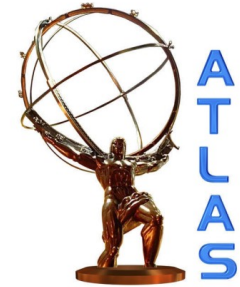


# Upgrade on the noise study of TopoClustering Algorithm



**Y. Hernández, J. Valls, B. Mellado**

IFIC - University of Valencia

University of Wisconsin-Madison



VNIVERSITAT  
DE VALÈNCIA

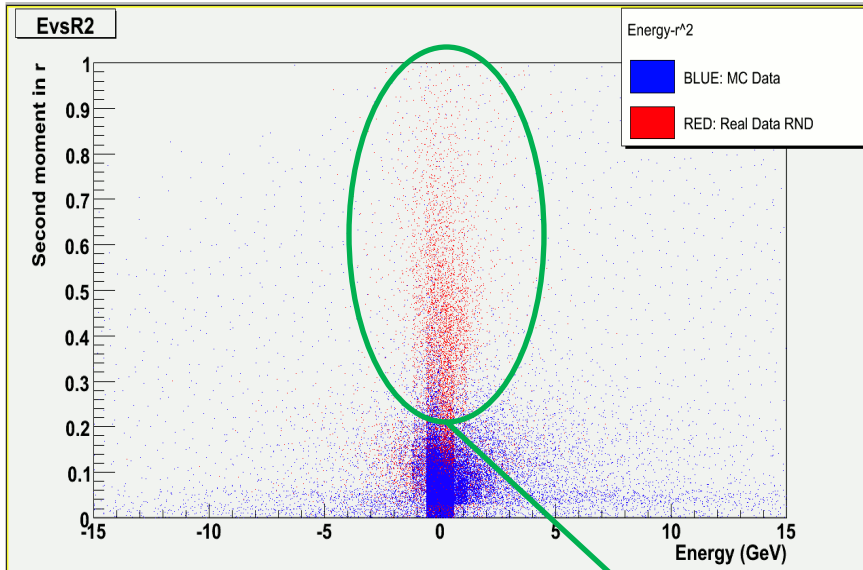


Group meeting  
28 September 2009

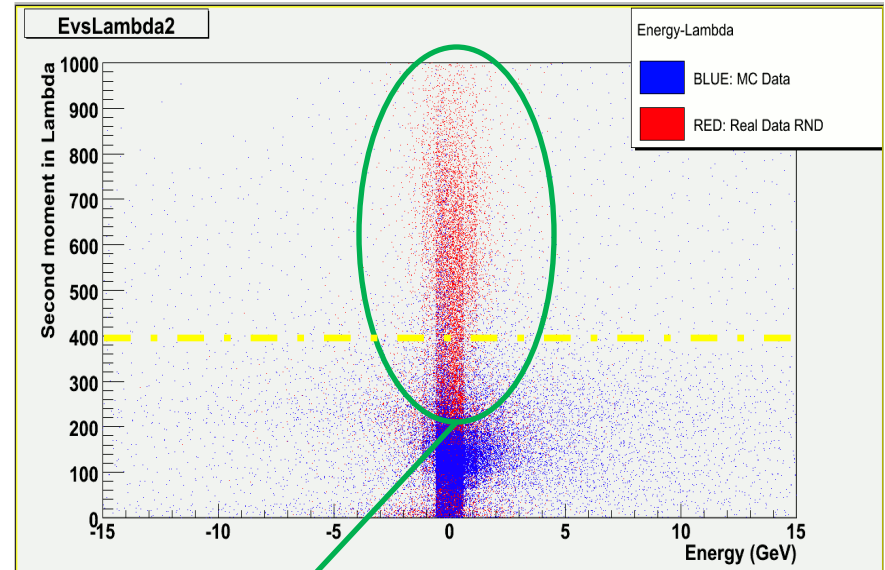
