



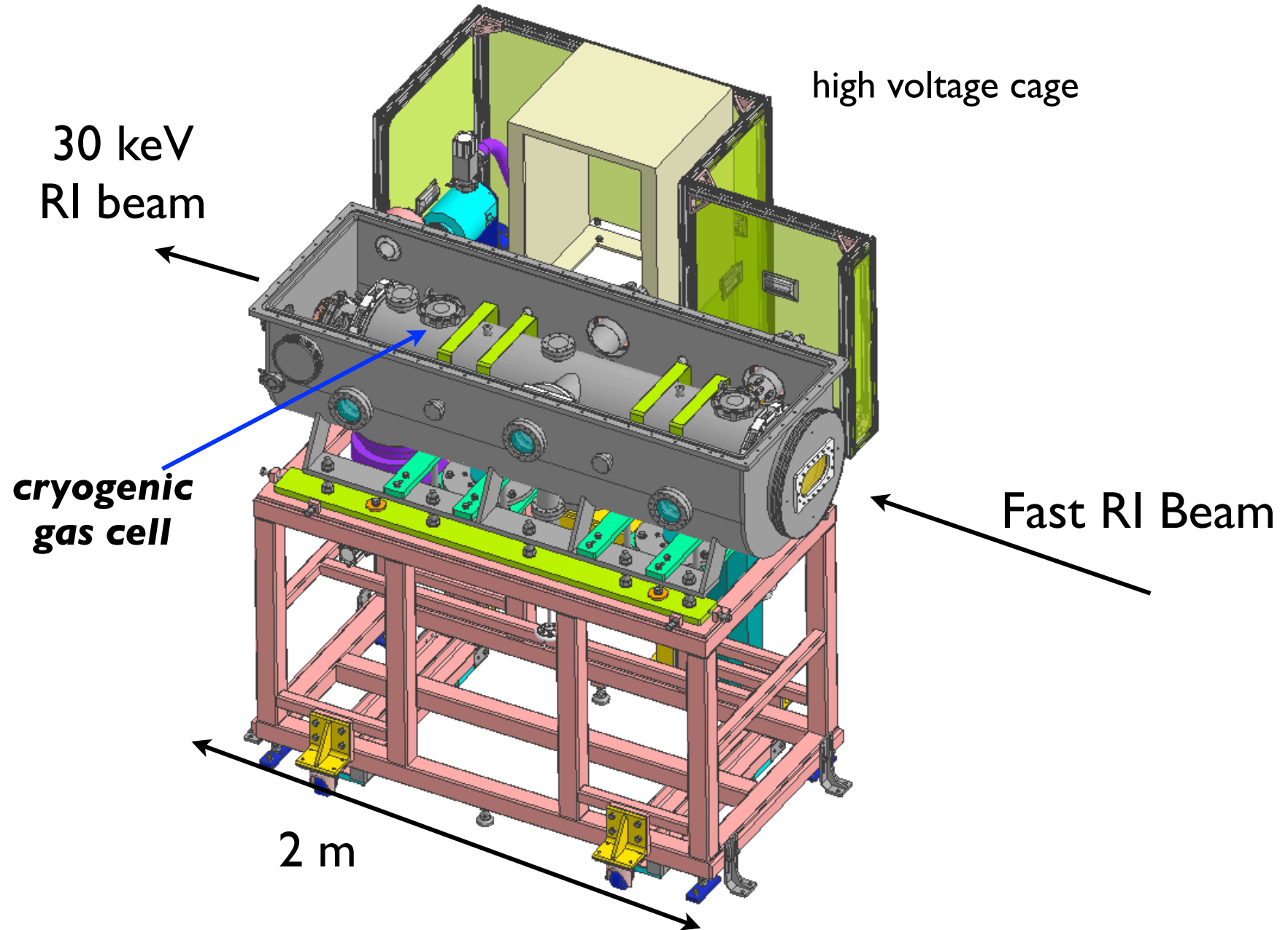
Opportunities with ultra-pure low-energy beams: half-lives, masses and spectroscopy

Peter Schury
RIKEN/SLOWRI

Low-energy beams at RIKEN

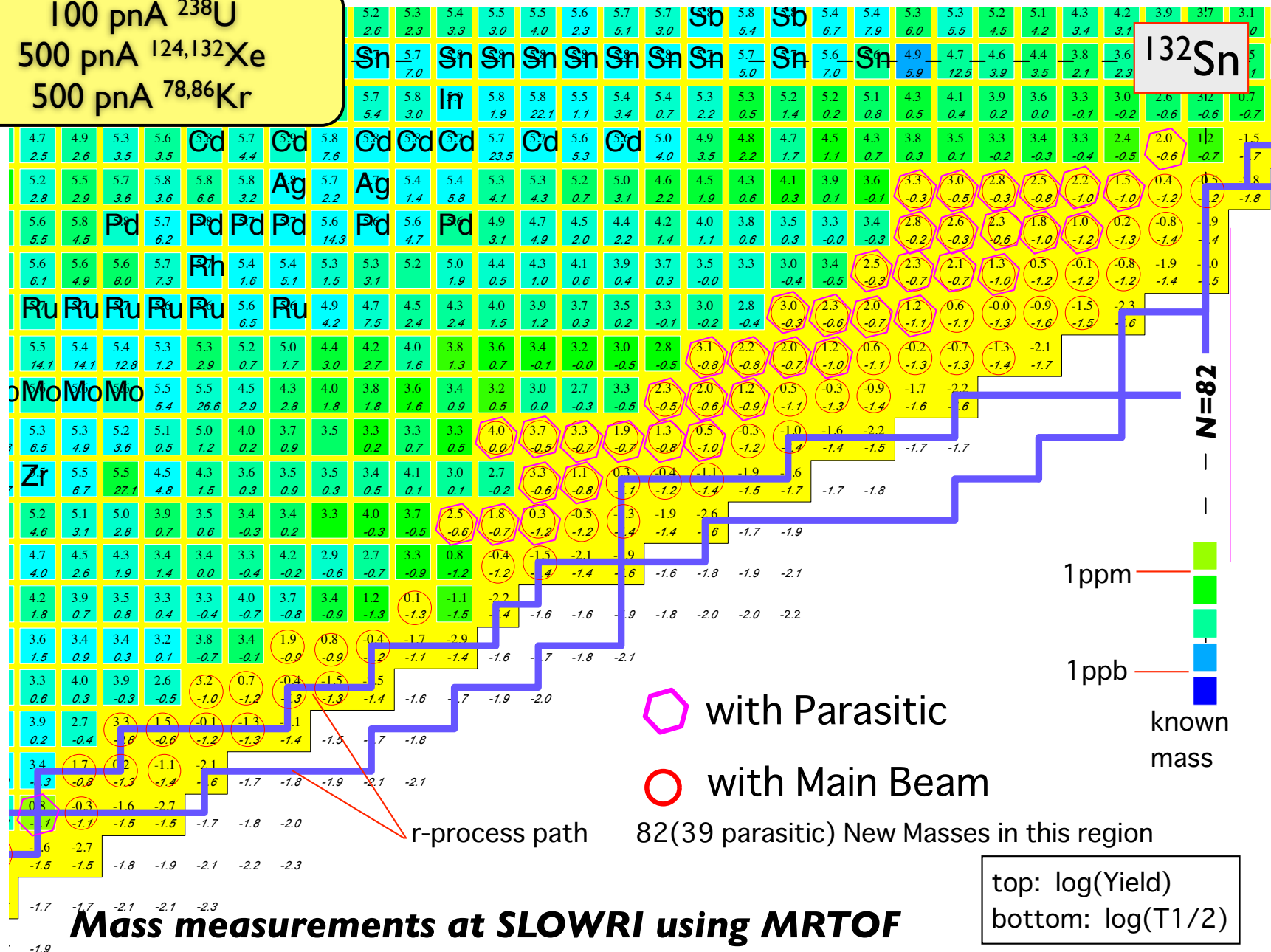
- SLOWRI, RF Carpet Gas Cell
 - Large He gas cell
 - Chemical universality
- SLOWRI, Parasitic Gas Cell (PALIS)
 - Small Ar gas cell
 - Limited to laser ionizable elements
- SlowSHE
 - Small He gas cell
 - designed for SHE

