

# Shell-model study of $^{28}\text{Si}$ : shape coexistence and superdeformation

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We study the shape coexistence in the nucleus  $^{28}\text{Si}$  with the nuclear shell model using numerical diagonalizations complemented with variational calculations based on the projected generator-coordinate method. Although the ground-state oblate rotational band is well described in the  $sd$  shell by the USDB interaction, the second excited  $0_3^+$  state and higher-energy levels lack the features of a prolate rotational band, in contrast to experiment. Thus, guided by the quasi-SU(3) model, we slightly lower the energy of the  $d_{3/2}$  orbital, which leads to a good description of the prolate band. Alternatively, we extend the configuration space to also include the  $pf$  shell, finding that the prolate band appears naturally using the SDPF-NR interaction. Finally, we address the possibility of superdeformation in  $^{28}\text{Si}$  within the  $sdpf$  space. Our results disfavour the appearance of superdeformed states with excitation energy below 20 MeV.

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