Test-beam measurements of instrumented sensor planes for a highly compact and granular electromagnetic calorimeter

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Work in progress for the LUXE ECAL group

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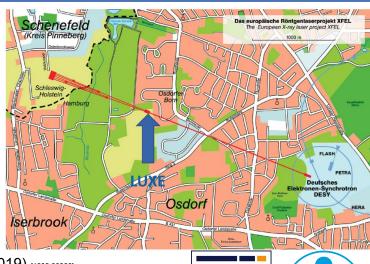




LUXE (Laser Und XFEL Experiment)

Mission: Observe the behavior of QED in the strong field non-perturbative regime.

European XFEL + High-intensity laser



LOI (2019) [1909.00860]

CDR (2021) Eur. Phys. J. Spec. Top. 230, 2445–2560

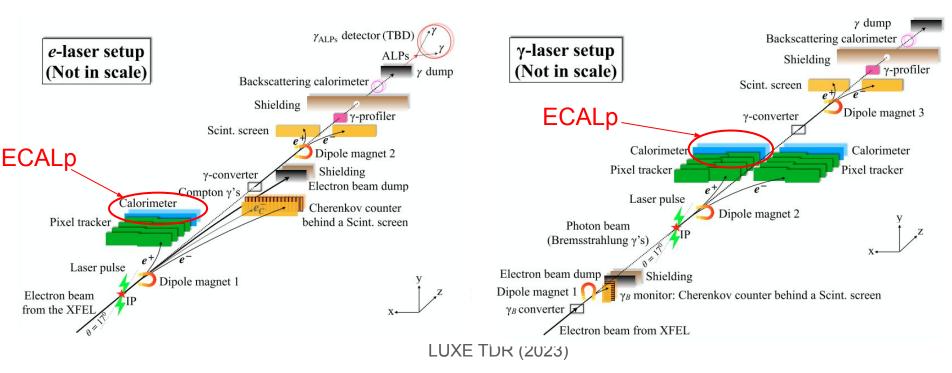
TDR 2023 [2308.00515] EPJST Accepted







Two modes for the experiment





The ECAL-P group

Participating institutes









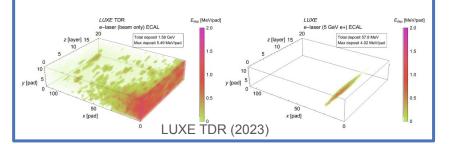






Challenges

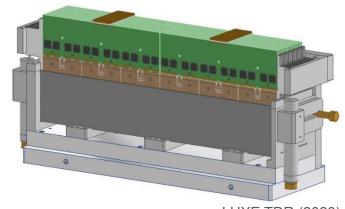
- Two modes with expected fluxes varying from 10⁻⁴ to 10⁵
- EM shower overlap at high multiplicity
- Low multiplicity showers immersed in low energy widely spread background





Solutions

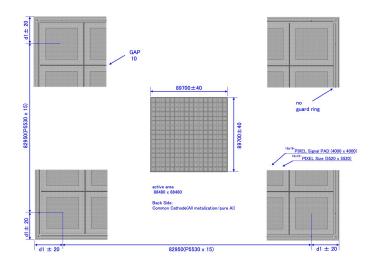
- Compact sampling calorimeter
- Small Molière radius
- High granularity

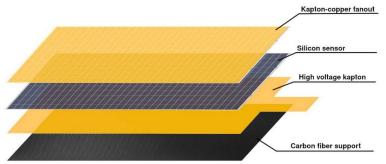


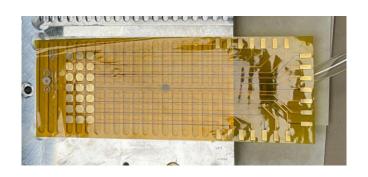


Sensors: Silicon

- The readout: Kapton fan-outs with copper traces connected to the sensor pads with conductive glue.
- 320/500 µm thick, 5.5 × 5.5 mm² pad
- Small gap of 0.01 mm between pads



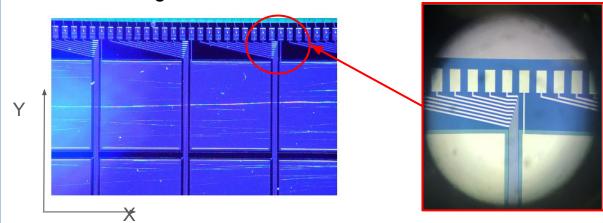




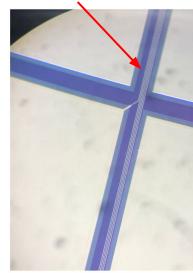


Sensors: Gallium Arsenide

- Single GaAs crystals compensated with chromium.
- Pads are made of 0.05 µm vanadium layer
- Pad area of 4.7 × 4.7 mm²
- 0.3 mm gap between pads
- Al traces in the gaps between pads.
- Sensor thickness of 500 μm.
- Tolerate higher radiation dose than silicon.



