

# aTOPe, IFIC, 28 July 2009

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# Les Houches...

The BSM session of the Les Houches workshop “physics at TeV colliders

Define BSM benchmark points:

[http://www.lpthe.jussieu.fr/LesHouches09Wiki/index.php/BSM\\_benchmark\\_points](http://www.lpthe.jussieu.fr/LesHouches09Wiki/index.php/BSM_benchmark_points)

Tt resonances (broad and narrow)  
Compositeness (Lukas)

Define a signature-to-model map:

[http://www.lpthe.jussieu.fr/LesHouches09Wiki/index.php/Signatures/models\\_map](http://www.lpthe.jussieu.fr/LesHouches09Wiki/index.php/Signatures/models_map)



# The KK gluon samples

Our benchmark for a broad  $t\bar{t}$  resonance

**MadGraph/MadEvent** (Maltoni/Stelzer, hep-ph/0208156)

**TopBSM model** (R. Frederix and F. Maltoni, 0712.2355)

**with some modifications** (thanks to R. Frederix)

**Full Matrix Element calculation of  $pp \rightarrow g^* \rightarrow t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\bar{b} l\nu qq$**

$g^*$  is represented by a generic colour octet labelled o1

**Couplings** to light quarks,  $b_L, b_R, t_L, t_R$  set according to basic RS setup

(Lillie, Randall, Wang, the bulk RS KK gluon, JHEP 0709:074 (2007) )

**Three masses 1, 1.5, 2 TeV for early physics**

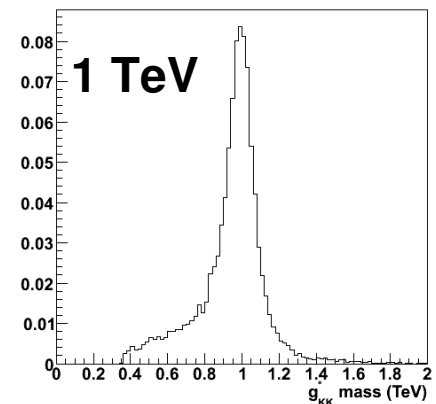
(other masses, setups, decays can be made on demand)

**Pythia with MSTP(81)=1**

Alternative: Sherpa model by Joe Virzi (LBL)

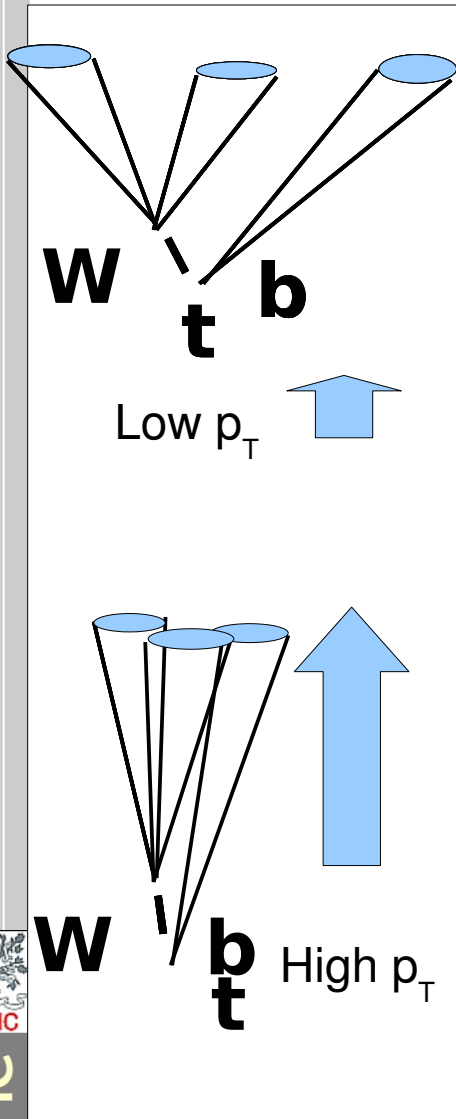
Being validated right now (M.V.)

Mass distribution: Convolution of broad Breit-Wigner  
and luminosity function



Jet substructure investigated by all types of physics analysis. In two sessions there was discussion of how to use this to improve Higgs searches ( $WH \rightarrow jjbb$ ), SUSY searches, di-gauge boson resonances ( $W' \rightarrow ZW$ ), and, of course, tops. Many groups (theorists and experimentalists) are developing tools.

