

# 2HDM fits with HEPfit

Valencia, 5th July 2016

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# Outline

Introduction

HEPfit

2HDM

The model

Parameters

2HDM constraints

Theory

Experiment

Results

Conclusions



# Introduction

After the discovery of the Higgs the SM seems to be complete,  
BUT several experimental and theoretical issues remain unsolved

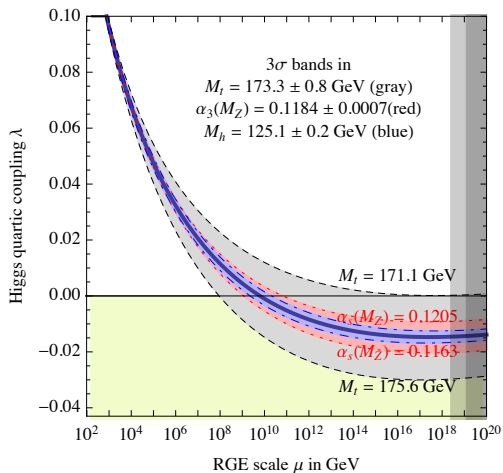
- ~~750 GeV diphoton excess~~
- Dark matter
- Origin of matter
- Neutrino masses
- Hierarchy problem
- Vacuum stability



## Introduction

$$V(\Phi) = -\mu^2\Phi\Phi^\dagger + \frac{1}{4}\lambda(\Phi\Phi^\dagger)^2$$

The SM cannot be stable  
up to the Planck scale!



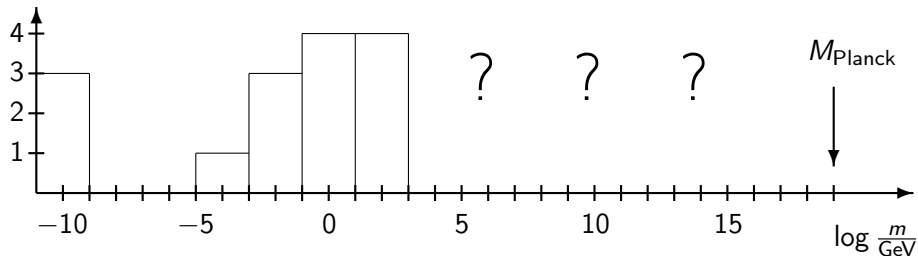
[Buttazzo et al. '13]



# Introduction

Mass distribution of the elementary particles:

particles



# Introduction

Why another Higgs doublet (“2HDM”)?

- No reason to assume only one Higgs doublet  
The 2HDM could serve as effective model, for instance for NHDM's or the MSSM.
- Solution to the vacuum stability problem
- Solution to the “big desert” problem
- More complicated 2HDM's are interesting for dark matter, baryogenesis, EW phase transition and could explain discrepancies between certain flavour observables



## Introduction

## HEPfit

## 2HDM

The model

Parameters

## 2HDM constraints

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# What is HEPfit?

Flexible open-source C++ code to do calculations with various observables in the SM and beyond:

- Simple user-defined models and/or observables
- Stand-alone or library modes to compute single observables
- Optional Bayesian fitting framework to do global statistical analyses  
(run-time optimized, parallelized; can be replaced by a different one)

Our goal: 4S – as much as fast and as precise as possible



## Installation and usage

Depends on: ROOT, GSL, Boost, Bayesian Analysis Toolkit (BAT)



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tar zxvf HEPfit-x.x.tar.gz && cd HEPfit-x.x && cmake . -DLOCAL_INSTALL_ALL=ON -DMPIBAT=ON && make && make install
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cmake . -DLOCAL_INSTALL_ALL=ON -DMPIBAT=ON
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make install

./analysis StandardModel.conf MonteCarlo.conf
```



# StandardModel.conf

One configuration file to rule them all:

- **Model** (SM or extension)
- **Parameter values**
- **Observables**



# StandardModel.conf

```

1 StandardModel
2 # Model parameters:
3 ModelParameter mtop          173.2      0.9      0.
4 ModelParameter mHl           125.6      0.3      0.
5 ...
6 CorrelatedGaussianParameters V1 lattice 2
7 ModelParameter a_0V          0.496    0.067    0.
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12 <All the model parameters have to be listed here>
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14 # Observables:
15 Observable Mw                Mw          M_{W}      80.3290 80.4064 MCMC weight 80.385 0.015 0.
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## Some examples

Observable	SM	2HDM	SUSY	Dim-6
Flavour:				
$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$	✓	✓	×	×
$\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma)$	✓	✓	×	×
$\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow \mu \gamma, 3\mu)$	–	–	✓	×
(...)				
Higgs:				
Signal strengths	✓	✓	×	✓
Direct searches	–	✓	×	–
(...)				
Electroweak precision observables:				
$STU$	✓	✓	×	✓
(...)				



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(...)				
Higgs:				
Signal strengths	✓	✓	×	✓
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(...)				
Electroweak precision observables:				
$STU$	✓	✓	×	✓
(...)				



## Some examples

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \propto (|P|^2 + |S|^2)$$

$$P = C_{10} + \frac{m_{B_s}^2}{2m_W^2} \frac{m_b}{m_b + m_s} C_P$$

$$S = \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_\mu^2}{m_{B_s}^2} \frac{m_{B_s}^2}{2m_W^2} \frac{m_b}{m_b + m_s}} C_S$$

$$\text{For example } C_i = C_i^{\text{SM}} + C_i^{\text{2HDM}}$$

$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$  is defined as **Flavour observable**;  
the  $C_i$  are defined in **StandardModel** and **2HDM**.

