

Testing the beta strength north-east of ^{78}Ni

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- The physics: r-process and shell structure
- Status of the knowledge in the region
- A choice of isotopes



Jose L. Tain @ IFIC-Valencia

2nd BRIKEN Workshop, RIKEN, July 29-30, 2013

- **Beta strength calculations are needed in order to obtain $T_{1/2}$ and P_n values for most of the nuclei involved in r-process calculations**

$$S_{\beta}(E_x) = \frac{1}{D} \frac{4\pi}{g_V^2} B_{i \rightarrow f}$$

$$B_{i \rightarrow f} = \frac{1}{2J_i + 1} \left| \left\langle f \left\| M_{\lambda\pi}^{\beta} \right\| i \right\rangle \right|^2$$

$\lambda\pi=0+$: Fermi

$\lambda\pi=1+$: Gamow-Teller

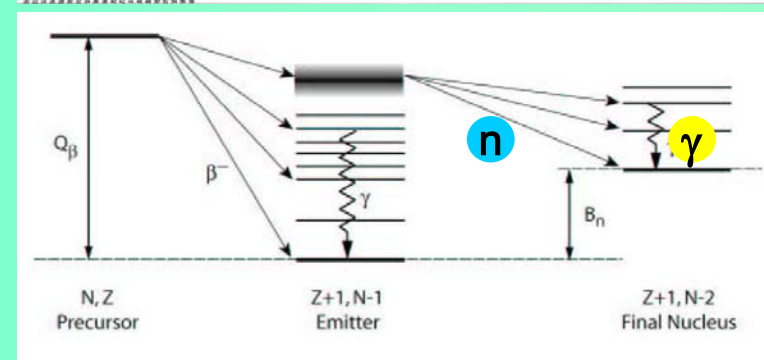
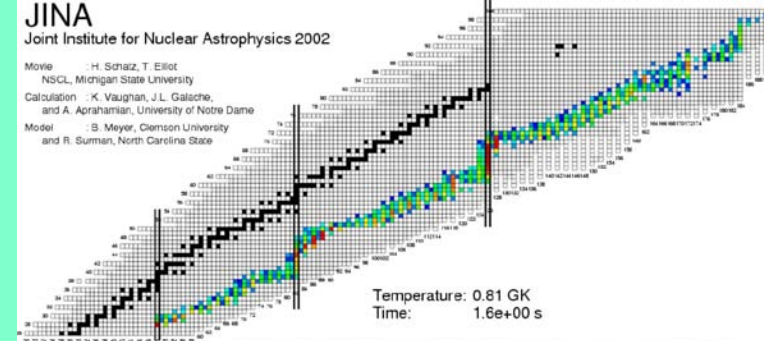
$\lambda\pi=0-, 1-$: Non-unique first forbidden

$\lambda\pi=2-$: Unique first forbidden

...

$$S_{\beta}(E_x) = \frac{I_{\beta}(E_x)}{f(Q_{\beta} - E_x) \cdot T_{1/2}}$$

- **The quality of the model calculations is judged by comparison with experimental $T_{1/2}$ and eventually P_n values in particular for the most neutron rich accessible nuclei, which are however integral quantities**
- **Direct comparison of calculated and measured S_{β} provides a more stringent test of the nuclear structure models**

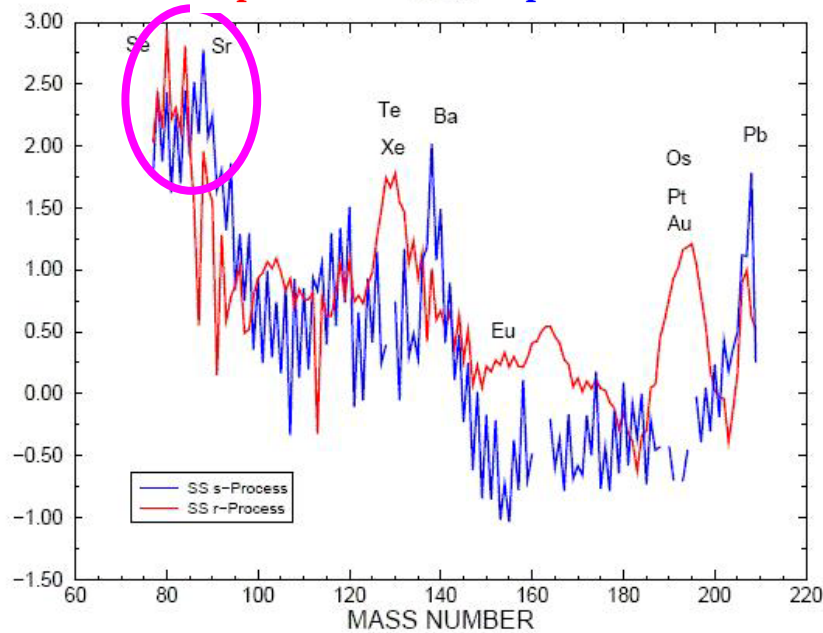


$$\frac{1}{T_{1/2}} = \int_0^{Q_{\beta}} S_{\beta}(E_x) \cdot f(Q_{\beta} - E_x) dE_x$$

$$P_n = T_{1/2} \times \int_{S_n}^{Q_{\beta}} \frac{\Gamma^n}{\Gamma^n + \Gamma^{\gamma}} S_{\beta}(E_x) \cdot f(Q_{\beta} - E_x) dE$$

