

Observation of the $t\bar{t}$ dilepton channel with tau lepton in the early ATLAS data

ATLAS TAU WG MEETING July 24th

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PHYSICS MOTIVATIONS

Category	Decay Mode	BR	
Dilepton	$tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow e\nu_b e\nu_b$	1/81	4/81 (5%)
	$tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow \mu\nu_b \mu\nu_b$	1/81	
	$tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow e\nu_b \mu\nu_b$	2/81	
τ -Dilepton	$tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow e\nu_b \tau\nu_b$	2/81	5/81 (5%)
	$tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow \mu\nu_b \tau\nu_b$	2/81	
	$tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow \tau\nu_b \tau\nu_b$	1/81	
Lepton+jets	$tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow e\nu_b qqb$	12/81	24/81 (30%)
	$tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow \mu\nu_b qqb$	12/81	
	$tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow \tau\nu_b qqb$	12/81	
All-hadronic	$tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow qqb qqb$	36/81	36/81 (44%)

Top Pair Decay Channels

$c\bar{s}$	electron+jets	muon+jets	tau+jets	all-hadronic	
$u\bar{d}$					
τ^-	$e\tau$	$\mu\tau$	$\tau\tau$	tau+jets	
μ^-	$e\mu$	$\mu\mu$	$\tau\mu$	muon+jets	
e^-	$e\tau$	$e\mu$	$e\tau$	electron+jets	
W decay	e^+	μ^+	τ^+	$u\bar{d}$	$c\bar{s}$

- Observation of the process: $tt\text{-bar} \rightarrow W(\rightarrow l+\nu_l)W(\rightarrow \tau+\nu_\tau)bb$, l.e or μ in the early ATLAS data sample (100 - 1000 pb⁻¹)
 - Background for SUSY, SM and MSSM Higgs.
 - Possible contribution to commissioning the ATLAS Tau reconstruction / Tau ID methods.
- To complete the scan of the ttbar channels for cross section measurements:
 - Low yield of events, but independent sample, different sensitivity to new physics.
- To search for beyond the Standard Model effects in the top quark decay:
 - Relative deviations in ratio of dilepton cross sections:

$$R = \frac{t \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau b}{t \rightarrow \ell\nu_\ell b} (\ell = e, \mu) \quad R > 1 \Rightarrow t \rightarrow bH^\pm$$

THE ANALYSIS TOOLS



CSC mc12 samples:

tt-bar signal

`trig1_misal1_mc12.005200.T1_McAtNlo_Jimmy.recon.AOD.v12000601_tid005997`

W($\rightarrow e+\nu_e$)+ ≥ 3 jets background

`trig1_misal1_mc12.008241.AlpgenJimmyWenuNp3_pt20_filt3jet.recon.AOD.v12000601`

W($\rightarrow \mu+\nu_\mu$)+ ≥ 3 jets background

`trig1_misal1_mc12.008245.AlpgenJimmyWmunuNp3_pt20_filt3jet.recon.AOD.v12000601`

Z($\rightarrow \tau\tau$)+ ≥ 2 jets background

`trig1_misal1_mc12.008156.AlpgenJimmyZtautauNp2LooseCut.recon.AOD.v12000601`

1) Starting with “Alternative ntuples” proposed by the Top group:

-Ntupling package **12.0.6.TopQuarkAODtoROOTuple**

customized for this top analysis:

to include the TauJet(1p3p) AOD information

to include all the MC truth particle AOD container information in “event” block)

2) Ongoing cross-check with TopView ntuples.

-Re-ntupling default’s Top group TopView ntuples

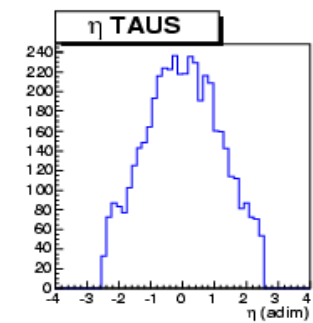
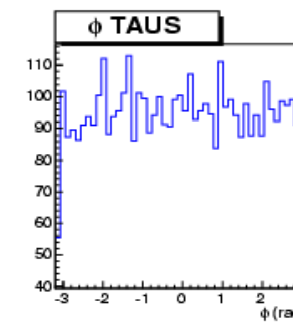
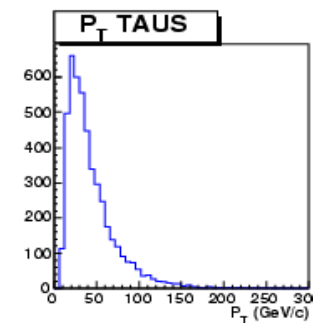
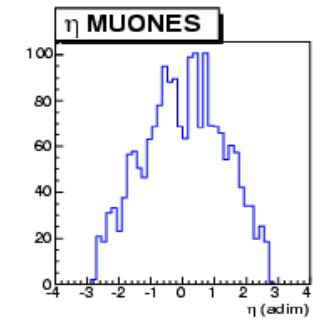
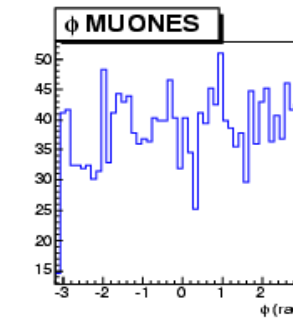
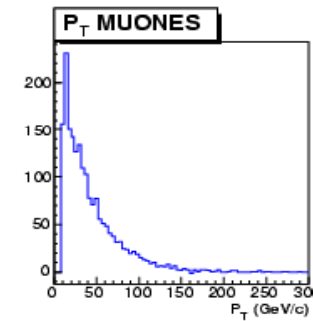
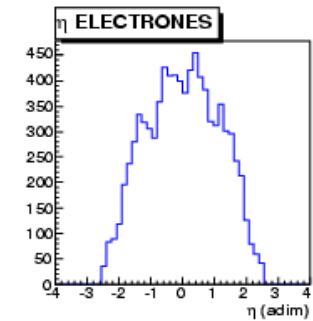
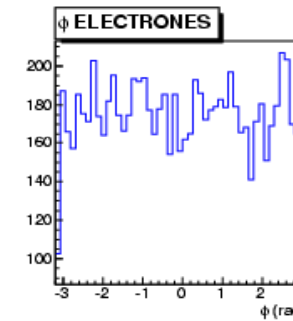
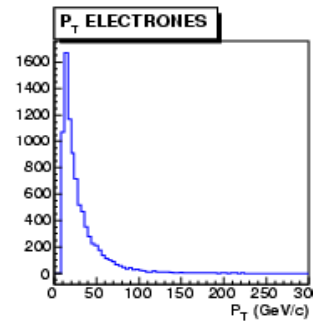
5200/8155/8241/8245 with TopView-121302 to remove lepton-preselection and overlap removal.

