

GF HJJJ Production at the LHC

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in collaboration with M.Kubocz | 04/07/2014

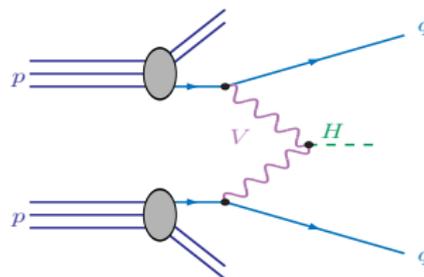
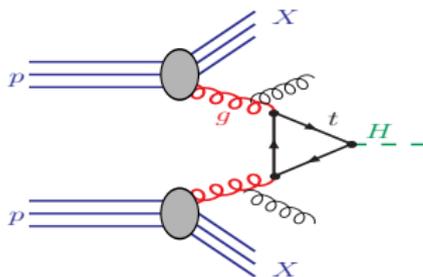
THEORY DIVISION



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Higgs + 2(3) jet Production at LHC



GF H+2J:

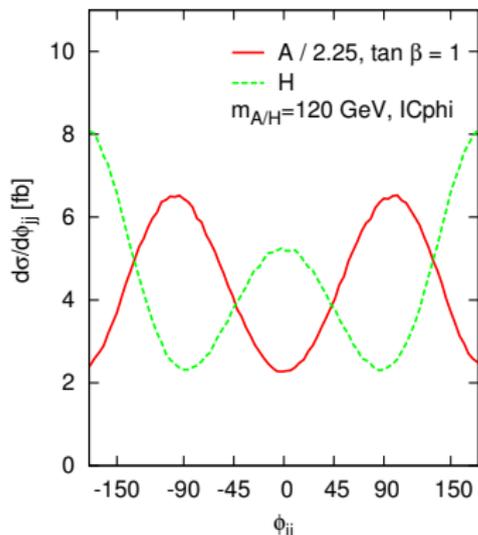
- Background to WBF
- Sensitive to: CP-structure and coupling of fermions
- NLO known within Effective Theory [Campbell, Ellis, Zanderighi hep-ph/0608194]
- LO known for the full Theory [Del Duca et al. hep-ph/0105129; FC, Kubocz, Zeppenfeld 1011.3819]

GF H+3J:

- Background to WBF process¹ (CJV strategies known at NLO)
¹[Figy, Hankele, Zeppenfeld 0710.5621; FC, Figy, Platzer, Sjoedahl 1308.2932]
- NLO corrections known within Effective Theory [Cullen et al. 1307.4737]
- Here: LO corrections for the full Theory [FC, Kubocz 1306.1830; 1402.1154]
- Soft radiation: Distort CP-sensitive distributions?

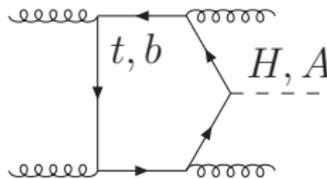
GF Higgs + 2 jet Production at LHC

- sensitive to the CP -structure \rightarrow azimuthal angle correlation



$$\phi_{jj} = \phi_F - \phi_B$$

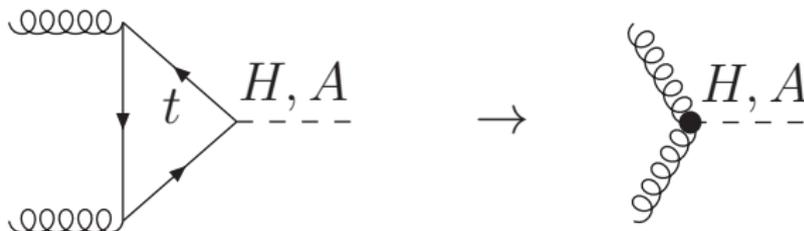
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yukawa}} = y_q \bar{q} q H + i \tilde{y}_q \bar{q} \gamma_5 q A$$



”LO”: one loop $2 \rightarrow 3$ process of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^4)$

$$Y_q = \frac{m_q}{v}$$

- bottom-quark: **suppressed**
- top-quark: **effective theory**



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_{H^0 gg} + \mathcal{L}_{A^0 gg} = \frac{1}{v} \frac{\alpha_s}{12\pi} G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a,\mu\nu} H + \frac{1}{v} \frac{\alpha_s}{8\pi} G_{\mu\nu}^a \tilde{G}^{a,\mu\nu} A$$