# Run 106020MC vs Run 91890RND

## Configuration (4,2,0): Energy-Moments

Energy-r<sup>2</sup>



Energy-λ<sup>2</sup>

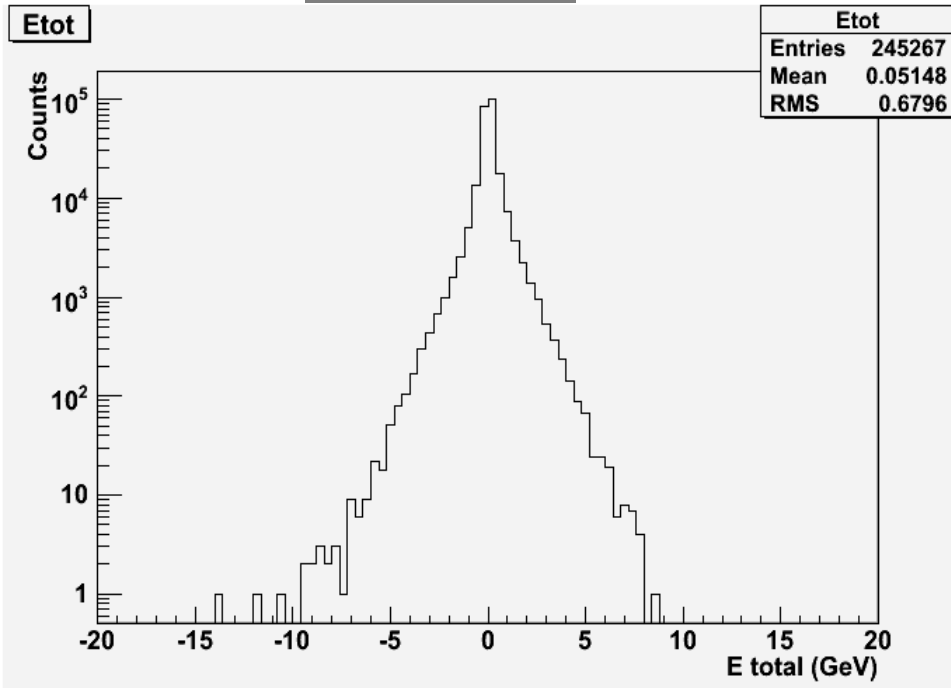


The two moments in real data are greater than in MC data for same configuration of topoclusters: (4,2,0)

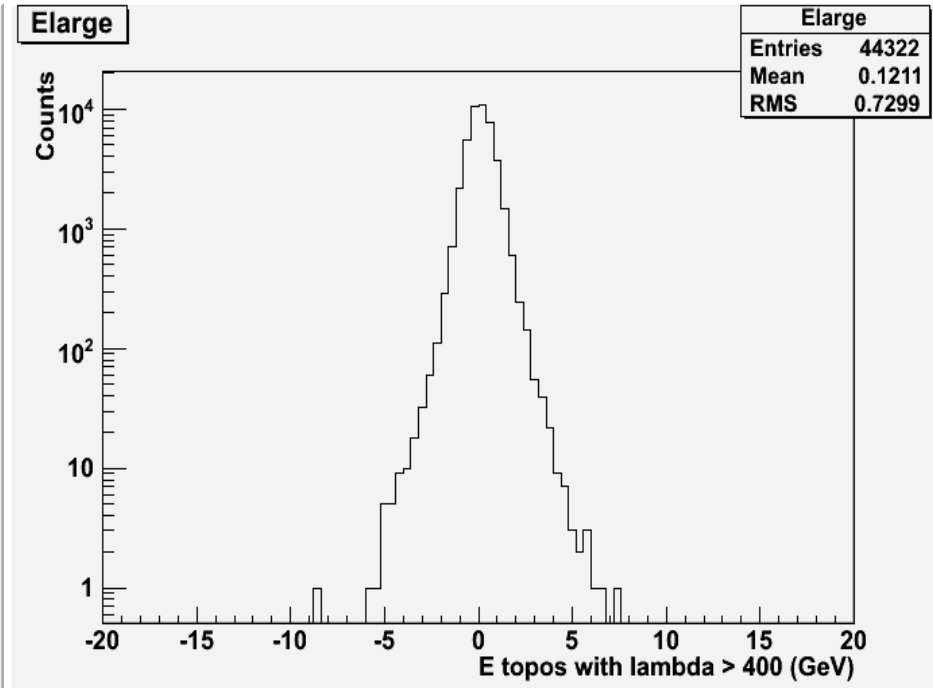
Let's go to study the distributions of the topos with large moments:  
CUT IN THE SECOND MOMENT IN LAMBDA:  $\lambda > 400$