Selection criteria (CDF → ATLAS)

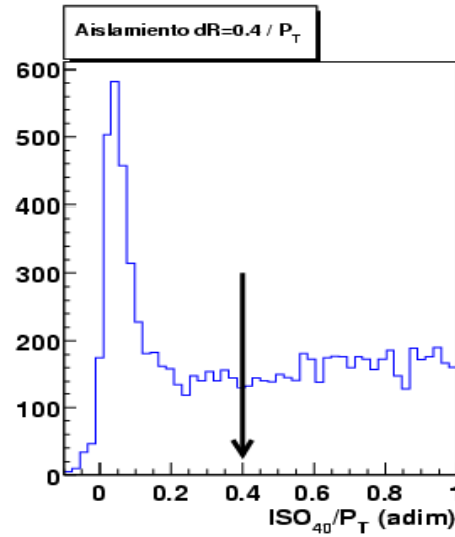
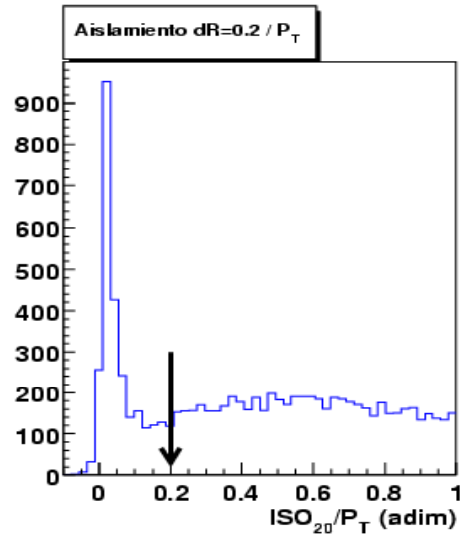
An isolated lepton (e o μ) with $P_T > 20$ GeV (Triggering object)

- $|\eta| < 1$ (CDF)
- $|\eta| < 2.5$ (ATLAS)

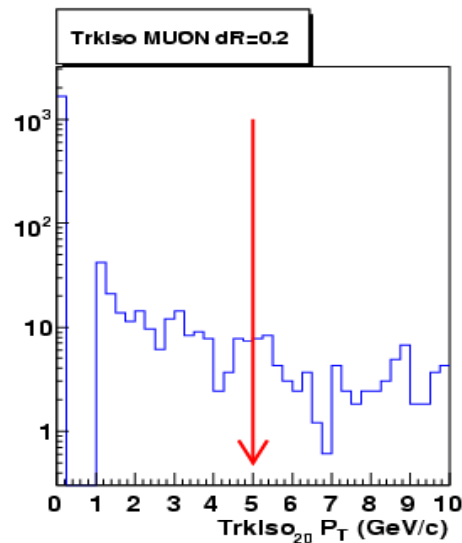
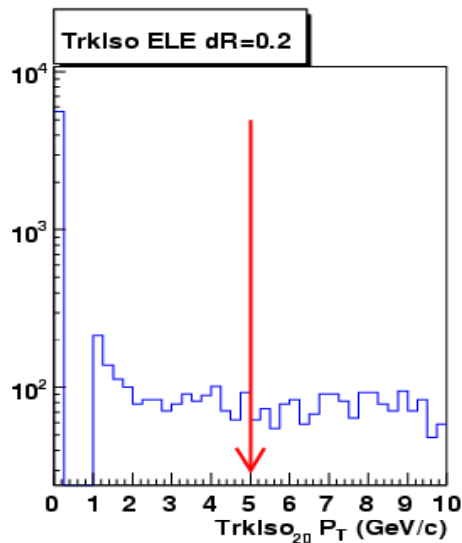
- AOD electron selection :
 - IsEm=0
 - $\Sigma P_T(\text{tracks}, \Delta R < 0.2) < 5$ GeV
- AOD muons selection
 - MuonID muons
 - $\Sigma P_T(\text{tracks}, \Delta R < 0.2) < 5$ GeV
 - $\chi^2 > 0$