- **Validity:** $m_{\text{Higgs}} < m_t$ and $p_T^j < m_t$
- If used correctly \rightarrow **powerful tool**
- **bottom loops:** Not described (Important in BSM)

$$\phi = H \cos \alpha + A \sin \alpha$$

$$\text{Min: } \tan \Delta\phi_{jj} = -\frac{2y_t}{3\tilde{y}_t} \cot \alpha$$

$$\circ \frac{y_q}{\tilde{y}_q} = \frac{3}{2} \quad \text{and} \quad \alpha = 45^\circ$$

$$\text{Min: } \Delta\phi_{jj} = -45^\circ$$

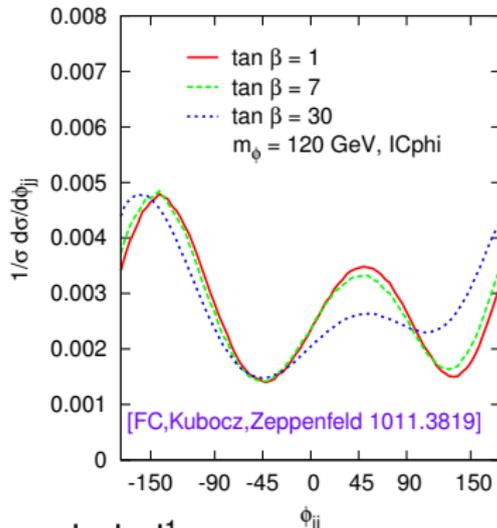
$$\text{Type II HDM(MSSM): } \tilde{y}_b = -\frac{m_b}{v} \tan \beta$$

→ distortion for large $\tan \beta$

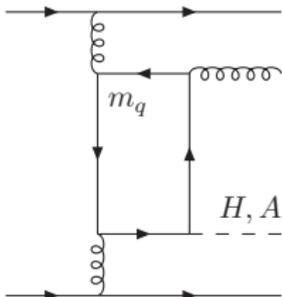
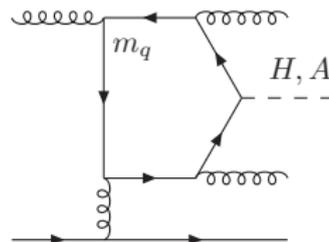
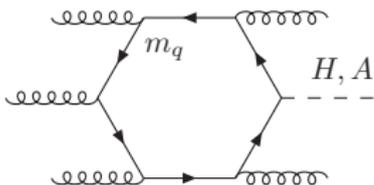
- For 50 fb^{-1} and $\tilde{y}_q = y_q^{SM} \rightarrow \alpha > 40^\circ$ excluded¹

¹[Dolan,Harris,Jankowiak,Spannowsky 1406.3322]

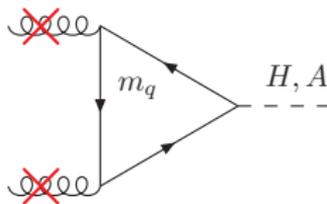
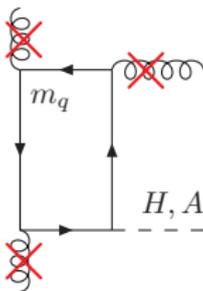
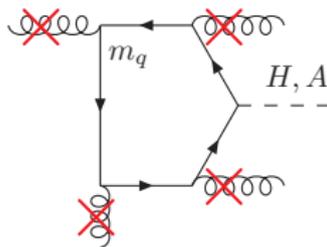
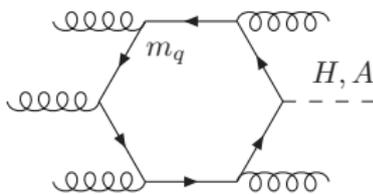
- Additional soft radiation?
- HJJJ: First step to an improved NLO HJJ prediction.