Solar System Abundances

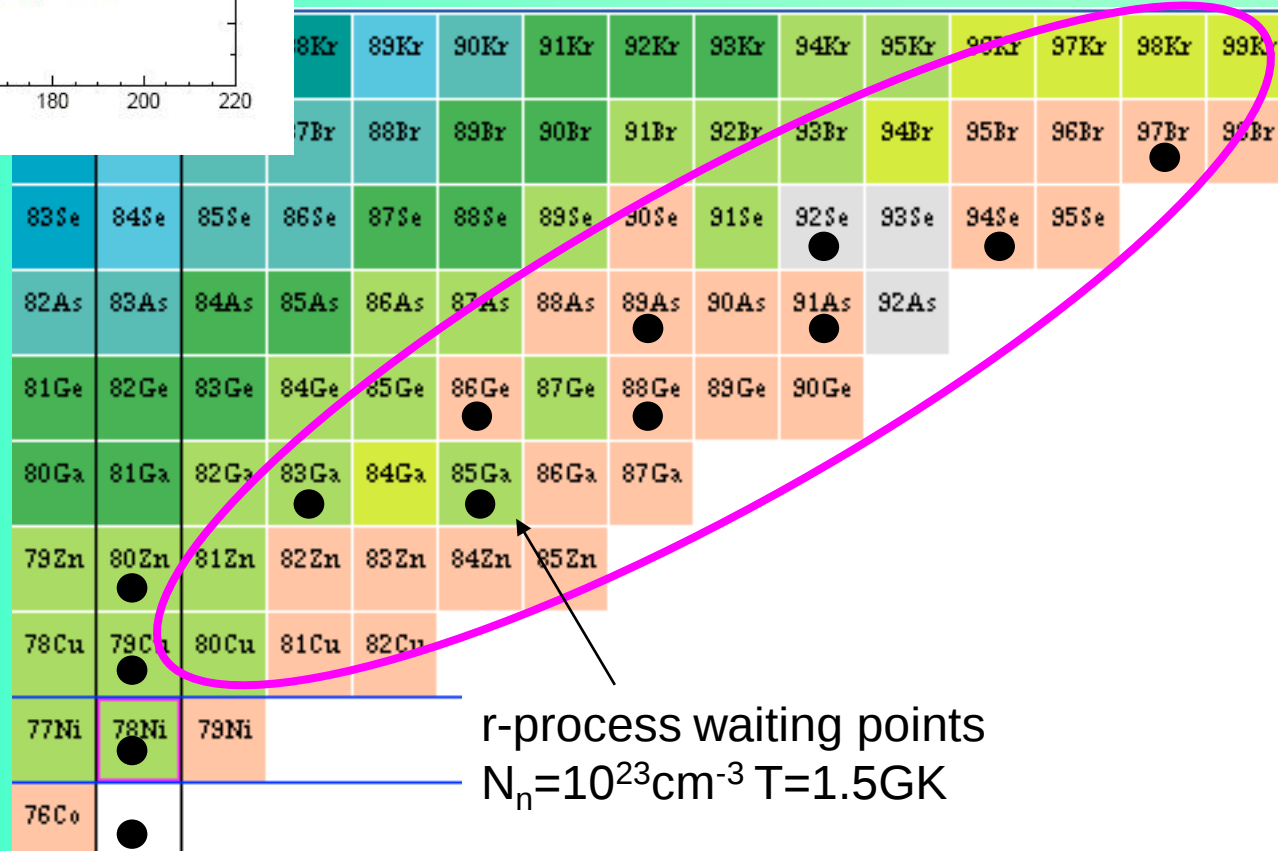
s-process and r-process



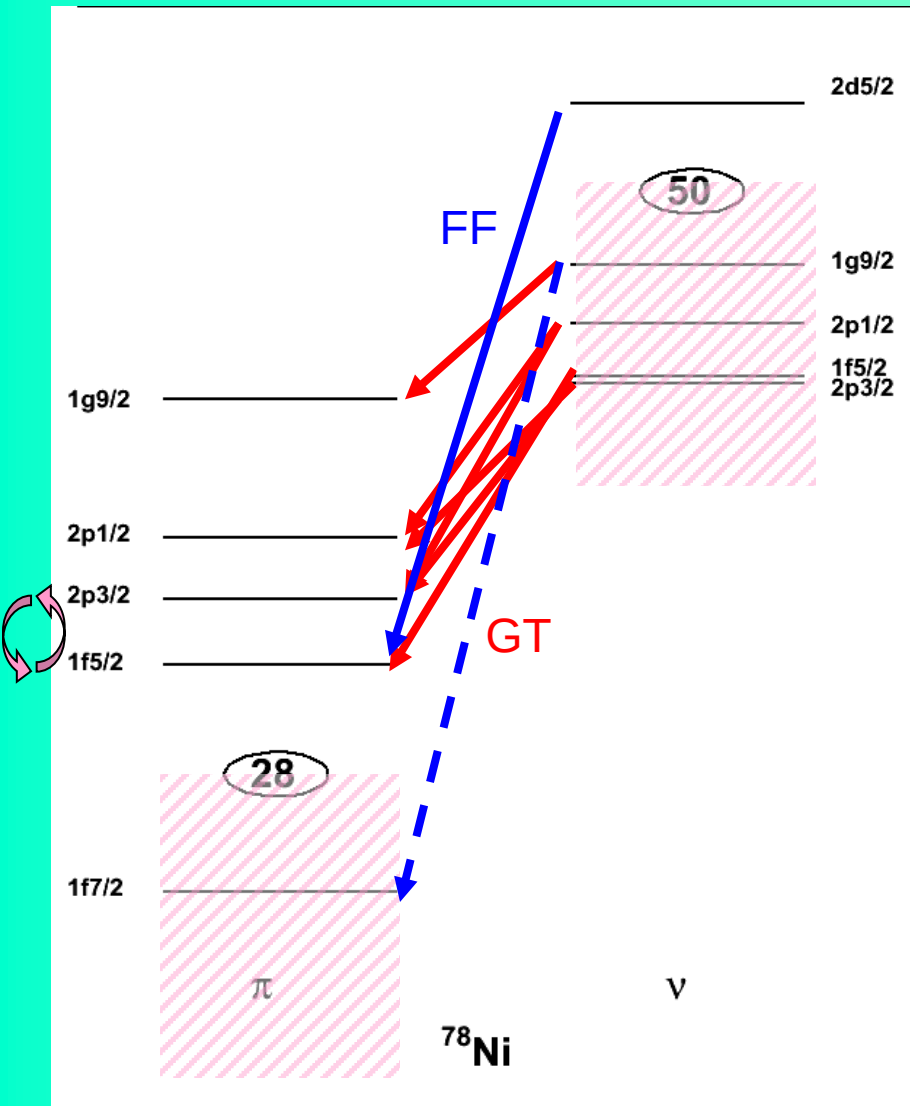
“North-East” of ^{78}Ni

- At (waiting points) or close to the r-process path
- 1st peak in the r-process abundance distribution
- Possibility to access experimentally $T_{1/2}$ and P_n

$T_{1/2}$ and P_n along the r-process path shape the abundance distribution



“North-East” of ^{78}Ni



- Competition of First Forbidden respect to Gamow-Teller
- Population of $\nu 2d_{5/2}$ above $N=50$ opens the possibility of “fast” transition to $\pi 1f_{5/2}$ when not filled
- Shell reordering of $\pi 2p_{3/2}$ and $\pi 1f_{5/2}$ under influence of residual interactions

