDR Vol. 2) Detailed Baseline Design Report (ILC TDR Vol. 4) <a href="http://www.linearcollider.org/ILC/Publications/Technical-Design-Report">http://www.linearcollider.org/ILC/Publications/Technical-Design-Report</a>
June 12 <sup>th</sup> 2013	Public TDR Launch event worldwide <a href="http://www.linearcollider.org/events/2013/ilc-tdr-world-wide-event">http://www.linearcollider.org/events/2013/ilc-tdr-world-wide-event</a>

















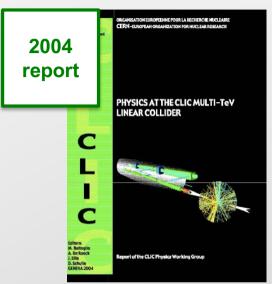






# **CLIC Physics and Detector Roadmap**

2001	"Physics motivations for future CERN accelerators" http://arxiv.org/pdf/hep-ex/0112004v1
2004	"Physics at the CLIC multi-TeV linear collider"  Report on physics potential <a href="http://inspirehep.net/record/667395?ln=en">http://inspirehep.net/record/667395?ln=en</a>
2008	New start of CLIC physics and detector studies First meetings between ILC and CLIC physics Start Linear Collider Detector (LCD) eff.
2009	Pursue ILD & SID concepts CONTRIBUTE  Pursue ILD & SID CONTRIBUTE  Pursue ILD
2012	New start of CLIC physics and detector studies First meetings between ILC and CLIC physics Start Linear Collider Detector (LCD) eff.  IDAG meeting: Plan ILC-CLIC contribution Pursue ILD & SID concepts Publication of "Physics and CLIC", CDR,  http://arxiv.org/ SP340 with >1300 signatories Publication of "Physics and Staged e+e- Lines of a Strategy process http://arxiv.org/abs/arXiv:1209.2543 Establishing a "memorandum on Cooperation" (MoC) for CLIC detector and Physics study, with CERN as the host laboratory
2013	CLIC input to the Snowmass process (with many new Higgs physics studies), <a href="http://arxiv.org/abs/1307.5288">http://arxiv.org/abs/1307.5288</a> 20 institutes have signed the MoC













## **ECFA Study on Higgs / EW / Top factories**

Based on the recommendations of the European Strategy for Particle Physics Update, the European Committee for Future Accelerators (ECFA) has launched a series of workshops on physics studies, experiment design, and detector technologies towards a future electron-positron Higgs/EW/Top factory. The aim is to bring together the efforts of various e+e- projects, to share challenges and expertise, to explore synergies, and to respond coherently to this high-priority strategy item.

To set up the relevant structures and to define a path towards such workshops, an International Advisory Committee (IAC) was formed, which established three Working Groups led by conveners from both experiment and theory:

- · International Advisory Committee
  - o ECFA-chair would act as chair: Karl Jakobs
  - o From RECFA: Jean-Claude Brient, Tadeusz Lesiak, Chiara Meroni
  - o With (HL-)LHC experience: Jorgen D'Hondt, Max Klein, Aleandro Nisati, Roberto Tenchini
  - o For theory: Christophe Grojean, Angrea Wulzer
  - o For Linear Colliders: Steinar Stapnes, Juan Fuster, Frank Simon, Aidan Robson
  - o For Circular Colliders: Alain Blondel, Mogens Dam, Patrick Janot, Guy Wilkinson
  - o For CERN: Joachim Mnich

#### **WG 1: Physics Potential**

Convenere: Jorge de Blas (Univ. Granada), Patrick Koppenburg (Nikhef), Jenny List (DESY) and Fabio Maltoni (UC Louvain / Bologna)

#### **WG 2: Physics Analysis Methods**

Conveners: Patrizia Azzi (INFN-Padova / CERN), Fulvio Piccinini (INFN Pavia) and Dirk Zerwas (IJCLab/DMLab)