SLOWRI RF Carpet Gas Cell



r-process nucleosynthesis

100 pA ^{238}U
500 pA $^{124,132}\text{Xe}$
500 pA $^{78,86}\text{Kr}$

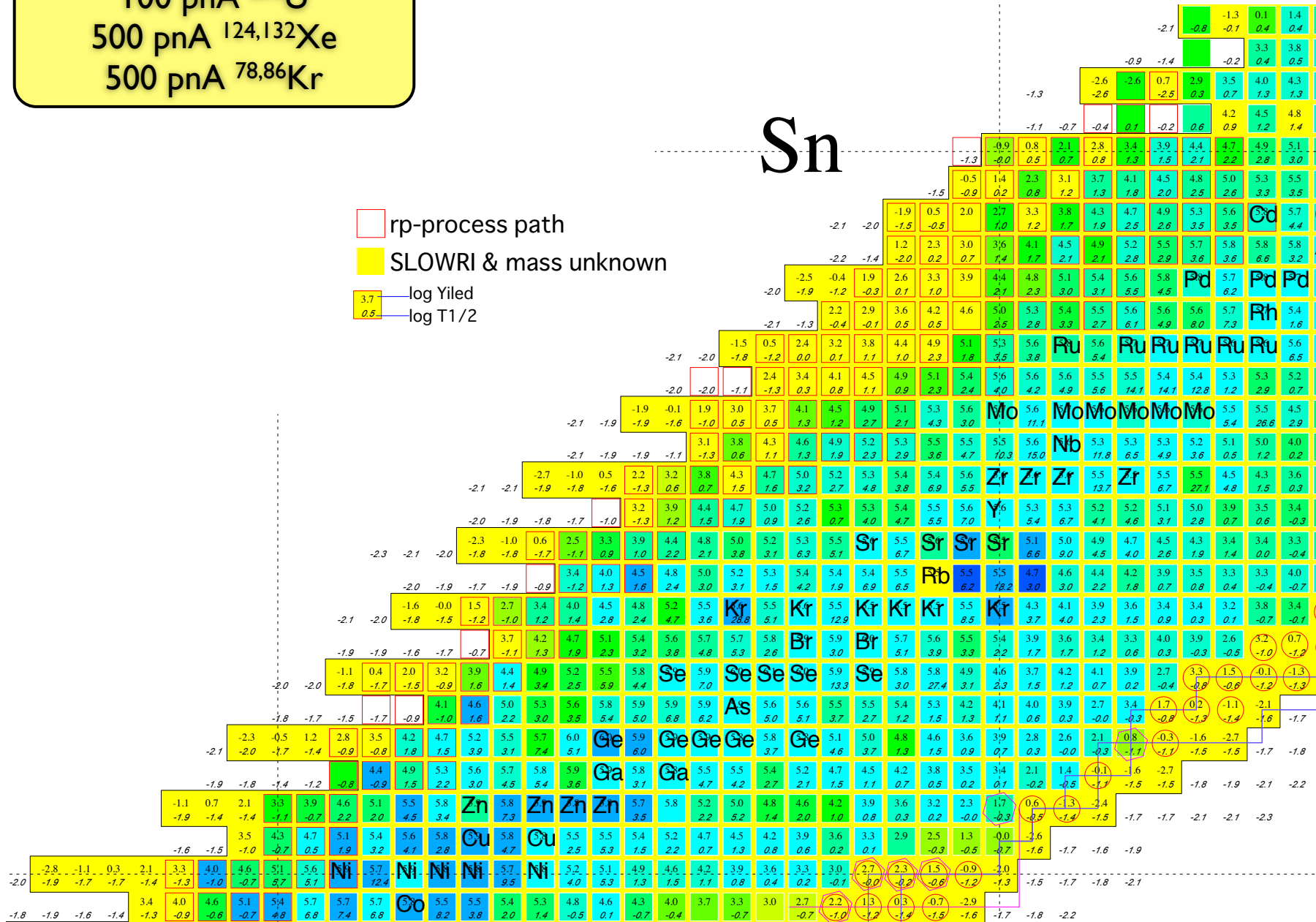


rp-process nucleosynthesis

100 pA ^{238}U
500 pA $^{124,132}\text{Xe}$
500 pA $^{78,86}\text{Kr}$

Sn

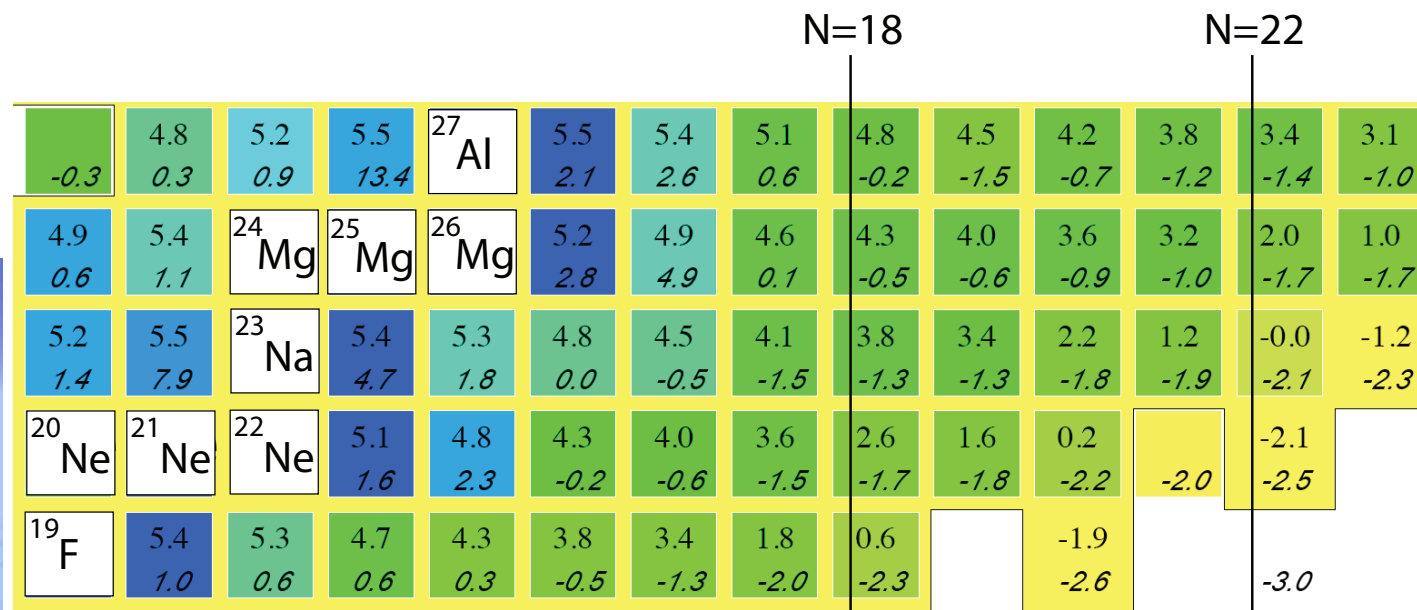
□ rp-process path
■ SLOWRI & mass unknown
3.7 — log Yiled
0.5 — log T1/2