# Selection and reconstruction

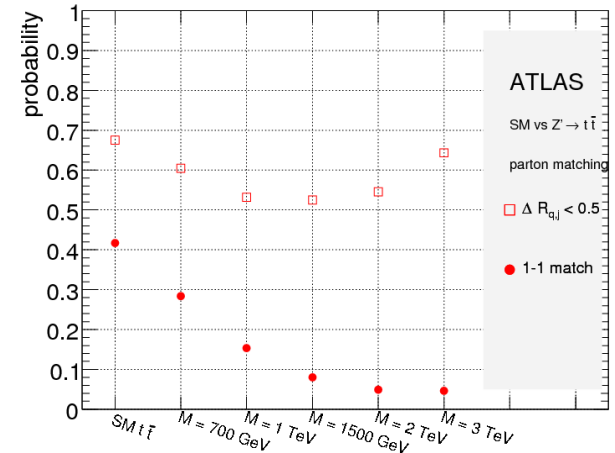
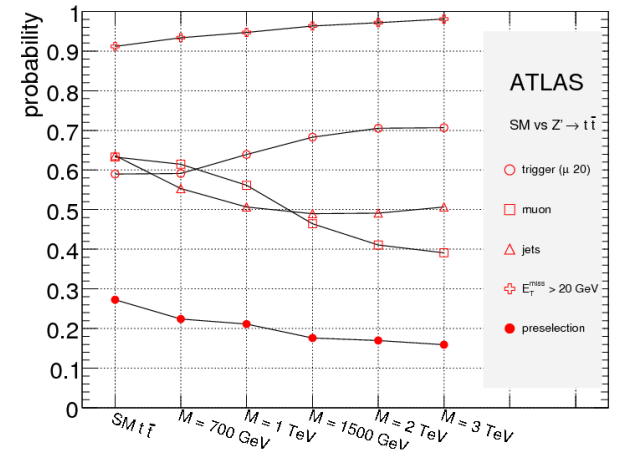


High  $p_T$  top quarks are a challenge to the standard  $t\bar{t}$  **selection and reconstruction** scheme:

- Lepton isolation
- Jet multiplicity
- B-tagging

Several reconstruction methods are being explored, using features of the mono-jet to reduce the **QCD/W+jets background**

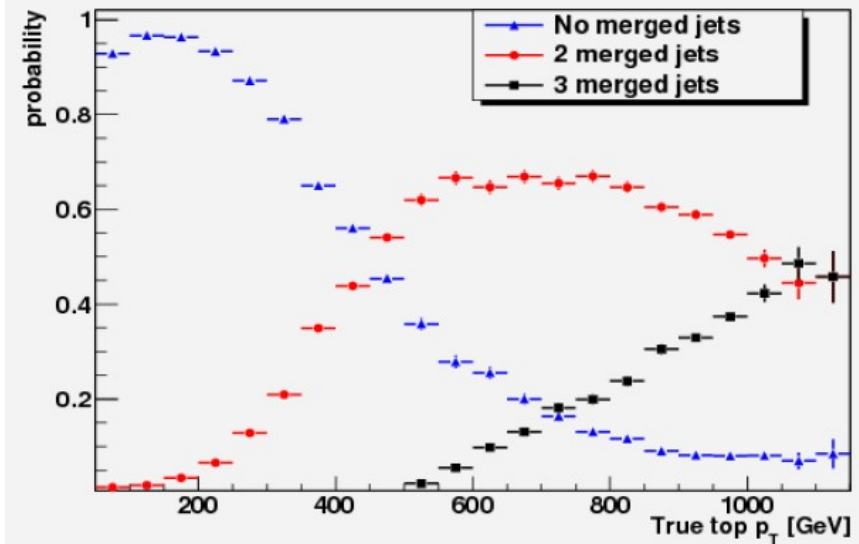
Jet substructure ATL-PHYS-CONF-2008-008, COM-PHYS-2008-184  
 Life-time ATL-PHYS-CONF-2008-016