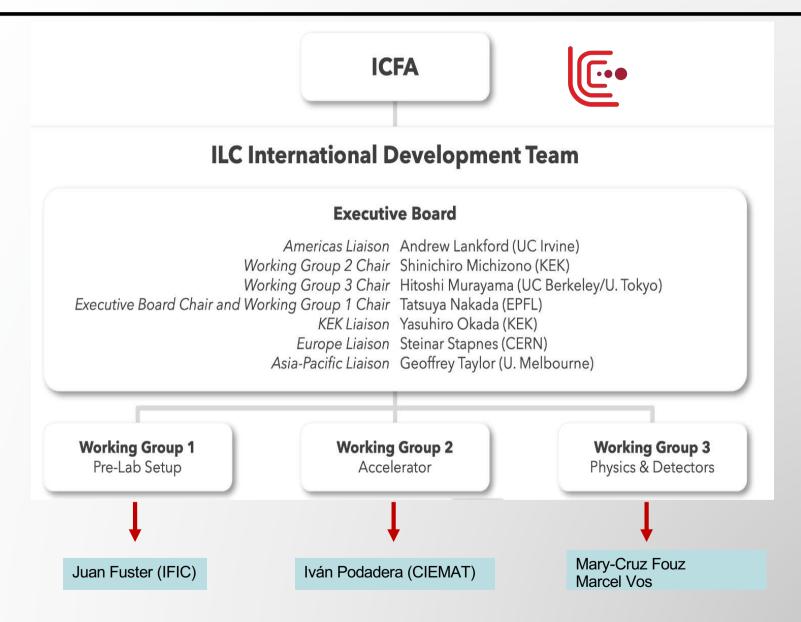
#### WG 3: Detector R&D

Conveners: Mary Cruz Fouz (CIEMAT Madrid), Gi vanni Marchiori (APC Paris) and Felix Sefkow (DESY)

#### Working subgroups:

- Adrián Irles
- Marcel Vos
- Sven Heinemeyer





**International Expert Panel:** Antonio Pich representing Spain

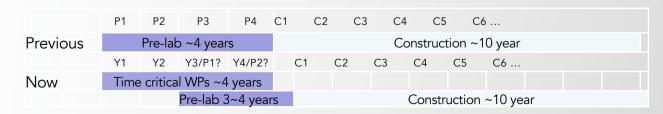
# **ILC Technology Network (ITN)**

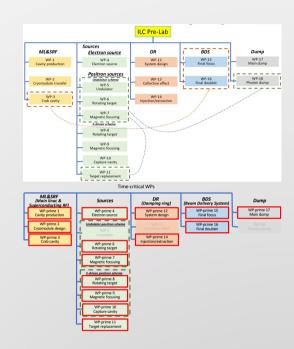
The initial planning for the ILC preparation phase (2022-2026) — see upper figure - leading to a complete Engineering Design as needed for construction was reviewed by a MEXT appointed committee and deemed premature, referring to that the prospects for an international sharing for ILC are not clear.

However increased support for technical developments was indicated as possible.

A result a subset of the technical activities of the full preparation phase programme have been identified as critical. We call this an **ILC Technology Network (ITN)** - see lower figure, and this presentation (briefly) summarized this work, with a European focus.

The goal is that in parallel with starting with these technical activities international discussion can proceed and open for addressing the Engineering Design in full, such that the changes in the ILC timescale are not too large overall.





Reducing the number of WPs and reducing the size of the WPs: From 60 M\$ to 15 M\$ From 360 FTEy to 112 FTEy



## The European ITN activities – 2023

European ITN studies are distributed on five main activity areas:

#### A1 with three SC RF related tasks

- SRF: Cavities and Cryo Module (INFN, CEA, DESY, IJCLAB?)
- Crab-cavities (STFC, CERN?)
- Main Linac elements ML quads and cold BPMs (CIEMAT, IFIC)

#### **A2 Sources**

- Pulsed magnet (Uni.H, DESY, CERN)
- Wheel/target (the same and UK groups)

#### A3 Damping Ring including kickers

Low Emittance Ring lab(s) (UK?)