# CLUSTERS WITH LAMBDA > 400

Total energy



Energy of the topos with lambda > 400

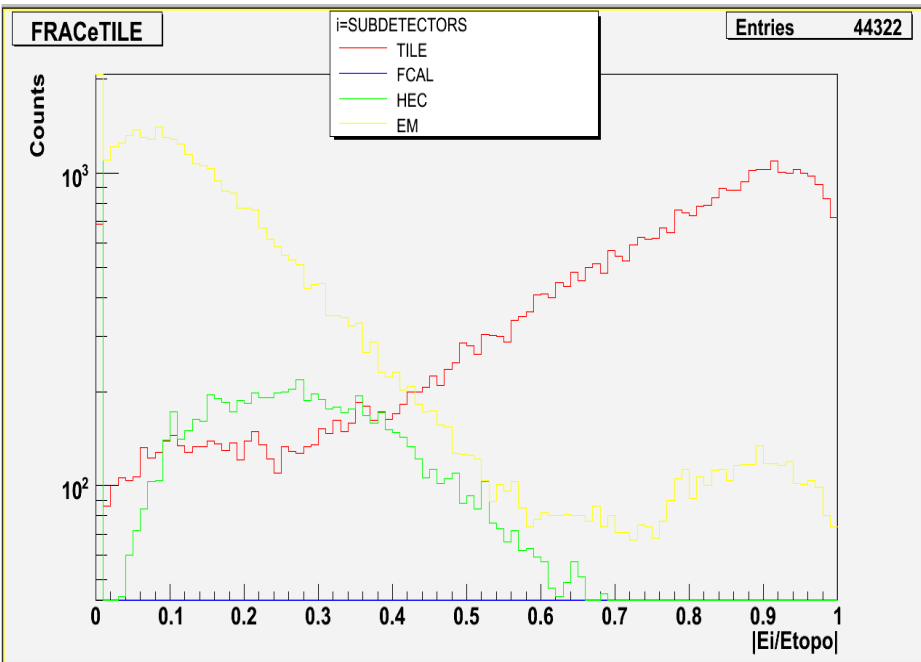


The clusters with lambda > 400 have a little contribution in the total energy

# CLUSTERS WITH LAMBDA > 400

## Clusters with second moment in lambda > 400

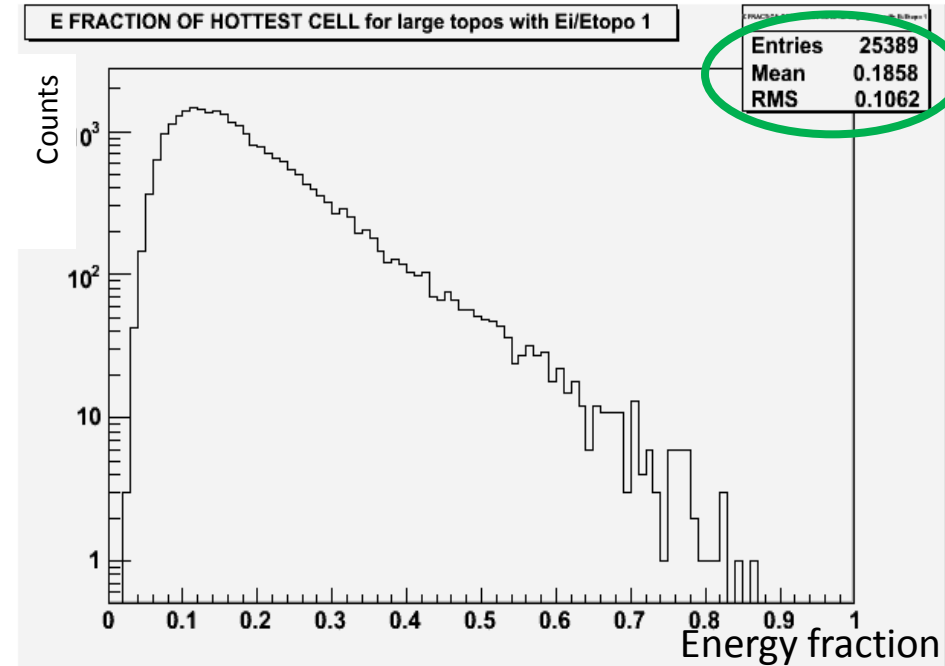