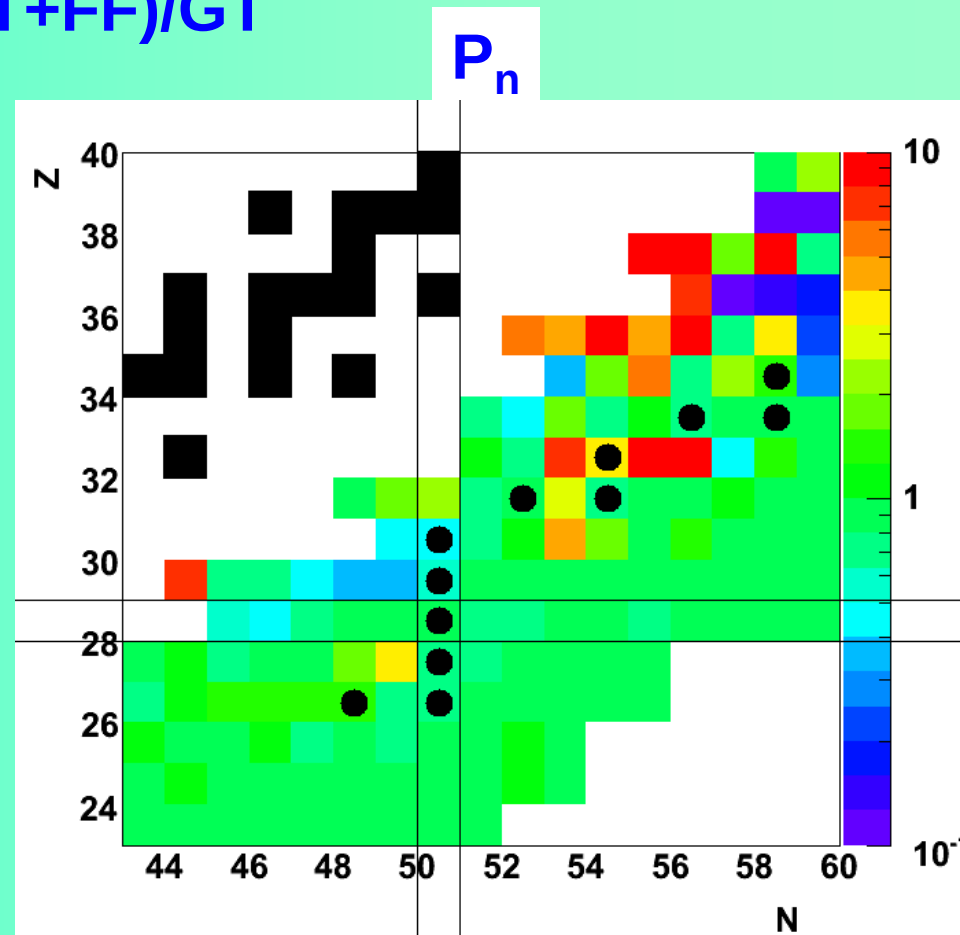
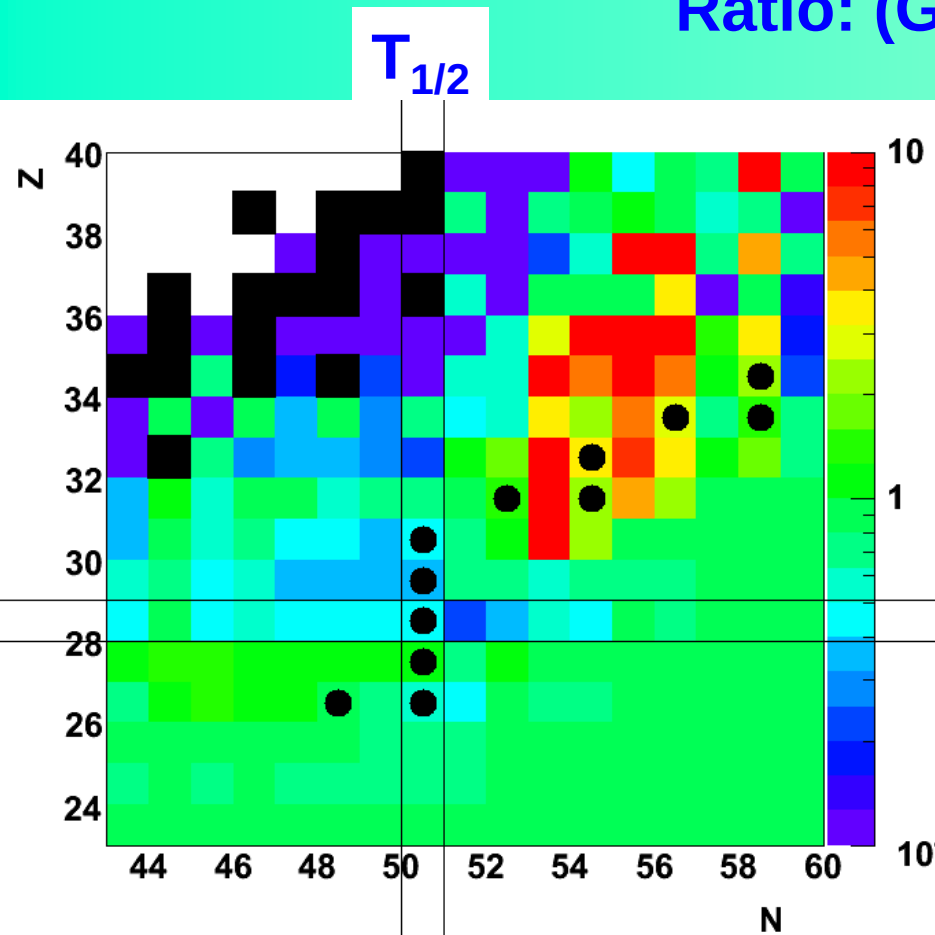
All these affect the beta-strength distribution

Status of theoretical calculations

Moeller et al., PRC67(03)55802:

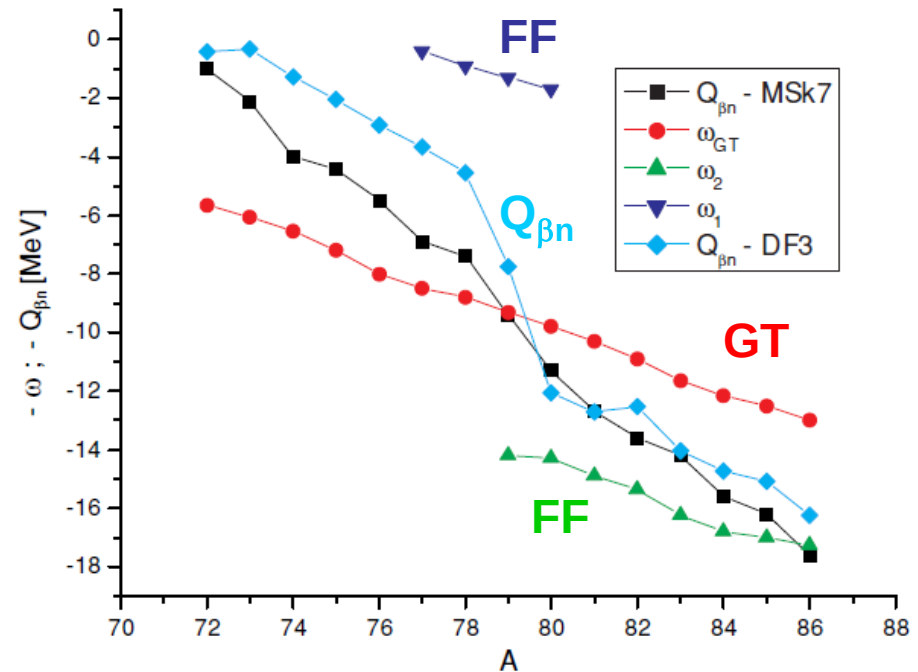
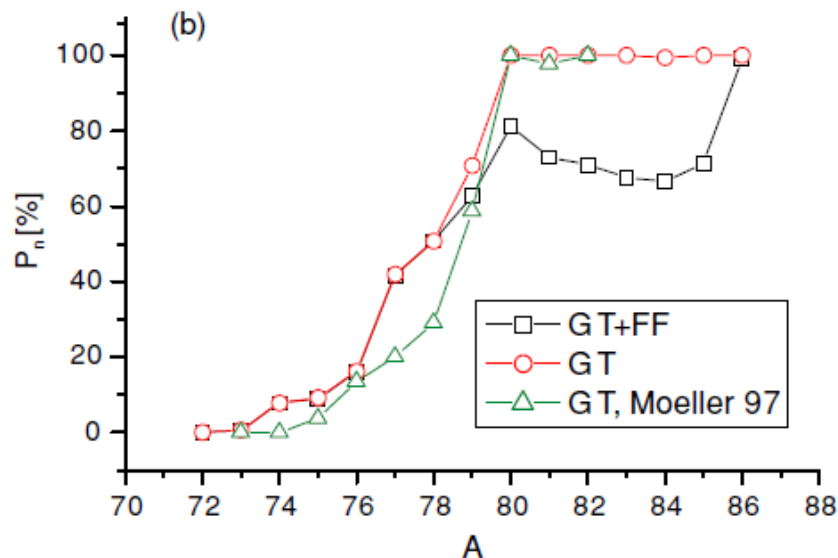
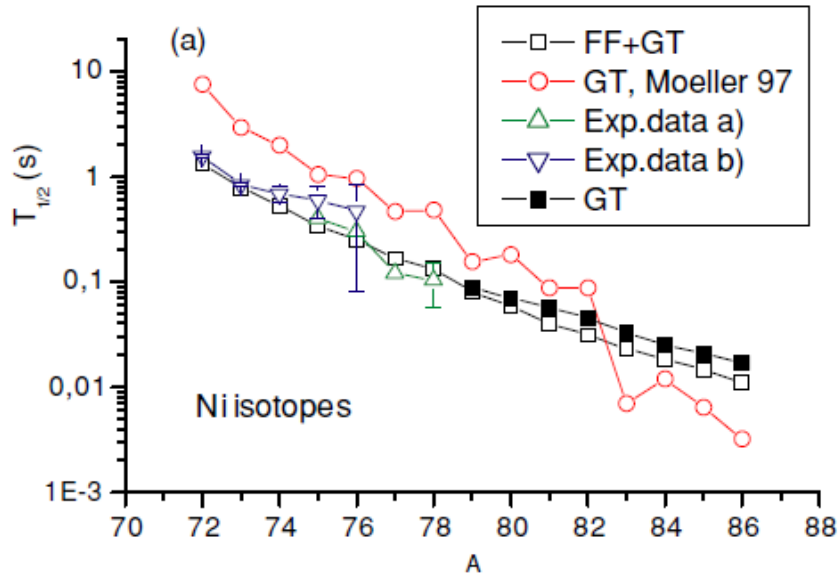
- FRDM+QRPA
- GT (microscopic)+ FF (Gross Theory)
- Deformation from calculation except when available experimental information
- Q_β and S_n experimental or from FRDM calculations
- “Ad hoc” spreading width