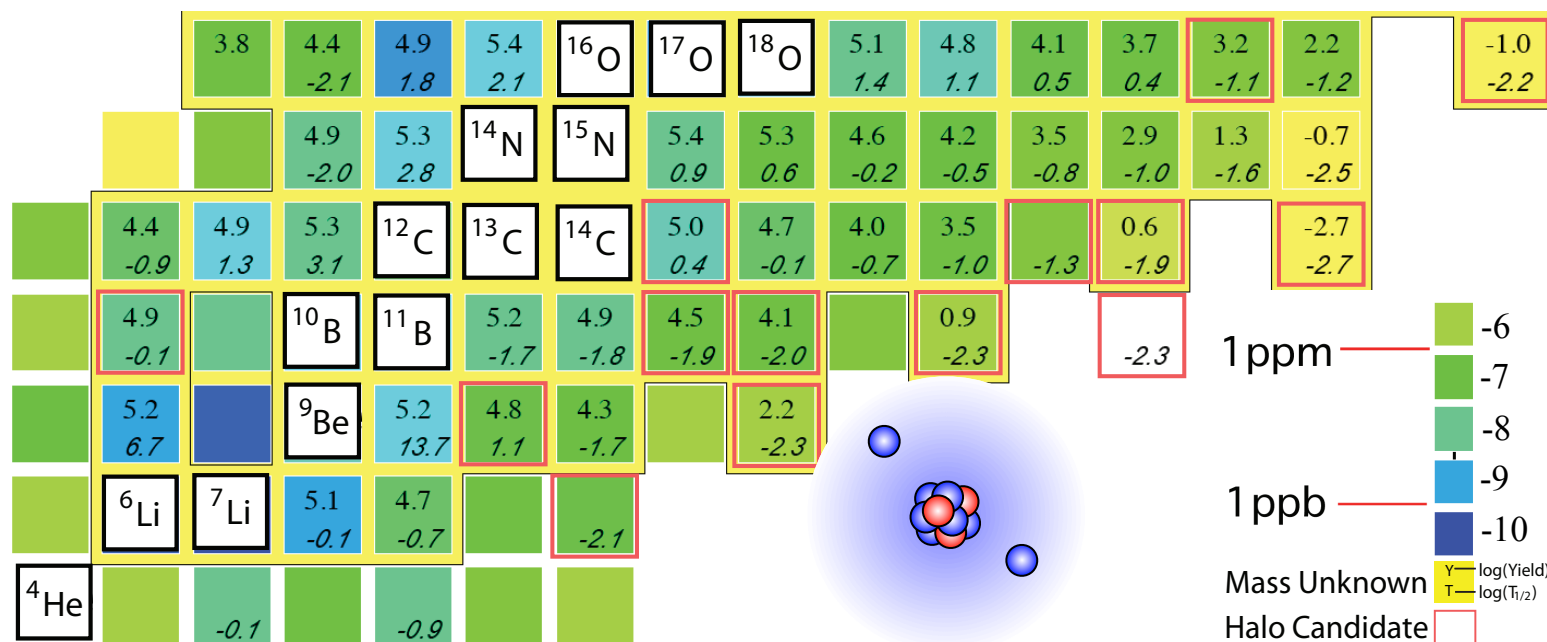
Halo nuclei and Island of Inversion

100 pA ^{238}U
500 pA $^{124,132}\text{Xe}$
500 pA $^{78,86}\text{Kr}$

Island of Inversion

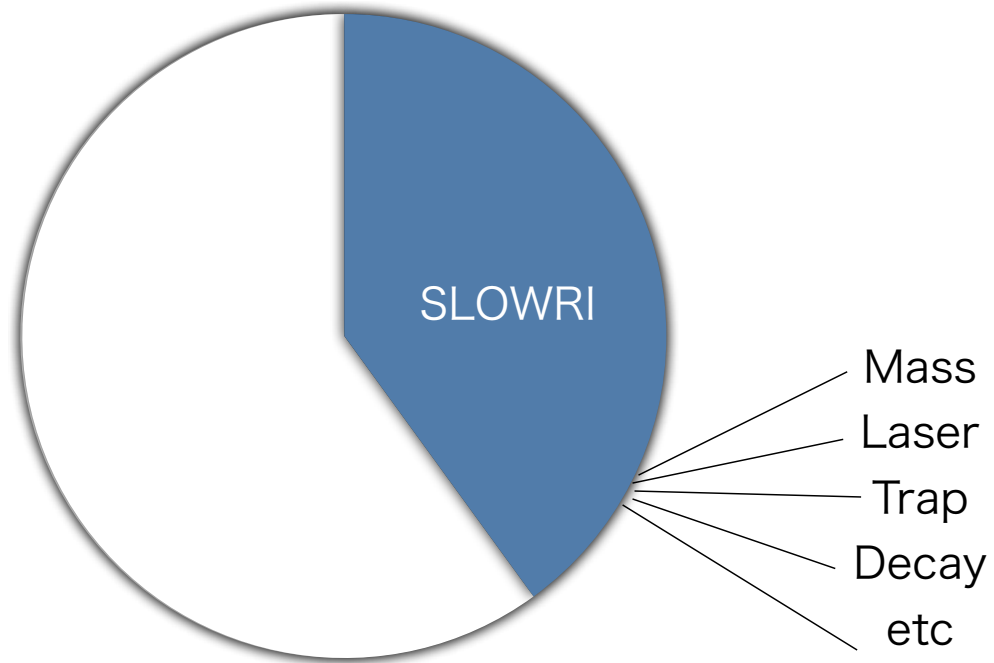


Halo structure



Available Beam Time

RIBF



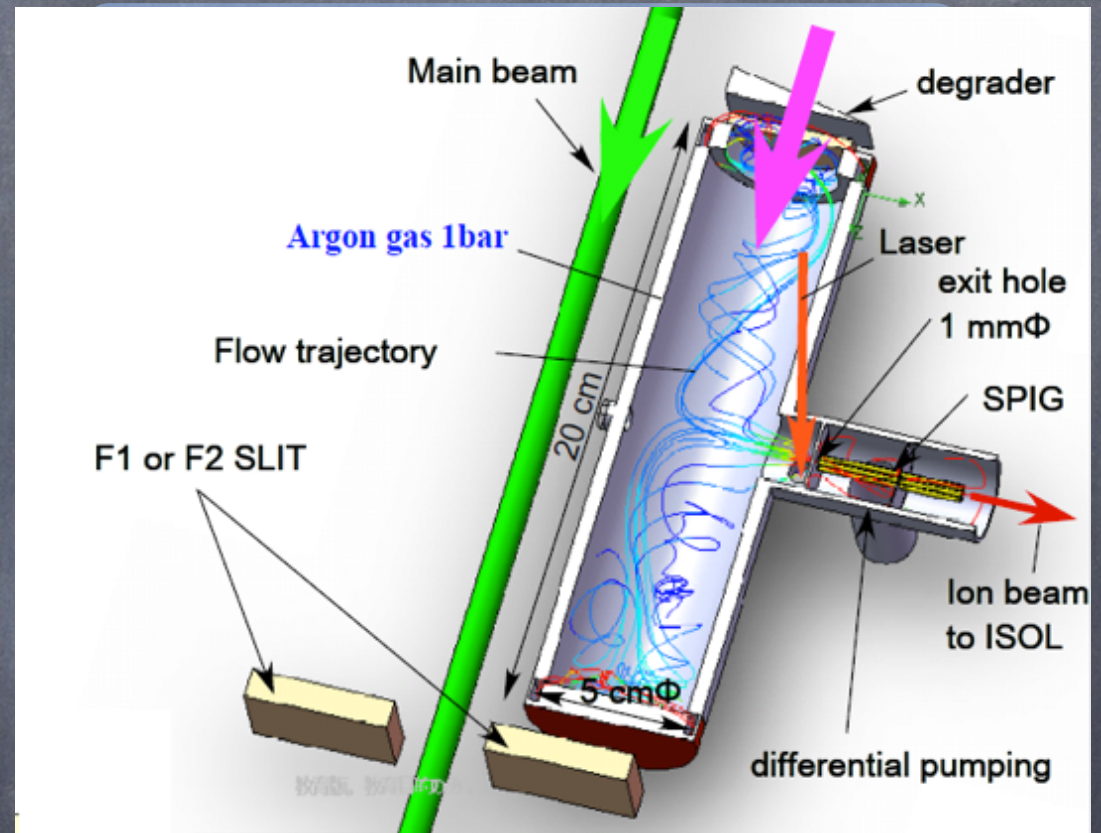
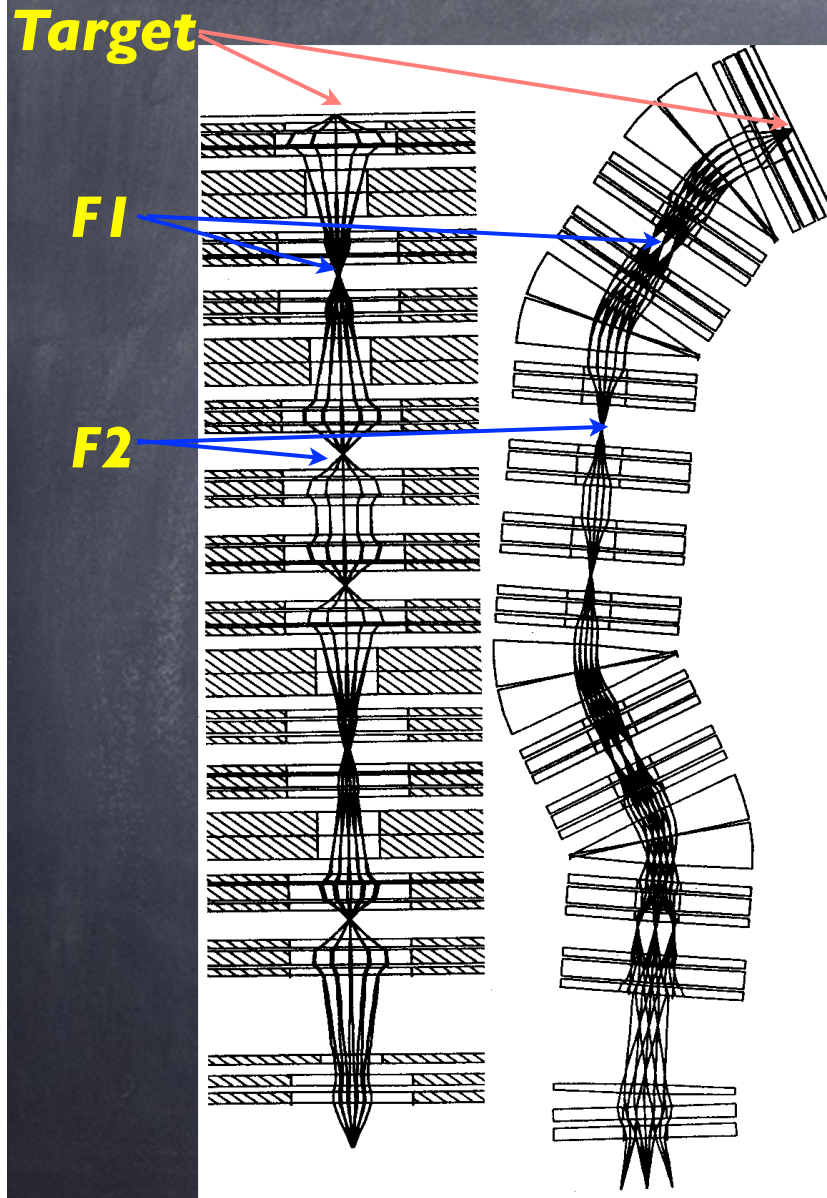
5 months/y

2 weeks/y for SLOWRI ??

5 mon./y for SLOWRI !!

PALIS

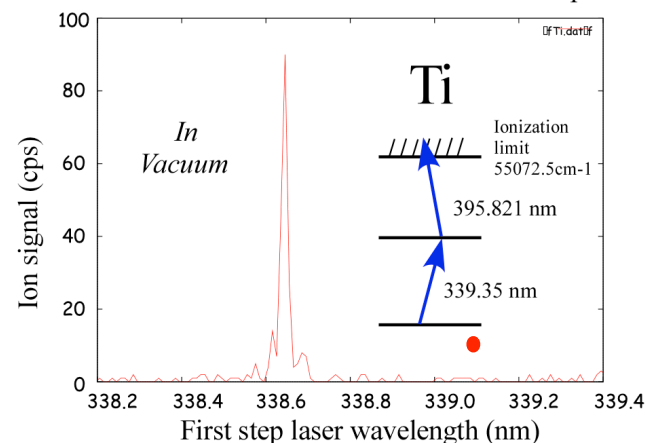
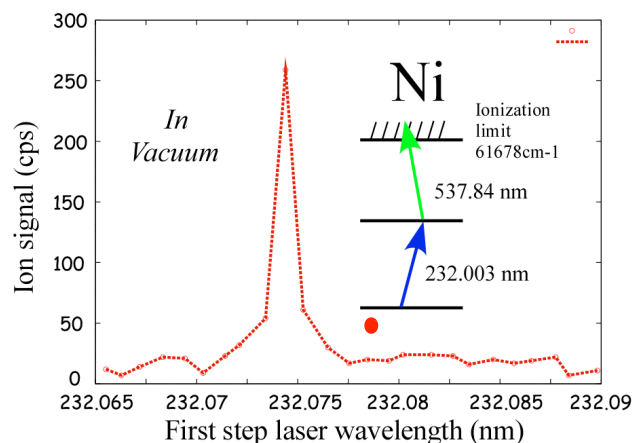
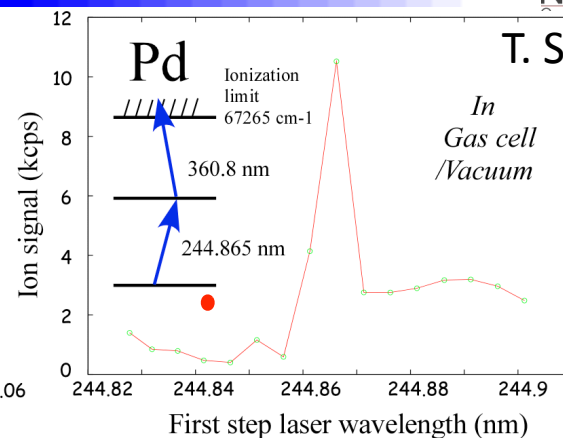
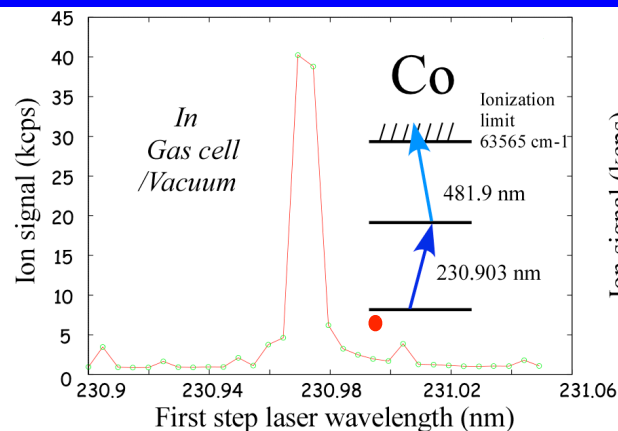
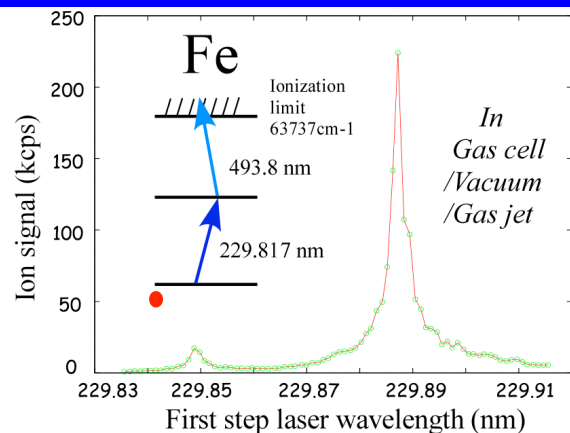
PARasitic slow RI-beam with gas catcher Laser Ion Source