Subprocesses: a) $gg \rightarrow ggg\Phi$ b) $gq \rightarrow qgg\Phi$ c) $qq \rightarrow qqq\Phi$



Subprocesses: a) $gg \rightarrow ggg\Phi$



[\[FC 1105.0920\]](#)

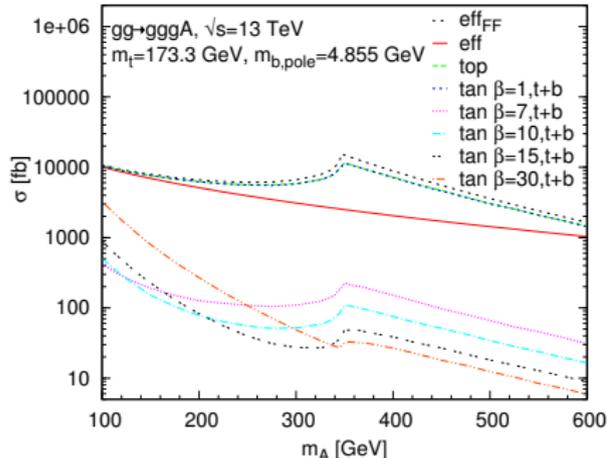
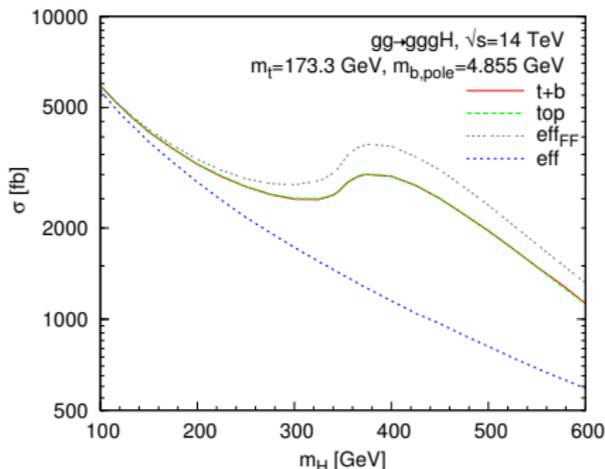
1560 diagrams. GGFL0: Highly stable results despite Hexagons

Phenomenology

Cuts: kT-clustering, $p_{Tj} > 20\text{GeV}$, $|y_j| < 4.5$, $R_{jj} > 0.6$
 ICPHiCuts: $p_{Tj} > 30\text{GeV}$, $\Delta y_{j_1 j_2} > 3$

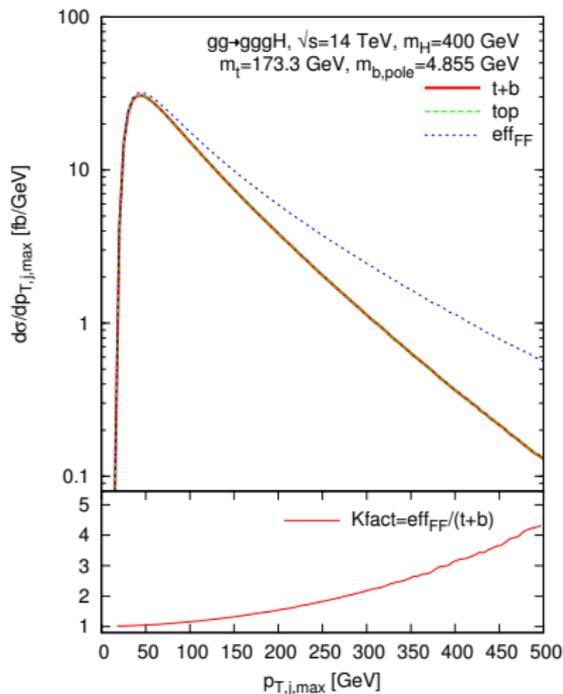
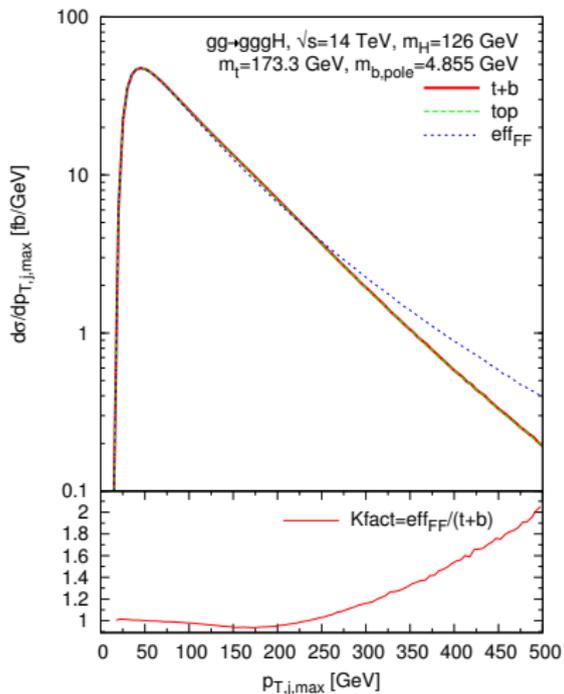
running bottom mass $m_b(m_{\text{Higgs}})$