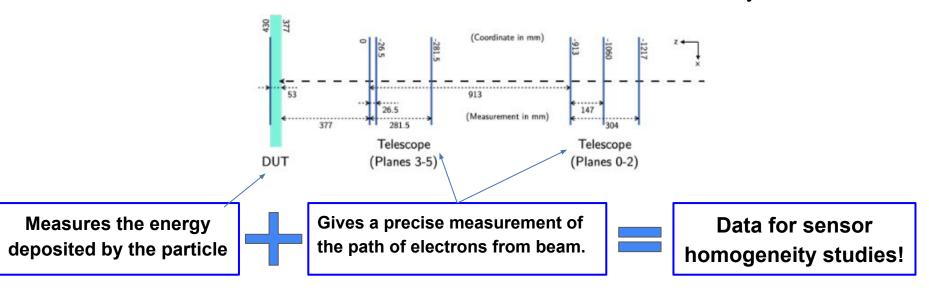
Aluminium traces





Test beam 2022

Two 16 × 8 pad arrays of silicon sensors and two 15 × 10 pad arrays of GaAs sensors were tested in a 5 GeV electron beam at the DESY-II facility.

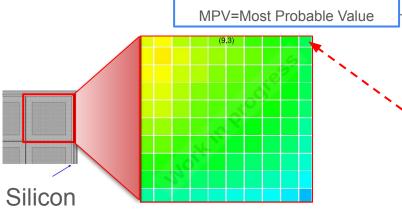


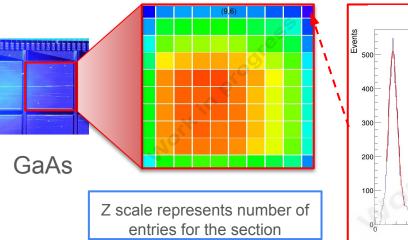
Testbeam prepared and operated by ECAL-P group before IFIC joined the project.

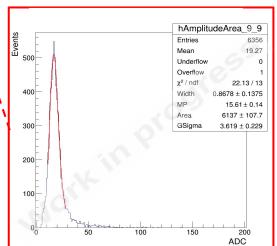
Homogeneity of individual pad response

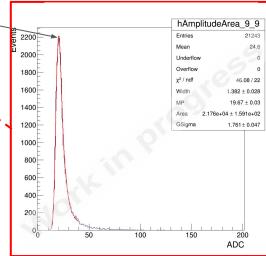


Subdivided pad into sections and plotted amplitude distribution of electrons in each section



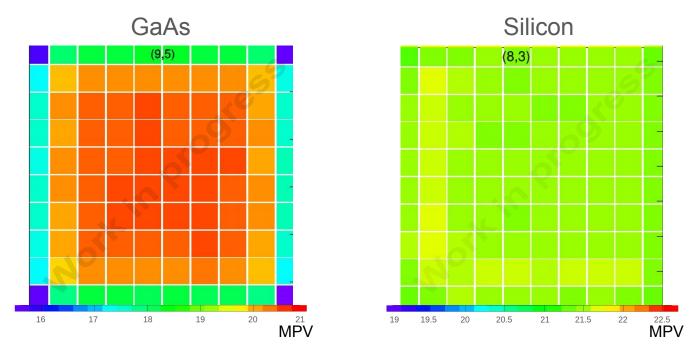








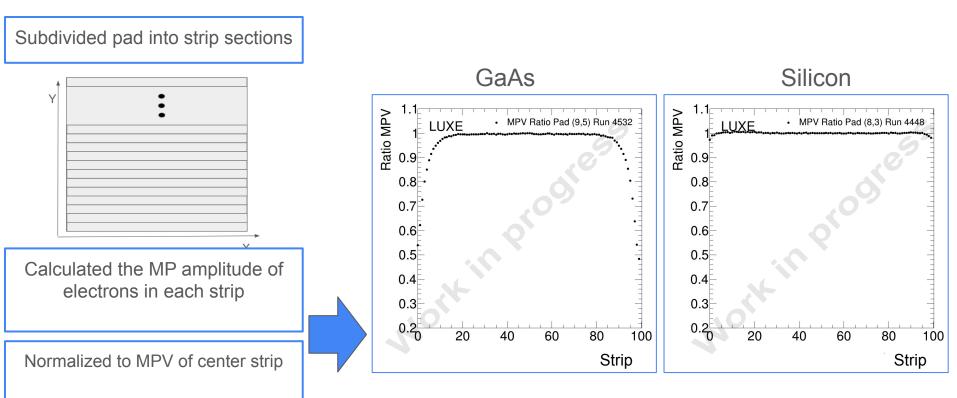
Examples of average response in pad sections



- Drop in amplitude around edges for GaAs
- L-shaped higher amplitude area for silicon sensor.