#### A4 ATF activities for final focus and nanobeams

- On-going/restarted (Oxford, DESY, IJCLAB, CEA, CERN, IFIC)
- MDI here?

#### A5 Implementation including Project Office

- Dump, CE, <u>Cryo</u> earlier efforts at CERN, possible follow up being considered
- Sustainability, Life Cycle Assessment (CERN, DESY, CEA, UK groups?)
- EAJADE started (EU funding) SHOW groups?

CERN LC, project office Personnel with interest (within existing LC and skills in European resources at CERN). labs/Univ., local LC budget line in MTP infrastructure. until end 2028 EAJADE, MC exchange Material funds as project supporting estimated (major/core Higgs factory personnel part from KEK), in some exchange to Japan and cases complemented the US. by local funding. Started 1.3.2023 Agreement signed 7.7.2023





















**EAJADE** (link): The Europe-America-Japan Accelerator Development Exchange Program

EAJADE is a Marie Sklodowska-Curie Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (SE) action, funded by the EU under Horizon-Europe Grant agreement ID: 101086276

Addresses the urgent need of exchange of ideas on R&D and implementation of future accelerators for particle physics, in particular for a future Higgs factory, but also for generic technical development and for investigations into new technologies and the potential for sustainability.

#### Associate academic partners

- · Canada: U Victoria
- Japan: KEK, U Tokyo, U Tohoku
- USA: LBNL, BNL, FNAL, Cornell, JLAB, SLAC

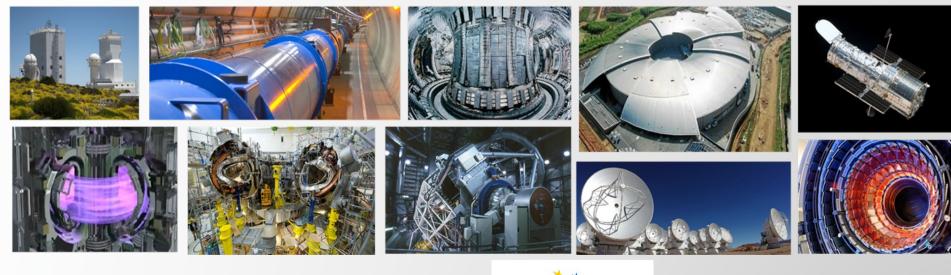
#### Associate non-academic partners (in EU)

 CPI TMD (UK) INEUSTAR (Spain), ZANON (Italy), ScandiNova (Sweden), Research Instruments (Germany)



## Industrial Platform: INDUCIENCIA, INEUSTAR

SCIENCE INDUSTRY is the economic sector which includes the companies devoted to the design, engineering, construction, updating and keeping of scientific research facilities, its equipment and other related instruments



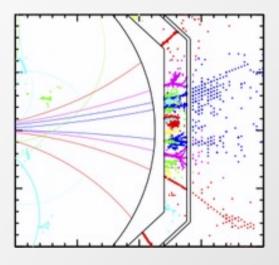


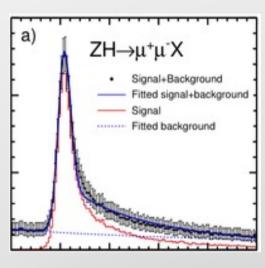












M.C.Fouz: Technical Coordinator & Member of the Executive Team
M. Vos: Member of the Executive team

**ILD:** Now looking forward also to circular colliders, engaged in studies to make the case for an ILD-like detector at FCC-ee in particular





### IFIC contribution/interest on ITN activities

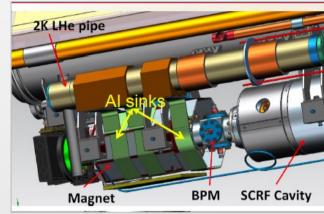
In 2021 the Spanish network for Future Colliders identified as a promising contribution from CIEMAT and IFIC groups to the ILC the development of the splitable quadrupole magnet (CIEMAT) and its associated Beam Position Monitor (IFIC) of the Main Linac.