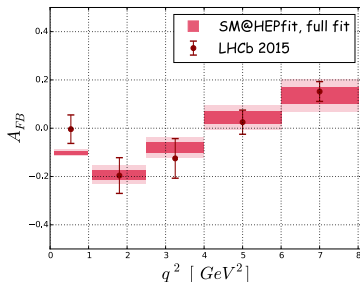


## Standard Model

- Large spectrum of flavour observables (rare decays, non-leptonic decays etc.), most of them at the highest available precision

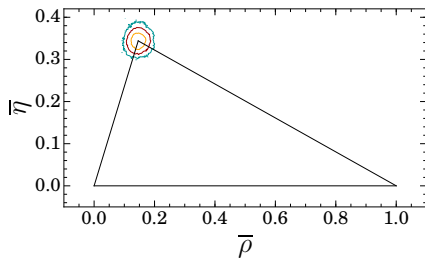
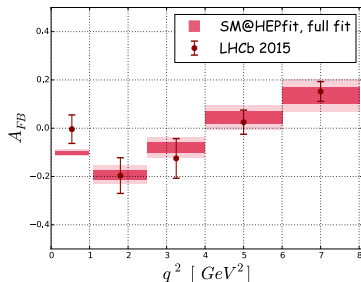
# Standard Model

- Large spectrum of flavour observables (rare decays, non-leptonic decays etc.), most of them at the highest available precision  
(for instance  $B \rightarrow K^* \ell \ell$  in [arXiv:1512.07157](https://arxiv.org/abs/1512.07157))



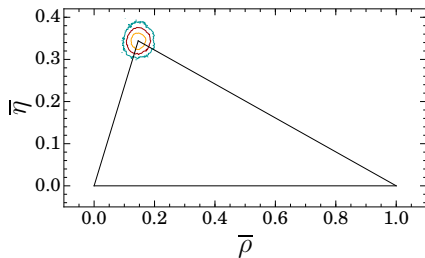
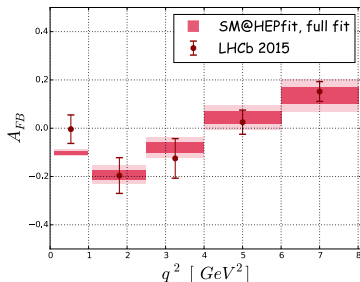
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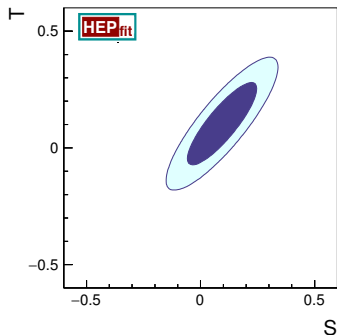
# Standard Model

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(for instance  $B \rightarrow K^* \ell \ell$  in [arXiv:1512.07157](https://arxiv.org/abs/1512.07157) or unitarity triangle fit)
- EWPO, LEP2 observables



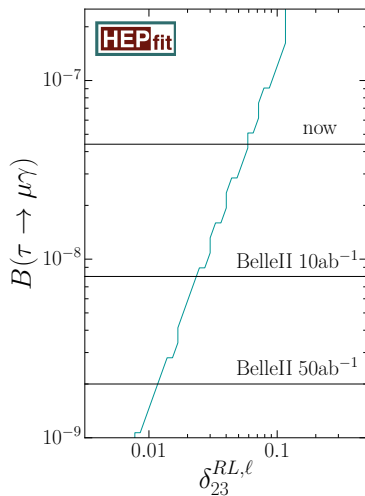
# Generic SM extensions

- Oblique parameters ( $S$ ,  $T$ ,  $U$  and  $\epsilon_i$ )
- Modified  $Zb\bar{b}$  couplings ( $\delta g_{L,R}^b$ )
- Modified Higgs couplings ( $\kappa_{V,f}$ )
- Dimension 6 effective theory ( $C_i/\Lambda^2$ )



## MSSM

- Generic flavour structure implemented
- Lepton flavour violating decays:  
 $l_i \rightarrow l_j$ ,  $l_i \rightarrow 3l_j$ ,  $(g - 2)_\mu$ ,  
 $\mu$  to  $e$  conversion in nuclei
- Vacuum stability constraints
- We are working on metastability and RGE.



## Other models

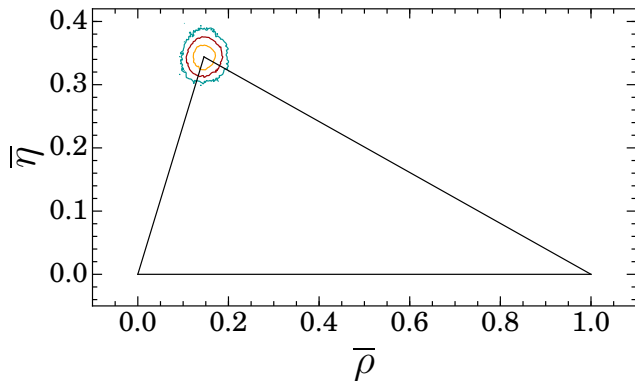
- 2HDM with softly broken  $Z_2$  (see part 2 of this talk)
- General 2HDM
- Left-Right symmetric model
- Your model?





## Run time

Unitarity triangle fit with HEPfit is possible on a laptop:  
about 1 hour with eight cores



# The HEPfit team



## Rome I&III

Jorge de Blas  
Debtosh Chowdhury  
Marco Ciuchini  
Otto Eberhardt  
Marco Fedele  
Enrico Franco  
Ayan Paul  
Luca Silvestrini

## SISSA Trieste

Giovanni Grilli di Cortona  
Mauro Valli

## KEK

Satoshi Mishima

## CERN

Maurizio Pierini

## Florida State University

Laura Reina

## Tohoku University

Norimi Yokozaki

## Lanzhou University

Fu-Sheng Yu



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# Theory

Scalar Lagrangian:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_H &= (D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi) \\ &\quad - m^2 \Phi^\dagger \Phi \\ &\quad - \frac{\lambda}{2} (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2\end{aligned}$$



# Theory

Scalar Lagrangian:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_H^{2\text{HDM}} &= (D_\mu \Phi_1)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi_1) + (D_\mu \Phi_2)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi_2) \\
 &\quad - m_1^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 - m_2^2 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 \\
 &\quad - \frac{\lambda_1}{2} (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)^2 - \frac{\lambda_2}{2} (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2)^2
 \end{aligned}$$