Ratio: (GT+FF)/GT



Borzov, PRC71(05)65801:

- DF+CQRPA
- GT+ FF (microscopic)
- No deformation
- Q_β and S_n calculated internally



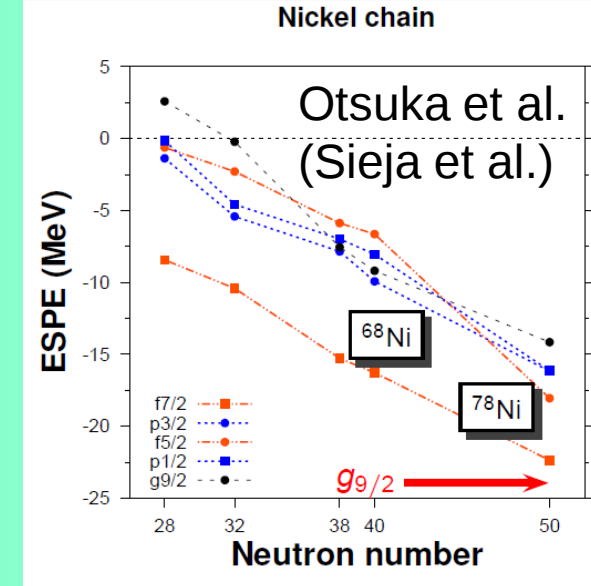
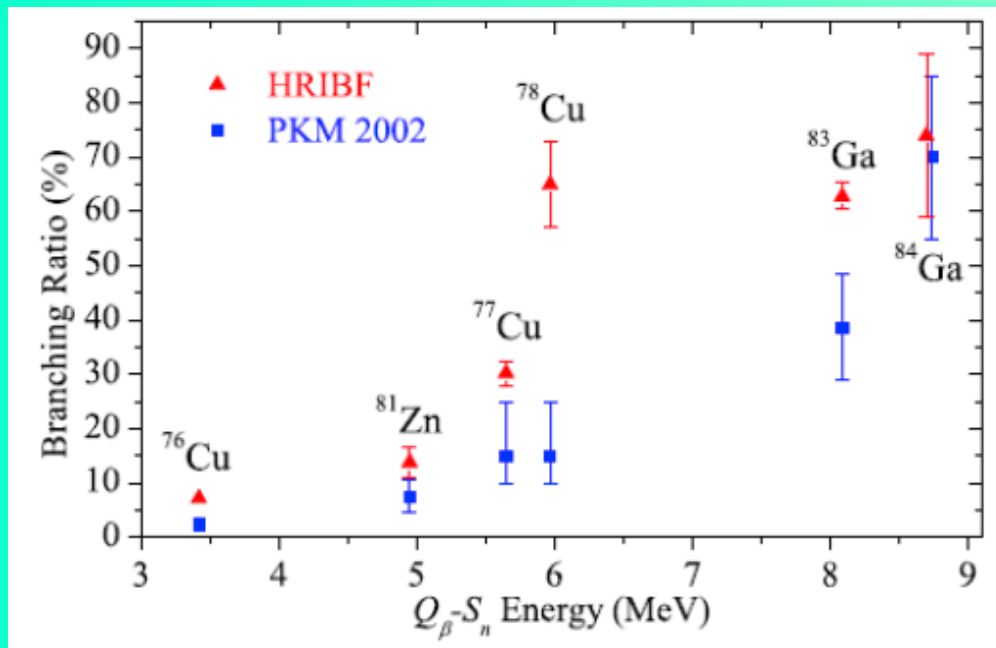
GT: $\nu 1f_{5/2,7/2} \rightarrow \pi 1f_{5/2,7/2}$

FF: $\nu 1g_{9/2} \rightarrow \pi 1f_{7/2}$, $\nu 1f_{5/2} \rightarrow \pi 1d_{5/2}$

FF: $\nu 2d_{5/2} \rightarrow \pi 1f_{5/2}$

Winger et al., PRL102(2009)142502

- P_n measurement at HRIBF using γ -intensities
- New **DF+CQRPA** calculations:
 - Experimental Q_β and S_n
 - Inversion of proton 2p3/2 and 1f5/2 orbitals and proton shell “weakening”



Nuclide	Exp.		Theory	
	Adopt	[11]	Current	
^{76}Cu	7.2 ₅	4.2	5.6	
^{77}Cu	30.0 ₂₇	19.7	40.2	
^{78}Cu	65 ₈	42.6	53.1	
^{83}Ga	62.8 ₂₅	15.7	50.7	