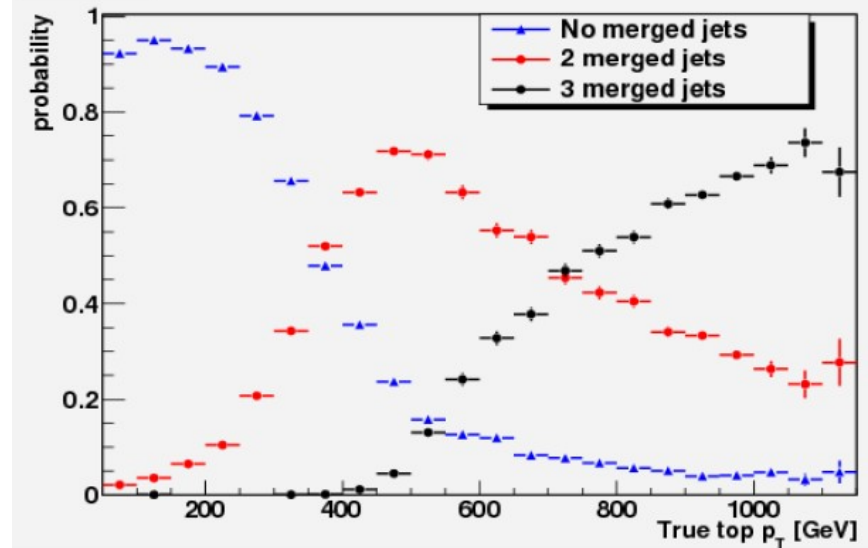
# Merging probability

Probability for N jets to “merge” as a function of top  $p_T$ .

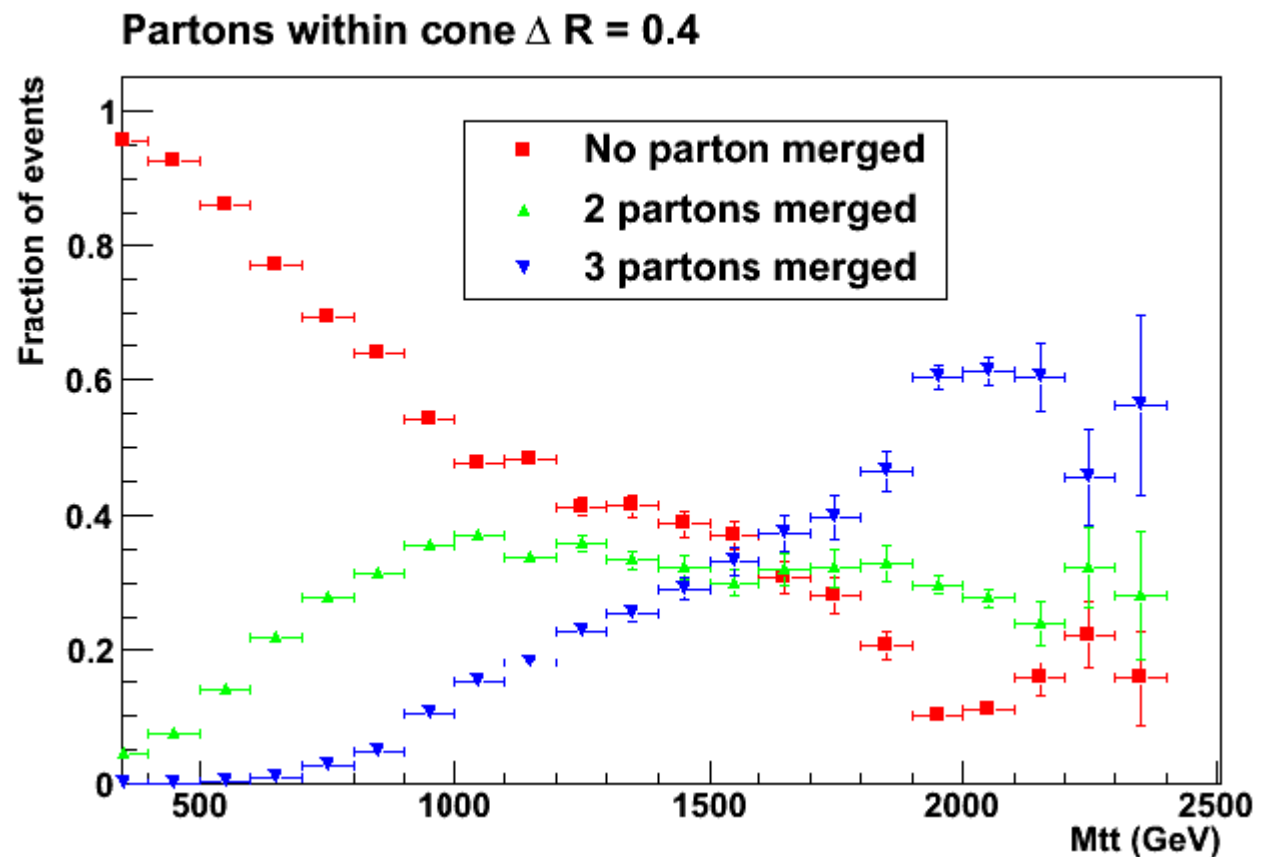
Cone4 Jets



Kt6 Jets



# Merging jets vs Mtt



Rare top decays  $t \rightarrow Hc$  reach  $10^{-4}$  level (SM prediction  $\sim 10^{-16}$ ) in model where Higgs couplings are flavour violating..... (K. Agashe and others <http://arXiv.org/pdf/0906.1542>)

Similarly,  $gq \rightarrow tH$  production would be possible.