e and μ Isolation



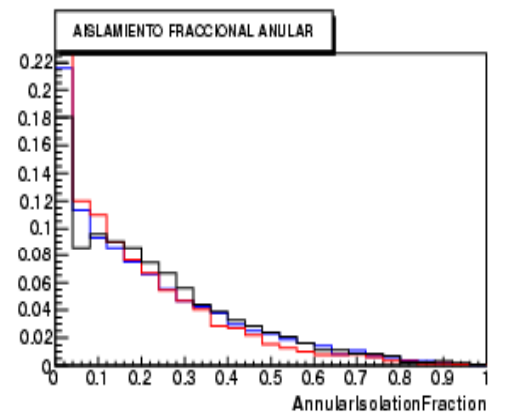
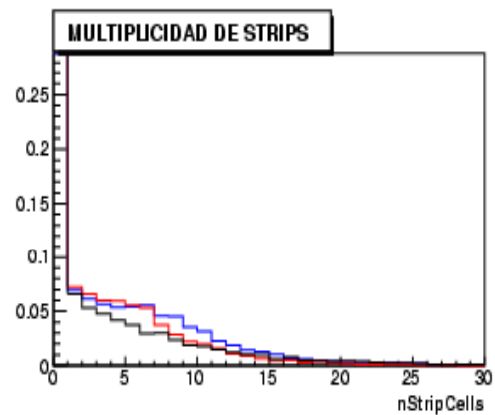
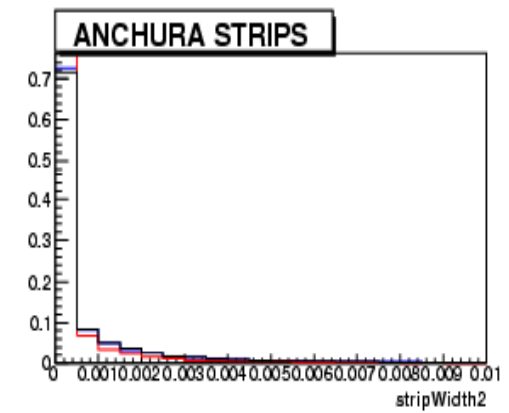
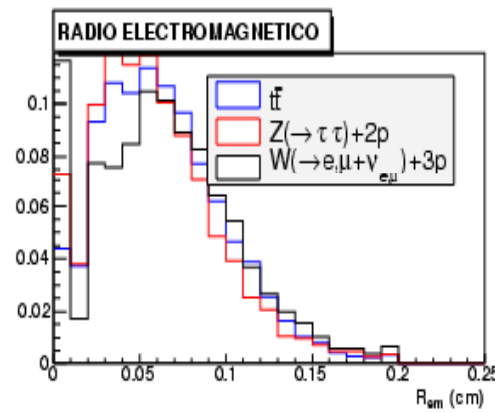
- Calorimeter ISO:
- $\Sigma E_T (\Delta R < 0.2, 0.4) / P_T$



- Track isolation.
- $\Sigma P_T (\text{tracks}, \Delta R < 0.2) < 5 \text{ GeV}$

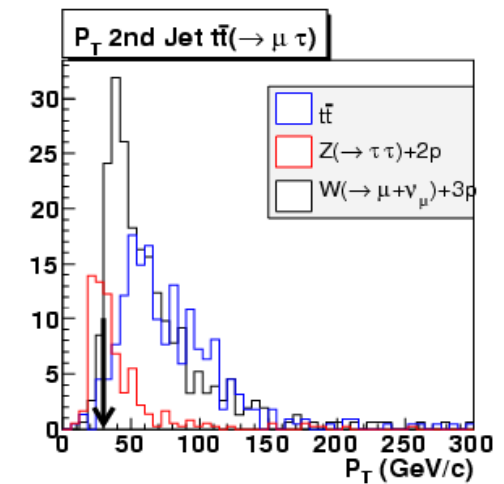
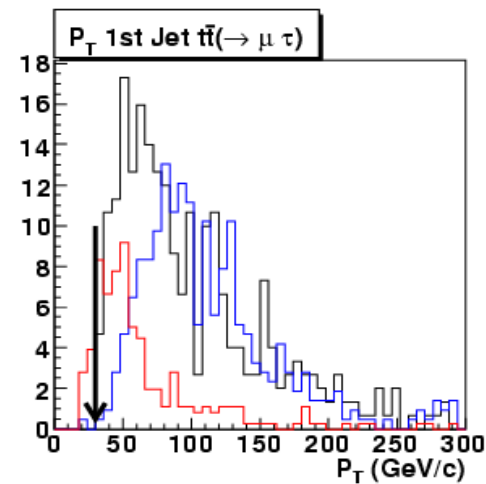
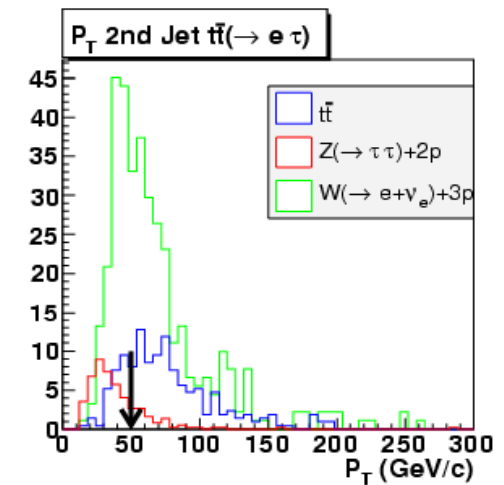
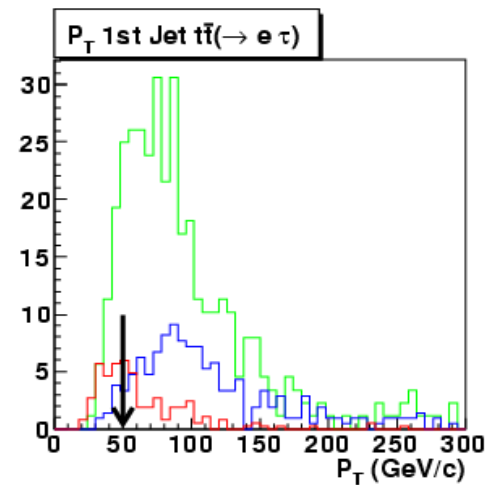
Tau ID