### Energy fraction of each part



The most energy fraction is from the TileCal  
70 %

## Clusters with second moment in lambda > 400 && Etile/Etopo > 85 %

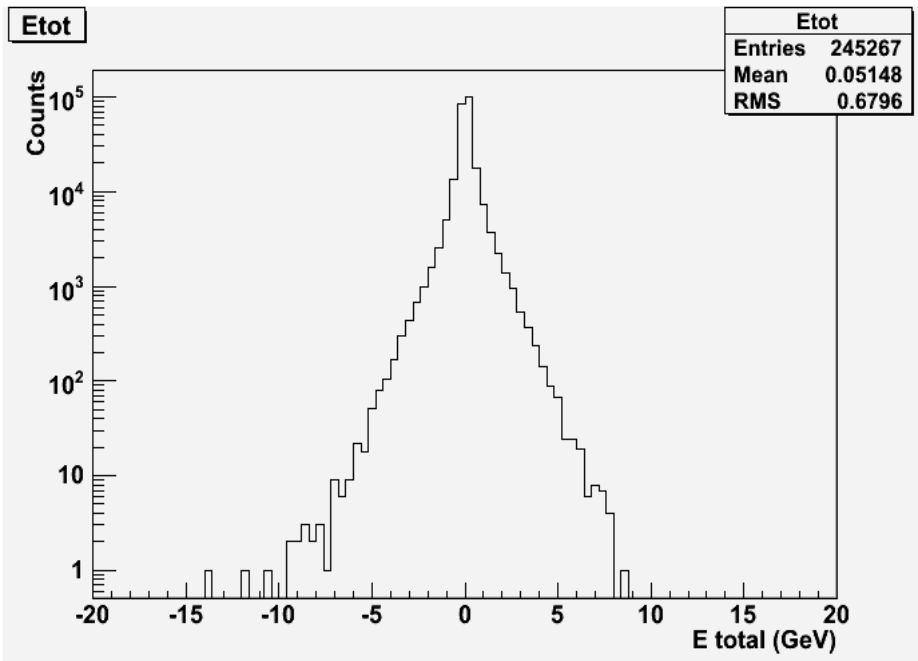
### Energy fraction of the hottest cell of the cluster