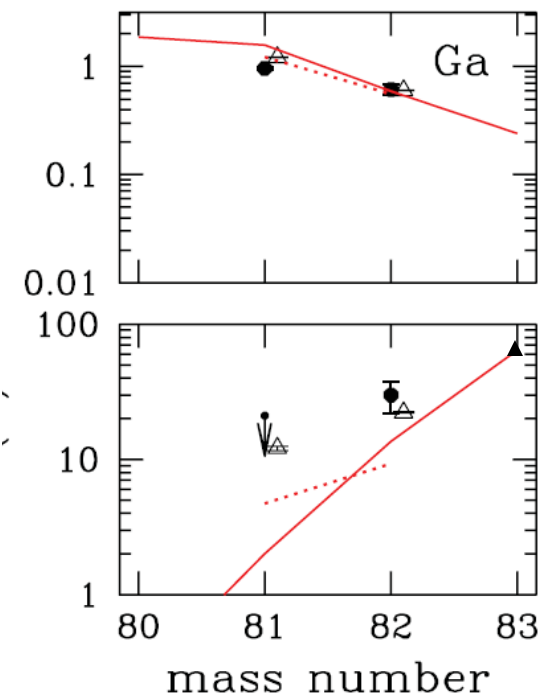
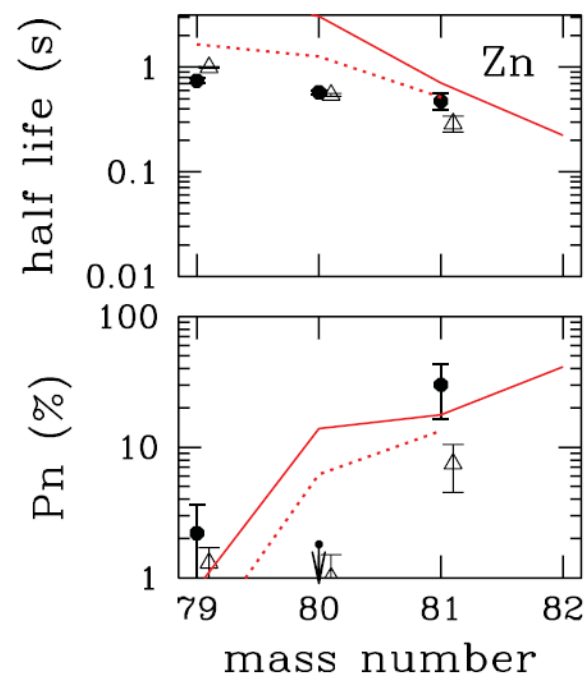
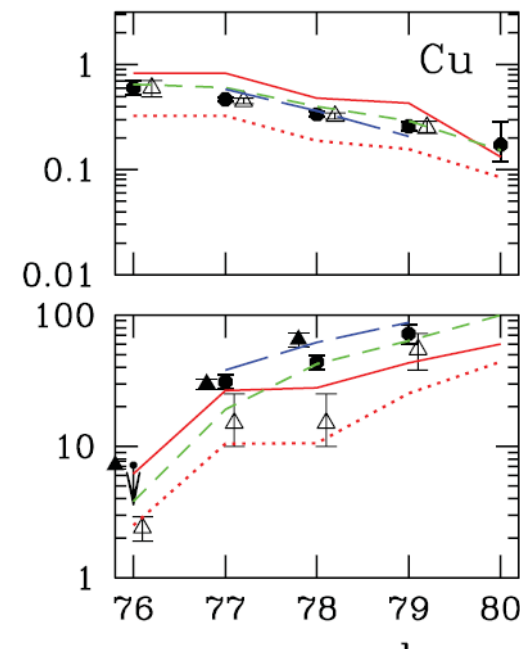
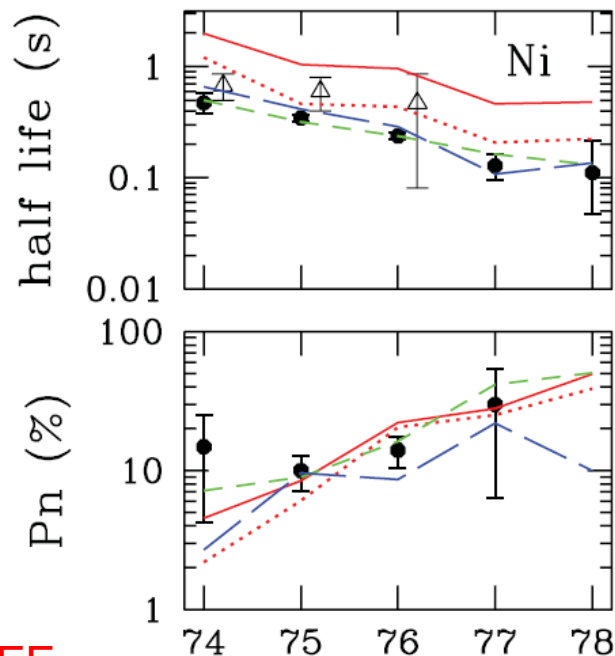
From K. Rykaczewski

Hosmer et al.,
PRC82 (10)025806

• Measurement at
NSCL with NERO
neutron counter

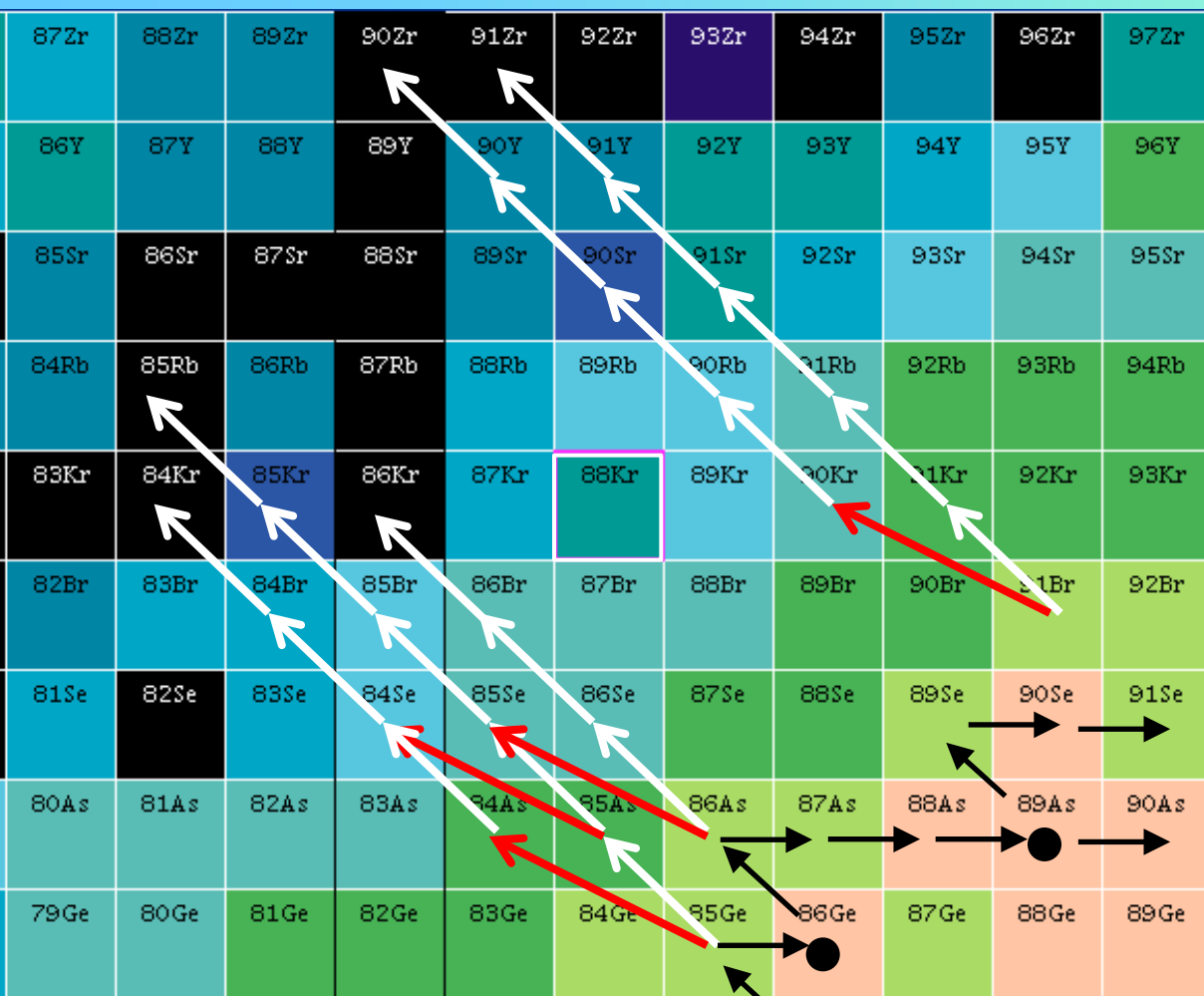
—: OXBASH
—: Moeller et al. (97) GT
.....: Moeller et al. (03) GT+FF
- - - : Borzov (05) GT+FF