- 1) Stop & Neutralize in Ar (1 bar)
- 2) Extract by Gas Flow
- 3) Re-Ionize at Exit and SPIG

***not universal, not very fast but
A/Z, Z, A separation***

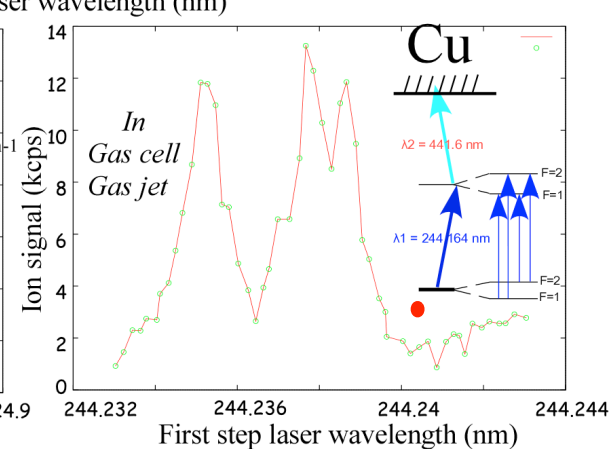
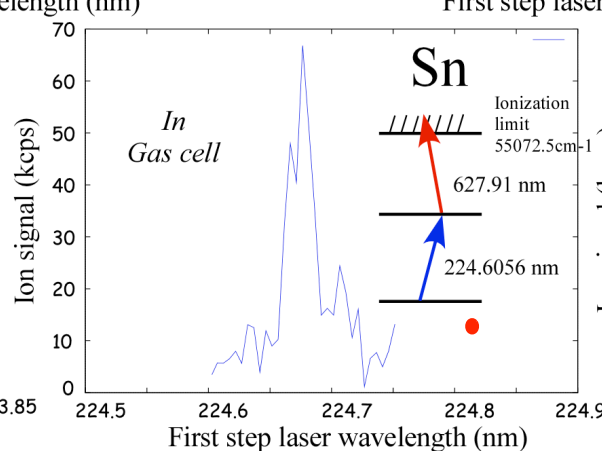
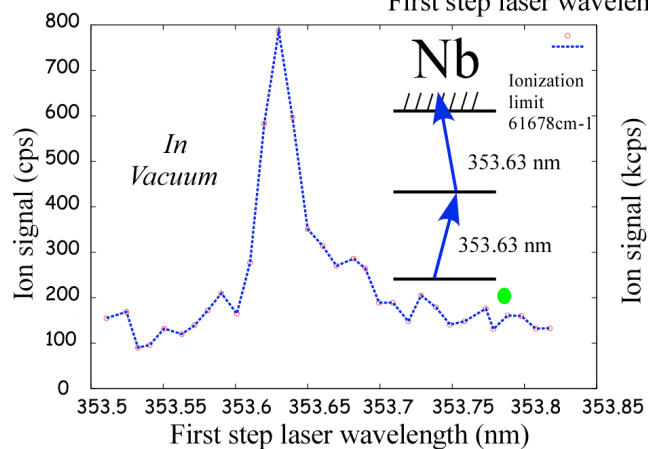
Resonant Ionization test in 2011 at RIKEN



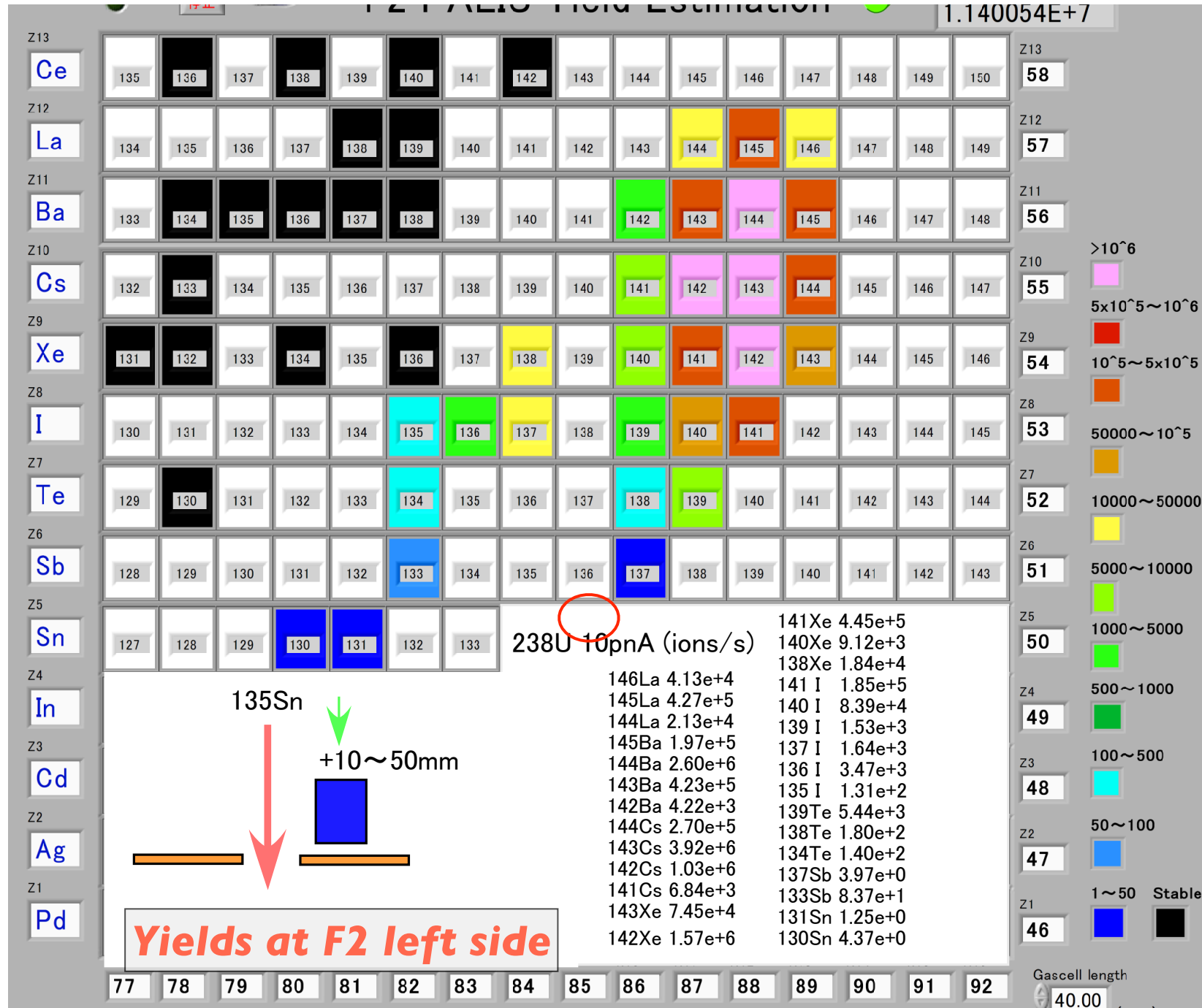
● Scheme referencing from Yuri Kudryavtsev

● Scheme referencing from Nagoya Univ.