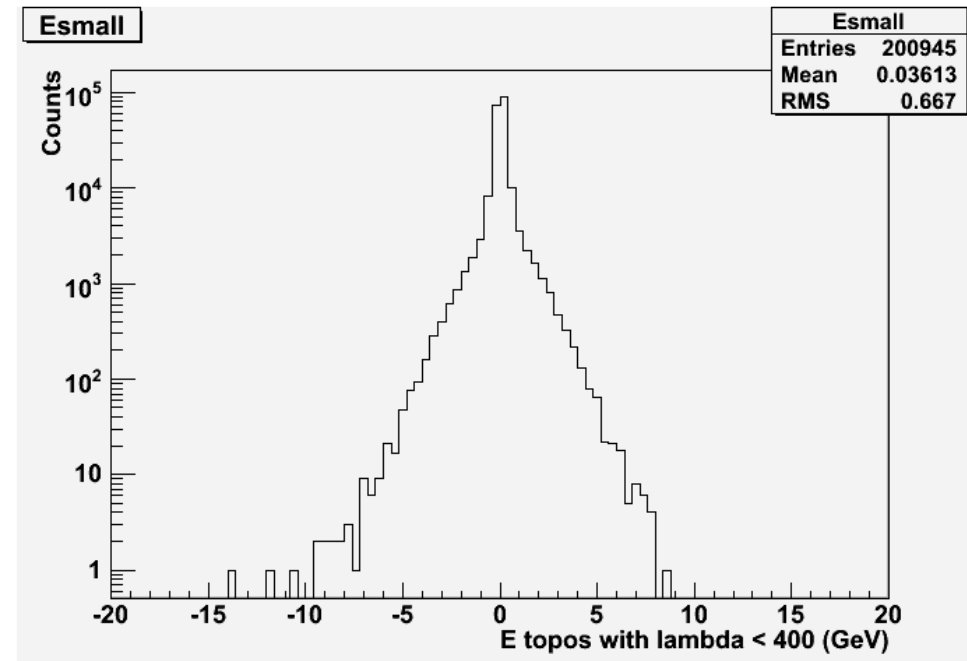
The most energetic cell has ONLY 20 %  
of total energy of the cluster.  
The noise is coherent.

# CLUSTERS WITH LAMBDA < 400

Total energy



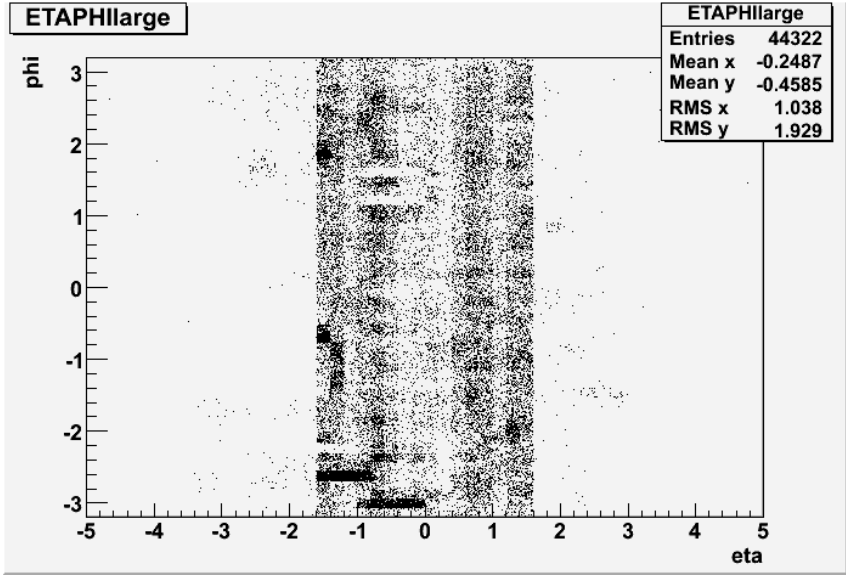
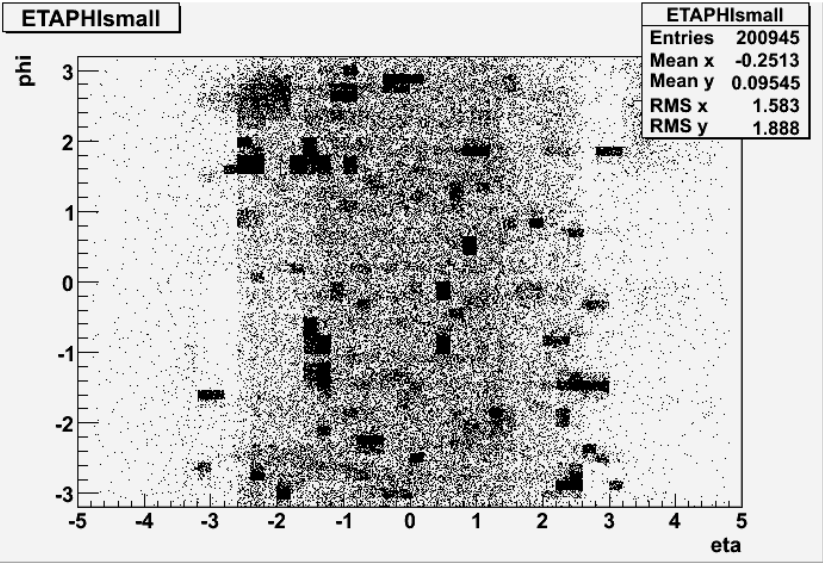
Energy of the topos with lambda < 400