# Theory

Scalar Lagrangian:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_H^{2\text{HDM}} = & (D_\mu \Phi_1)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi_1) + (D_\mu \Phi_2)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi_2) \\
 & - m_{11}^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 - m_{22}^2 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 + m_{12}^2 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) \\
 & - \frac{\lambda_1}{2} \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 \right)^2 - \frac{\lambda_2}{2} \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 \right)^2 - \lambda_3 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) \\
 & - \lambda_4 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) - \left[ \frac{\lambda_5}{2} \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 \right)^2 + \text{h.c.} \right] \\
 & - \left\{ \left[ \lambda_6 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) + \lambda_7 \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) \right] \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) + \text{h.c.} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$



# Theory

Scalar Lagrangian:

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 \mathcal{L}_H^{2\text{HDM}} = & (D_\mu \Phi_1)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi_1) + (D_\mu \Phi_2)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi_2) \\
 & - m_{11}^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 - m_{22}^2 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 + m_{12}^2 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) \\
 & - \frac{\lambda_1}{2} \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 \right)^2 - \frac{\lambda_2}{2} \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 \right)^2 - \lambda_3 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) \\
 & - \lambda_4 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) - \left[ \frac{\lambda_5}{2} \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 \right)^2 + \text{h.c.} \right] \\
 & - \left\{ \left[ \lambda_6 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) + \lambda_7 \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) \right] \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) + \text{h.c.} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

assuming  $Z_2$  symmetry  $\Phi_2 \rightarrow -\Phi_2$ : 8 parameters



# Theory

Scalar Lagrangian:

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 \mathcal{L}_H^{2\text{HDM}} = & (D_\mu \Phi_1)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi_1) + (D_\mu \Phi_2)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi_2) \\
 & - m_{11}^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 - m_{22}^2 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 + m_{12}^2 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) \\
 & - \frac{\lambda_1}{2} \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 \right)^2 - \frac{\lambda_2}{2} \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 \right)^2 - \lambda_3 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) \\
 & - \lambda_4 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) - \left[ \frac{\lambda_5}{2} \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 \right)^2 + \text{h.c.} \right] \\
 & - \left\{ \left[ \lambda_6 \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 \right) + \lambda_7 \left( \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) \right] \left( \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 \right) + \text{h.c.} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

assuming  $Z_2$  symmetry  $\Phi_2 \rightarrow -\Phi_2$ : 8 parameters

assuming no CP violation: 8 real parameters



## Theory

Yukawa Lagrangian:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_Y = - \sum_{j,k=1}^3 & \left[ Y_{jk}^d (\bar{Q}_j \Phi) d_k \right. \\
 & + Y_{jk}^u (\bar{Q}_j i \sigma_2 \Phi^*) u_k \\
 & \left. + Y_{jk}^\ell (\bar{L}_j \Phi) l_k \quad + \text{h.c.} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$



## Theory

Yukawa Lagrangian:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_Y^{2\text{HDM}} = & - \sum_{j,k=1}^3 \left[ Y_{jk}^{d,1} (\bar{Q}_j \Phi_1) d_k + Y_{jk}^{d,2} (\bar{Q}_j \Phi_2) d_k \right. \\
 & + Y_{jk}^{u,1} (\bar{Q}_j i \sigma_2 \Phi_1^*) u_k + Y_{jk}^{u,2} (\bar{Q}_j i \sigma_2 \Phi_2^*) u_k \\
 & \left. + Y_{jk}^{\ell,1} (\bar{L}_j \Phi_1) \ell_k + Y_{jk}^{\ell,2} (\bar{L}_j \Phi_2) \ell_k + \text{h.c.} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

2HDM of type III (no additional symmetry)



## Theory

Yukawa Lagrangian:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_Y^{2\text{HDM}} = & - \sum_{j,k=1}^3 \left[ Y_{jk}^{d,1} (\bar{Q}_j \Phi_1) d_k + Y_{jk}^{d,2} (\bar{Q}_j \Phi_2) d_k \right. \\ & + Y_{jk}^{u,1} (\bar{Q}_j i\sigma_2 \Phi_1^*) u_k + Y_{jk}^{u,2} (\bar{Q}_j i\sigma_2 \Phi_2^*) u_k \\ & \left. + Y_{jk}^{\ell,1} (\bar{L}_j \Phi_1) \ell_k + Y_{jk}^{\ell,2} (\bar{L}_j \Phi_2) \ell_k + \text{h.c.} \right] \end{aligned}$$

2HDM of type I (additional  $Z_2$ :  $\Phi_2 \rightarrow -\Phi_2$ )



## Theory

Yukawa Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L}_Y^{2\text{HDM}} = - \sum_{j,k=1}^3 \left[ Y_{jk}^{d,1} (\bar{Q}_j \Phi_1) d_k + Y_{jk}^{d,2} (\bar{Q}_j \Phi_2) d_k \right. \\ \left. + Y_{jk}^{u,1} (\bar{Q}_j i\sigma_2 \Phi_1^*) u_k + Y_{jk}^{u,2} (\bar{Q}_j i\sigma_2 \Phi_2^*) u_k \right. \\ \left. + Y_{jk}^{\ell,1} (\bar{L}_j \Phi_1) \ell_k + Y_{jk}^{\ell,2} (\bar{L}_j \Phi_2) \ell_k + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

2HDM of type II (additional  $Z_2$ :  $\Phi_2 \rightarrow -\Phi_2$ ,  $u_k \rightarrow -u_k$ )

## Theory

Re-parametrisation:

$\lambda_1$	→	$v \approx 246$ GeV	v.e.v.
$\lambda_2$		$m_{h^0} \approx 126$ GeV	light CP-even Higgs mass
$\lambda_3$		$m_{H^0}$	heavy CP-even Higgs mass
$\lambda_4$		$m_A$	CP-odd Higgs mass
$\lambda_5$		$m_{H^\pm}$	charged Higgs mass
$m_{11}^2$		$\alpha$	diagonalisation angle of the CP-even mass matrix
$m_{22}^2$		$\beta$	diagonalisation angle of the CP-odd and charged mass matrix
$m_{12}^2$	$m_{12}^2$	soft $Z_2$ breaking parameter	



# Theory

We will use  $\tan \beta$  and  $\beta - \alpha$  instead of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ .