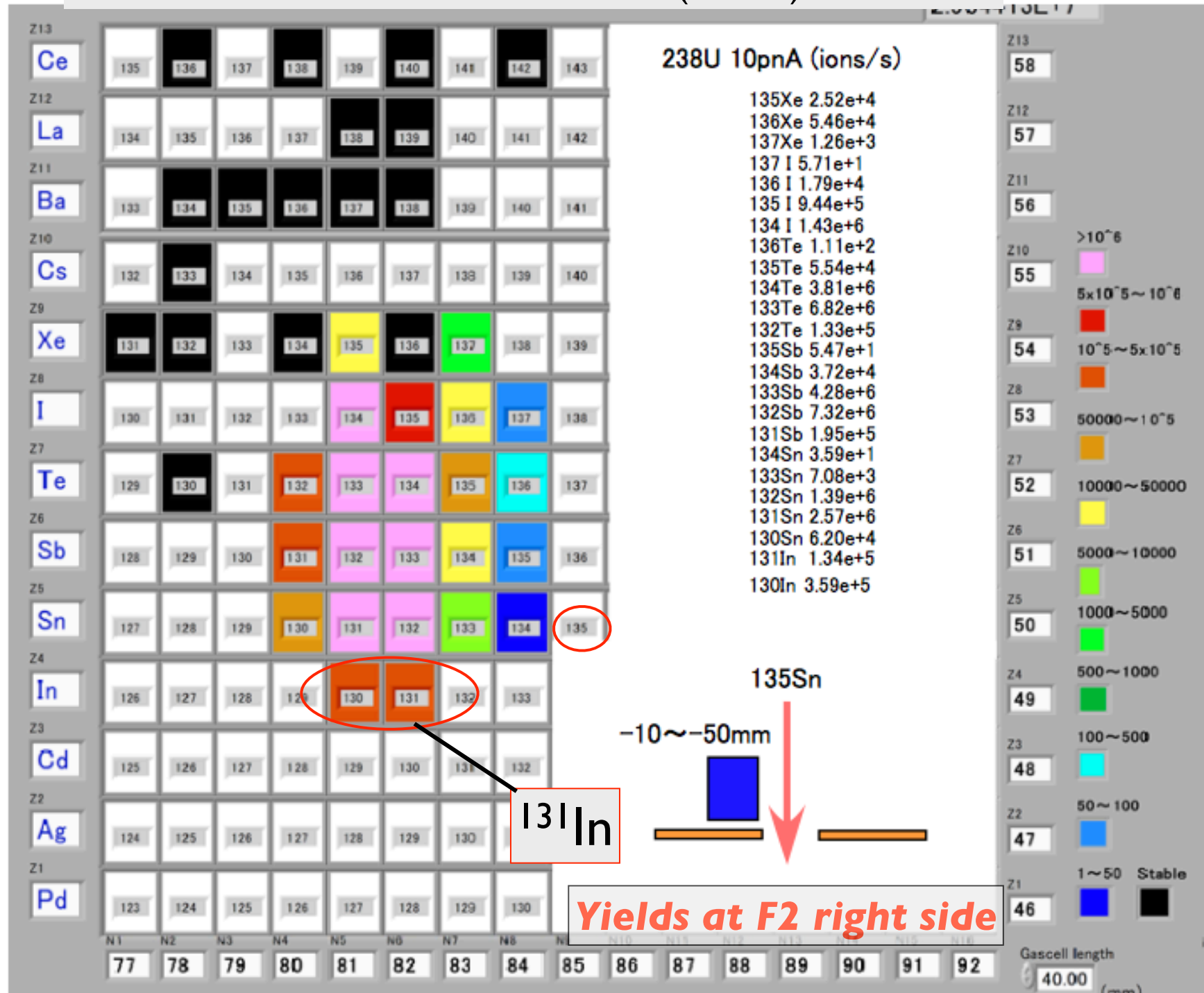
+Indium (2012)



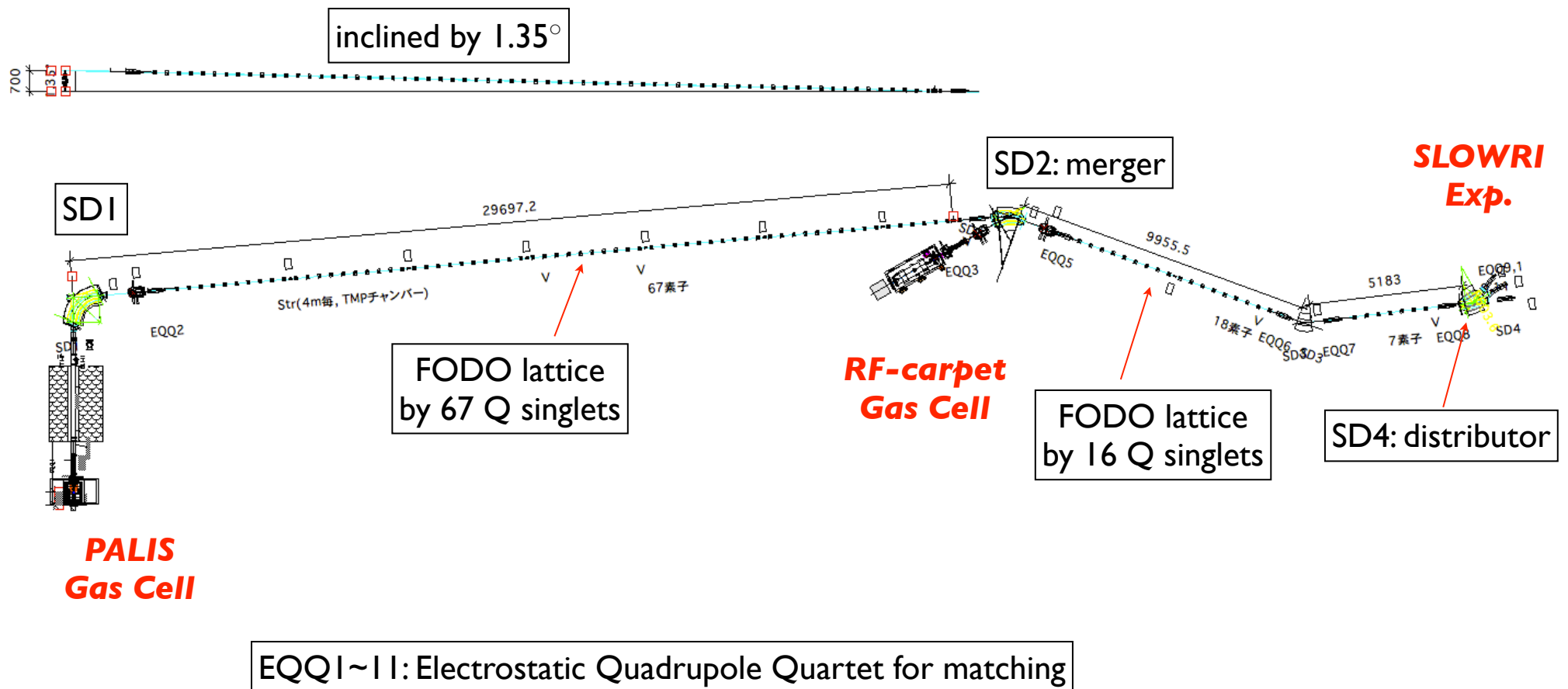
4-8, Dec. 2011, Aoi et al, (Sn135)



4-8, Dec. 2011, Aoi et al, (Sn135)



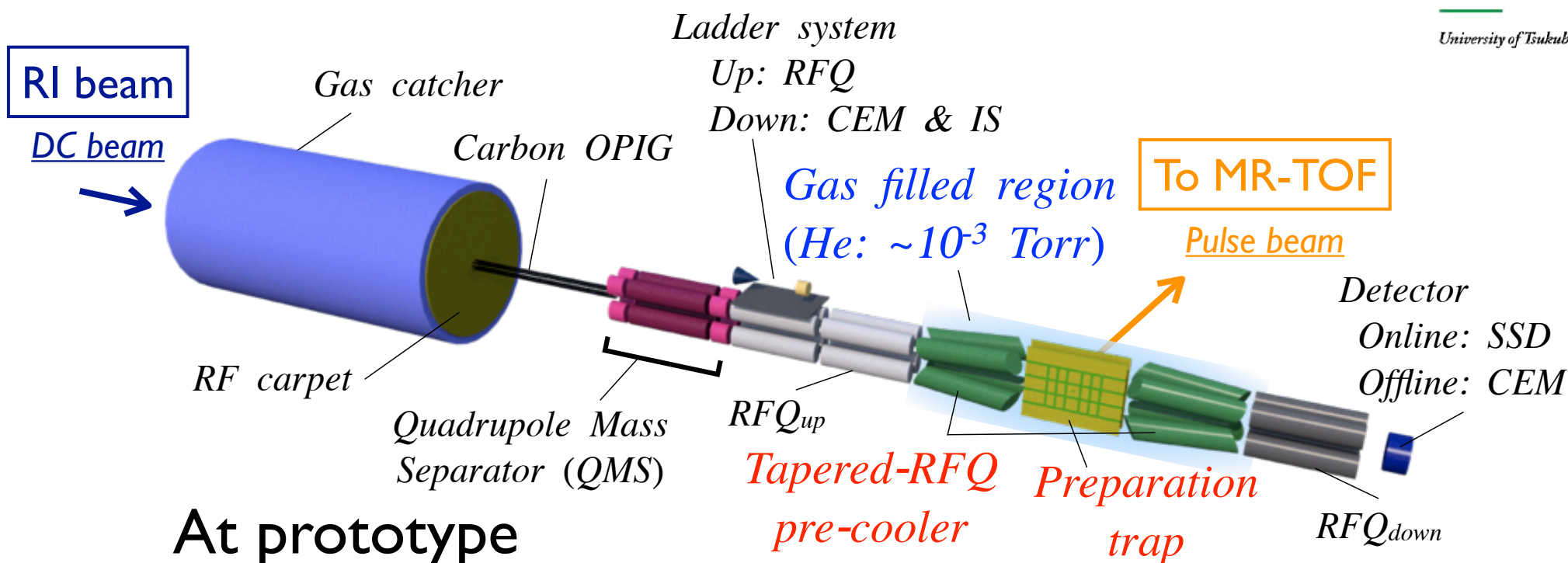
SLOWRI Transport Lines



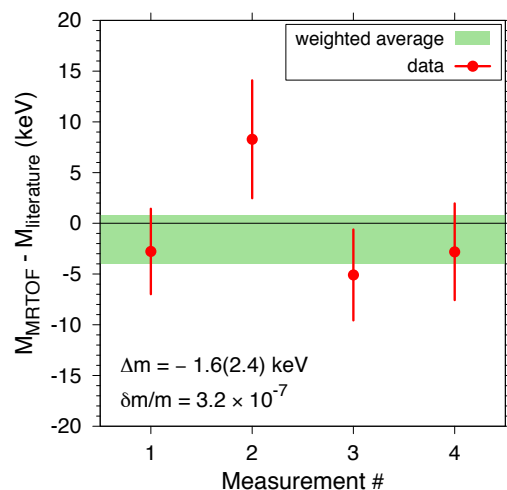
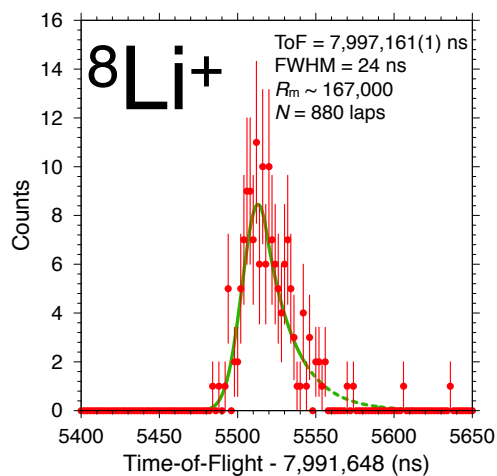
Experimental Possibilities