τ : $E_T > 15$ GeV .
TAU ID \rightarrow TAU1P3P
discriminant == 1



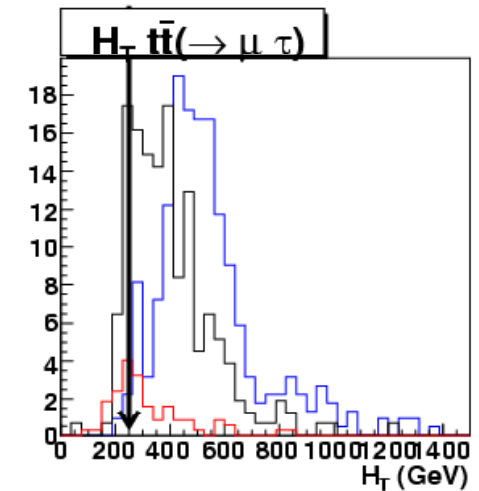
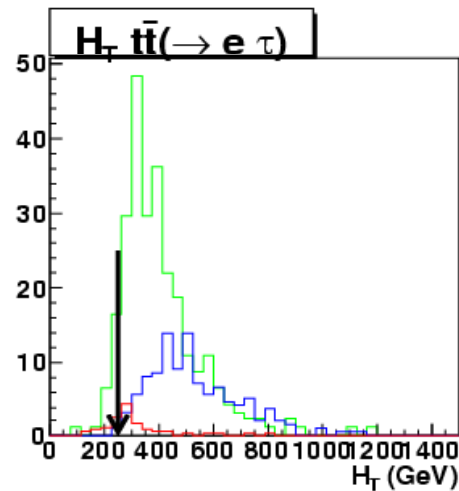
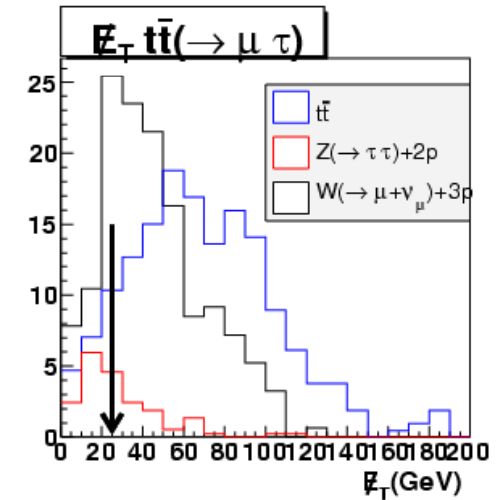
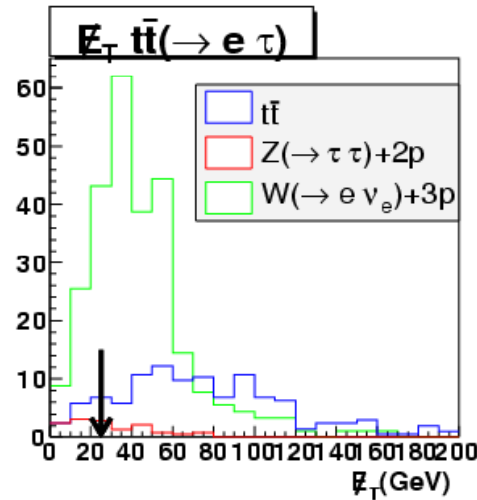
Jet selection criteria (CDF \rightarrow ATLAS)

- At least two high E_T jets:
 - $E_T(\text{1st jet}) > (25 \rightarrow 50)$ GeV
 - $E_T(\text{2nd jet}) > (15 \rightarrow 35)$ GeV



MET and H_T (CDF \rightarrow ATLAS)

- Energía transversa perdida:
 - $\cancel{E}_T > 20 \rightarrow 25$ GeV
- $H_T := E_T + \sum E_T$ (leptones) + $\sum E_T$ (jets)
 - $H_T > 205 \rightarrow 250$ GeV



Signal acceptance.

	$t\bar{t} \rightarrow W(e, \nu_e)W(\tau_{had}, \nu_\tau)b\bar{b}$		$t\bar{t} \rightarrow W(\mu, \nu_\mu)W(\tau_{had}, \nu_\tau)b\bar{b}$	
	$N_{eventos}$	$\epsilon_{ff} \pm \sigma$	$N_{eventos}$	$\epsilon_{ff} \pm \sigma$
	3259	0.00 ± 0.00	3320	0.00 ± 0.00
1 e/μ $P_T > 20$ GeV	1751	0.54 ± 0.01	2273	0.71 ± 0.02
1 τ $P_T > 15$ GeV	686	0.39 ± 0.01	952	0.42 ± 0.01
Tau ID	246	0.36 ± 0.02	356	0.37 ± 0.02
$E_T^{1st\ jet} > 50$ GeV	227	0.92 ± 0.06	340	0.95 ± 0.05
$E_T^{2nd\ jet} > 30$ GeV	216	0.95 ± 0.06	322	0.95 ± 0.05
$\cancel{E}_T > 25$	189	0.87 ± 0.06	289	0.90 ± 0.05
$H_T > 250$ GeV	191	1.01 ± 0.07	284	0.99 ± 0.06
Z veto	287	0.98 ± 0.07	275	0.97 ± 0.06
OS	162	0.87 ± 0.07	244	0.89 ± 0.06
B-TAGGING	131	0.81 ± 0.07	199	0.82 ± 0.06
Acceptance	0.07 ± 0.01		0.10 ± 0.01	

- tt-bar acceptance is mainly affected by lepton (e,μ,τ) identification, specially τ- lepton ID requirements.
- tt-bar acceptance is almost double in (μ-τ) channel w.r.t (e-τ) channel.
- The rest of cuts are 90-100 % efficient, preserving the tt-bar acceptance.