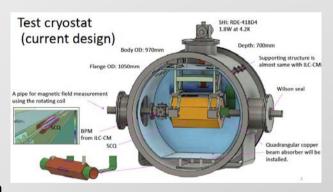
IFIC is now contributing to the European ITN Activity 1 on the task on R&D of Main Linac elements in particular on the development of a cold cavity Beam Position Monitor (BPM).

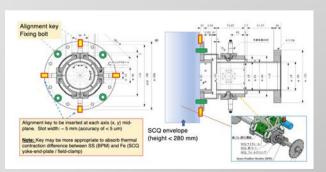
In 2023, we have started the collaboration with CIEMAT (L. García, F. Toral, O. Durán) and KEK (A. Yamamoto, H. Hayano) on this development.

#### ☐ General requirements for the BPM performance:

- $\circ$  High precision BPM with a time nanometer resolution (< 369 ns) and a spatial resolution < 1  $\mu$ m
- ILC beam bunch by bunch measurements (fast readout electronics)
- Low beam dynamics impact (wakefields studies)
- Ultra high-vacuum and cryogenic temperatures performance
- Special mechanical design for ease cleaning







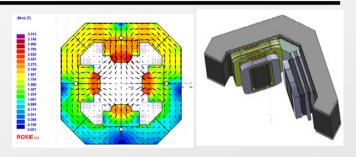


### **CIEMAT contribution/interest on ITN activities**

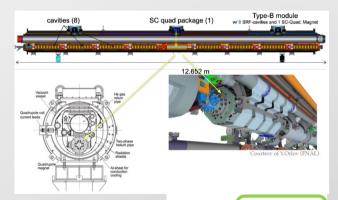
#### The SCQ Package for the ILC Cryomodule within the A1 Activity Area

A SC Quadrupole (SCQ) package is placed at the center of the cryomodule, type B, of the SRF string for beam acceleration at ILC.

- The SCQ package consists of a main quadrupole magnet combined with dipole corrector and beam-position monitor (BPM) (IFIC Contribution).
- The SCQ magnet should be splittable for assembly out of the clean area and conduction cooled to avoid the need of a He cryostat.
- Dark-Current energy absorption in the SC-coils compromises the operational temperature margin of the superconductor (need for a high margin > use of superconductors with the highest possible T<sub>c</sub>).
- CIEMAT focuses on High Energy version Cross-Section with Low Energy version Length and Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn technology for the coils.
- Present activities funded under the national MAGNEXT Project: the current scope includes the design, fabrication and characterization of a test coil.
- Additional funding is needed for completing the full magnet prototype



Electro-magnetic and Thermo-mechanical design ongoing



Parameters	Unit	Low Energy 5-2: GeV)	5 High Energy (25-250 GeV)
Dimensions:		12.00.00	
Physical length		0.25	1
Magnetic length	m	0.20	0.95
Iron-pole radius	m	0.045	
Quadrupole field:			
Field gradient (G)	T/m	19	40
G-Integral (required)		3.8	38
B <sub>G</sub> at pole	T	0.86	1.8
Dipole field:			
В0		0.05	0.11
B-integral (required)	T·m	0.01	0.10
B max:			
in coil	T	~1.5	~3

ARIMOTO et al.: Design Study of a Superconducting Quadrupole Magnet System Sustainable Under Dark Current Heating in ILC Main Linac

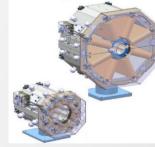


### ATF3 programme (final focus, nanobeams)

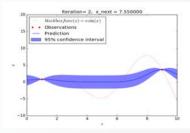
- ATF2 beamline is the only existing test accelerator in the world to test the final focus system (FFS) of linear colliders.
- The following 3 research topics are important topics to be pursued at the ATF.
  - wakefield mitigation
  - correction of higher-order aberration
  - · training for ILC beam tuning
- The technical research at ATF2 beamline has proceeded, and should continue to be based on the ATF international collaboration, or its extension (welcome to new collaborators).