Scales: $\mu_F = (p_{T1} p_{T2} p_{T3})^{1/3}$ $\alpha_s^5(\mu_R) = \alpha_s(p_{T1})\alpha_s(p_{T2})\alpha_s(p_{T3})\alpha_s^2(m_\Phi)$



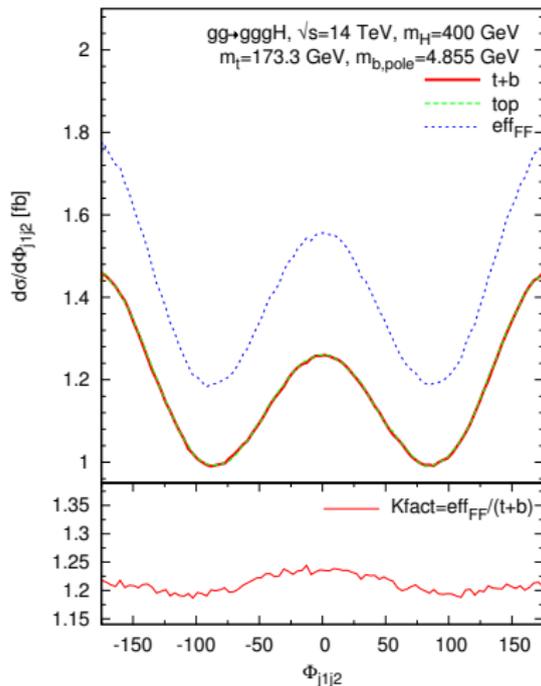
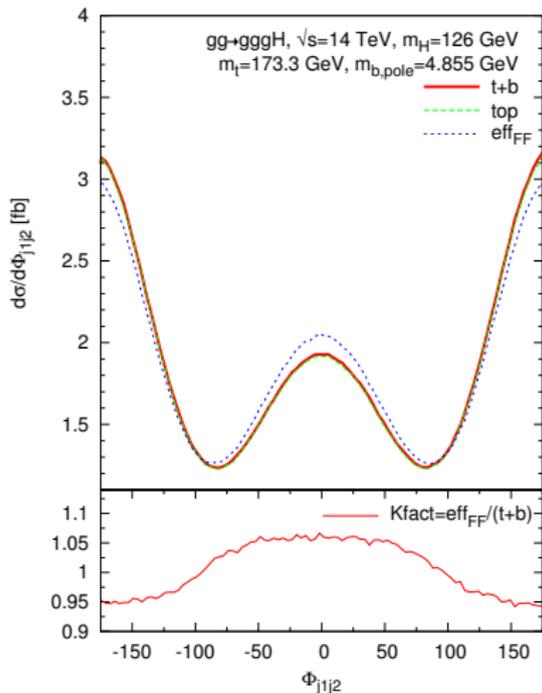
FF: Form factor from full-mass dependence of $\Phi \rightarrow gg$ (Triangles)