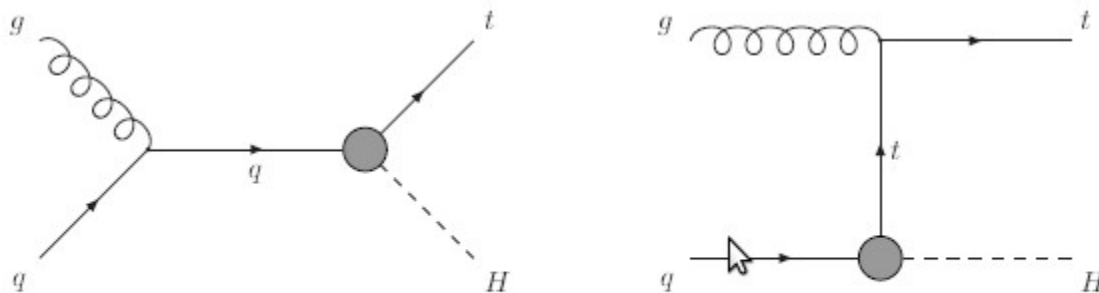


Fig. 9. Feynman diagrams for  $gq \rightarrow Ht$  via FCN couplings.

Aguilar-Saavedra, Branco,  
<http://arxiv.org/pdf/hpe-ph/0004190>

## Effort to understand $tt+X$ backgrounds: $ttW$ , $tt+N$ jets

Frank Krauss (Durham, Sherpa) et al. To generate background samples

What if the new physics only couples to top quarks?

- Modest effect on (Tevatron)  $tt$  cross-section
- $Tt$  resonance production through loop-diagram
- Resonant signal in 4-top events  
tightly links to top compositeness searches

## Potential of same-sign signature?

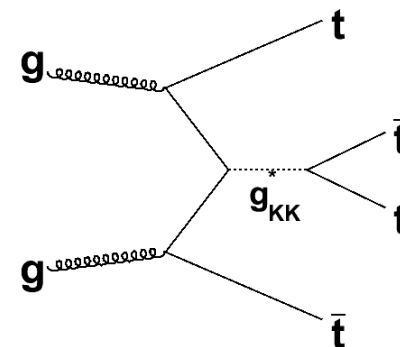
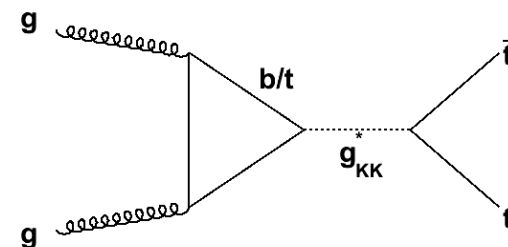
Same sign lepton is a key signature:

top partner searches look for  $ttWW$

Four top selection

Fully leptonic  $tt$  events can be isolated (ATLAS cross-section paper, ATLAS fully leptonic resonance search)

Events with same-sign tops ( $tt$  or anti- $t$  anti- $t$ ) are produced by Randall/Meade black holes...