Shell Model
calculations require a
renormalization of GT
operator of $q_{GT}=0.37$
to adjust
experimental $T_{1/2}$!



PhD Thesis:

J. Agramunt & A. Garcia



^{91}Br , ^{86}As , ^{85}As , ^{85}Ge

r-process path

Pn (%)	RAS	PKM
^{91}Br	20(3)	31.3(60)
^{86}As	33(4)	26(7)
^{85}As	59.4(24)	55(14)
^{85}Ge	-	14(3)

Contribution to ν_d for thermal fission of ^{235}U :

- ^{91}Br : ~3%
- $^{85,86}\text{As}$, ^{85}Ge : ~7%

RAS: Rudstam et al. ADNDT53 (93)1

PKM: Pfeiffer et al. PNE41(02)39

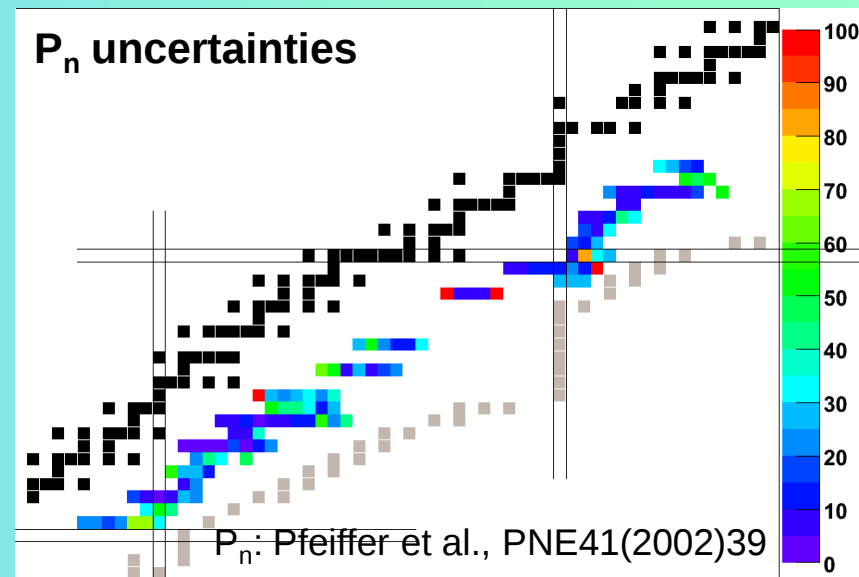
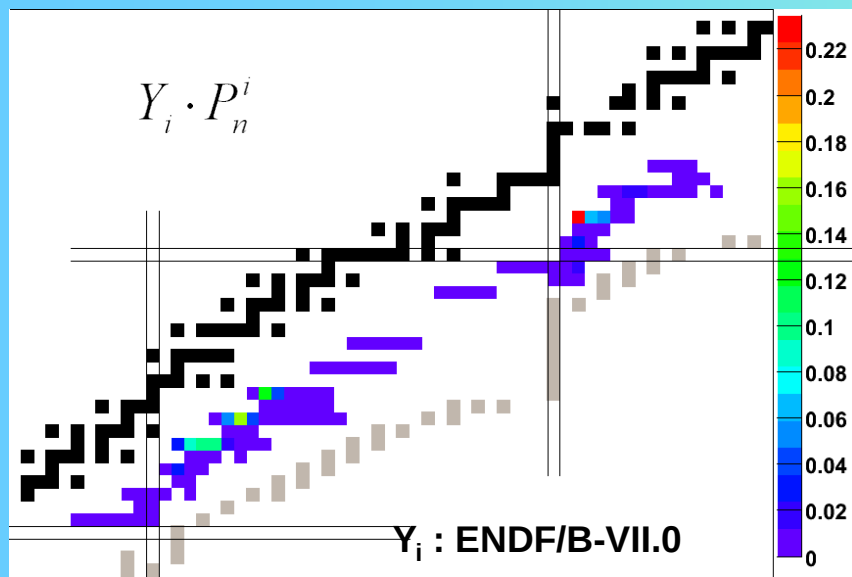
Motivation: microscopic summation calculations of $\bar{\nu}_d$

- The delayed neutron fraction β_{eff} is a key parameter in the control of reactor power
- Microscopic summation calculations lack still the accuracy of Keepin six-group formula
- Reason: **inaccuracies** in fission yields Y and **delayed neutron emission probabilities** P_n