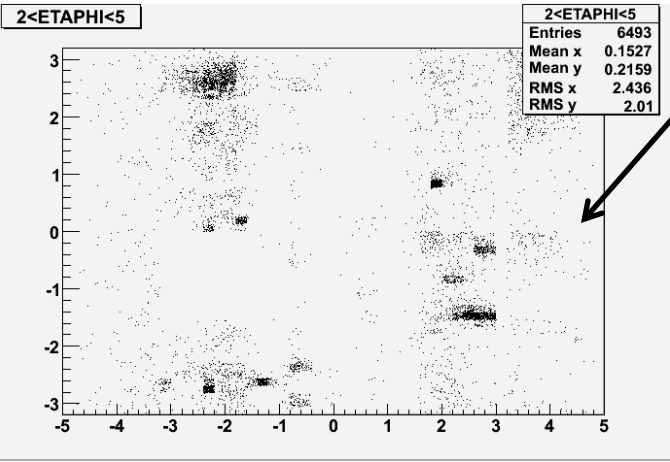
The clusters with lambda < 400 have a large contribution in the total energy and they are more energetic than the clusters with lambda > 400.

The most energetic topos are not in the TileCal, but...

# CLUSTERS WITH LAMBDA < 400 vs CLUSTERS WITH LAMBDA > 400

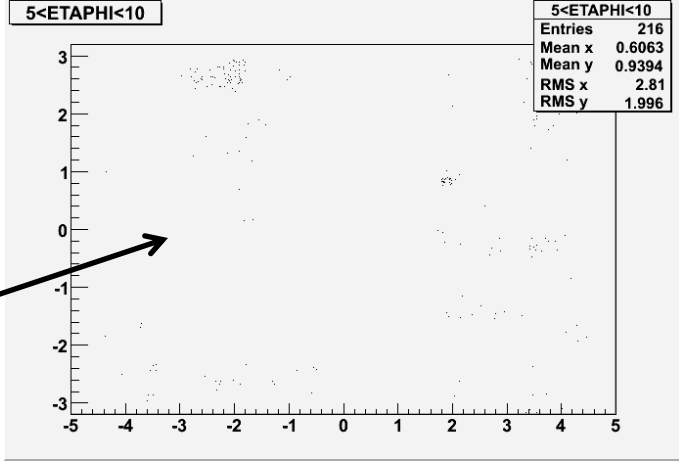


Where are the hot spots and which kind of clusters has hot spots?



