

Neutron deficient exotic nuclei and the Physics of the "proton rich side" of the nuclear chart



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Symmetries in proton-rich nuclei seen through ground-state properties

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Light proton-rich nuclei are valuable objects to study various symmetries in nuclear systems: fundamental symmetries with superallowed decays, proton-neutron isospin symmetry, or shapes, i.e. the geometrical symmetry.

Ground-state property measurements, such as these performed at ISOLDE with laser spectroscopy and Penning-trap mass spectrometry, contribute to this topic. In this contribution I will present recent investigations using the COLLAPS and ISOLTRAP setups which cover masses, moments, and charge radii of proton-rich Ne, Mg, and K isotopes.

Symmetries are addressed in multiple ways: Magnetic moments of ^{21}Mg and ^{17}Ne allow studying the isospin symmetry. Charge radii of both isotopic chains reveal a wealth of geometrical phenomena, from proton halos to alpha-clustering, when adding only a few neutrons. The mass of ^{35}K gives evidence for a breakdown of the isobaric multiplet mass equation and the precise mass of ^{22}Mg contributes to the determination of the V_{ud} matrix element.

Summary

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