Wakefield test station

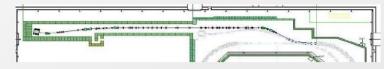


Octupole magnets for higher-order aberration



Maximum search algorithms to be applied to beam tuning ( Machine Learning )

#### ATF2 beamline





Very relevant studies for any linac and Higgs factory closely related to low emittances and nano beams, e.g. alignment, stabilisation, instrumentation, beam-dynamics, etc.

- Strong European leadership with several group from France, UK, Spain, Germany and also CERN, also extensively used for PhD training
- A future ATF3 programme has been defined and reviewed internationally, supported also by MC researcher exchange programmes as EJADE and FAIADE



### ATF3 programme (final focus, nanobeams)

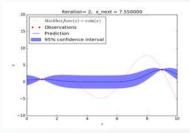
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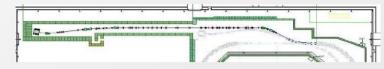


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### Present activities by Spanish community: Detector R&D + Physics Studies

### The ECFA Higgs/Top/EW

#### WG1

- Global interpretations (WG1-GLOB) → M. Vos
- Precision (WG1-PREC) → A. Irles
- Higgs/Top/EW (WG1-HTE):
- Flavour (WG1-FLAV):
- Searches (WG1-SRCH)

### FOCUS Topics document <a href="https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.07564">https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.07564</a>

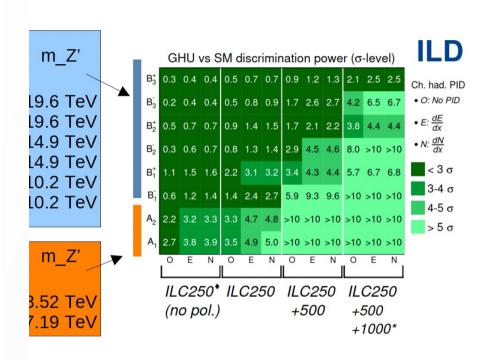
- ttbar-threshold topic
  - M. Vos (coordinator), A.Irles, A. Saibel, D. Melini members of expert team
- W-mass, Luminosity measurements, fragmentation uncertainties
  - 3 topics with A.Irles as co-coordinator (PREC) convener
- Two Fermion Final states
  - A.Irles as coordinator and member of expert team
- Contributions to BSM searches
  - Hidden Valley searches (V. Mitsou, A. Irles as contact persons).