- Mass Measurements by MRTOF-MS
 - Can also be used as isobar separator
 - $R_m \sim 150,000$ in <5 ms
 - Isomerically pure beams?
 - Simultaneous mass and $T_{1/2}$ if rate is low
- Decay spectroscopy with ultra-pure samples
 - Half lives
 - Level schemes
 - Delayed neutron multiplicity by radiochemical method

Ion preparation prior to MRTOF



At prototype
SLOWRI in E6



Transport to trap within > 1 ms
Cooling time ≈ 2 ms

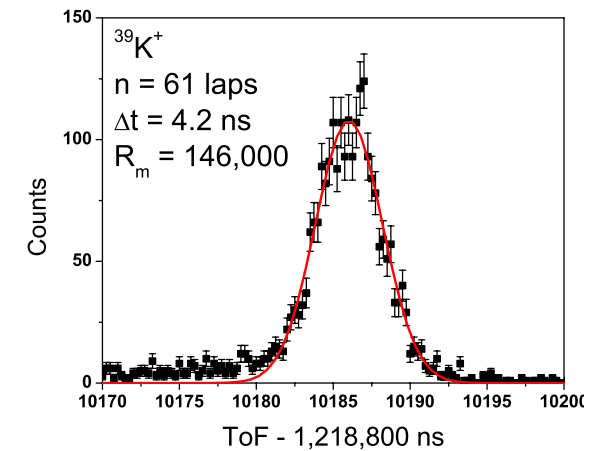
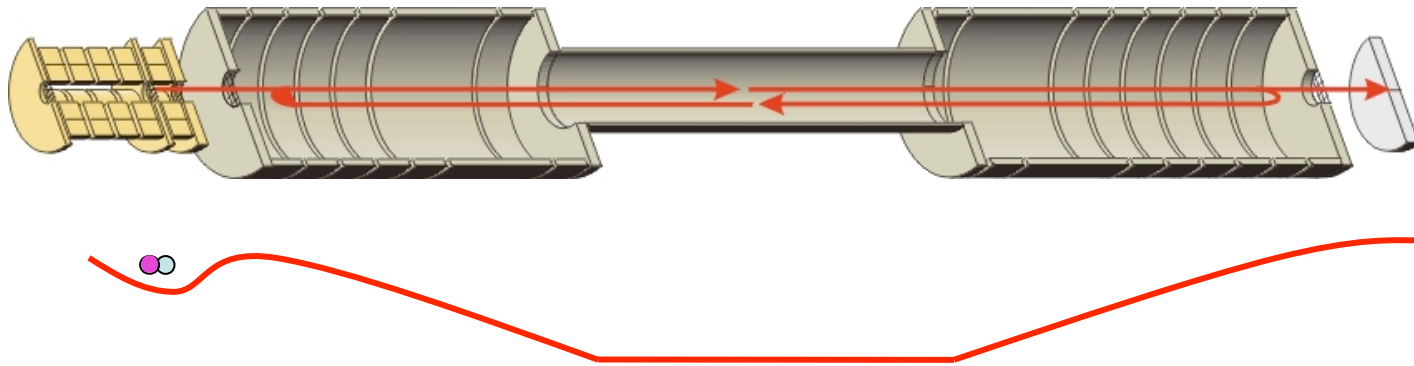
Efficiency, extraction to detection:

$$\epsilon(^7\text{Li}^+) = 2.4\%$$

$$\epsilon(^8\text{Li}^+) = 2.9\%$$

$$\epsilon(^{23}\text{Na}^+) = 12.1\%$$

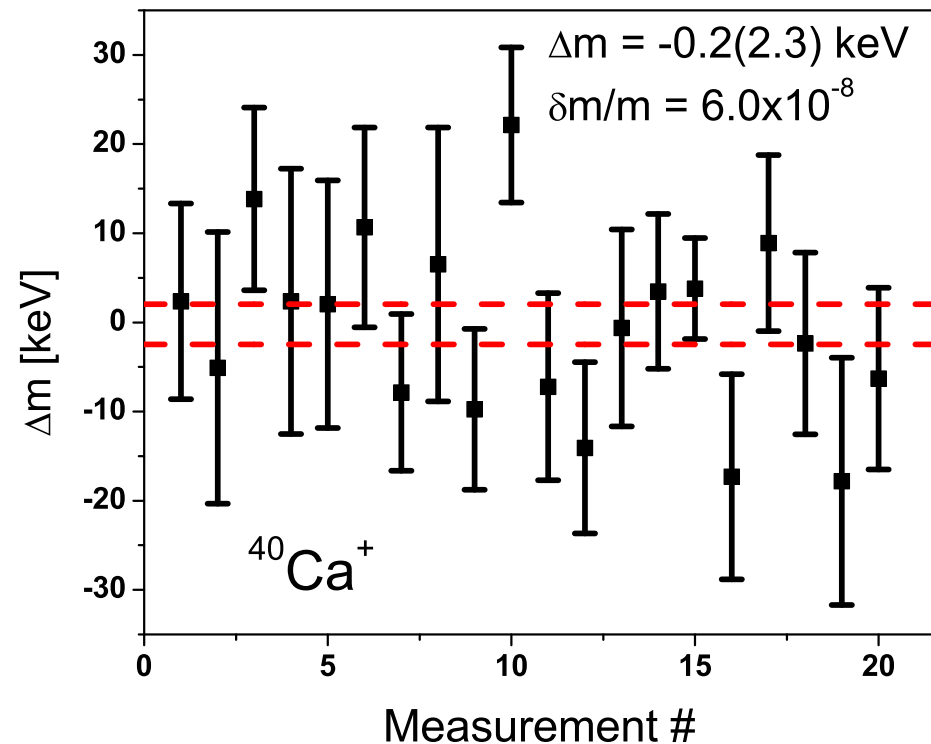
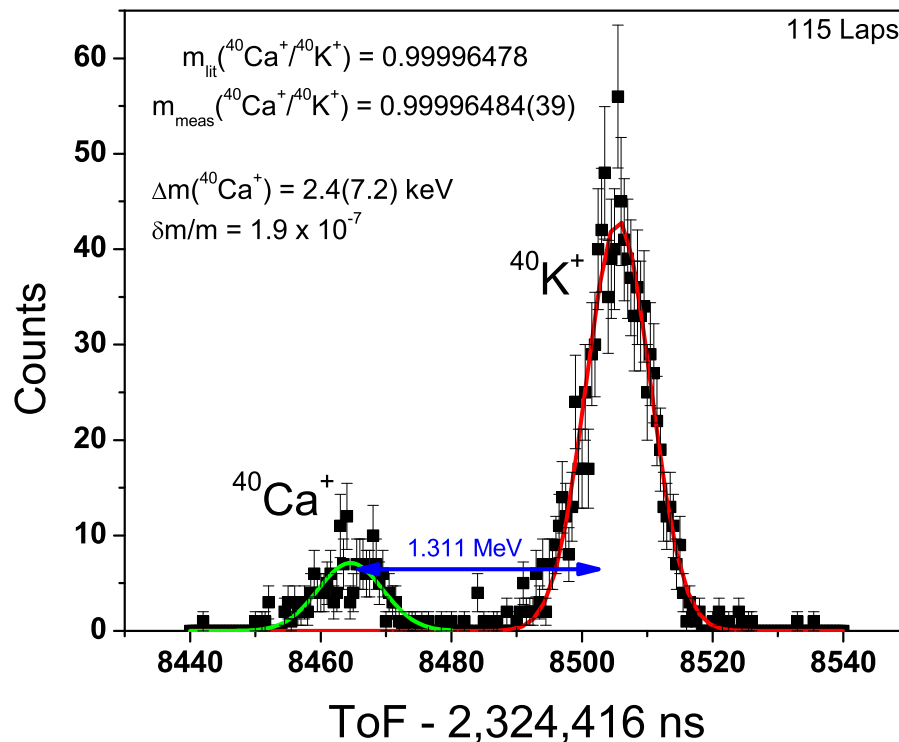
Operational Concept



1. Cool ions in buffer gas filled trap
2. Open front end of MRTOF and eject from trap
3. Close front end
 - ◆ Ions will reflect between isochronous mirrors
 - ◆ Next batch of ions can accumulate and cool
4. Open back end
5. Measure TOF

High-precision offline test

- What is the ultimate precision limit?
- Tested with $^{40}\text{Ca}^+ / ^{40}\text{K}^+$
- Precision limit is $\delta m/m \ll 10^{-7}$