CP-even Higgs: p_T



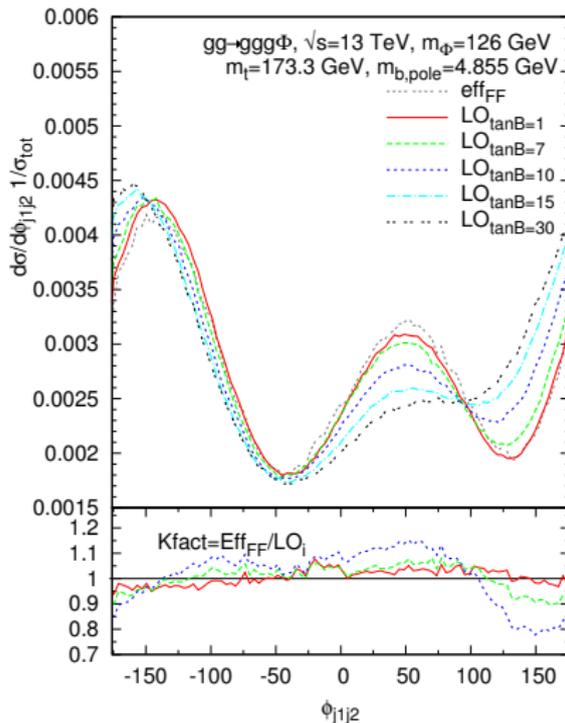
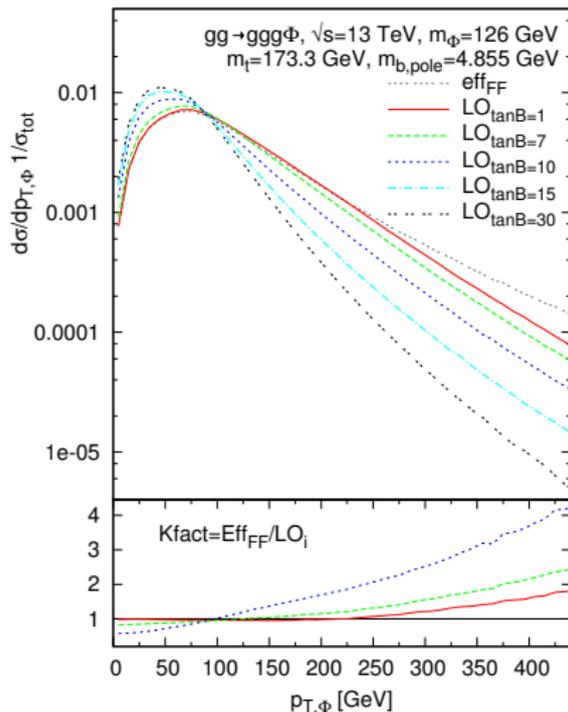
■ Light Higgs: $m_{\text{Higgs}} < m_t$ and $p_T^j < m_t$

CP-even Higgs: Azimuthal angle correlations



- Wrong normalization for $m_{Higgs} > m_t$
- Soft radiation: Does not alter the distributions

CP-violating ϕ



- Bottom corrections important for large $\tan\beta$

Conclusions

GF $HJJ(J)$:

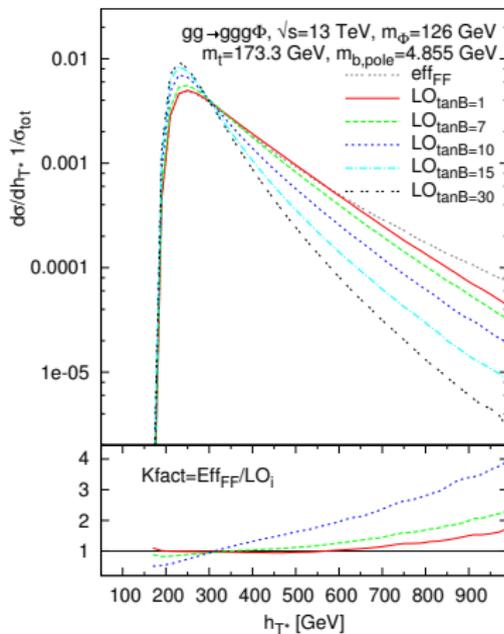
- Access to CP-mixing angle and coupling to fermions
- Bottom-loop corrections might distort distributions
- Effective theory: $m_H < m_{top}$ and $p_T^j < m_{top}$
 - No restriction on m_{jj} . Important for WBF studies.
- Additional soft radiation does not alter sensitive CP-distributions