## Studies with ILD simulation



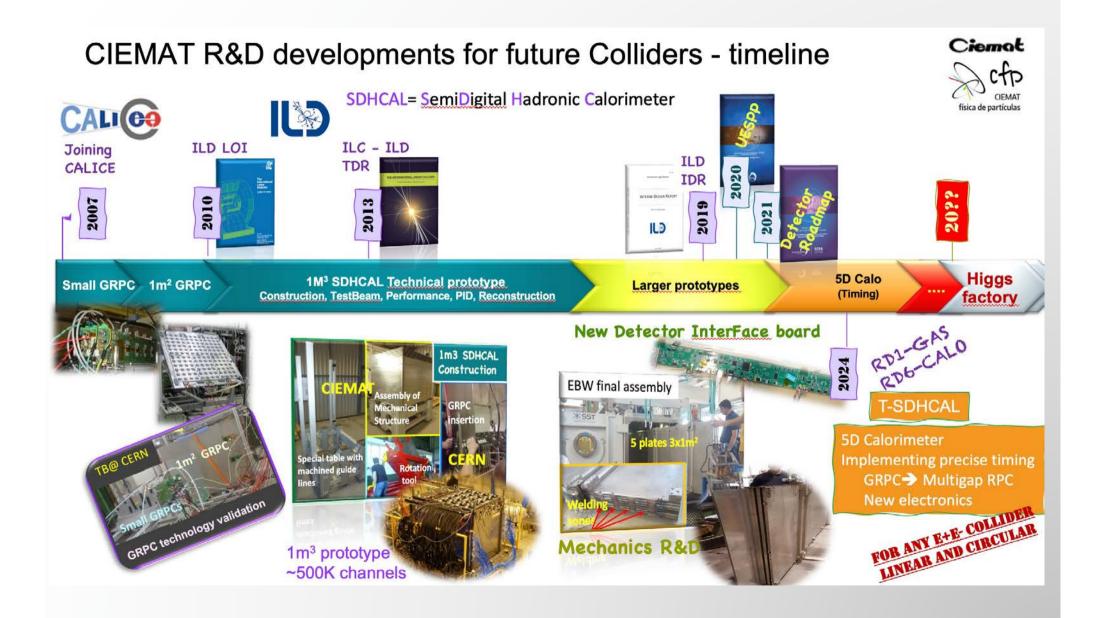


Eur.Phys.J.C 84 (2024) 5, 537 ILD-PHYS-PUB-2023-001 ILD-PHYS-PROC-2023-013

- ▶ Recent publication: phenomenology + experimental of a long standing effort (ICHEP2020-ICHEP2024)
  - IFIC (Irles, Márquez, Saibel)
  - IJCLab, Tohoku U., Kyoto U.
- Forward-backward asymmetry for b and c-quark pairs.
- Study comparing **scenarios** (energy reach, beam polarisation) and **GHU** models.
- This plots "hides" years of **involvement** int **detector optimization**:
  - Study of forward tracking and calo region
  - Flavour tagging optimization → including dEdx or novel detector solutions (pixel TPC for cluster counting)
  - Quark-Charge measurement algorithms.
  - Study of **timing** capabilities for hadron identification



### Present activities by Spanish community: Detector R&D + Physics Studies



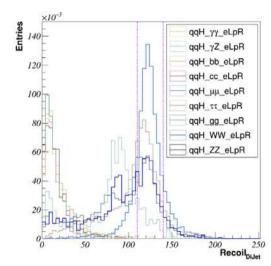


### Present activities by Spanish community: Detector R&D + Physics Studies

#### Physics studies for future colliders at ILD for ILC

Prospect of the ZH hadronic channel

Part of H. García Cabrera PhD thesis. Supervisor M.C Fouz







M.C.Fouz. Technical Coordinator & Member of the Executive Team

Now looking forward also to circular colliders, engaged in studies to make the case for an ILD-like detector at FCC-ee in particular



ECFA Physics, Experiments & Detectors (PED) Study at Higgs/top/EW/Flavour Factories

J: Alcaraz. Former co-convener of the WG 1: Physics Potential

M.C.Fouz. Co-convener of the WG 3: Detector R&D



Spanish community has a long tradition in contributing to the future Higgs Factory international effort and in particular to the Linear Collider options: ILC and CLIC.

The internal organization –specially the existence of the Spanish Future Colliders Network- keeps Spanish cooperation putting together all interested communities: Phenomenology, Detector R&D, Accelerator development and industry.

The creation of the ILC International Technological Network allows to continue the global effort for a future Linear Collider though focused on accelerator aspects where Spain is also contributing via the CIEMAT and IFIC groups.

Spanish physicists are major players in the ECFA Study on Higgs/Top/Electroweak Factories.

At present Spanish community keeps a reasonable activity in the development for a future Higgs Factory based on the linear collider option despite the lack of resources.

#### For the discussion:

A Linear Collider at CERN? Cost? Technology readiness? Number of Experiments? CEPC factor?