Decay Spectroscopy

EURICA+Tape Transport

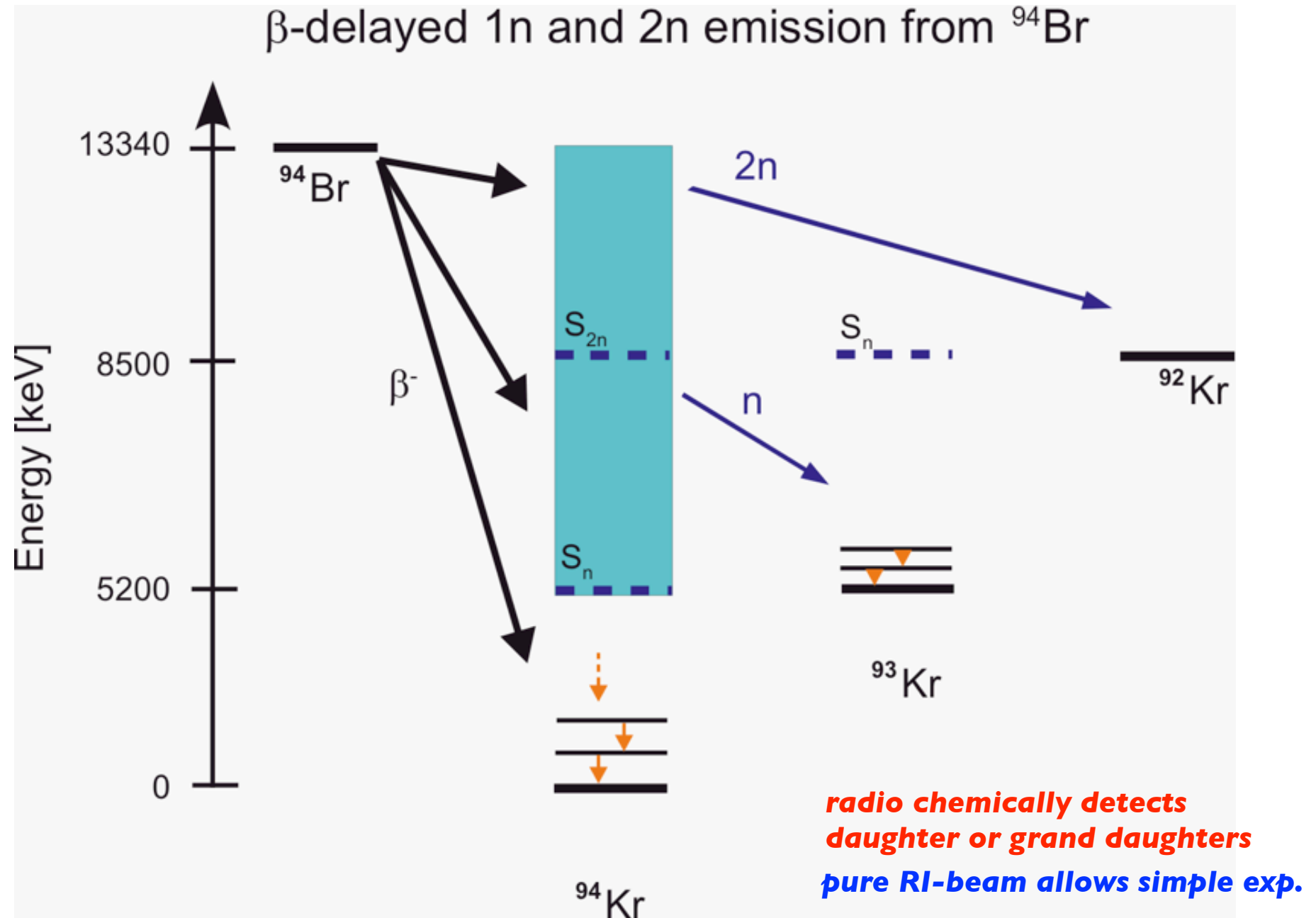
← **Pure Low-Energy RI-beams**



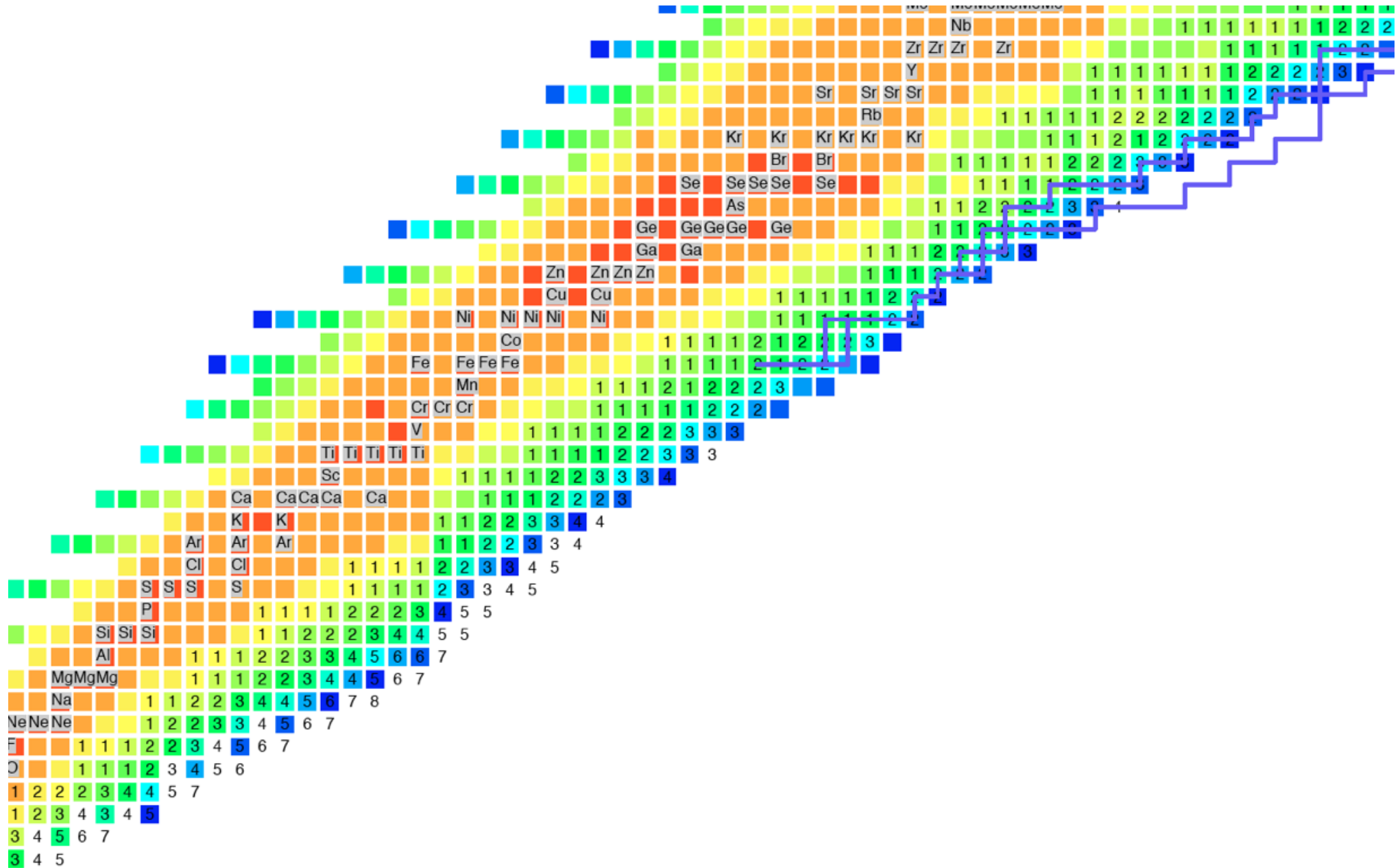
- Level Schemes
coincidence
- Perturbed Angular Correlations
Magnet+ Isomeric states
- Delayed Neutron
radiochemical method

ε : 10~28%,
high granularity

Neutron Multiplicity



Maximum Neutron Multiplicity



Summary

- SLOWRI will consist of two gas cells
- Parasitic gas cell will allow large amounts of machine time
- SLOWRI will be able to provide ultra-pure beams
- Good opportunities for $T_{1/2}$, mass, β -n, ...