GGFLO & VBFNLO

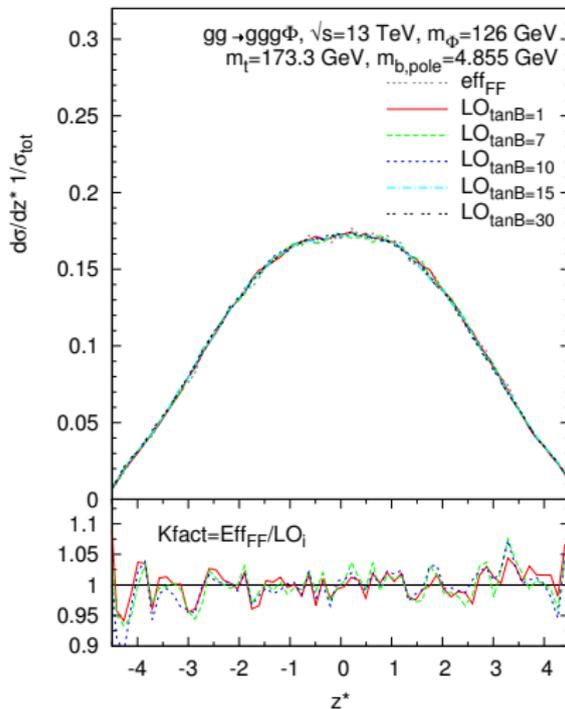
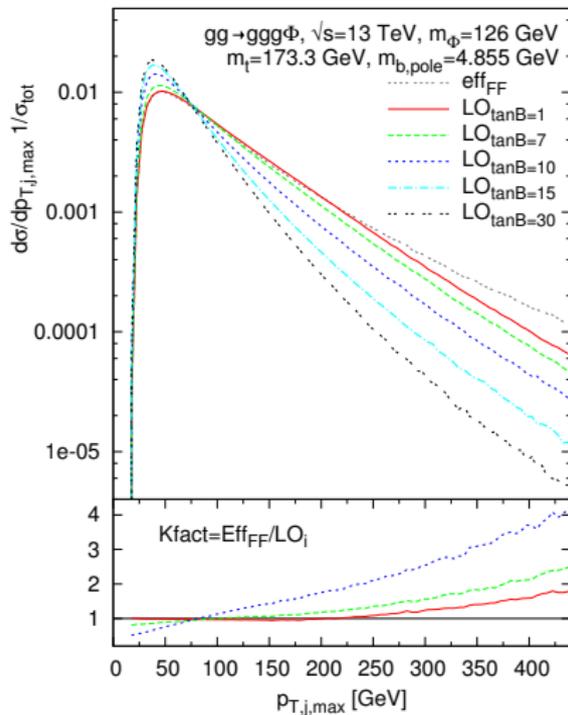
<http://www.itp.kit.edu/~vbfnlweb/wiki/doku.php>

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION





CP-violating ϕ



- Higgs-doublets Φ_1 and Φ_2 :
 - **model I** : Φ_2 couples to up- and down-type fermions as in SM
 Φ_1 is decoupled from fermions
- Higgs couplings in **model II**:

| Higgs-Boson | up-type-Quarks | down-type-Quarks |
|-------------|---|---|
| H^0 | $-i \frac{m_u}{v} \frac{\sin \alpha}{\sin \beta}$ | $-i \frac{m_d}{v} \frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos \beta}$ |
| h^0 | $-i \frac{m_u}{v} \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \beta}$ | $-i \frac{m_d}{v} \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \beta}$ |
| A^0 | $-\frac{m_u}{v} \cot \beta \gamma_5$ | $-\frac{m_d}{v} \tan \beta \gamma_5$ |

- important free parameters

$$\tan \beta = \frac{v_2}{v_1}; \quad \sin \beta = \frac{v_2}{v}; \quad \cos \beta = \frac{v_1}{v}; \quad \alpha; m_{H^\pm}^2, m_{A^0}^2, m_{H^0, h^0}^2$$

$$v^2 = v_1^2 + v_2^2 = \left(\sqrt{2}G_F\right)^{-1/2} = (246 \text{ GeV})^2 \rightarrow \text{is fixed by } m_W$$