# Theory

We will use  $\tan \beta$  and  $\beta - \alpha$  instead of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ .

Alignment limit:  $(\beta - \alpha) - \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow 0 \quad \Rightarrow$  All  $h$  couplings SM-like

Decoupling limit:  $(\beta - \alpha) - \frac{\pi}{2} \ll 1$  and  $m_H \approx m_A \approx m_{H^\pm} \gg m_h$

[Gunion, Haber '02]



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# Theory

## Positivity of the Higgs potential

The Higgs potential should be bounded from below to yield  $v < \infty$ .

For  $\Phi_1, \Phi_2 \rightarrow \infty$  we demand for the simplified potential

$$\lambda_1 x^2 + \lambda_2 y^2 + f(\lambda_3, \lambda_4, \lambda_5)xy > 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \quad & \lambda_1 > 0, \quad \lambda_2 > 0, \\ & \lambda_3 > -\sqrt{\lambda_1 \lambda_2}, \quad \lambda_3 + \lambda_4 - |\lambda_5| > -\sqrt{\lambda_1 \lambda_2} \end{aligned}$$

[Deshpande, Ma '78]



# Theory

## Vacuum stability

We must avoid that our model contains an unstable vacuum.  
Excluding metastability:

$$m_{12}^2 \left( m_{11}^2 - \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2}} m_{22}^2 \right) \left( \tan \beta - \sqrt[4]{\frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2}} \right) > 0$$

[Barroso, Ferreira, Ivanov, Santos '13]



# Theory

Perturbativity of the quartic couplings

Perturbativity in the SM:  $\lambda = \frac{m_h^2}{2v^2} \approx 0.13 \ll 1$

Before  $m_h$  was known, there were upper limits from **RGE** and **unitarity**.



## Theory

RGE in the SM

$$\frac{d\lambda(Q^2)}{d(\ln Q^2)} = \frac{3}{4\pi^2} (\lambda^2 + \lambda Y_t - Y_t^2) + \mathcal{O}(\lambda g_i^2, g_i^4)$$

For  $\lambda > Y_t \approx 1$ :

$$\lambda(Q^2) \approx \frac{\lambda(m_Z^2)}{1 - \frac{3\lambda(m_Z^2)}{4\pi^2} \ln \frac{Q^2}{m_Z^2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda(m_Z^2) \lesssim 5$$



## Theory

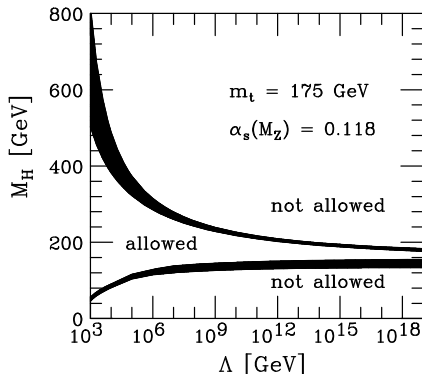
RGE in the SM

$$\frac{d\lambda(Q^2)}{d(\ln Q^2)} = \frac{3}{4\pi^2} (\lambda^2 + \lambda Y_t - Y_t^2) + \mathcal{O}(\lambda g_i^2, g_i^4)$$

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$$\Rightarrow \lambda(m_Z^2) \lesssim 5$$

NLO RGE:  $\lambda(m_Z^2) \lesssim 2.2$  [Nierste, Riesselmann '96]

[Hambye, Riesselmann '97]



# Theory

## Unitarity in quantum mechanics

The S-matrix is required to be unitary:

$$S^\dagger S = \mathbb{1}$$

Partial wave decomposition:

$$|2a_\ell^{2 \rightarrow 2} - i|^2 + \sum_{n>2} |2a_\ell^{2 \rightarrow n}|^2 = 1$$

For large  $s = (p_1 + p_2)^2$ , we can neglect the  $a_\ell^{2 \rightarrow n}$  part and set  $\ell = 0$ .

$$\Rightarrow |\operatorname{Re}(a_0^{2 \rightarrow 2})| \leq \frac{1}{2}$$



# Theory

## Unitarity in the SM

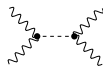
$$\mathbf{a}_0 = \frac{1}{16\pi s} \int_{-s}^0 \mathcal{M}(s, t) dt$$



## Theory

## Unitarity in the SM

$$\mathbf{a}_0 = \frac{1}{16\pi s} \int_{-s}^0 \mathcal{M}(s, t) dt$$



For only one initial and final state:

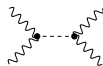
$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M}_{w^+w^- \rightarrow w^+w^-} &= -4\lambda - (-2i\lambda v)^2 \left( \frac{1}{s-m_h^2} + \frac{1}{t-m_h^2} \right) \\ &= -2\lambda \left( \frac{s}{s-m_h^2} + \frac{t}{t-m_h^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$



## Theory

## Unitarity in the SM

$$\mathbf{a}_0 = \frac{1}{16\pi s} \int_{-s}^0 \mathcal{M}(s, t) dt$$



For only one initial and final state:

$$\mathcal{M}_{w^+w^- \rightarrow w^+w^-} = -4\lambda - (-2i\lambda v)^2 \left( \frac{1}{s-m_h^2} + \frac{1}{t-m_h^2} \right)$$

$$= -2\lambda \left( \frac{s}{s-m_h^2} + \frac{t}{t-m_h^2} \right)$$

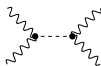
$$a_0^{w^+w^- \rightarrow w^+w^-} \approx \frac{1}{16\pi s} \cdot (-2\lambda \cdot 2s) = -\frac{\lambda}{4\pi}$$