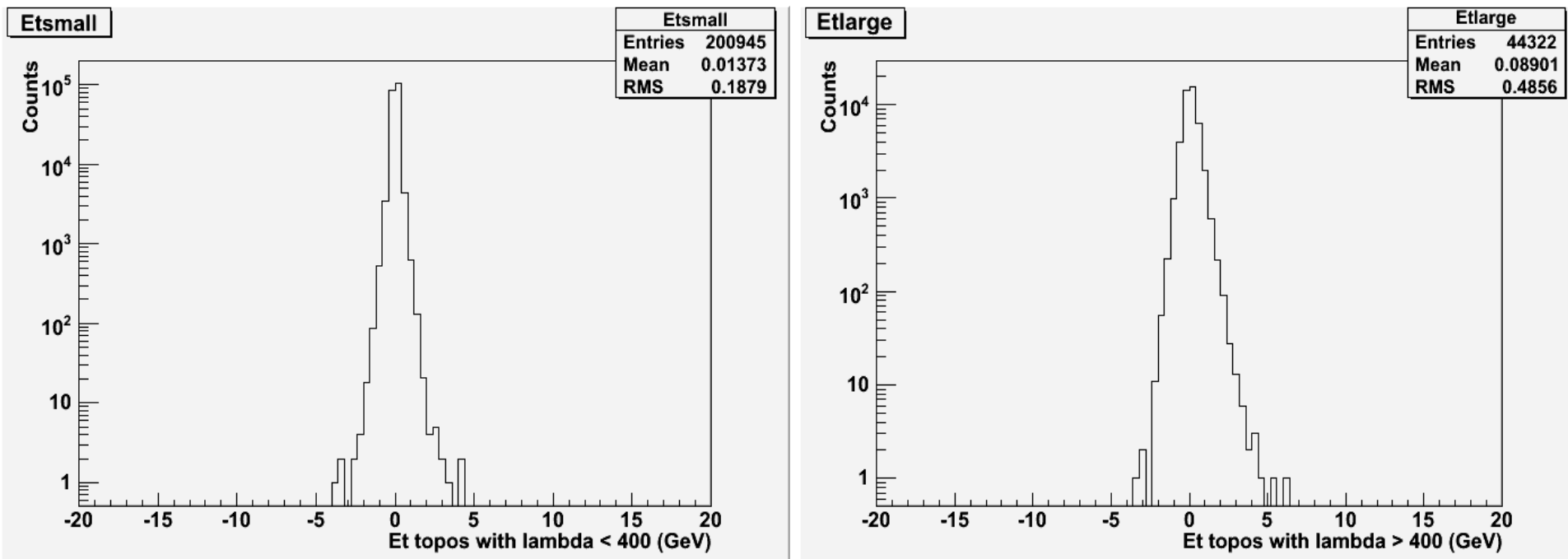
Topos with:  
 $2 < |E| < 5$  GeV

Topos with:  
 $5 < |E| < 10$  GeV



# CLUSTERS WITH LAMBDA < 400 vs CLUSTERS WITH LAMBDA > 400

## Transverse energy

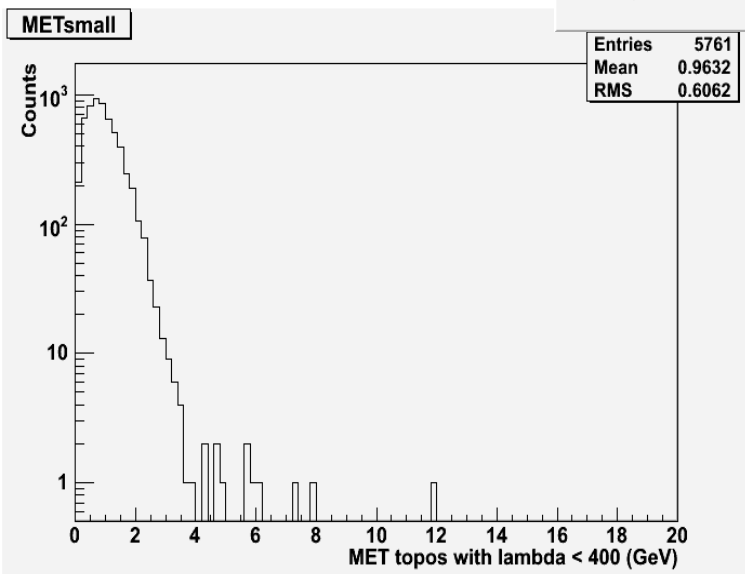
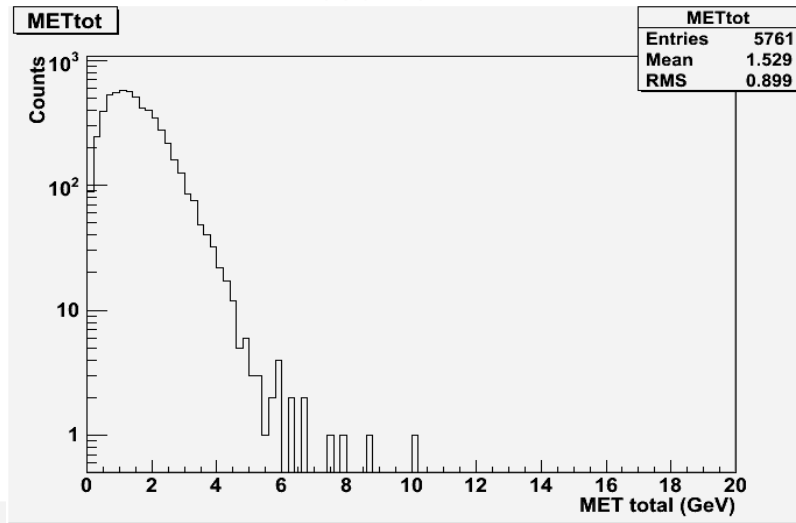


The clusters with lambda > 400 have a larger contribution in the transverse energy than the clusters with lambda < 400