Number of delayed neutrons per fission

$$\bar{\nu}_d = \sum_i Y_i \cdot P_n^i$$

Can be used to identify P_n values that should be revisited

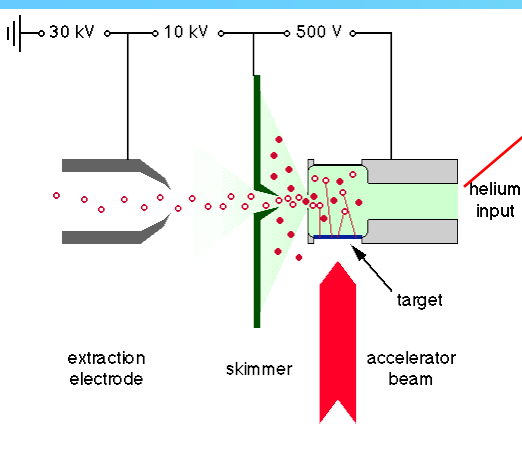


Experiment: production and selection of isotopes

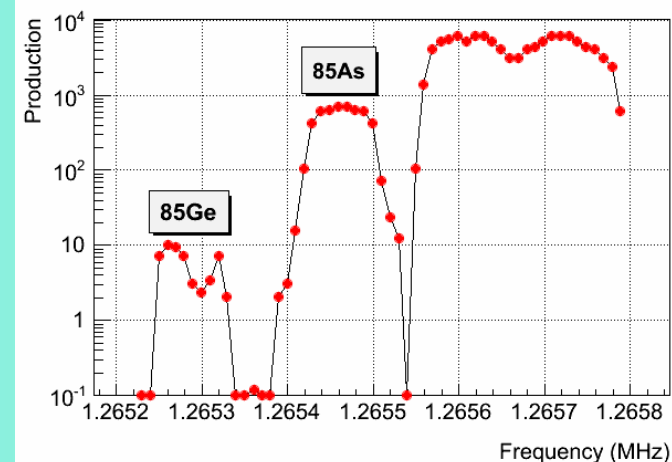
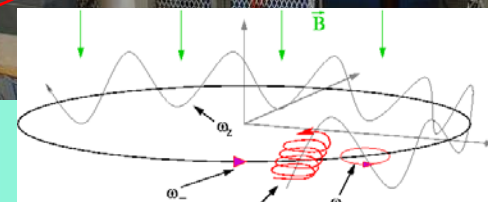
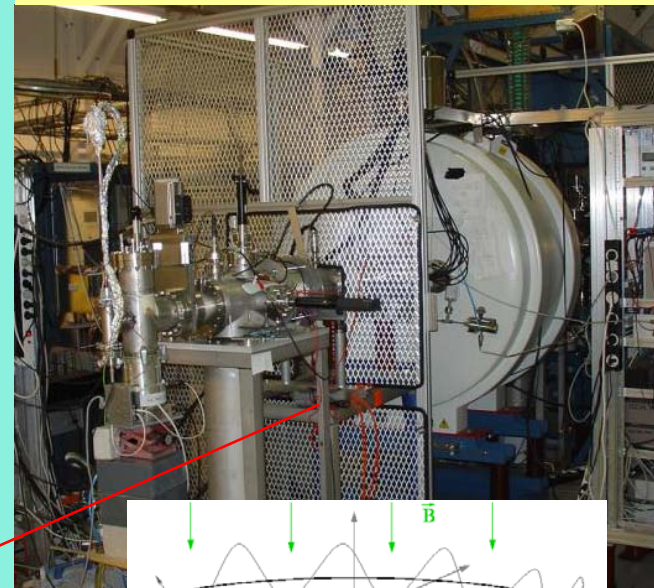
JYFL Accelerator Laboratory

IGISOL separator +
ion guide source:
refractory elements

$p(25\text{MeV}) + \text{Th} \Rightarrow \text{FF}$

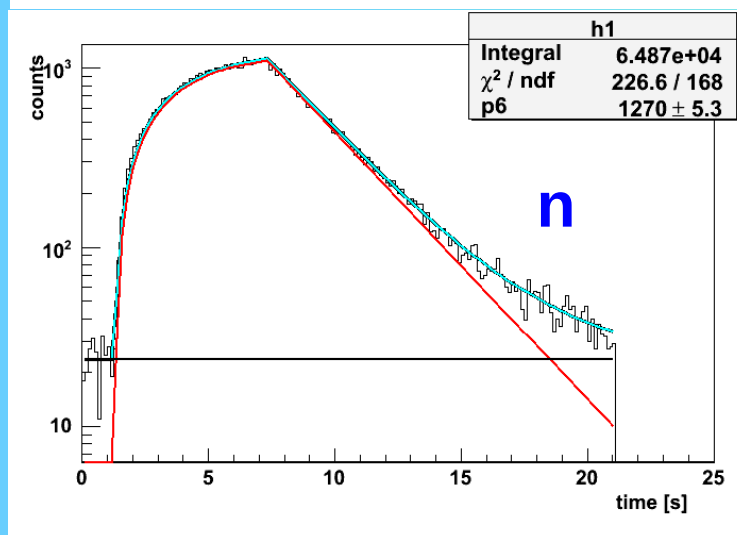
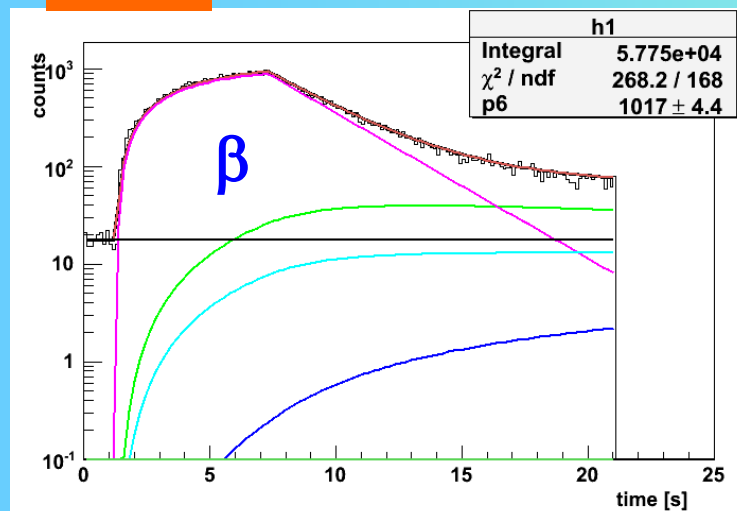


JYFLTRAP Penning
trap: isotopic purification



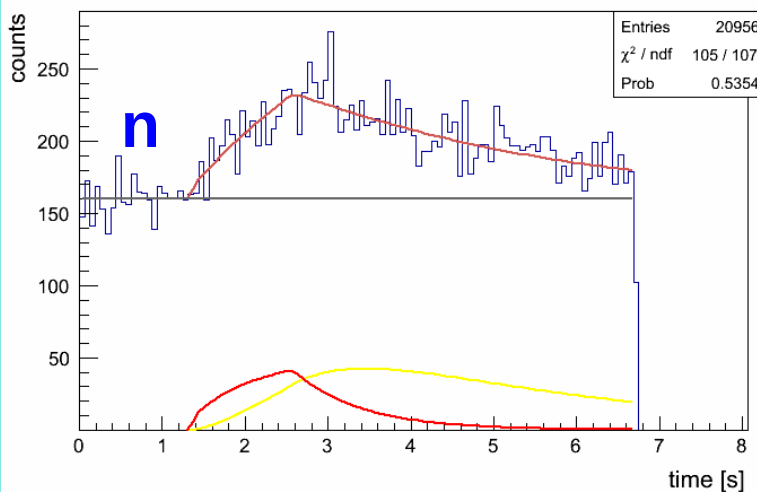
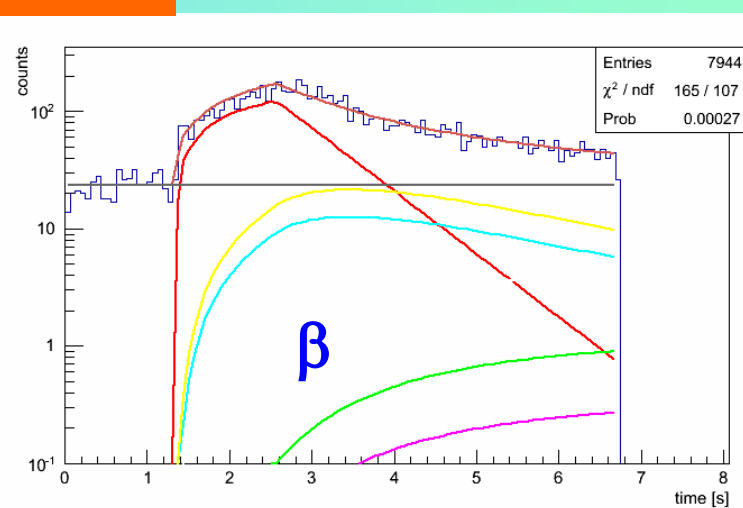
Isotope	Rate (s^{-1})
^{85}Ge	6
^{85}As	175
^{86}As	30
^{91}Br	80