## Theory

## Unitarity in the SM

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{16\pi s} \int_{-s}^0 \mathcal{M}(s, t) dt$$



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For all scalar  $2 \rightarrow 2$  states:

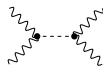
$$a_0^{2 \rightarrow 2} = -\frac{3\lambda}{8\pi}$$



## Theory

## Unitarity in the SM

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{16\pi s} \int_{-s}^0 \mathcal{M}(s, t) dt$$



For only one initial and final state:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M}_{w^+w^- \rightarrow w^+w^-} &= -4\lambda - (-2i\lambda v)^2 \left( \frac{1}{s-m_h^2} + \frac{1}{t-m_h^2} \right) \\ &= -2\lambda \left( \frac{s}{s-m_h^2} + \frac{t}{t-m_h^2} \right) \\ a_0^{w^+w^- \rightarrow w^+w^-} &\approx \frac{1}{16\pi s} \cdot (-2\lambda \cdot 2s) = -\frac{\lambda}{4\pi} \end{aligned}$$

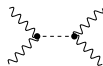
For all scalar  $2 \rightarrow 2$  states:

$$a_0^{2 \rightarrow 2} = -\frac{3\lambda}{8\pi} \Rightarrow \lambda \lesssim 4$$

## Theory

## Unitarity in the SM

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{16\pi s} \int_{-s}^0 \mathcal{M}(s, t) dt$$



For only one initial and final state:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M}_{w^+w^- \rightarrow w^+w^-} &= -4\lambda - (-2i\lambda v)^2 \left( \frac{1}{s-m_h^2} + \frac{1}{t-m_h^2} \right) \\ &= -2\lambda \left( \frac{s}{s-m_h^2} + \frac{t}{t-m_h^2} \right) \\ a_0^{w^+w^- \rightarrow w^+w^-} &\approx \frac{1}{16\pi s} \cdot (-2\lambda \cdot 2s) = -\frac{\lambda}{4\pi} \end{aligned}$$

For all scalar  $2 \rightarrow 2$  states:

$$a_0^{2 \rightarrow 2} = -\frac{3\lambda}{8\pi} \Rightarrow \lambda \lesssim 4$$

NLO unitarity:  $\lambda \lesssim 2.2$  [Durand, Johnson, Lopez '92]





## Theory

Unitarity in the 2HDM  $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \lambda_5$  instead of one  $\lambda$

Tree-level unitarity eigenvalues:

$$a_0^{(1,2)} = \frac{1}{16\pi} \left( \lambda_1 + \lambda_2 \pm \sqrt{(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)^2 + 4\lambda_5^2} \right)$$

$$a_0^{(3,4)} = \frac{1}{16\pi} \left( \lambda_1 + \lambda_2 \pm \sqrt{(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)^2 + 4\lambda_4^2} \right)$$

$$a_0^{(5,6)} = \frac{1}{16\pi} \left( 3(\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) \pm \sqrt{9(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)^2 + 4(2\lambda_3 + \lambda_4)^2} \right)$$

$$a_0^{(7,8)} = \frac{1}{8\pi} (\lambda_3 \pm \lambda_4)$$

$$a_0^{(9,10)} = \frac{1}{8\pi} (\lambda_3 \pm \lambda_5)$$

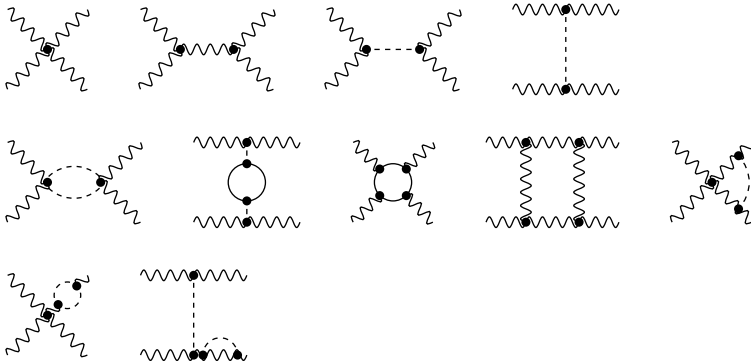
$$a_0^{(11,12)} = \frac{1}{8\pi} (\lambda_3 + 2\lambda_4 \pm 3\lambda_5)$$

[Ginzburg, Ivanov '05]



## Theory

## NLO unitarity in the 2HDM



[Grinstein, Murphy, Uttayarat '15]



# Theory

Perturbativity of the NLO contributions

$$R'_1 = \frac{|a_0^{\text{NLO}}|}{|a_0^{\text{LO}}|} \leq 1$$

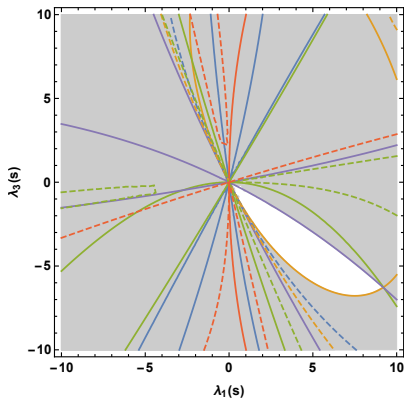
We apply this only if  $|a_0^{\text{LO}}| > 0.02 \approx \frac{1}{16\pi}$ .