MAIN BACKGROUNDS



$$t\bar{t} \rightarrow bW(l + \nu_l)bW(\tau_{had} + \nu_\tau) \rightarrow l + \tau_{had} + 2 jets + \cancel{E}_T \quad l := e, \mu$$

Z \rightarrow $\tau\tau$ + 2 jets

- Physics background.

$$Z + 2p \rightarrow \tau\tau + 2p \rightarrow l + \nu_l + \nu_\tau + \tau_{had} + 2p \rightarrow l + \tau_{had} + 2 jets + \cancel{E}_T \quad l := e, \mu$$

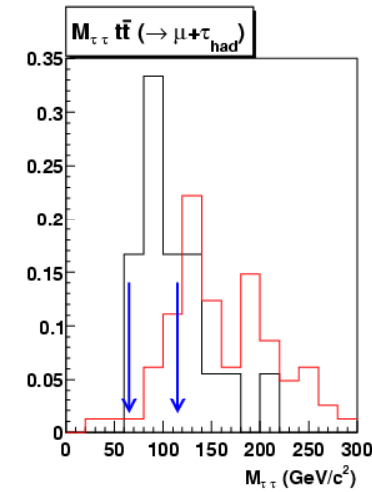
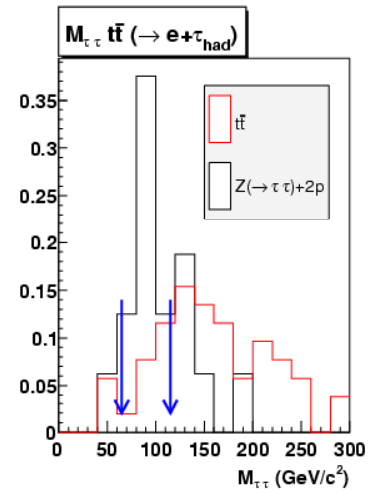
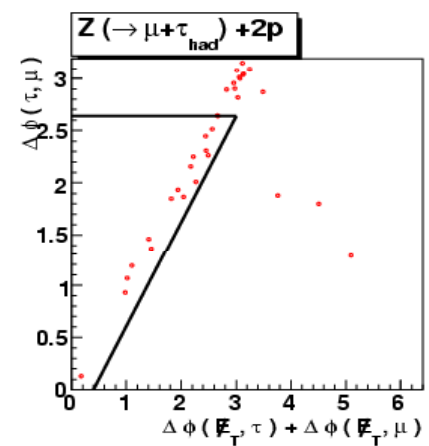
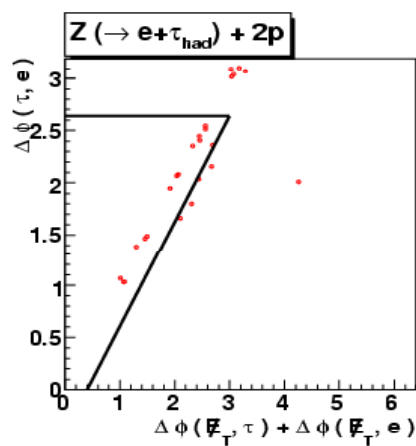
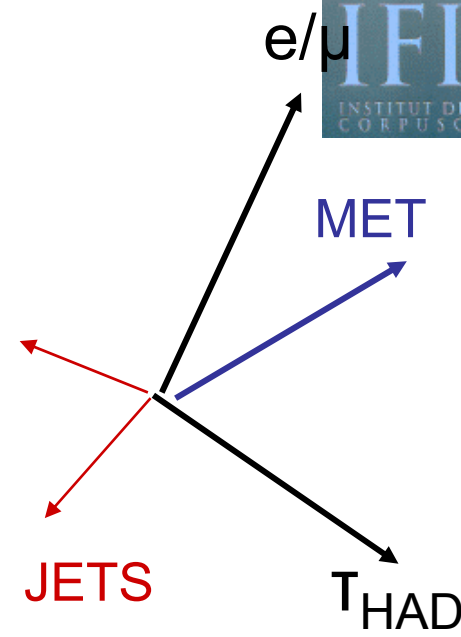
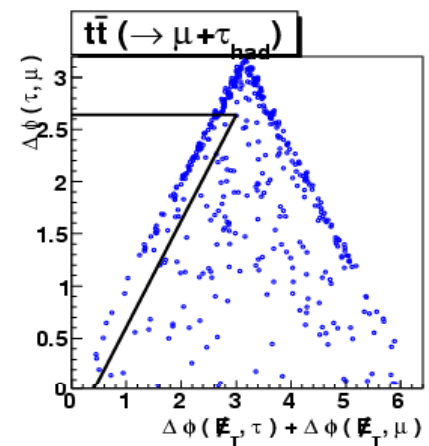
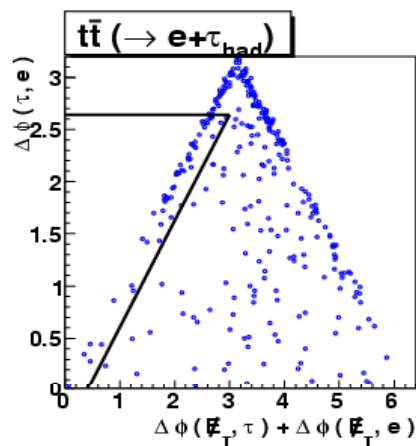
- Rejection by kinematic and angular criteria (next slide).