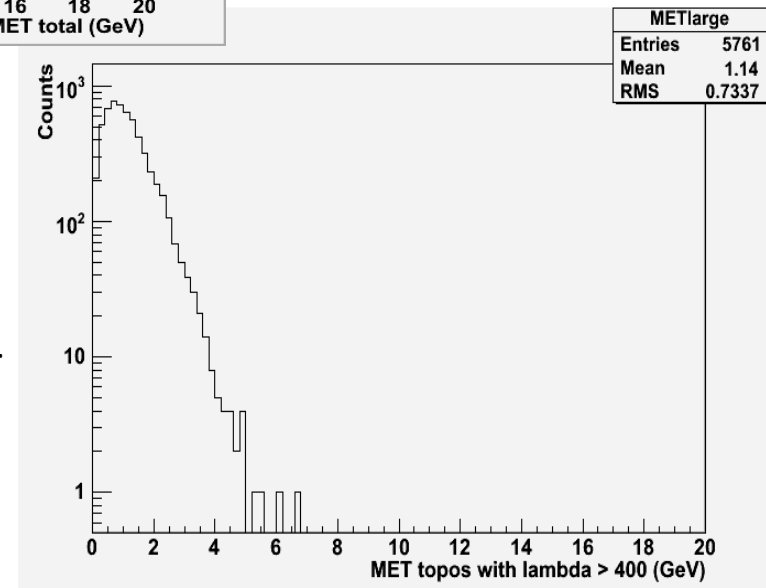
$$E_T = E \sin \theta$$

# CLUSTERS WITH LAMBDA < 400 vs CLUSTERS WITH LAMBDA > 400

MET



The clusters with lambda > 400 have a larger distribution in MET than the clusters with lambda < 400



# ATLANTIS

ATLAS 2008-10-18 12:49:51 CEST event:jiveXML\_91890\_03072 run:91890 ev:3072 geometry: <default> Atlantis