[Grinstein, Murphy, Uttayarat '15]

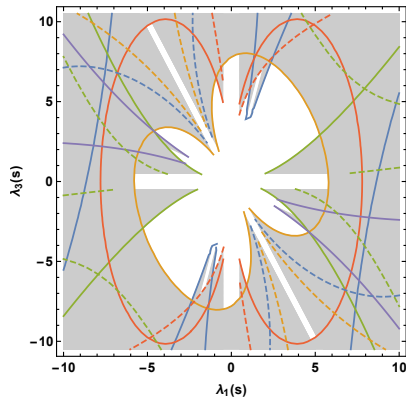


## Theory

NLO unitarity



Perturbativity



$$\lambda_2 = \lambda_1, \lambda_4 = -\lambda_1 - \lambda_3, \lambda_5 = 0$$

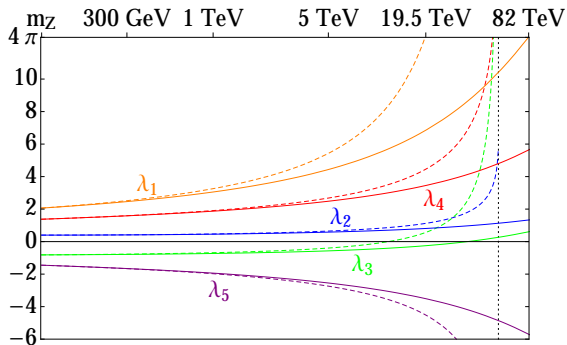
[Grinstein, Murphy, Uttayarat '15]



## Theory

We obtained the NLO RGE using PyR@TE.

[Lyonnet, Schienbein, Staub, Wingerter '13]



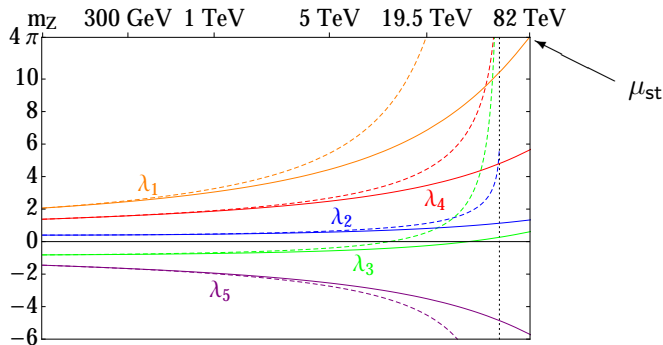
[Chowdhury, OE '15]



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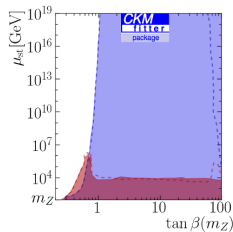
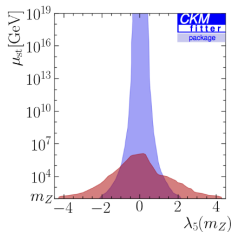
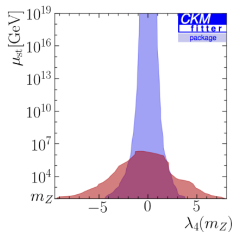
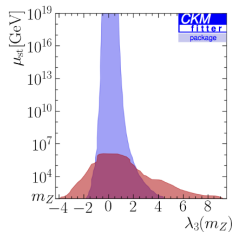
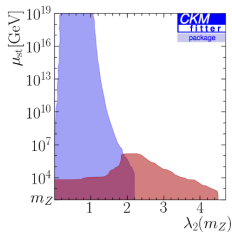
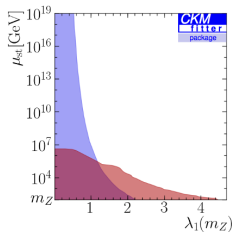


## Theory

$$1/8 < |a_0| < 1/4$$

$$|a_0| < 1/8$$

NLO RGE

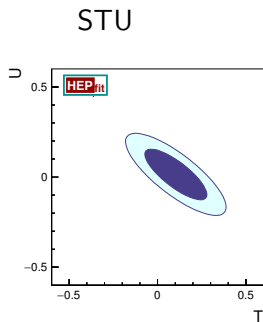
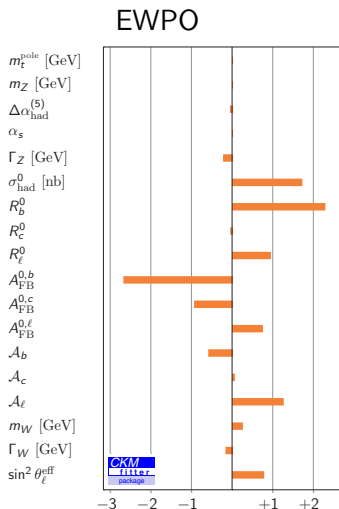


[Chowdhury, OE '15]



## Experiment

$W$  and  $Z$  pole observables – Two different approaches:



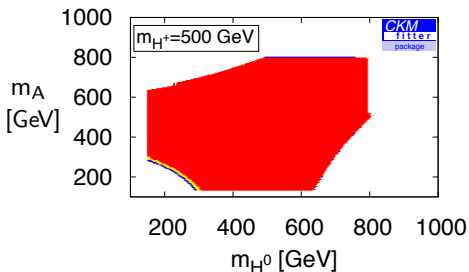
	Fit result	Correlations		
$S$	$0.09 \pm 0.10$	1.00		
$T$	$0.10 \pm 0.12$	0.86	1.00	
$U$	$0.01 \pm 0.09$	-0.54	-0.81	1.00

[OE '13; HEPfit '16]

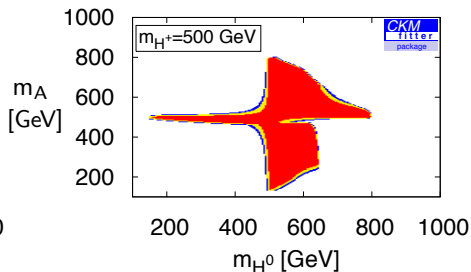


## Experiment

without EWPO:



with EWPO:



[OE '13]