W \geq 3 jets

- Instrumental background
- Rejection by tau ID criteria

$$W + 3p \rightarrow l + \nu_l + 3 jets \neq l + 2 jets + \cancel{E}_T + \tau_{had} \quad l := e, \mu$$

VETO $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau + \geq 2$ jets



$$\Delta\phi_{\tau_{e/\mu}, E_T} < \pi - 0.5$$

$$(\Delta\phi_{\tau_{e/\mu}, E_T} + \Delta\phi_{had, E_T} - \Delta\phi_{\tau_{e/\mu}, \tau_{had}}) < 0.4$$

$$65 < M_{\tau\tau} < 115 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

Z → ττ + ≥2 jets predictions.

	$Z(\tau \rightarrow e, \nu_e; T_{had}) + 2p$		$Z(\tau \rightarrow \mu, \nu_\mu; T_{had}) + 2p$	
	$N_{eventos}$	$\epsilon_{eff} \pm \sigma$	$N_{eventos}$	$\epsilon_{eff} \pm \sigma$
	2695	0.00 ± 1.88	2776	0.00 ± 1.88
1 e/μ $P_T > 20 GeV$	910	0.34 ± 0.01	1371	0.49 ± 0.01
1 τ $P_T > 15 GeV$	356	0.39 ± 0.02	540	0.39 ± 0.02
Tau ID	180	0.51 ± 0.04	253	0.47 ± 0.03
$E_T^{1st jet} > 50 GeV$	79	0.44 ± 0.05	112	0.44 ± 0.04
$E_T^{2nd jet} > 30 GeV$	53	0.67 ± 0.09	74	0.66 ± 0.08
$\cancel{E}_T > 25$	25	0.47 ± 0.09	33	0.45 ± 0.08
$H_T > 250 GeV$	20	0.80 ± 0.18	20	0.61 ± 0.14
Z veto	13	0.65 ± 0.18	13	0.65 ± 0.18
OS	8	0.62 ± 0.22	7	0.54 ± 0.20
B-TAGGING	8	1.00 ± 0.35	7	1.00 ± 0.38

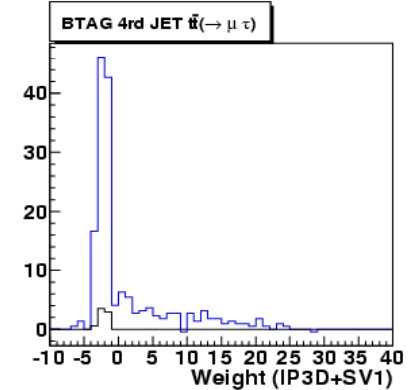
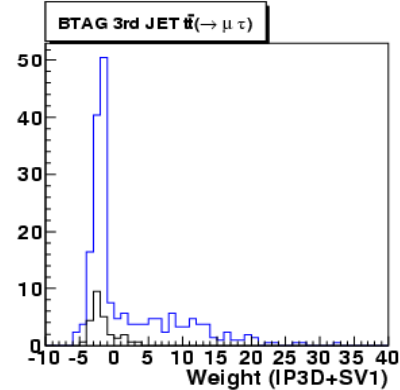
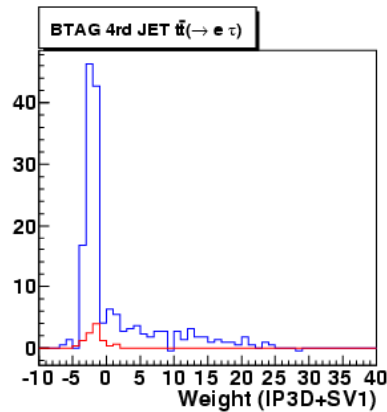
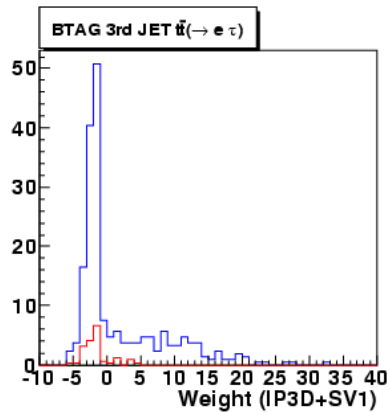
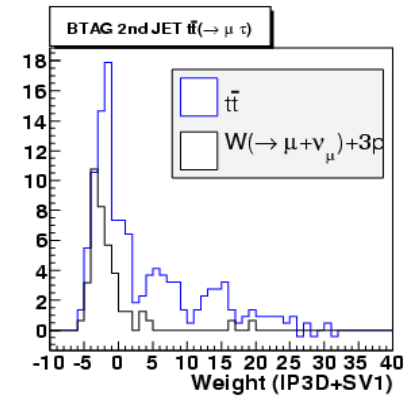
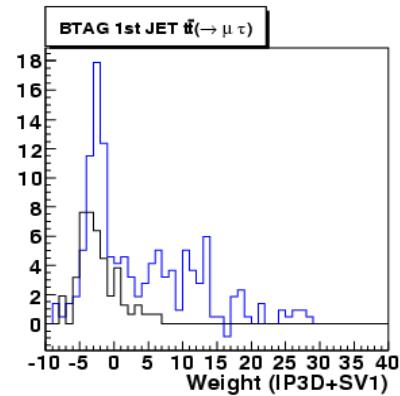
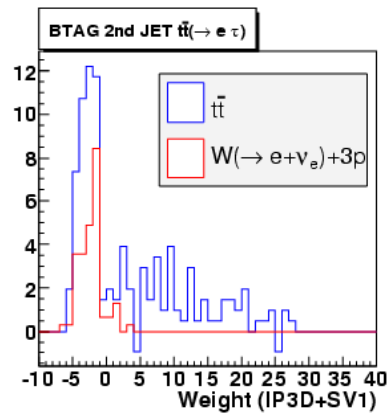
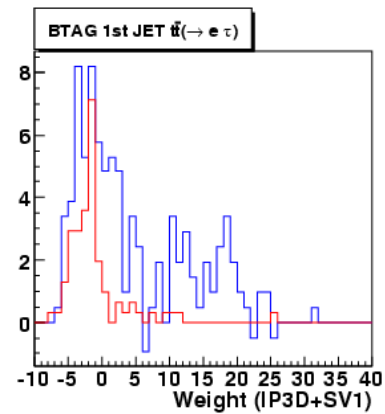
- Z veto rejects 65% Z → ττ + ≥2 jets preserving 98% of the tt-bar signal.
- MC sample 8156, statistically limited.