# $t\bar{t}$ resonances are present in many extensions of the Standard Model

Lively discussions among theorists

Large body of literature from Tevatron searches

ATLAS studies in CSC book + several notes

New paper in preparation: ATLAS Exotics skeleton paper

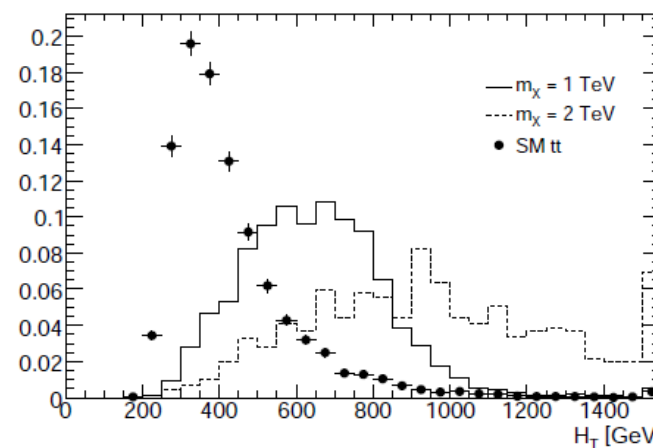
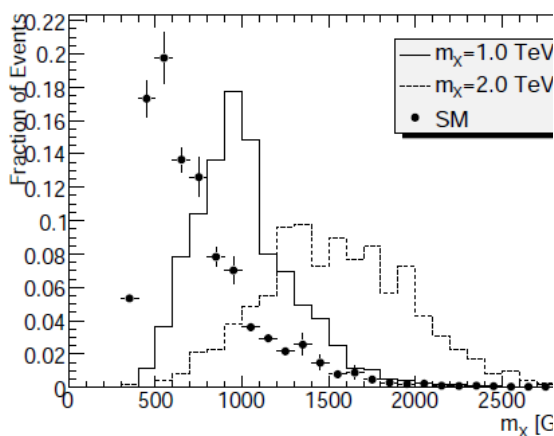
Most analyses concentrate on semi-leptonic events

Reach is limited both in invariant mass (sharply falling parton luminosity at Tevatron and LHC) and  $\sigma \times \text{BR}$  sensitivity (irreducible  $t\bar{t}$  background)


# ATLFAST study: H. Gray, B. Heinemann, E. Hughes, A. Korn, M. Scherzer, Search for $X \rightarrow tt$ using the di-lepton decay signature, ATL-PHYS-INT-2009-004

Reducible SM Backgrounds:  $tt$  (400 pb semi-leptonic) ,  $Z$ +jets (3000 pb),  $WW$ +jets (9.9 pb), single top (300 pb) taken care of by a series of simple selection criteria, keeping 20-30 % of signal events  
Irreducible SM  $tt$  production with di-lepton decay (40 pb) dominant

Distinguish a “narrow” (30%) peak on top of a continuum background  
Resonance mass (solving for the two neutrinos using  $W$  and top mass constraints, or using effective mass) peak



Conclusion: Sensitivity is inferior to a search in semi-leptonic decay mode



**Large SM backgrounds (and in particular the dominant irreducible tt background) satisfy the opposite-charge lepton criterion. Backgrounds with same-sign leptons are much less abundant**

Example: CDF collaboration, Inclusive search for new physics with like-sign dilepton events in p anti-p collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ -TeV. Phys.Rev.Lett.98:221803,2007. (for applications to tt+X at the LHC see for instance tttt papers by Dobrescu et al., or Pomarol and Serra)


**The following LO numbers are taken from** G. Servant, R. Contino, Discovering the top partners at the LHC using same-sign dilepton final states, JHEP 0806:026,2008:

$$t\bar{t}W^+W^- + \text{jets} \rightarrow l^+l^-: 5.1 \text{ fb}$$

$$t\bar{t}W + \text{jets} \rightarrow l^+l^-: 18.7 \text{ fb}$$


$$W^+W^-W^\pm + \text{jets} \rightarrow l^+l^-: 18.7 \text{ fb}$$

$$W^\pm W^\pm + \text{jets} \rightarrow l^+l^-: 16.0 \text{ fb}$$



Experimentally, a top-top or anti-top anti-top signal would stand out very early (Yang Bai, Zhenya Han reach the same conclusion in arXiv:0809.4487)

What would we learn by studying this signature?  
What models would be ruled out (confirmed) by non-observation (discovery)?



In “Black Holes and Quantum Gravity at the LHC” (JHEP 0805:003,2008), Randall and Meade argue that on a scale significantly lower than that required to produce fully “thermal” black holes (with sufficient entropy to decay into many-object final states), deviations from Standard Model behaviour would be observed in di-object final states. In particular they suggest compositeness-like signatures in di-jet events.

**Lower scale + rapidly falling parton luminosity = earlier!**

Run BlackMax with “choose\_a\_case=4 (Lisa\_two\_particles\_final\_state)”

3 extra dimensions of size  $10/M_{pl}$

Black holes with masses 3-15 TeV Parameters suggested by Cigdem Issever (thanks)

Cross-section: 0.94 nb (16 pb for 5 TeV)

30% of events contains at least one top quark

2% of black holes yields top top final state

0.04 % has top anti-top