## Experiment

## Higgs signal strengths

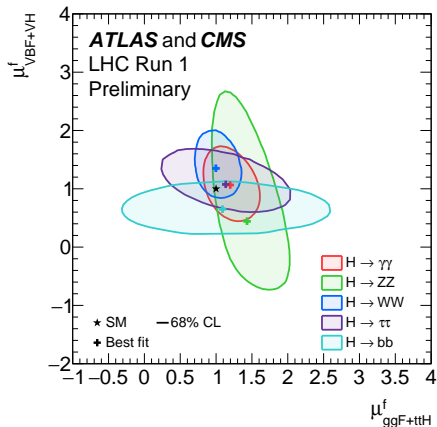
$$\mu_{\text{ggF+tth}}^f = \frac{[(\sigma_{\text{ggF}} + \sigma_{\text{tth}}) \cdot B(h \rightarrow f)]_{\text{2HDM}}}{[(\sigma_{\text{ggF}} + \sigma_{\text{tth}}) \cdot B(h \rightarrow f)]_{\text{SM}}}$$

$$\mu_{\text{VBF+Vh}}^f = \sin^2(\beta - \alpha) \cdot \frac{[B(h \rightarrow f)]_{\text{2HDM}}}{[B(h \rightarrow f)]_{\text{SM}}}$$



## Experiment

## Higgs signal strengths



[ATLAS &amp; CMS '15]



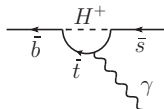


## Experiment

Flavour

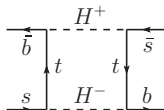
$$\mathcal{B}(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$$

[Hermann, Misiak, Steinhauser '12; Misiak et al. '15; HFAG '14]



$$\Delta m_{B_s}$$

[Deschamps et al. '09; LHCb '13]



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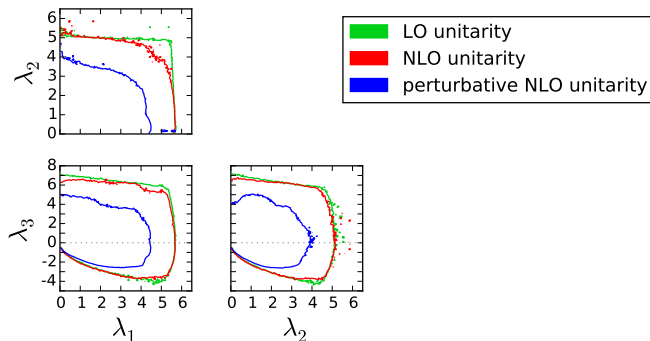
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# Quartic couplings

NLO unitarity bounds combined with stability up to 750 GeV:

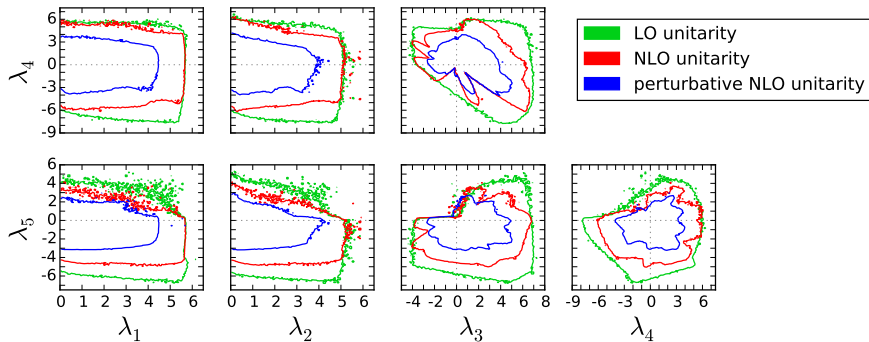


Chowdhury, OE, Murphy in preparation]



# Quartic couplings

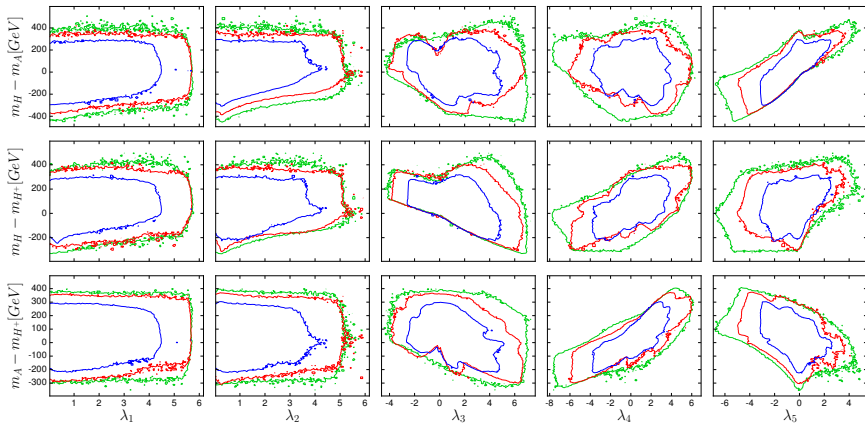
NLO unitarity bounds combined with stability up to 750 GeV:



Chowdhury, OE, Murphy in preparation]

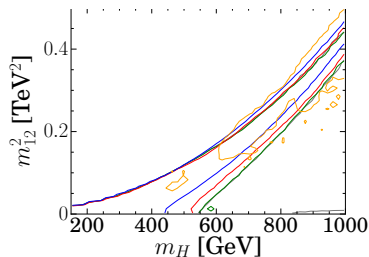
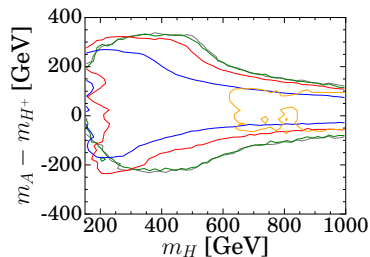
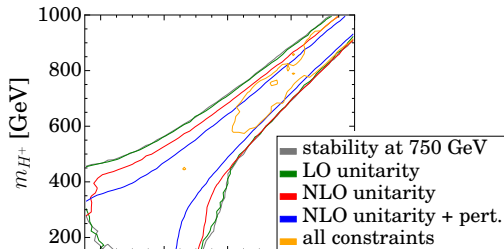
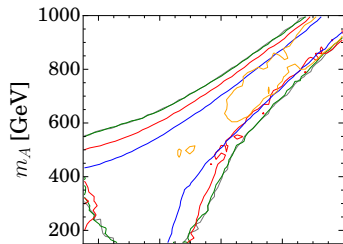
# Mass differences