W ($\rightarrow e, \mu + \nu_{e, \mu}$) + ≥ 3 jets predictions

	$W(e, \nu_e) + 3p$		$W(\mu, \nu_\mu) + 3p$	
	N_{eventos}	$\epsilon_{ff} \pm \sigma$	N_{eventos}	$\epsilon_{ff} \pm \sigma$
	11248	0.00 \pm 0.00	9999	0.00 \pm 0.00
1 e/μ $P_T > 20$ GeV	5047	0.45 \pm 0.01	5737	0.57 \pm 0.01
1 τ $P_T > 15$ GeV	1659	0.33 \pm 0.01	2007	0.35 \pm 0.01
Tau ID	342	0.21 \pm 0.01	350	0.17 \pm 0.01
$E_T^{\text{1st jet}} > 50$ GeV	270	0.79 \pm 0.05	262	0.75 \pm 0.05
$E_T^{\text{2nd jet}} > 30$ GeV	244	0.90 \pm 0.06	217	0.83 \pm 0.06
$\cancel{E}_T > 25$	194	0.80 \pm 0.06	174	0.80 \pm 0.06
$H_T > 250$ GeV	182	0.94 \pm 0.07	151	0.87 \pm 0.07
Z veto	180	0.99 \pm 0.07	147	0.97 \pm 0.08
OS	78	0.43 \pm 0.05	69	0.47 \pm 0.06
B-TAGGING	30	0.38 \pm 0.07	30	0.43 \pm 0.08

- More efficient cuts rejecting W+jets are due to:
 - Electron and muon selection.
 - Tau ID
- But additional criteria are needed to obtain S/B > 1 :
 - Opposite charged for leptons
 - B-tagging

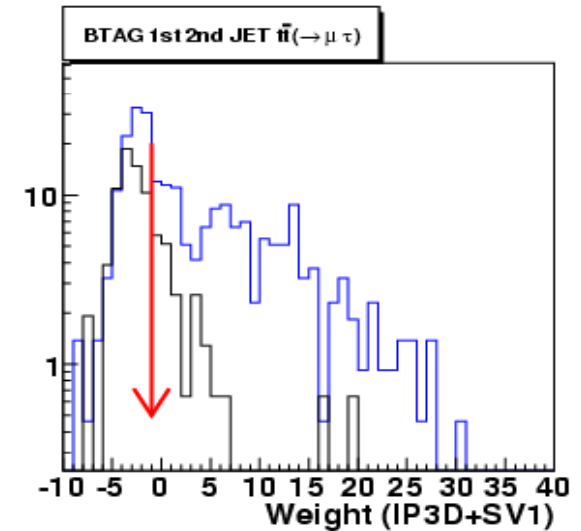
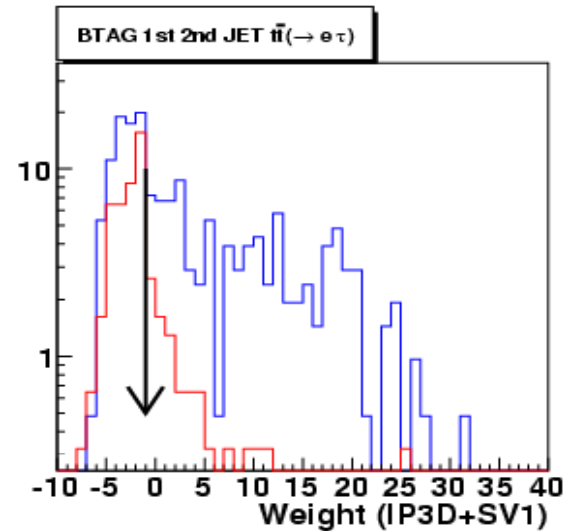
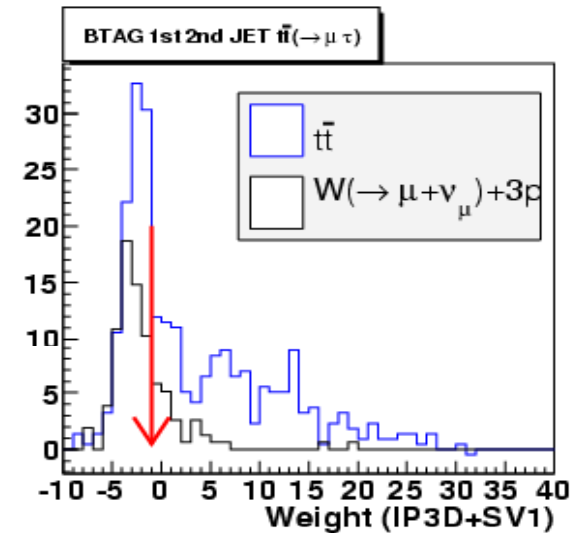
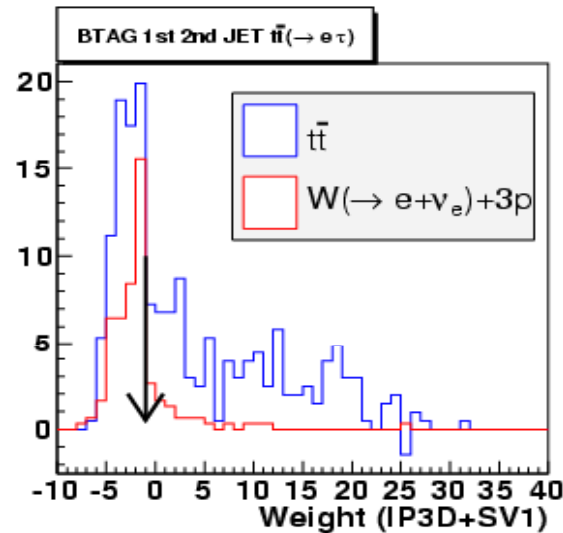
B-tagging: IP3D+SV2 weights from AOD