IFIC LUXE

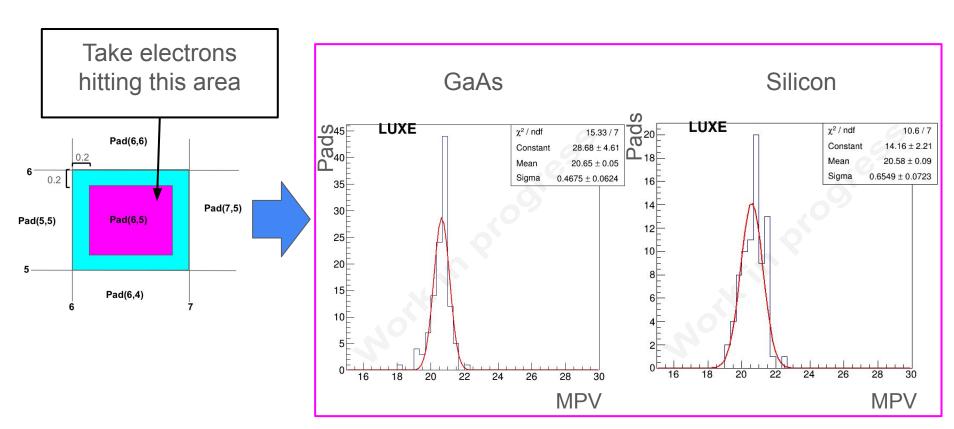
Examples of average pad response near edges



- 50% drop in amplitude wrt center for edges of GaAs pads
- 2-3% drop in amplitude for silicon wrt center



Homogeneity of sensor response



• In GaAs sensor, the pads are more compatible with each other than in silicon



Conclusion

- Individual pad-response studies were possible with the help of the telescope
- The GaAs sensors present edge-effects involving a drop in the measured energy of electrons
- This effect is small for the tested silicon sensors.
- The edge-effects from the GaAs sensors lower the mean response of the full sensor array



Backup

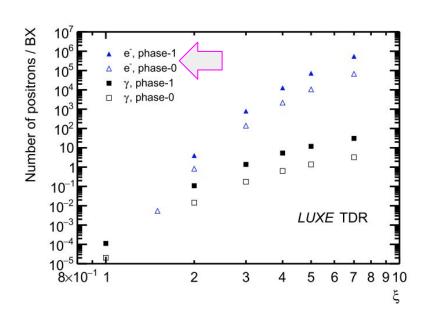


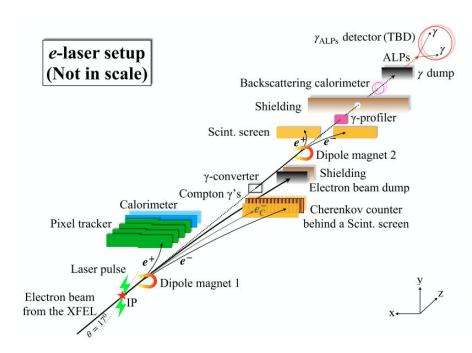
Main aims of LUXE

- Measure the interaction of real photons with electrons and photons at field strengths where the coupling to charges becomes non-perturbative
- Make precision
 measurements of
 electron-photon and
 photon-photon interactions
 in the transition from
 perturbative to the
 non-perturbative regime of
 QED.
- Use strong-field QED processes to design a sensitive search of new particles beyond the Standard Model that couple to photons.