^{85}As

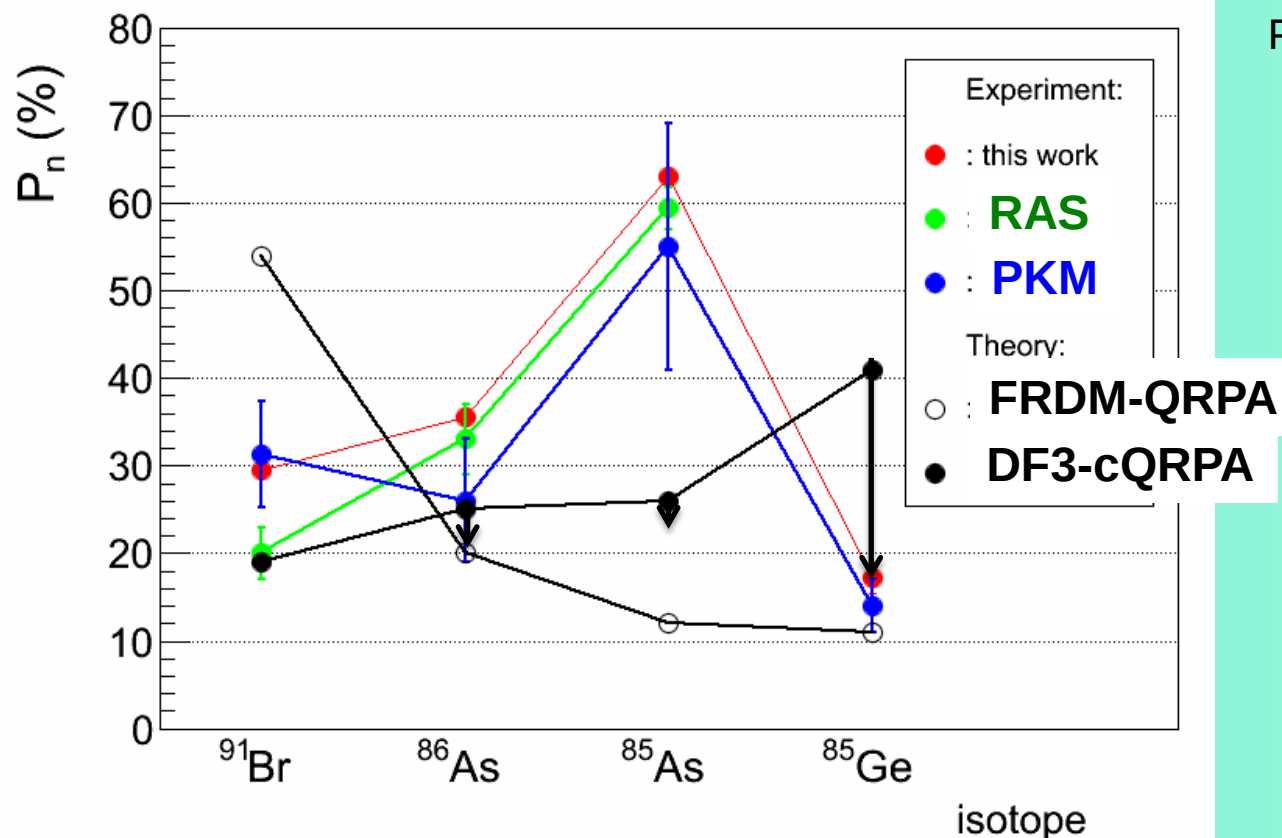


$$P_n = 63.1(10)\%$$

^{85}Ge



$$P_n = 17.2(18)\%$$



FRDM-QRPA: Moeller et al.,
PRC67(03)55802

DF3-cQRPA: Borzov,
PRC71(05)65801,
NPA777(06)445
and
PRC87(13)34315
and priv.com.

Both calculations
reproduce $T_{1/2}$
within a factor 2

...and empirical formulas

Pn (%)	this work	PKM	MSJABS
91Br	29.5(5)	12.1	27.0
86As	35.5(6)	9.3	33.2
85As	63.1(10)	7.9	36.3
85Ge	17.2(18)	4.3	9.8

Kratz-Hermann formula:

$$P_n = a \left(\frac{Q_\beta - S_n}{Q_\beta - C} \right)^b$$

McCutchan et al PRC86(12):

$$\frac{P_n}{T_{1/2}} = a (Q_\beta - S_n)^b$$

Proposal for measurements at RIKEN

85Kr	86Kr	87Kr	88Kr	89Kr	90Kr	91Kr	92Kr	93Kr	94Kr	95Kr	96Kr	97Kr	98Kr	99Kr
84Br	85Br	86Br	87Br	88Br	89Br	90Br	91Br	92Br	93Br	94Br	95Br	96Br	97Br	98Br
83Se	84Se	85Se	86Se	87Se	88Se	89Se	90Se	91Se	92Se	93Se	94Se	95Se		
82As	83As	84As	85As	86As	87As	88As	89As	90As	91As	92As				
81Ge	82Ge	83Ge	84Ge	85Ge	86Ge	87Ge	88Ge	89Ge	90Ge					
80Ga	81Ga	82Ga	83Ga	84Ga	85Ga	86Ga	87Ga							
79Zn	80Zn	81Zn	82Zn	83Zn	84Zn	85Zn								
78Cu	79Cu	80Cu	81Cu	82Cu										
77Ni	78Ni	79Ni												
76Co														

Isotope	Rate	Q (MeV)	P1n	P2n	PKM	
86Ge	8.2E+01	9.2	0.2385			
87Ge	6.7E+00	11.5	0.3073	0.0458		
88Ge	6.7E-01	10.6	0.4907	0.0047		
88As	2.9E+02	13.2	0.3218	0.022		
89As	3.4E+01	12.2	0.7635	0.0133		
90As	2.1E+00	14.5	0.2778	0.0261		
91As	3.2E-01	13.4	0.8934	0.0316		
90Se	1.4E+03	8.2	0.0083			
91Se	1.1E+02	10.8	0.0378		21	10
92Se	1.2E+01	9.5	0.0323			
93Se	8.2E-01	12.3	0.0958	0.0021		
94Se	2.0E-01	10.8	0.0404			
94Br	6.7E+01	13.7	0.146	0.0028	68	16
95Br	7.5E+00	12.4	0.9389	0.0015		
96Br	5.9E-01	14.9	0.3218	0.0217		
97Br	7.0E-02	13.4	0.8699	0.0387		

Half-lives unknown or uncertain!

Rate: from U+Be fission file

P1n,P2n: Moeller et al., Phys. Rev. C67 (2003) 55802

PKM: Pfeiffer et al. experimental compilation, Prog. Nucl. Ener. 41 (2002) 39

GT β -strength calculation (FRDM-QRPA) in ^{78}Ni

Folded-Yukawa potential

$P_n = 59.53\%$ $T_{1/2} = 371.86$ (ms)



$\varepsilon_2 = 0.000$ $\Delta_n = 0.64$ MeV $\lambda_n = 32.96$ MeV

$\varepsilon_4 = 0.000$ $\Delta_p = 1.08$ MeV $\lambda_p = 29.95$ MeV

$\varepsilon_6 = 0.000$ (L-N) $a = 0.80$ fm