B-tagging for tt-bar dileptons with tau.

1 B-TAGG:

Weight (1er JET) > -1
OR
Weight (2nd JET) > -1



RESULTS in $L=100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



$$L_{MC} = \frac{N_{EVT}^{MC \text{ TOTAL}}}{\sigma_{THEO}}$$

$$N_{EVT}^{100 \text{ pb}^{-1}} = N_{EVT}^{MC} \times \frac{100 \text{ pb}^{-1}}{L_{MC}}$$

$$\sigma_{THEO}^{t\bar{t}} = 872.8 \times 0.56 \text{ pb}^{-1}$$

$$\sigma_{THEO}^{W \rightarrow \mu \nu_{\mu} + 3p} = 771 \times 0.301 \times 0.534 \text{ pb}^{-1}$$

$$\sigma_{THEO}^{W \rightarrow e \nu_e + 3p} = 771 \times 0.304 \times 0.276 \text{ pb}^{-1}$$

$$\sigma_{THEO}^{Z \rightarrow \tau\tau + 2p} = 153 \times 0.403 \times 0.346 \text{ pb}^{-1}$$

	$N_{\text{eventos}} (\mathcal{L} = 100 \text{ pb}^{-1})$			$N_{\text{eventos}} (\mathcal{L} = 100 \text{ pb}^{-1})$		
	$t\bar{t}(e, \tau)$	$W(e, \nu_e) + 3\text{jets}$	$Z(\tau \rightarrow e, \nu_e; \tau_{had}) + 2p$	$t\bar{t}(\mu, \tau)$	$W(\mu, \nu_{\mu}) + 3\text{jets}$	$Z(\tau \rightarrow \mu, \nu_{\mu}; \tau_{had}) + 2p$
1 $e/\mu P_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$	1193 ± 11	12390 ± 123	741.9 ± 7.5	1213 ± 11	6468 ± 52	764.2 ± 7.6
1 $\tau P_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$	602 ± 8	5560 ± 82	250.5 ± 4.4	783 ± 9	3711 ± 39	377.4 ± 5.3
Tau ID	232 ± 5	1827 ± 47	98.0 ± 2.7	327 ± 6	1298 ± 23	148.6 ± 3.4
	83 ± 3	377 ± 21	49.5 ± 1.9	124 ± 4	226 ± 10	69.6 ± 2.3
$E_T^{1st \text{ jet}} > 50 \text{ GeV}$	77 ± 3	297 ± 19	21.7 ± 1.3	119 ± 4	169 ± 8	30.8 ± 1.5
$E_T^{2nd \text{ jet}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$	73 ± 3	269 ± 18	14.6 ± 1.1	112 ± 3	140 ± 8	20.4 ± 1.2
$\cancel{E}_T > 25$	65 ± 3	214 ± 16	6.9 ± 0.7	101 ± 3	113 ± 7	9.1 ± 0.8
$H_T > 250 \text{ GeV}$	65 ± 3	200 ± 16	5.5 ± 0.6	99 ± 3	98 ± 6	5.5 ± 0.6
Z veto	64 ± 3	198 ± 16	3.6 ± 0.5	95 ± 3	95 ± 6	3.6 ± 0.5
OS	55 ± 2	86 ± 10	2.2 ± 0.4	84 ± 3	45 ± 4	1.9 ± 0.4
B-TAGGING	44 ± 2	33 ± 6	2.2 ± 0.4	68 ± 3	19 ± 3	1.9 ± 0.4

CONCLUSIONS & FUTURE PLANS.

- We have performed a feasibility study on the observation of the $t\bar{t}$ dilepton channel with tau lepton in the early ATLAS data $L = 100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ using CSC samples.
- In the channel (e, τ) : $S/B \approx 0.6$ ($S/B \approx 1.3$) without (with) b-tagging.
 - With current selection, the use of b-tagging is necessary for observation in first 100 pb^{-1}
- In the channel (μ, τ) : $S/B \approx 1.9$ ($S/B \approx 3.6$) without (with) b-tagging.
- Future plans:
 - Short term: document this feasibility study.
 - Contribution to tau CSC note (~ 3 pages) by next Monday.
 - ATLAS note related this contribution by end of august.
 - Comparative studies TAUREC versus TAU1P3P
 - In absence of b-tagging: to go inside the tau id algorithms and to work on tighten the τ ID in the channel (e, τ)
 - More realistic estimate of $W(\rightarrow e + \nu_e) + \geq 3$ jets background:
 - Parameterize $\text{jet} \rightarrow \tau$ fake rate as a function of jet E_T , MET and ΣE_T from multijet data.
 - Apply $F_R(\text{jet} \rightarrow \tau)$ to fakeable events in “signal” sample.