Initial mode for LUXE: e-laser

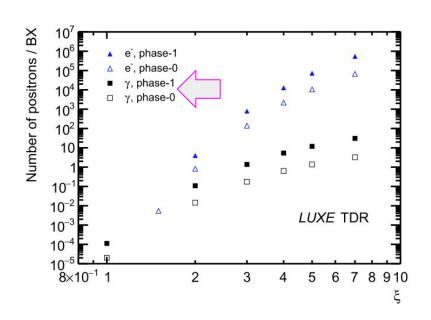


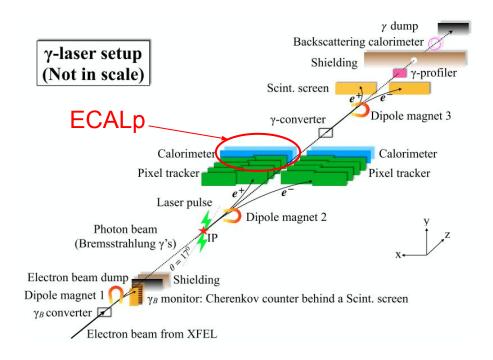


LUXE TDR (2023)



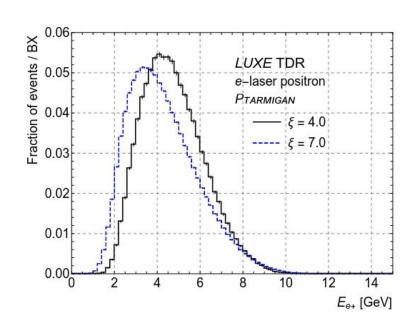
Second mode: γ-laser

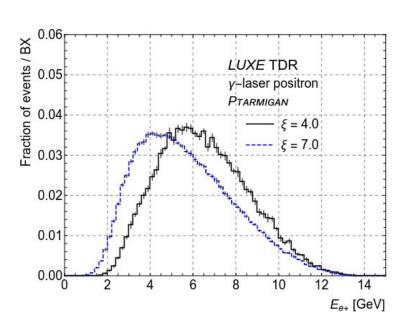






Expected positron energy spectra

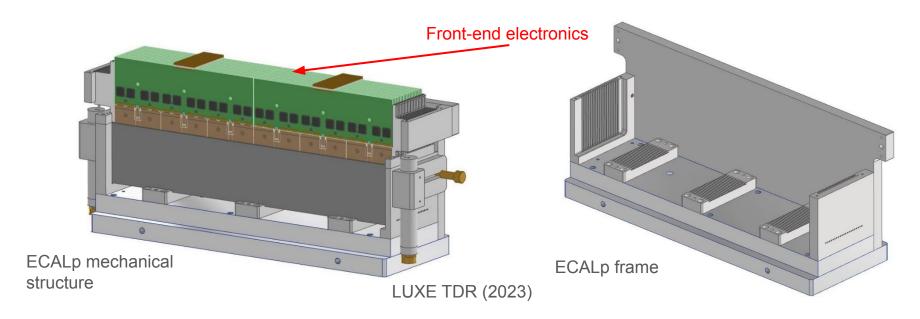






ECALp design

- Tungsten absorber: 21 layers of 3.5mm, Molière radius of 9.3mm
- Active layers including sensors and readout will be kept to less than 1mm in thickness.

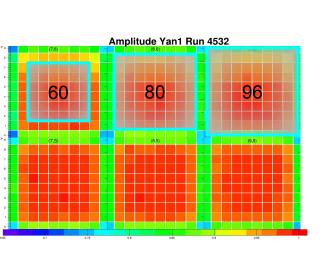


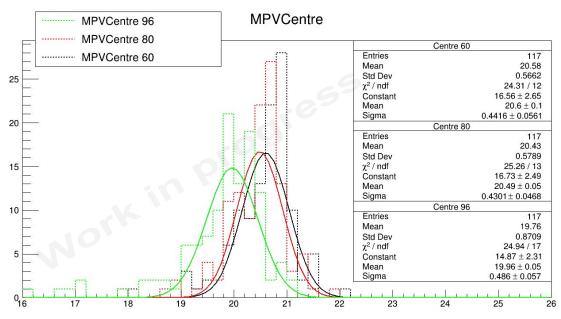


Edge-effects in homogeneity

Results on amplitude varying the centre area

The size of the remove edges are





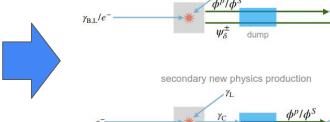
Mean sensor amplitude drops by less than 1% from area 60 to 80, and by around 3% when taking area 96.



Probing physics Beyond the Standard Model at LUXE

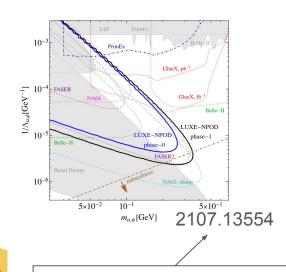
The high photon rate from LUXE gives the opportunity to search for physics BSM

Two NP production modes for ALPs and scalars that couple to photons and electrons



primary new physics production

LUXE CDR (2021)



Proposals to set a calorimeter at a fixed distance from photon dump to probe ALPs decays to two photons