NLO unitarity bounds combined with stability up to 750 GeV:



[Cacchio, Chowdhury, OE, Murphy in preparation]

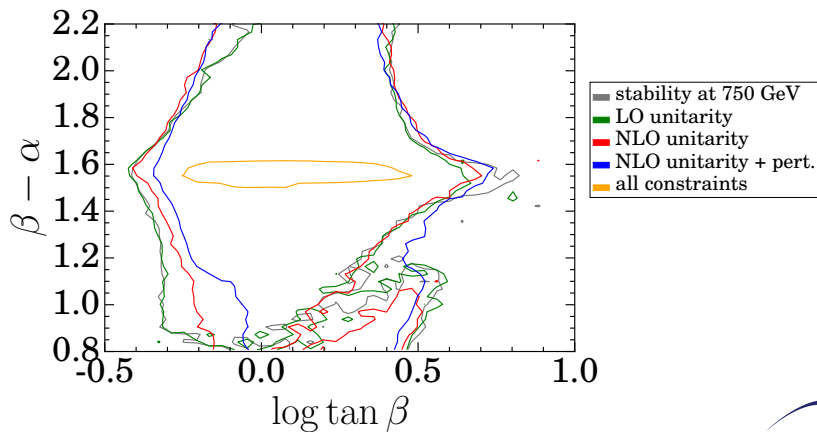
## Physical parameters I



[Cacchio, Chowdhury, OE, Murphy in preparation]



## Physical parameters II



[Cacchio, Chowdhury, OE, Murphy in preparation]

## Conclusions

- HEPfit will be released soon
- Quartic couplings of the 2HDM with a softly broken  $Z_2$  get strongly constrained by NLO unitarity.



Back-up

## Inputs for the unitarity triangle fit

$\Delta m_{B_d}$	$0.5055 \pm 0.002 \text{ ps}^{-1}$
$\Delta m_{B_s}$	$17.757 \pm 0.021 \text{ ps}^{-1}$
$\epsilon_K$	$0.00228 \pm 0.00011$
$V_{ud}$	$0.97428 \pm 0.00021$
$V_{us}$	$0.2249 \pm 0.0009$
$V_{ub}$	$0.00381 \pm 0.00040$
$V_{cb}$	$0.0409 \pm 0.0011$
$\alpha_{\pi\pi}, \alpha_{\rho\rho}, \alpha_{\rho\pi}$	Likelihood
$\gamma$	Likelihood
$S_{J/\psi K}$	$0.679 \pm 0.023$





# Naturalness

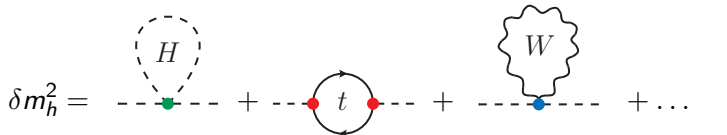
$$\delta m_h^2 = \text{---} \overset{H}{\bullet} \text{---} + \text{---} \overset{t}{\bullet\bullet} \text{---} + \text{---} \bullet \text{---} + \dots$$

$$= \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}^2}{16\pi^2} \left[ \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f_n(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i) \left( \ln \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}}{\mu_{\text{ew}}} \right)^n \right] + \mathcal{O} \left( \ln \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}}{\mu_{\text{ew}}} \right)$$

$$\approx \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}^2}{16\pi^2} f_0(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i) \left[ 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \prod_{\ell=1}^n k_{\ell} \right]$$

$$\text{with } k_n = \frac{f_n(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i)}{f_{n-1}(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i)} \ln \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}}{\mu_{\text{ew}}}$$

## Naturalness



$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta m_h^2 &= \text{---} \overset{\text{H}}{\bullet} \text{---} + \text{---} \overset{\text{t}}{\circlearrowleft} \text{---} + \text{---} \overset{\text{W}}{\bullet} \text{---} + \dots \\
 &= \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}^2}{16\pi^2} \left[ \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f_n(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i) \left( \ln \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}}{\mu_{\text{ew}}} \right)^n \right] + \mathcal{O} \left( \ln \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}}{\mu_{\text{ew}}} \right) \\
 &\approx \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}^2}{16\pi^2} f_0(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i) \left[ 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \prod_{\ell=1}^n k_{\ell} \right] \\
 &\quad \text{with } k_n = \frac{f_n(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i)}{f_{n-1}(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i)} \ln \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}}{\mu_{\text{ew}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Assuming  $\mu_{\text{nat}} = \mu_{\text{stability}}$ ,  $|k_1|, |k_2| \leq 1$  and  $|\delta m_h^2| \leq m_h^2$ :

$$|f_0(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i)| < 6 \text{ and } \mu_{\text{nat}} \lesssim 5 \text{ TeV}$$



$$f_n(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta m_h^2 &= \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}^2}{16\pi^2} \left[ \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f_n(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i) \left( \ln \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}}{\mu_{\text{ew}}} \right)^n \right] + \mathcal{O} \left( \ln \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}}{\mu_{\text{ew}}} \right) \\ &\approx \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}^2}{16\pi^2} f_0(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i) \left[ 1 + \underbrace{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \prod_{\ell=1}^n \left( \frac{f_\ell(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i)}{f_{\ell-1}(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i)} \ln \frac{\mu_{\text{nat}}}{\mu_{\text{ew}}} \right)}_{k_\ell} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_0(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i) &= \frac{3}{2}\lambda_1 + \frac{3}{2}\lambda_2 - \frac{3}{2}\cos(2\alpha)(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2) + 2\lambda_3 + \lambda_4 \\ &\quad - \cos^2(\alpha)(6Y_b^2 + 6Y_t^2 + 2Y_\tau^2) + \frac{3}{4}g_1^2 + \frac{9}{4}g_2^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$f_{n+1}(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i) = \frac{1}{n+1} \sum_{L \in \{\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i\}} \beta_L \frac{\partial}{\partial L} f_n(\lambda_i, Y_i, g_i)$$



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