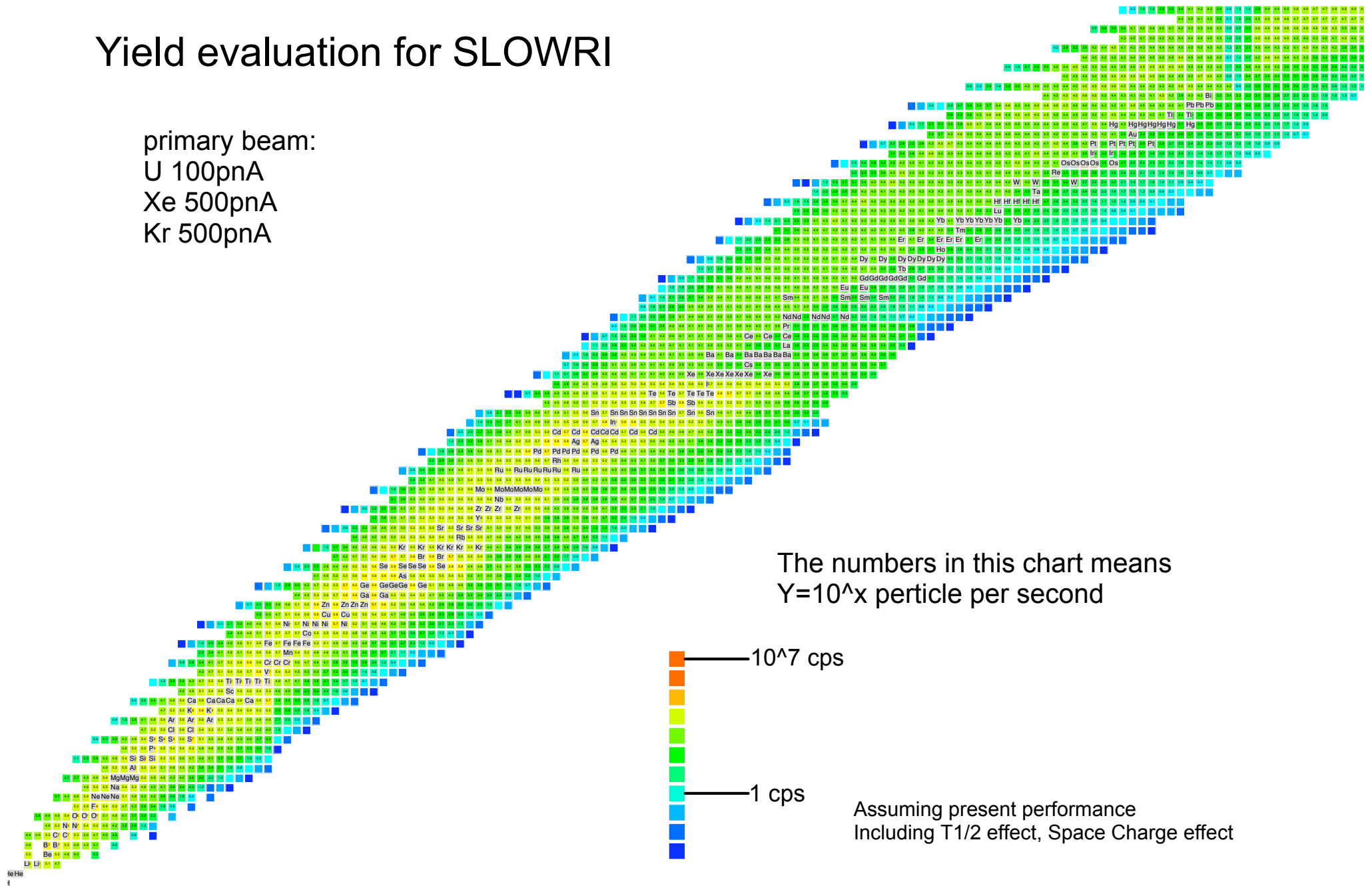
Yield evaluation for SLOWRI

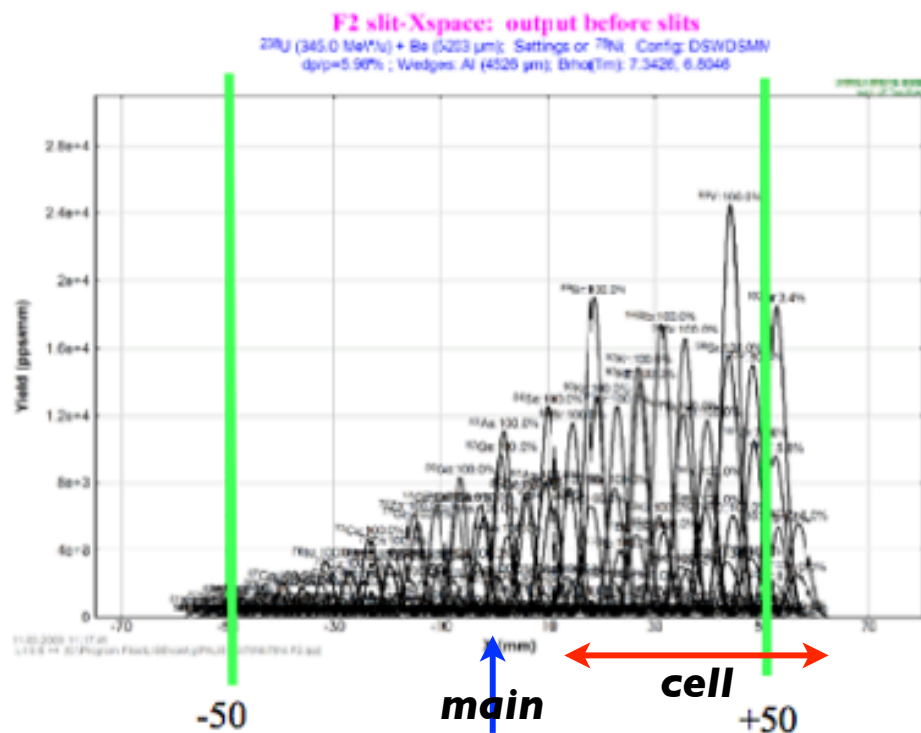
primary beam:

U 100pnA

Xe 500pnA

Kr 500pnA



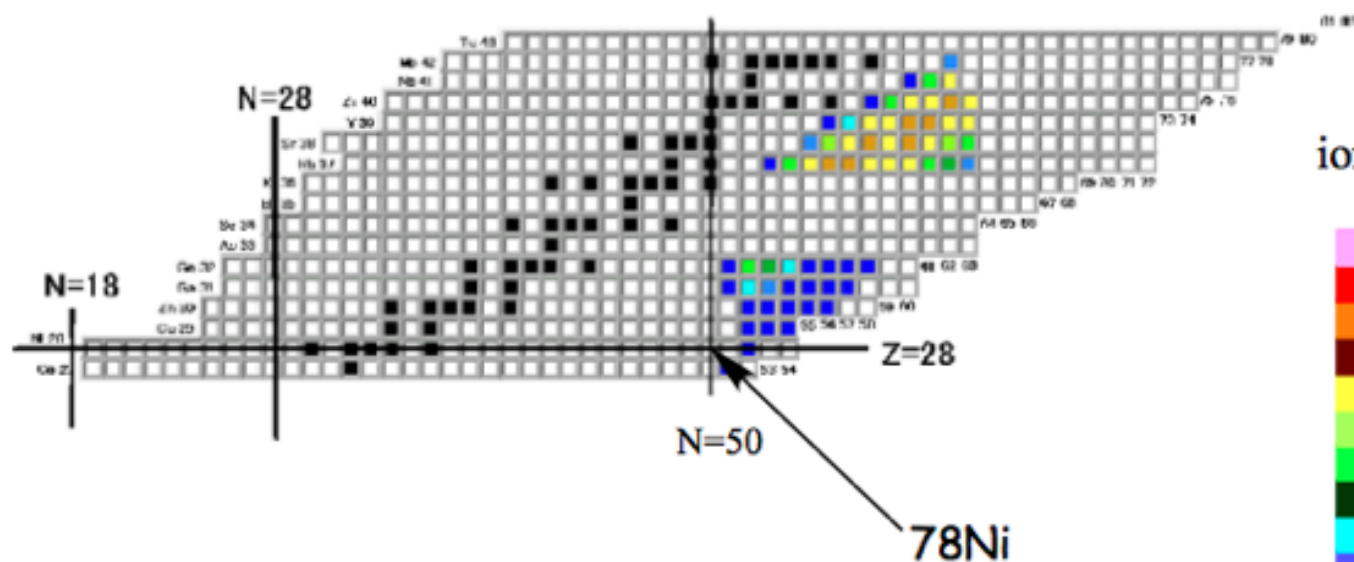


^{238}U 345MeV/u + Be (5512 μm)

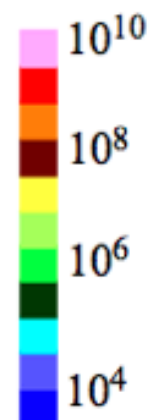
Wedges: Al(4526 μm)

Setting on ^{78}Ni

Total number of ions entering into the degrader
 9.1×10^8 ions/sec for 1pA primary beam

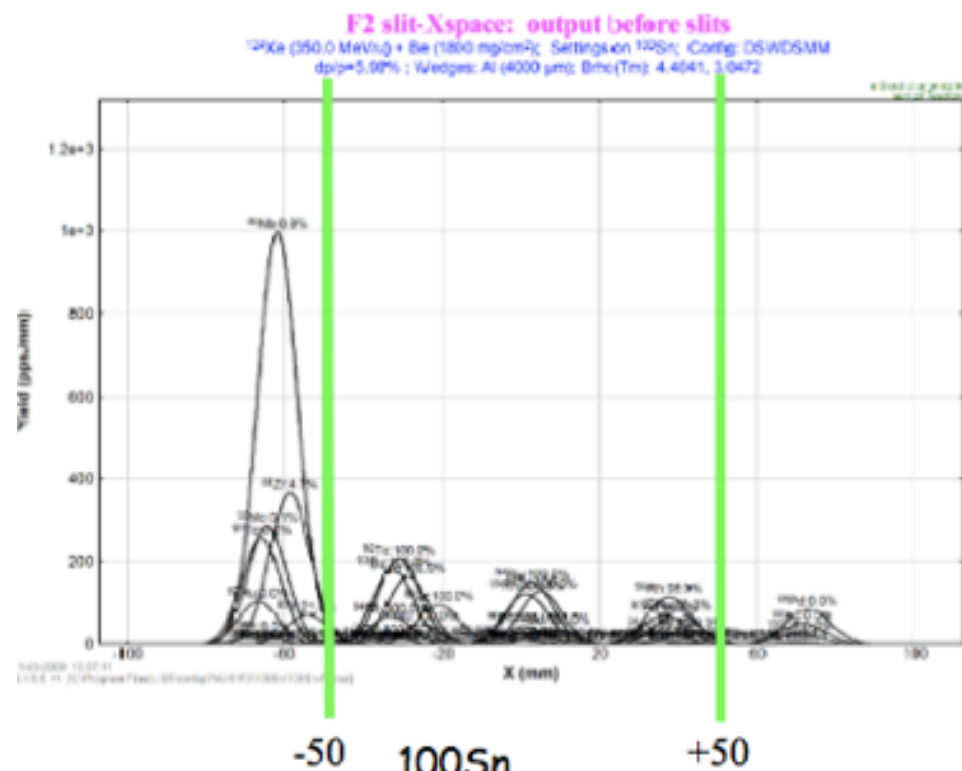


ions/sec (for primary beam 1pA)



Gas cell@F2

X=10 ~ 60 mm



124Xe 360MeV/u + Be (1800mg/cm²)
Wedges: Al(4000um)
Setting on 100Sn

Total number of ions entering into the degr
2.1x10⁷ ions/sec for 1puA primary beam

